

The Camden Daily Journal.

VOL. 1

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NO. 133

By D. D. HOCOTT.

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FROM HOOD'S ARMY BY WAY OF THE NORTH
—By recent Northern journals we have the annexed in regard to Hood's army. The *Herald* of Nov. 19th remarks thus:

On Monday night last Hood's entire forces, including Forrest's cavalry, were in the immediate neighborhood of Tusculum and Florence, Alabama, watched by the troops under General Thomas, of such strength as will render the invasion of Tennessee impossible, and even the withdrawal of the enemy, for service elsewhere, an operation of extreme difficulty.

A despatch from Cincinnati says: The *Gazette's* Memphis despatch says that military affairs are unchanged and comparatively quiet. The rain continues and the roads are in bad condition. Hood and Beauregard are still in the vicinity of Florence. Nine hundred rebel prisoners arrived at Nashville on Saturday morning from Atlanta. It appears that, thinking the place evacuated, they rushed in to pillage and plunder, and were captured.

The Memphis papers announce that Beauregard is at Corinth, Miss., waiting for Forrest to form lines. In regard to Forrest's movements we know not. But as to Gen. Beauregard, we are quite sure he is not at Corinth, but is nearer Gen. Sherman's army than is agreeable to that officer.

TREACHEROUS SALE OF A YANKEE GUN-BOAT TO THE CONFEDERATES.—A telegram from Cairo, dated the 16th, announces the discovery of a very Yankee trick by the commander of one of their gun-boats. It says:

It has been discovered that the iron-clad gun-boat *Rattler* was actually recently sold to the rebels by her commander, at Home Point, below here. The information is rather indefinite, but it is said the commander had so disposed of his men on board as to pretend resistance to her delivery to the enemy.

A small boat approached her on the night she was to have been delivered to the enemy, but a subordinate officer on board had his suspicions aroused, and fired his revolver at the rebels, frightening them away. The affair was subsequently investigated, when it was discovered that the commander of the gun-boat had already received \$200,000 and other payments were to be made in cotton. He was arrested, but escaped, declaring that he would command a privateer and give the Yankees hell. The rebels intended to use the *Rattler* in capturing the gun-boat General Bragg.

CHANGE IN LINCOLN'S CABINET.—It is stated to day, with much positiveness, by those who profess to be authoritatively informed, that immediately after the Presidential election, Mr. Stanton is to go upon the bench of the Supreme Court; and Mr. Blair, late Postmaster General, is to have charge of the War Department portfolio. This intelligence is already raising a row among the radical supporters of the administration, who insist that Gen. Butler is the best fitted for the position and possesses precisely the administrative ability required in that department in the present emergency. It is said that recent developments of latent hostility to Mr. Lincoln on the part of Mr. Chase have completely excluded him from the ring of promising candidates for the vacant Chief Justice's seat.—*Wash. Cor. N. Y. Herald.*

COTTON BURNED.—We understand three car loads of cotton were burned on Friday afternoon below Chester C. H., S. C., on the Charlotte and Columbia Rail Road.

CAMDEN DAILY JOURNAL.

MONDAY MORNING DEC. 5.

FROM BELOW.—The enemy occupied Millen yesterday evening at six o'clock.

The telegraph office was removed to Station No. Seven, nine miles below.

Chronicle & Sentinel of Saturday.

The Savannah Railroad.

The *Charleston Mercury* of Saturday says: The woody check given to the enemy's column at Honey Hill, near Grahamville, seems to have considerably cooled his enthusiasm. We get no further accounts of any Yankee advance in that quarter; and the only rumor brought by the Savannah train last evening was that the enemy is fortifying his present position, close under the cover of his gunboats. If this be true, it is doubtless his intention to attempt no renewal of his demonstration against our lines, until he shall have learned definitely that SHERMAN is within striking distance of the coast.

We have few additional particulars of Gen. SMITH'S repulse of the enemy on Wednesday. The infantry that participated in the attack on our position consisted of four regiments of white and four regiments of negro troops. The slaughter of the assailants was far greater than at first reported. An officer in whose we have full confidence writes us that he himself counted two hundred dead and between eleven and twelve hundred Yankee wounded left on the field. Well may the gallant Georgians and others, who took part in the conflict be proud of their success.

From Sherman's Column.

At last, after many days of seeming vacillation and hesitancy, SHERMAN has begun to develop his design. Our latest advices report the main body of SHERMAN'S army at Louisville, Ga. This would indicate a movement towards Savannah. Since the invading column abandoned Atlanta, it has steadily pursued a southeasterly course, its wings spreading out towards Macon and Augusta, but converging slowly to a common route as the main body progressed.

The enemy's advance guard have occupied Millen, thus cutting off the most direct railroad and telegraphic communication between Savannah and Augusta. The roads east of Millen have all been effectually blocked. The Yankee Generals constantly boast that Savannah is their destination, and the recent futile attempt to cut the Charleston and Savannah Railroad, gives some color of probability to their statement.

The Augusta papers think that SHERMAN will try to cross the Savannah river at Demere's Ferry; but this is only conjecture.

Our cavalry has been still further reinforced by a large and splendid veteran command. All accounts agree in putting the enemy's force down at 30,000 infantry and 5000 cavalry.

A very few days will probably determine the fate of SHERMAN and his army of plunderers.

We gather the following items from the Augusta papers:

INCIDENTS OF SHERMAN'S MARCH.

The two wings of Sherman's army united at Milledgeville, where they staid three days. In their route they destroyed, as far as possible, all mills, cribs, and gin houses, cotton screws, and stock, cotton, implements, etc., and carried off all stock, provisions and negroes. When their horses gave out they shot them. At Eatonton they killed over one hundred.

At Milledgeville they only destroyed the Arsenal, Depot and Penitentiary. They did not burn the Factory near that place. Along their route the road was strewn with dead negro women and children.

At Monticello, the Federals hung a man by the name of Smith, but life was not extinct when he was cut down.

The farmers having devoted a large share of their attention this fall to syrup making, there is a large quantity of corn yet ungathered in the field, which was left by the Federals. But there is not a horse or ox in the country, hence the saving of the corn will be a difficult matter.

The right wing of the Federal army under Gen. Howard, crossed the Ocmulgee river between Adams' Ferry and Macon. It is said that the town of Forsyth was completely demolished.

The gallant General Robertson in the recent engagement near Waynesboro distinguished himself. He killed six Yankees with his revolver, and sabred four others. While preparing to attack another, some fifty yards in advance of his men, he received a painful wound. The brave Texan is now in our city.

There is much straggling among the Yankee troops. Those picked up by our cavalry report that the army is worn down and almost destitute of provisions.

A wag offered to bet the other day that Lincoln would carry Massachusetts. "The Lord send he may," replied "Old Isaac," "carry it to the d—l with him."—*Mail.*

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH

REPORTS OF THE PRESS ASSOCIATION.

Entered according to the Act of Congress in the year 1863, by J. S. THRASHER, in the Clerk's office of the District Court of the Confederate States for the Northern District of Georgia.

FROM THE COAST.

RICHMOND, December 2.—A special despatch to the War Department says: A force of Yankees were badly whipped at Grahamville, S. C. It is said this force probably came from Port Royal.

RICHMOND, December 3.—The following has been received to-day, dated Grahamville, S. C., the 2d:

To Gen. Cooper: A force of infantry, cavalry and artillery, under Foster, attempted to gain the railroad, but were met and repulsed. A force of Yankees under Dahlgren attempted to gain the railroad at Coosawhatchie, but were met at Lee's Creek and repulsed.

(Signed) GEN. HARDEE.

FROM PETERSBURG.

PETERSBURG, December 2.—About noon the enemy having made a long detour on our right with infantry, artillery and cavalry, attacked and captured the guard at Stoney Creek, the present northern terminus of the Petersburg & Weldon railroad, twenty miles below here, consisting of about two thousand men. They burnt the depot containing some government supplies and private stores. They also burnt the railroad bridge at that place. Our forces were quickly in pursuit, but the enemy soon retired, after a slight skirmish with our forces, in which we captured and killed many of the enemy.

This morning General Gracie, of Alabama, was killed by a shell, while inspecting his lines. The same shell killed a Captain and one private.

General Lee did not demand Roger A. Pryor's release. General Wilcox, in front of whose lines he was taken, sent a statement in regard to his capture to General Grant and asked his release. Grant referred the application to Mead and endorsed Pryor captured in violating orders of both armies, and in retaliation of Burbridge's capture by us, and could not be released.

FROM VIRGINIA.

RICHMOND, December 2.
General Rosser captured at New Creek and Piedmont stations, on the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, eight hundred prisoners, eight pieces of artillery, two hundred wagons and ambulances, a number of horses and mules, eight hundred small arms and a large quantity of stores of all kinds, fifteen hundred head of cattle and eight stands of colors, besides other plunder were captured. The Yankee cavalry and colors were captured by the 5th and 6th Virginia cavalry, Rosser's brigade. Lieut. Baylor, of the 12th cavalry, was captured at Charlestown, Tuesday night.

RICHMOND, December 3.—The following official despatch has been received to-night at headquarters: Gen. Rosser encountered the enemy on the 27th, near Morefield (a small force of the enemy), and captured four prisoners. At New Creek on the 28th he captured four field pieces, four siege guns, between seven and eight hundred prisoners, a large number of horses and mules, eight stands of colors, destroyed a quantity of ordnance and commissary stores. He brought the field pieces and wagons off, and destroyed a number of carriages. He also captured Piedmont and destroyed the government buildings, containing a number of engines; burnt several bridges and did considerable damage to the railroad; and collected

seven hundred head of cattle. His loss, two killed and three wounded.

The boldness and conduct exhibited by Rosser's men deserve much praise.

NORTHERN NEWS.

RICHMOND, December 2.—Northern dates of the 30th and Baltimore American of the same date contains a Nashville telegram, saying: Nothing from Hood's army or our front since yesterday evening. The rebels made an attack on our works at Columbia on Saturday, and were repulsed.

Rosser's and McCausland's cavalry destroyed a considerable amount of valuable machinery and other property at New Creek and Piedmont.

Pryor has been sent to Fort Lafayette. Banks has been ordered to New Orleans.

RICHMOND, December 3.—The Baltimore American—evening edition—of the 1st contains a Nashville telegram which announces the arrival of a train from Chattanooga with several rebel prisoners, including Brigadier-General Young, of Cheatham's division.

The garrison at Shelbyville was attacked by a body of rebel cavalry, but the assault was repulsed; but the Federals evacuated the place, and it is now occupied by the rebels.

A special despatch to the New York Times, dated Nashville, 30th, states that Hood's army made a heavy attack at Franklin, but were repulsed. The garrison finally withdrew, and it is now occupied by the rebels.

Our government are perfectly aware of Sherman's movements.

A BATTERY FOR GEN FORREST.—By request of the citizens of Montgomery, Manager Crisp gave a benefit Tuesday night in the Montgomery Theatre, to increase by its proceeds the subscription fund, now being raised by the people of the Southern Confederacy, to present to the "war eagle," N. B. Forrest, for the use of his command, a light battery composed of the newly invented "Travis Guns."

"Job printing!" exclaimed Mrs. Partington the other day as she peeped over her specks at the advertising page of a country newspaper. "Poor Job! they've kept him a printing week after week, ever since I first learnt how to read, and if he wasn't the patient mortal that ever was, he never could have stood it so long no how. But it's a proof o' Scriptur, where Job says in revolutions there's no end to makin' books, nor newspapers nuther."

Special Notices.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

OFFICE S. C. R. R. Co.,
CAMDEN, NOV. 30, 1864 }
ON AND AFTER THE 1st PROXIMO THE
Mail and passenger train will leave Camden at 2.45
a. m., instead of 3.15 a. m., as heretofore.

JAMES JONES, Agent.

nov 30

HEADQUARTERS 22d REGIMENT S. C. M.,
CAMDEN, S. C., Dec. 5, 1864.

GENERAL ORDER NO. 2.

ALL PERSONS ENROLLED OR LIABLE for service in accordance with the organization of the Militia of this State, on the 13th September, 1864, in Batts Nos. 5 and 7, in this Regiment, were transferred to the Sumter Company, and they are hereby ordered to report for duty to Capt. JNO. S. BRADLEY, at Hamburg, S. C., forthwith. Those in Batt No. 8 were transferred to the Richland Company. They are ordered to report forthwith to Capt. A. D. GOODWYN, at Hamburg, S. C., or wherever their commands may be.

Officers commanding said Batt Companies are charged with the extension and execution of this order.

By command of Col. JONES.

dec. 5—1d.1w.

Confederate please copy once.

J. M. GAYLE,
Adjutant.

Liverpool Salt.

FIFTY SACKS GENUINE LIVERPOOL SALT: on Consignment and for sale by
Dec. 6—21. MATHESON & CO.