

The Camden Daily Journal.

VOL. 1 CAMDEN, S. C., THURSDAY, NOV. 10, 1864 NO. 113

By D. D. HOCOTT.

Terms of Subscription.

Daily paper per month \$3.00
" " for Six Months \$15.00
Weekly, \$5.00

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The Model Wife.

MR. EDITOR:—In your last Sunday's edition, my eye fell upon an article styled "The Model Husband." Allow me a small space in your invaluable journal to give what I conceive to be a model wife, but of which, I regret to say, but few are to be found.

THE MODEL WIFE can always be found (except when convenient for her husband to accompany her abroad) at home, attending to her household affairs. Whenever her husband returns home from the cares and toils of the day, he is met at the threshold with smiles and caresses, instead of scowls and a reprimand for some imaginary misdemeanor; everything about the house wears the habiliments of cheerfulness and tidiness; the children's faces are cleanly washed, their heads nicely combed, their apparel neat and becoming. She addresses him in the most endearing terms; shares his misfortunes with a sympathizing, consoling heart, and is the illuminating star that lights up his soul in its gloomiest, darkest hours, and buoys him up above the waves of adversity.

Should her husband have occasion to go to the lodge-room, or to attend a political or other meeting, she does not require him to be at home at any stipulated moment; and should he be detained down town, by the accidental meeting of an old acquaintance, or perhaps the press of business, beyond the usual hour to dine or to tea, an explanation is not demanded of him for having prolonged his return home, but is accosted by some such words as these: "My dear, I am sorry you have been detained so long by your business—the thought of anything else having detained him never crossing her pure mind—the tea is not so good as when freshly drawn, nor the biscuits (or rolls) not so light as I should wish."

Even should her husband wish to spend an hour or two occasionally of an evening, with a few boon companions, and returns home a little boozed, no certain lecture awaits him, but a cozy, blazing fire is burning in the grate, his slippers and boot-jack are in readiness on the hearth, and the lamp left burning in the hall to alight him to his room, instead of having to grope his way in the dark, thereby imperiling a broken shin or dislocated neck over the furniture.

THE MODEL WIFE is never seen "spinning street yarns," or ever known to be guilty of speaking ill of her neighbors; she is charitable, as far as her means will justify; she visits the sick and distressed, and administers to their wants and necessities; kind to her servants, affectionate to her children, and devoted to her husband.

Such is the Model Wife. God grant there were more of them than there are. How smoothly and calmly would we glide down the stream of time, and how peaceful would be our exit from this troublous world. Oh! why is it, there are not more MODEL WIVES to be found? Woman! you hold the moral destiny of the world in the palm of your hand? 'Tis through your great moral influence over the sterner sex, that alone has elevated him to the high social position he has attained. Ponder this well in your minds, and resolve to endeavor to elevate man to a still higher sphere.

Sunday Mississippian.

The Yankee papers report Magruder marching toward the Red river. If the statement be correct, it may indicate some concentrated movement between Gens. Price and Smith, the true character of which, in the absence of information from our side, we cannot well determine.

The spirit of the times—mean corn whiskey.

CAMDEN DAILY JOURNAL.

THURSDAY MORNING NOV. 10.

No news by Telegraph this morning.

SENSIBLE GOVERNOR—We see it stated that Gov. ALLEN, of Louisiana, recognizing the powerful and beneficial influence of the press, has imported paper enough to keep them all going a year, and exempted all the printers from State service.

FROM ATLANTA—Everything appears to be quiet about Atlanta. Three prisoners were captured by our scouts the other day near the city. The prisoners report that the garrison has been largely reinforced recently, and that trains are coming through from Chattanooga.

FROM VICKSBURG—The latest news from Vicksburg is "all is perfectly quiet in that city." There are only a few troops there, mostly negroes. The larger portion of the "Marine Brigade," composed of whites, still refuse to do duty. There are no signs of any raiding parties at present leaving the city.

THE FEDERAL CONGRESS—Greeley estimates the next Congress will divide politically thus: Senate—Republicans forty-six, Democrats ten; House—Republicans one hundred and fifty one, Democrats forty-eight. And he adds: There can be no reasonable doubt that even in the palpable impossibility of McClellan's election, each House of Congress will be more than two-thirds Union—very probably three-quarters.

WASHINGTON, N. C. EVACUATED—The Raleigh Conservative says that it is rumored that Washington has been evacuated, and is in the hands of the enemy. The fall of Plymouth has probably left the place so exposed that it could not be held.

Washington is the capital of Beaufort Co. It is about one hundred and twenty seven miles south-east of Raleigh, situated on the north side of the Tar river, at its entrance with Pamlico river, a branch of the Pamlico sound, at the head of ship navigation. Its population before the war was about two thousand.

DECATUR ALA. reported lately to have been captured by Gen. HOOD, is a commanding position, in view of the great lines of communication upon which the two armies must rely. It is upon the Tennessee river and upon the Memphis & Charleston Railroad, and, being at the head of the shoals in the river, commands all communication by it from points lower down. It is due south of Nashville, and favorably located for operations against either that city or Chattanooga, or the railroad at any point between them. At the same time, it is within convenient striking distance for the protection of Gen. HOOD's reported new line of communications, as well as his old line.

A KENTUCKY CONSERVATIVE HIRES AN IRISH SUBSTITUTE FOR THE NEGRO—An incident worth narrating, recently occurred in Boone county, Kentucky. A wealthy planter, the owner of valuable "chattles," and well known as a rebel conservative, who intends to vote for McClellan and Pendleton, had a fat and muscular negro who was conscripted. His owner determined to provide a substitute for him, mounted his horse, rode into Covington, and for \$550 engaged an Irishman to go as a substitute, but without informing him for whom. Taken to the Provost Marshal's office, sworn in, provided with a uniform and paid off, the Irishman, then, for the first time, ascertained whom it was he was to represent in the army. It is said his wrath and profanity exceeded all bounds, but it was too late to back out, and he was sent to quarters. The Kentucky conservatives who oppose the conscription of negroes on this side of the Ohio, who object to arming the negroes, evidently value a negro higher than an Irishman. Rather than see a negro free they would drive the whole Irish population into "slaughter-pens."—Cincinnati Commercial.

It is not at all surprising that Gen. Gordon is ranked high among fighting Generals. A correspondent referring to the late disgraceful stampede of a portion of our forces near Winchester, Va., says:

"Mrs. General Gordon, who was in Winchester, seized the division headquarters flag, and rushing into street, called upon any of her husband's division to rally round her flag, and that she would lead them. She succeeded in rallying a party of near 200 and sent them to the field."

The Late Victory in Virginia.

Readers of the Courier will accept and prefer in place of much that could be culled from other sources, the following from the trustworthy and eminently accurate correspondent of the Savannah Republican:

RICHMOND, October 29, 1864.

The details as they come in leave no doubt that Grant made his grand assault on Thursday, the 27th. He may make another effort between this and the day of the Presidential election; but that he took his measures and prepared his plans with a view to the speedy capture of Richmond or the Southern Railway, or both of them, is now manifest to the dullest apprehension. As it is, he took nothing by his last move; on the contrary, his defeat was complete at all points, on the right, on the left and in the centre. The importance and extent of our victory do not appear so much from Gen. Lee's official report, as from trustworthy persons who were present and participated in the battle. Indeed, Gen. Lee has an inveterate habit of understating the losses of his adversary and of refining away his own victories; whereas it is the practice of the enemy to magnify his triumphs, and not unfrequently to claim a victory where he has suffered a defeat.

The effect of these diverse policies is as different as the policies themselves. In the one case, the enemy is encouraged and the war spirit stimulated; in the other, neither our army nor our people receive the encouragement which should be derived from our successes. The re-publication here of the war bulletins of the enemy even have a bad effect, notwithstanding he is known to be a great asononist, of truth, and in many instances to set up claims which are as preposterous as they see unfounded. If the positions of the two armies had been reversed and we had been the assaulting, and the enemy the assailing party, the whole North would be ringing with paeans of victory.

It now seems that our success beyond Petersburg was quite as complete as it was below Richmond. The enemy got possession of the Boydton plank road at Burgess' mills, on Rowanty Creek, when Mahone moved against him with three brigades in front and Hampton took him in the rear. Though he was not then dislodged, Mahone took over four hundred prisoners, three stands of colors and six pieces of artillery. The latter could not be brought off, however, the enemy having possession of the bridge over the Creek. In the attack subsequently made by the enemy, Mahone broke three lines of battle and inflicted a heavy loss upon the foe, who retired during the night from the plank road, leaving many of his wounded and between two and three hundred dead on the field. Including those made on the North side, quite a thousand well prisoners were taken during the day.

During these operations on the extreme left and right, a considerable demonstration was made on the centre, between the James and Appomatox. This was done to prevent reinforcements from being sent either to the right or the left. Having failed at all other points, and supposing doubtless that Gen. Lee had weakened his lines in front of Petersburg in order to reinforce his wings, the enemy, about nine o'clock at night, advanced against our works on the Baxter road, and took possession of them; but they were soon driven out. The two armies, therefore, now occupy the same relative positions they held before the fight.—As already remarked, Grant took nothing by his move, but lost more than a thousand men for every hundred that Lee lost, in other words, his loss will not fall short of six or seven thousand, while Lee's does not exceed five or six hundred.

P. W. A.

METHUSALEM'S DISREGARD OF LIFE—It is written in a quaint old Jewish manuscript now in the British Museum, that the oldest of mankind, Methuselah, did not live as long as he might have done. The writer says that God promised him in a dream that if he would rise up and build him a house his life should be prolonged five hundred years. But he replied that it was scarcely worth while to build a house for so short a period and he died before he was a thousand years old.

The famous trotter, Flora Temple, was sold recently in Baltimore for eight thousand dollars.

REFUGEES IN CANADA—The following order seems to have created great excitement among the refugees from Yankeedom in Canada:

"HEADQUARTERS, QUEBEC, }
"September 21, 1864."

"Notice is hereby given to all persons from the Federal States of America, who have taken refuge in Canada since the first of August, 1864, and are fit for the performance of military duty, to report immediately to Captain H. Stanhope Wilkes, of Her Majesty's service, at his headquarters, Clifton House, Canada West, for the enrollment into the military service of Her Majesty's Government.

"All persons failing or refusing to comply with this order will be subject to summary arrest, fine and imprisonment.

"Refugees and exiles seeking the protection of this Government must lend their aid to strengthen the Government that gives them protection.

"By order."

Southern refugees are said to be complying with the order, and Yankees are making for their homes.

It should cause our authorities to reflect on their leniency towards foreigners in letting them go almost entirely unscathed, while every white male citizen is required to go to the front—exemption or no exemption, detail or no detail.

Rich. Examiner.

DEATH OF "FREEMEN"—It appears, from a careful and complete report made up in New Orleans, that over fifty thousand "freed" negroes have perished of starvation and misery in that department during the past two years. This is the result of abolition proclamations. So says a Yankee paper.

Although, according to Yankee accounts, Hood seems to be moving, without let or hindrance, just where he pleases, the reader of newspapers in Yankeedom are regaled with doubtful despatches of "Sherman's pursuit of Hood."

SPECIAL NOTICE.

THE FLAT ROCK BENEVOLENT SOCIETY will meet at Flat Rock on Saturday the 19th instant.

Donations of Socks, Gloves, Scarfs, &c., will be thankfully received and sent forward at once to our brave soldiers who are now suffering for almost every variety of clothing.

All who wish to contribute to the cause will indicate the same by bringing or sending their donations on the day above mentioned.

Members are requested to be prompt in attendance. By order of the President.

Nov. 9—31.

T. J. HAILE,
Acting Secretary.

NOTICE.

OAK AND PINE WOOD FOR SALE. APPLY TO JOHN CANTEY.

Nov. 9—11.

Salt on Consignment.

50 TIERCES FOR SALE. APPLY TO A. M. KENNEDY.

November 1

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Notice.

ALL PERSONS INDEBTED TO THE ESTATE of the late Allen Sanders, will please make immediate payment; and those having demands against said estate will present them properly attested to the undersigned J. D. DUNLAP, Adm'r.

Nov. 8

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Notice.

PERSONS KNOWING THEMSELVES INDEBTED TO the estate of the late R. L. Whitaker, will make immediate payment; and those having demands against said estate will present them for payment properly attested. J. D. DUNLAP, Adm'r.

Nov. 8

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Overseer to Hire.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD BE PLEASED to negotiate with any planter in Kershaw District for next year's services as overseer, from the 1st of January next. The applicant is clear of active military service, being several years over the conscript age. Apply to H. T. WATTS.

Nov. 8

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For Sale.

A HOUSE AND LOT, PLEASANTLY SITUATED on DeKalb street, containing five rooms, with fire places. Kitchen, servant's house, smoke house, stable, carriage house and garden; well of first rate water. Will be sold for cash. Apply to E. G. ROBINSON, Mansion House.

Nov. 8

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