

N.D.

The Camden Daily Journal.

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By D. D. HOCOTT.

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The War in Virginia—Gen. Hampton.

The Examiner says:
 This raid of Gen. Hampton's is one of the boldest and most brilliant things of the war. Leaving Reams' Station on the Weldon Rail Road, ten miles South of Petersburg, passed behind Grant and took his beavers from a position immediately in the rear of the centre of his lines. Sycamore Church, the point at which the captures of cattle, prisoners, &c., was made is about fifteen miles East of Petersburg, and five miles South by East of Prince George Court House.
 We are informed that Gen. Hampton started for a point on James river, South of City Point, where he had learned the cattle were on pasture; but while on the march he intercepted a letter addressed to Grant which contained the information that the cattle had been removed to Sycamore Church. The letter also assured Grant that the beavers were of very superior quality, and expressed apprehensions that the grazing in Prince George would be found insufficient. Gen. Hampton changed his route according to the information given him by the intercepted epistle.
 The affair on Thursday, in which the enemy attempted a reconnaissance in the direction of Poplar Spring Church, was much more considerable and insignificant than we had been led to suppose. If any fighting took place on this part of the line—West of the Weldon Rail Road—it was of so trifling a character as to be beneath General Lee's notice.
 From information received Sunday night we are disposed to believe that Grant has either given up his designs on the Southside Rail Road or is pretending to have done so. There is little doubt that he has been transferring his troops from his extreme left.
 There was sharp picket firing along the line South of Petersburg on Sunday.

Gen. Halleck tells a curious story, which shows Jomini's remarkable knowledge of military strategy, or what the French call strategic intuition.
 Having been summoned to the Imperial headquarters at Mayence, at the beginning of the campaign of Jena. Napoleon said to him, "I am delighted that the first book which demonstrates the true principles of war has appeared in my reign. No work like yours is taught in our military schools. We are going to fight Prussians. I have called you near me because you have written on the campaigns of Frederick the Great, because you know his army, and have studied the theatre of the war." Jomini asked for four days to get his horses and equipage from the headquarters of Marshal Ney, and added that he would join his Majesty at Bamberg. "Why at Bamberg?" said the Emperor. "Who told you that I am going to Bamberg?" "The map of Germany, sire." "There are a hundred roads on that map," said Napoleon. "Yes, sire; but it is probable that your Majesty will make against the left of the Prussians the same manœuvre which was made at Donaworth against the right of Mack, and by Saint Bernard against the right of Melas." "Very well," said Napoleon. "Go to Bamberg, but don't say a word about it; no one should know that I am going to Bamberg."
 "WHAT WOULD YOU DO?"—The Republicans ask us, "what would you do if you were restored to power?" We answer in a few words. We could stop this infamous war, and thus arrest the nation in its downward career to destruction and woe. Within thirty days after a Democrat is inaugurated President, this war will stop.—Syracuse N. Y., Courier.

CAMDEN DAILY JOURNAL.

TUESDAY MORNING, SEPT. 27

THE CONFEDERATE STEAMER TALLAHASSEE.—Yankee papers, of the 13th instant, tell us of "the capture and destruction of seven vessels, some sixty miles South-east of Sandy Hook, by the new Confederate steamer Tallahassee." It will interest our readers to know something of this new apparition that has burst upon the Yankees just in time to fill the place of the lamented Alabama. There are interesting particulars relative to the port at which she was fitted out, her armament, &c., which it is not permissible to publish. It must suffice for the present to know that she is believed to be the fastest steamer afloat, and that her commander is Capt. J. TAYLOR WOOD, as sagacious, enterprising and intrepid an officer as ever trod a quarter-deck. He it was, it will be recollected, who, at the head of a small band, captured the Yankee steamers Satellite and Reliance, in the Rappahannock, twelve months ago. Without the intervention of some untoward accident, which human foresight is powerless to avert, we expect him to rival, if not exceed the havoc done the Yankee commercial navy by the Alabama.

Items from Memphis.

Private letters from Memphis, as well as the Bulletin, tell ludicrous stories of the effect of Forrest's irruption into Washburn's domains. You must know that Washburn occupies the residence of the Greenlanes', on Union street, and when our cavalry entered the city he was sleeping soundly on the second floor. In his habitable extraordinary he leaped from the window and fled towards the Fort. It is said a small flag of truce floated on the midsummer breeze just behind him. Hence, perhaps, he was not fired upon. In any event, Forrest sent him a flag of truce requesting an exchange of prisoners, which Washburn, having recovered from his fright after reaching his earthworks, declined to do, stating that he would recapture his unbreached and hatless staff and other officers within the week. The whole batch, some 450, have gone to Andersonville. Constant terror prevails in Memphis. The Yankee 'school marm', who, with uneasy consciences, have ensconced themselves in our homes, all have hired guardsmen at their doors. Bingham, the editor of that foulest of newspapers, the Bulletin, when Forrest came, concealed himself, half naked, in a chimney corner at his boarding house, on the corner of 3d and Court streets. He came out, as he went in, a dirty Black Republican. Each successive night is crowded with fresh terrors and alarms. Yankee women frighten their tow-headed babies to silence and sleep with the name of Forrest.—Whatever history may do for him, he will live forever in their memories.

The navy list shows the British navy to contain, at present in commission, 240 steamships of all sizes, from the stately three-decker down to the tiny gunboat. These mount between 230 and 240 guns; they are manned by about 45,000 men and boys, and are propelled by a steam-power exceeding 60,000 horses nominal. In addition, there are 48 sailing vessels, mounting upwards of 600 guns, and manned by about 6,500 men and boys. The sailing vessels are naturally only fit for harbor duty and training ships. They are never intended to go to sea again, and, therefore, should not be regarded as belonging to the effective naval force.

IMPORTANT DECISION.—Judge Halyfurton of the Confederate Court at Richmond has delivered his opinion in the case of John H. Briscoe and the thirty-odd Marylanders who appeared before him, under writ of habeas corpus, claiming their discharge from military service on the ground that their term of service had expired. The Judge was of the opinion that these men, being Marylanders, and therefore not embraced within the conscription act, could not be held, the term of voluntary enlistment having expired. They were therefore discharged.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.—Of the large number who went to Newbern, by flag of truce, on Wednesday last, every man and woman had to take the Yankee oath of allegiance before they could be received. Does not this block the game of their returning?
 We learn also that all who went previous to Wednesday, had to take the oath.—Raleigh State Journal.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH.

REPORTS OF THE PRESS ASSOCIATION.

Entered according to the Act of Congress in the year 1863, by J. S. THRASHER, in the Clerk's office of the District Court of the Confederate States for the Northern District of Georgia.

FORREST'S SUCCESS.

ATHENS, Sept. 26.—Gen. Forrest has captured the garrison at this place, including about 1300 prisoners, 2 passenger trains, 50 wagons and ambulances, 500 horses and many valuable stores. Our loss only 4 or 5 killed, and 20 wounded. Our troops are full of enthusiasm, and will leave in a few minutes in search of new victories.

FROM GEORGIA.

AUGUSTA, Sept. 26.—Yellow fever is bad at Charleston and at Savannah, Jacksonville and St. Augustine, but not among our troops.

AUGUSTA, Sept. 26.—A letter from Wheeler's command, dated at Athens, States that he has destroyed over 125 miles of Railroad in Sherman's rear; also that 2000 Tennesseans have joined Wheeler. The people of Tennessee are cheerful and crops fine. It will take Sherman 30 days to repair damages. Several hundred prisoners and an immense amount of property has been captured. Gen. Kelly was wounded and left in the hands of the enemy.

FROM RICHMOND.

MACON, Sept. 26.—The Chattanooga Gazette of the 20th says, upon the authority of a special despatch to the St. Louis Republican, the Confederate prisoners at Camp Chase rebelled, overpowered the guard and made their escape. All quiet along the Georgia front. No change since the last report.

RICHMOND, Sept. 26.—Private letters from Staunton of the 24th report that Early chastized the enemy at New Market, driving him two miles. The following has just been received:

HEADQUARTERS, Sept. 26.—Gen. Early reports the enemy advanced against him on the 24th at New Market, when he fell back to Port Republic. On the 26th the enemy advanced towards Harrisburg, his cavalry having probably passed that place.
 (Signed) R. E. LEE.

NORTHERN NEWS.

RICHMOND, Sept. 25.—The New York Herald of the 22d has been received. The news is unimportant. It is reported at Pocohontas that Shelby had been at Powhattan on the 12th, with 1000 rebels, pushing on Chalk Bluff. Gold in New York 221.

European news to the 12th has been received. The owner of the Georgia has been notified that no interference in his behalf, by the British government, need be expected.—He must defend his interest in the United States Prize Court. It is reported that Semmes is again afloat in a steamer with 300 men.—Cotton market quiet, with prices unchanged. Breadstuffs dull.

RICHMOND, Sept. 26.—New York papers of the 23d contain despatches from the Valley. They represent that Sheridan continues to pursue Early's forces in the direction of Staunton. Nothing important from Grant and Sherman.

RICHMOND, Sept. 26.—The Baltimore American of the afternoon of Saturday has been received. Despatches from Sheridan claim another great victory over Early's forces at Fisher's Hill, on the 22d. All Yankeeedom exceedingly jubilant over the news. Gold declined 8 cents. Post Master Gen. Blair has resigned, at the request of Old Abe. His successor is Ex Gov. Dennison of Ohio. New Orleans advices of the 16th via Cairo has been received: It is reported that Banks will leave that Department next week. Another fight between the French and Cortinas is progressing at Bagdad, at last accounts. Admiral Porter has returned to his old post on the Mississippi River.

School Notice.

THE EXERCISES OF MRS. PECK'S SCHOOL for boys and girls, will be resumed at the Academy formerly occupied by Miss DeNoon, next building to the Methodist parsonage, on the 1st Monday in October.
 Terms made known on application.
 Sept. 27

Election Notice.

IN PURSUANCE OF LAW, THE POLLS WILL be opened at the precincts stated below, on Tuesday after the second Monday in October next, being the eleventh day for the election of one Senator, and two members of the House of Representatives from Kershaw District to the General Assembly. The polls will be opened at nine o'clock a. m., and kept open, without intermission, until four o'clock p. m., when the ballots will be counted, the result ascertained, and a certificate thereof signed by the managers, and brought by them or one of them to Camden on Wednesday 12th inst.
 The election will be held by the following managers:
 Camden—John S. Meroney, C. A. McDonald, Wm. McKain.
 Cureton's Mill—Frederick Bowen, James Team, Emanuel Parker.
 Flat Rock—Jesse Truesdel, James Fletcher, Geo. R. Miller.
 Buffalo—Wm. Mungo, Gillam Sowell, Jesse Horton.
 Lyzenby—Jno. McGougan, Daniel McCaskill, Donald McDonald.
 Schrock's Mill—B. T. McCoy, Alex. McLeod, Harmon Arrants.
 Goodwin's Store—Benjamin Cook, John B. Mickle, James H. Vaughn.
 Liberty Hill—A. D. Jones, Jr., L. J. Patterson, R. B. Cunningham.
 Sept. 27

CIRCULAR.

OFFICE OF AGENT OF THE STATE OF S. C., CAMDEN, Sept. 8, 1864.
I. THE ATTENTION OF COMMISSIONERS OF Roads and Town Authorities is directed to the following orders from Department Headquarters:
HEADQUARTERS,
 DEPT. GEO. SO. CA. AND FLA.,
 Charleston, S. C., Sept. 5, 1864.

SPECIAL ORDERS NO. 218.

EXTRACT.
 * * * * *
 V. All Exemptions or Details of Negroes under calls heretofore made for Slave Labor granted prior to the 1st day of May, 1864, are hereby revoked. Impressing Agents will respect only such details or exemptions as have been issued by the Major General Commanding since the date above mentioned.
 * * * * *

By command of Major Gen. JONES.
 P. C. WABWICK, Ass't Adj't Gen.

HEADQUARTERS,

DEPT. SO. CA. GEO. AND FLA.,
 Charleston, S. C., Sept. 2, 1864.

SPECIAL ORDERS NO. 216.

EXTRACT.
 * * * * *
 V. All applications for the exemption or detail of Negroes under calls for labor to work on the public defenses must be made to these Headquarters, and in every application the particular work upon which said negroes are engaged—the number so employed, with a certificate on oath that said negroes are absolutely necessary for the public service, must be given. No other applications will be considered, and no exemptions will be regarded by the State Agent or his subordinates, except such as emanate from these Headquarters.
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By command of Major Gen. JONES.
 CHAS. H. STRINGFELLOW, A. A. G.

II. All parties, whether individuals or companies, who own or employ more than one Slave liable to Road duty, are required to furnish their quota of labor when called on, unless relieved by the proper detail, as above shown, a copy of which they will forward to this office.
 III. Commissioners of Roads and Town authorities will forthwith incorporate in their returns the names of such owners or employees, with number of Road Hands in each case, and they are instructed to respect no detail not in strict accordance with the orders to which their attention is called.
 R. B. JOHNSON,
 Sept. 27 1. Agent of State of S. C.
 Each paper in the State publish once.

To Hire.

A NO. 1. COOK AND IRONER TO HIRE. FOR further information apply at this office.
 Sept. 26 2t.

Musical Instructions.

MISS ALEXANDER WILL REOPEN her musical SCHOOL the first Monday in October, if a sufficient number of pupils can be secured to warrant her return. Terms \$75 per quarter. All pupils commencing a quarter, will be charged till the close.
 Those wishing to apply, will leave their names with Mrs. McCandless by the 20th of September.
 September 10