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NO. 116

By D. D. HOCOTT.

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A Word to the People.

A question for all is well stated in a well timed discourse of the Edgfield (S. C.) Advertiser, "A word to the Sober Senses of the People." We would gladly publish it in full if space permitted, but we shall take this opportunity of asking attention to a portion of it as follows:

A man was never known to grow rich by trading with himself. This is just the condition of the people of this Confederacy. To whom is the planter and the manufacturer selling his grain and his cloth? He sells for "Confederate Notes," and consequently to the makers of these notes. But who is the drawer of these Treasury notes? The common answer would be: the government. Now we know that the drawer of a note is responsible for its payment, that he can be sued at law, and his goods sold to satisfy the note. But we opine that it would prove rather an unprofitable business to sue the Confederate Government for one thousand million dollars. It might turn out a nulla bona case. While, then, the Secretary of the Treasury is the ostensible drawer of these notes, he is in fact but the agent of a Company. The principal, the responsible party for these notes is the people of the Confederate States. If these notes are ever paid they must be paid by the people of the Confederacy.

It would be well then for the planter and manufacturer to understand now that he is selling his goods for treasury notes, he is selling for his own paper. He promises to pay the holder of the said notes so many dollars in gold or silver coin six months after a treaty of peace with the United States. Hence the exact amount of promissory notes issued by the Treasurer, will be the amount of the debt which the people will have to pay at the end of this war. Now the amount of that debt will depend upon the cost of the war; and this cost will depend upon the price the Government has to pay for provisions and clothes to supply the army.

Hence it is self-evident, that if the planter and manufacturer require the Government to pay \$5 instead of \$1 for food and clothing to supply the army, they will have a debt of \$5 instead of \$1 to pay at the end of the war. Instead of accumulating a national debt annually of one million, they are in fact making a debt of five millions. The question occurs: who is to be benefited by the operation? The answer is plain: the people generally must be injured.

"God Bless our Noble President."

Some Republican paper, in its great zeal, exclaims, "God bless our noble President." To this a Western paper says:

God bless our noble President!
And for what?

Bless him for being the poorest apology for a Chief Magistrate the world ever saw.

Bless our noble President for being the only clown, buffoon and story teller ever elevated to a position of influence in this country.

Bless him for filling the land with smutty jokes—with foul-mouthed and obscene stories which even blackguards by profession are ashamed to repeat.

Bless him for overruling all laws, both human and divine.

Bless him for his imbecile incompetency and for his success in ruining a great nation.

Bless him for turning the war for a restoration of the Union and for the suppression of the rebellion into a wicked and murderous crusade for cotton, niggers and power.

Bless him for making a million of widows and five million of orphans.

Bless him for robbing the North of its bone

and sinew—for using the bodies of those whose servant he is to enrich the soil of rebel territory.

Bless him for piling mountains of taxes upon us—for the stamps we use—for the depreciation of our currency—for the poverty, ruin and suffering in the land—for the thousands of women he has forced into houses of prostitution—for the thousands of broken hearts—for thousands of orphaned children who will curse him forever—for the army of cripples—for the corruption in high places—for the trampling upon the liberties of a free people—for freeing the negroes by a stroke of his pen—for continuing this war till slaves are freed, thus proving the foolishness of his proclamation—for the failure of our armies—for the deprivation of rights which have made America the home for all God's oppressed.

Yes—Bless our noble President!

CAMDEN DAILY JOURNAL.

MONDAY MORNING NOV. 14.

A pair of gold spectacles was found on yesterday. The owner can have them by calling at Mrs. HAMMERSLOUGH's, and paying for the advertisement.

A Yankee paper estimates that over fifty thousand negroes have perished of starvation and misery in the Department of New Orleans alone, within the past two years of freedom.

We would call the attention of the ladies to the advertisement of Mrs. HAMMERSLOUGH, to be found in another column, under the head of "New Goods."

Our friends in the country are requested to refer to the advertisement, to be found in another column, under the head of "War Tax Office," by which they will see that Messrs. CANTEY and KENNEDY, Assessors for Kershaw District, will be at the office, respectively, during this and next week, to receive the return for War Tax.

Those of our citizens who have not already made their return for the Confederate War Tax, and who may have four per cent. bonds on hand, had best call on Messrs. CANTEY and KENNEDY at once, as after the 1st of January next, said bonds will be worthless to holders, whilst by being prompt in rendering such return they can dispose of them at par value.

TO PLANTERS AND OTHERS WISHING TO PROCURE SEED OATS.—Mr. J. M. GAYLE has on hand an extra superior article of Seed Oats, which he will sell to those desirous of sowing the winter brand. Mr. G. is prepared to sell at once, or engage small or large quantities at fair remunerative figures, if immediate application is made.

THE OLD ISSUE.—Our readers should bear in mind that there remains only two months during which the old issues of Confederate notes of \$5 and upwards will be redeemed by the government. After the 31st of December all outstanding notes of these issues will be subject to a tax 100 per cent, and will consequently be worthless.

We fear that there is a large amount of such notes still in the hands of the people, and that many will fall through ignorance or thoughtlessness, to bring them in for redemption.

Major GEORGE MCKNIGHT—Asa Hartz—informs the *Journal* and *Courier* that his place of nativity is the town of Camden. We have a distinct recollection of Asa's having told us many years since, whilst associated with him as compositor, that this was his native town. We would inform the Major that the "Injun" he refers to yet stands erect, but on another square and with loftier spire; and that the winding course of the "Old Machine Creek" is just as Asa left it, many years since. We would be pleased to welcome him on the sacred soil of his birth place, and would guarantee a day's angling in that same old stream.

A. H. informs the *Charleston Courier* that he was born in Camden, 1833, as appears by reference to the "good book." A. H. was so very young at the time that he finds it difficult to remember details, but the scenes of his doleful days are indelibly impressed upon his memory. He remembers every foot of the ancient town from the "Injun" on the market spire to the winding course of the "Old Machine Creek." A. H. does not remember the year he came to Columbia, but claims it as his boyhood's home. If it be possible the *Courier* and the *Camden Journal* are both right. A. H. is grateful to our contemporary for the kindly notices of him, and for the friendly interest manifested.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH.

REPORTS OF THE PRESS ASSOCIATION.

Entered according to the Act of Congress in the year 1863, by J. S. THRASHER, in the Clerk's office of the District Court of the Confederate States for the Northern District of Georgia.

FROM SAVANNAH.

SAVANNAH, Nov. 13.—About 2000 of our prisoners was received last night and to day; 1200 is to come up to-morrow and next day. The men are looking well, for most part, and in fine spirits, and many ready for the field without furlough.

FROM PETERSBURG.

PETERSBURG, Nov. 13.—All quiet along the lines. The enemies pickets yesterday, unable to exchange papers, said the papers of the 10th were taken from them by officers, after distribution. They thought it a strange proceeding, but could not tell the cause. Latest dates here embrace the 9th. Only three of Hampton's scouts captured 26 yankees only two nights since, near the James river and brought in 25, three having escaped.

LATER.—The *Herald* of the 10th has just been received. Lincoln is certainly elected, though the vote is close in New York and Pennsylvania. McClellan carried New Jersey, Delaware and Kentucky. The Capt. of the Arago, from New Orleans, reports a naval engagement off the coast on Tuesday between three federal war steamers and a rebel steamer, believed to be the Tallahassee. The rebel had a long range gun, and was apparently cornered when the Arago left. Reports from Sheridan's army say Early is actively preparing for another offensive movement, at New Market. Mosby is still annoying the federals between Winchester and Martinsburg, and had hung several Federals in retaliation for a like number of Confederates hung by Curtis. It is reported that Sherman had destroyed the railroad between Chattanooga and Atlanta, burnt the latter place and was at the head of the 4th corps marching on Charleston. The report is not credited in military circles at Washington. Nothing from Forrest. The War-husut was pursued out of the Port of Bahia by two Brazilian war steamers, but could not overtake her.

Gold in New York on the 9th 263, but closed at 257 1-2. All quiet around Petersburg.

NORTHERN NEWS.

RICHMOND, Nov. 12.—New York and Baltimore papers of Wednesday has been received. The *Herald* editorially announces the re-election of Lincoln. The *Baltimore American*, evening edition, contains the latest returns. A New York telegram says: the *Tribune* claims for Lincoln all the New England States—Pennsylvania, Delaware, New York, Maryland, Ohio, Indiana, Michigan, Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa and Kansas—making a total of 190 electoral votes.

The *Herald* says Fernando Wood is defeated Brooks' majority 125. The *World* concedes Lincoln's election, saying, however, New York, Kentucky, New Jersey and Missouri have gone for McClellan. The *Tribune* claims only 3,000 majority in New York.

The Florida was captured by a surprise in the harbor of Bahia early in the morning, while a number of her officers and crew were on shore. The demand for surrender was immediately acceded to, when a hawser was made fast to her and she was towed out to sea. The *Herald* says it will doubtless be denounced as violation of maritime rights, and bring international difficulties.

Gold in New York on the 9th 257.

It was reported this morning on good authority, that the authorities at Washington have prohibited the communication of any in-

telligence with regard to the election returns by telegraph, stage coach or otherwise. News has been received from an officer at the lines, below Richmond, that the authorities have forbidden the exchange of Yankee papers for Richmond papers. This morning he was informed by Yankee officers that orders have been issued forbidding all exchange. How long it would last he could not tell. He says further that it is believed Lincoln is re-elected, but the returns are unreliable.

From Mexico.—Cortina has surrendered, with his army, to General Mejia, of the French army, with all his material and munitions of war. He demanded to be placed in command of all the Mexican forces surrendered with the rank of general, and it is stated that the request was complied with.

Governor Cortina has submitted to the Emperor Maximilian, surrendered all his forces, arms, cannon and all his munitions of war to the reactionary General Mejia, who is in the employ of the Emperor Maximilian, and has accepted a commission in the army of the Emperor as brigadier general.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

THE FLAT ROCK BENEVOLENT SOCIETY will meet at Flat Rock on Saturday the 19th instant.

Donations of Socks, Gloves, Scarfs, &c. will be thankfully received and sent forward at once to our brave soldiers who are now suffering for almost every variety of clothing.

All who wish to contribute to the cause will indicate the same by bringing or sending their donations on the day above mentioned.

Members are requested to be prompt in attendance. By order of the President.

Nov. 9—3t.

T. J. HAILE,
Acting Secretary.

Removed.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS REMOVED ONE DOOR above Mr. Brunson's Tin Factory, where he will continue to manufacture BOOTS and SHOES. Having a number of first rate workmen, he will execute all orders with neatness, durability and dispatch. Nov. 14—1d 2w. W. E. HUGHSON.

ON CONSIGNMENT.

THE SUBSCRIBER WILL RECEIVE AND SELL on Consignment Dry Goods, Groceries, &c. Highest market prices paid for country produce. Nov. 14—1d 2w. W. E. HUGHSON.

LOST.

A PAIR OF GOLD SPECTACLES WERE PROBABLY going from the subscriber's residence to the Methodist Church. A reward will be paid for their return to M. BIRSELL. Nov. 14—1t.

Sold on Consignment.

PROPERTY FOR SALE. Apply to A. M. BURNETT, November 1.

Notice.

ALL PERSONS INTERESTED TO THE ESTATE of the late John S. DUNLAP, will please make immediate payment; and those having demands against said estate will present them duly attested to the undersigned J. D. DUNLAP. Nov. 8 Adm'r.

Notice.

PERSONS KNOWING BENJAMIN S. INDEBTED to the estate of the late R. L. Whitaker, will make immediate payment; and those having demands against said estate will present them for payment properly attested. J. D. DUNLAP, Nov. 8 Adm'r.

Overseer to Hire.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD BE PLEASED to negotiate with any planter in Kershaw District for next year's service, as overseer, from the 1st of January next. The applicant is clear of active military service, being several years over the conscript age. Apply to H. T. WATTS. Nov. 8 3w

For Sale.

A HOUSE AND LOT, PLEASANTLY SITUATED on Dekalb street, containing five rooms, with fire places. Kitchen, servant's house, smoke house, stable, carriage house and garden; well of first rate water. Will be sold for cash. Apply to E. G. ROBINSON, Mansion House. Nov. 8 3