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By D. D. HOCOTT.

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I REMEMBER, I REMEMBER.

I remember, I remember,
The house where I was born:
The little window where the sun
Came peeping in at morn:
He never came a wink too soon,
Nor brought too long a day;
But now, I often wish the light
Had borne my breath away!

I remember, I remember,
The roses—red and white:
The violets and the lily-cups,
Those flowers made of light!
The line where the robin built,
And where my brother set
The laburnum on his birth day,—
The tree is living yet!

I remember, I remember,
Where I was used to swing:
And thought the air must rush as fresh
To swallows on the wing
My spirit flew in feathers then,
That is so heavy now,
And summer pools could hardly cool
The fever on my brow!

I remember, I remember,
The fir trees dark and high:
I used to think their slender tops
Were close against the sky;
It was a childish ignorance,
But now 'tis little joy
To know I'm further off from heaven
Than when I was a boy.

Northern Extracts.

PROCESS OF MINING.—The process of mining consists in running an excavation or burrow through the ground to a point directly underneath the work to be blown up. Having so burrowed to the proper point, the size of the excavation is increased to the capacity required. Such an amount of gunpowder as will be requisite to blow up the work overhead is then placed in this receptacle, a train or fuse is laid to the mouth or starting place, and when ready this is ignited, the fire soon running to the secreted magazine, exploding it and utterly destroying anything over it.—*Cor. N. Y. World.*

FAST DAY IN NEW YORK.—Yesterday was a very fast day. The people celebrated it by excursions on fast steamers and drives behind fast horses. But there was very little fasting, except among those too poor to eat; and very little praying, except in the churches, where the parsons are paid so much a year for that business. The suspension of business, however, was about the only evidence that a national fast was in progress; for out in the streets there was to be noticed everything suggesting the idea of a holiday.—*N. Y. Herald.*

RECALLING McCLELLAN.—The only hope for Old Abe is in the immediate removal of all such Marplots as Stanton and Halleck, and in giving McClellan a command commensurate with his ability and skill. Has Mr. Lincoln patriotism enough left to do this?—*N. Y. Herald.*

A VICTIM OF CEREMONY.—In 1783 George III., his Queen stood to the infant daughter of the late Duke and Duchess of Chandos. Cornwallis, Archbishop of Canterbury, officiated. The baby, overwhelmed by mountains of lace, lay in a dead faint. Her mother was so tender on the point of etiquette that she would not let the little incident trouble a ceremony at which a King and Queen were about to endow her child with the name of Georgiana Charlotte! As Cornwallis gave back the infant to her nurse, he remarked that it was the quietest baby he had ever held. Poor victim of ceremony! It was not quite dead, but dying; in a few unconscious hours it calmly slept away into an immortal waking.

THAT'S SO.—It is easier for a saw mill to pass through the eye of a needle than it is for a rich man to enter Camp Lee as a Conscript.

CAMDEN DAILY JOURNAL.

THURSDAY MORNING, AUG. 18.

PUBLIC MEETING.

The Secretary of war has made an earnest appeal to all citizens to forward through the Quartermaster's Department, for the support of the army, every bushel of Corn and Oats that can be spared.

It is known and recognized that from this district we have no surplus, no abundance upon which to draw, but if we are patriotic we can spare something from our necessities.

We, of this immediate section, know nothing, comparatively, of the sacrifices and hardships of this war, and it cannot be that we will not, in this emergency, contribute our mite.

To this end a meeting of the citizens of Kershaw District is requested to meet at the Town Hall in Camden, on Monday next, the 22d inst., at 10 o'clock a. m.

A. H. BOYKIN.
JNO. M. DESAUSSEURE.
W. M. SHANNON.
JAMES CHESNUT.
A. M. KENNEDY.

Just before the fight began in Mobile Harbor, on Saturday morning, the "Redgauntlet" steamer ran the blockade and came safely into that port.

Since the war commenced the Federals have lost fifty-one Generals, of whom thirty-six were killed in battle and fifteen have died of disease contracted in the service.

GENERAL FORREST.—This gallant officer, who was wounded in the foot at Tupelo, is in the saddle again, and preparing to meet the enemy advancing from Memphis by way of Holly Springs. General FORREST is in full command for this fight, and the country will expect him to conduct it to a successful result.

The London News says that vessels have just arrived at Liverpool with 15,000 bales of cotton, the proceeds of which are to go towards the sinking fund for redeeming Confederate bonds and paying the dividends of the coming April accounts, provision having already been made for the September account.

ANOTHER RUMORED RAID.—The *Chronicle and Sentinel* says: Gentlemen who arrived from Macon this morning state that a dispatch was received, in that city on Sunday from Milledgeville, ordering all the militia and artillery at Macon at once to the latter place. The dispatch stated that it was rumored that a large force had left SHERMAN'S army and were advancing towards Milledgeville. We give the news as we heard it. The troops and artillery have been sent as directed. Whether the rumor of the raid is well founded or not, remains to be seen.

THE TREASURY PLAN.—The *Charleston Courier* says that a letter from a citizen and well informed gentleman now in Richmond, gives us the gratifying assurance—which reaches us also from other sources, public and private—that the accession of Mr. TREXHELM to the Treasury has improved and invigorated the tone of public confidence.

The following special new measures are announced as about to be instituted by the Treasury Department, looking primarily towards a maintenance of government without issues of notes to swell the volume of currency:

I. All Foreign supplies to be paid for in bills drawn against our own cotton.

II. Cotton purchases to be paid by selling sterling exchange to replace cost.

III. Domestic purchases of all kinds, as far as possible, to be paid in "certificates of indebtedness" and of "loan on hypothecation."

A large debt due to one of the States has already been arranged in this way to mutual satisfaction.

IV. Treasury notes now legally extant and recalled under operations of the loan or otherwise, to be reissued when necessary to meet payments not otherwise provided for in this plan.

V. The old notes to be recalled for certificates bearing four per cent, interest and payable on demand after ninety days.

VI. The receipt by anticipation of coupons for certain purposes of Government dues.

This expedient has been officially announced and promises to work well. It deserves and demands the consideration of all who have deemed themselves hitherto compelled to pay ruinous rates for gold.

OFF AGAIN.—From passengers who came over yesterday morning from Macon we learn that an official dispatch had been received there stating that another raid of formidable preparations had left Sherman's lines. The report places the number at ten thousand. We trust that our people and authorities, instructed by Stoneman's late demonstration, will be prepared to receive them. We should be constantly on the lookout for such expeditions so long as Sherman retains his present position.—*Columbus Times, Aug. 10.*

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH.

REPORTS OF THE PRESS ASSOCIATION.

Entered according to the Act of Congress in the year 1863, by J. S. THRASHER, in the Clerk's office of the District Court of the Confederate States for the Northern District of Georgia.

FROM RICHMOND.

RICHMOND, Aug. 17.—Official despatches last night state that the enemy yesterday made a determined attack on our lines, between Doylestown and Charles City road, and at one time broke through our lines, but were repulsed, and we now occupy our original position. Later despatches say that the enemy did not renew the attack on our lines after 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The force on Charles City road advanced to within 2 miles of Whites-town, when they were driven back across White Oak Swamp. Our loss small. The *Examiner* says the enemy's loss was severe. The assaults were made by Burnside's negro troops leading every charge. The slaughter of the negroes exceeded the carnage at Petersburg on 31st July. Brig. Gen. Chambliss (Confederate) was killed.

RICHMOND, Aug. 17.—The *N. Y. Herald* of the 14th has been received. It renews its suggestions to Lincoln to send peace commissioners to Richmond. It says, we have arrived at that stage of this exhausting war, when every consideration of wisdom, patriotism and humanity suggests a *bona fide* effort on the part of the administration to bring about peace.

The *Herald* announces that the daily issue, hereafter, will be four cents per copy. It expected Secretary Fessenden would improve financial affairs, but instead of so doing has plunged deeper into paper money. The national finances are more unsettled now than at any period known during the war, and says that evidently half the newspapers must stop.

FROM ATLANTA.

ATLANTA, Aug. 16.—A party of the enemy's cavalry passed through Decatur last evening, supposed to be only a reconnoissance. Another moved simultaneously from Owl Creek Church, which struck the Atlanta and West Point Railroad at Fairland, and buried the depot and tore up the track in several places. They then withdrew about three miles, and went into camp. Their forces are variously estimated at from 300 to 500 strong. The track has been repaired, but not allowed to be run over on account of the proximity of raiders. Last night and to-day it has been unusually quiet along the lines. The enemy's artillery are remarkably quiet to-day—attributed to the scarcity of ammunition. Some shells were thrown into the city last night, one of which set fire to a frame house. The loss small.

ATLANTA, August 17.—The enemy's cavalry have retired from the vicinity of Fair Bay—a portion having crossed the river, near Campbellton. The trains are running, as usual.

The enemy are busy fortifying on the north side of the Chattahoochee—principally along Powder Springs and the Campbellton road, in the vicinity of Sweet Water.

Everything is remarkably quiet along the front.

The enemy opened fire on the city from another gun, supposed to be a sixty-four pounder, and planted on the Marietta road. Slow firing has been kept up during the night, resulting in the death of one person.

It is generally believed that the Western and Atlanta railroad was cut at Ackworth, by a portion of our cavalry on the 14th. News from that quarter is anxiously looked for.

FROM MERIDIAN, GA.

MERIDIAN, August 17.—Forrest still maintains his position near Abbeville. There has been no forward demonstration

on the part of the enemy reported for several days. The Yankees are committing depredations on peaceable citizens, killing many.

Gov. Clark has called on all able-bodied men to assist in driving the enemy back.

FROM PETERSBURG.

PETERSBURG, August 17.—Deserters and prisoners brought in to-day concur in the statement that Burnside and Warren's corps are yet in our front, whilst Hancock's 2d corps, and perhaps others, have been withdrawn to the north side of James River.

Advices received at headquarters confirm the defeat of the enemy yesterday at White's Tavern, on the north side of James River. Our loss not very large.

Gen. Chambliss is killed. It is supposed that the fight would be renewed to some extent to-day. Firing has been heard in that direction.

Official advices from the Valley department has been received at headquarters up to yesterday. No general engagement had taken place up to that time.

NORTHERN NEWS.

PETERSBURG, August 17.—The *Baltimore Gazette* of yesterday has been received.

Burnside has been relieved of his command.

The 18th Army Corps arrived at Baltimore. Wilcox has been temporarily assigned to the command.

The Federal loss in killed and wounded in the action at Mobile Bay is estimated at 240. No particulars of the surrender of Fort Gaines are given.

Sherman is reported to be within one mile of Macon road. At every step he is fortifying his position very strongly.

The Confederate forces, 2000 strong, are menacing Bordentown, Indiana.

Various captures of Confederates are reported.

Nothing definite has been received from the Shenandoah Valley.

The news from Grant's army is unimportant.

THE DANISH WAR.—A Prussian force, six thousand strong, entered Roadsburg on the 21st, and took the possession of the town out of the hands of the German Federal Troops. The Federal Diet had ordered General Hake to protest against the proceeding by a large majority.

A resolution was before the Diet calling on the Duke of Augustinburg to substantiate his claims to Schleswig. The Paris papers warn the German powers against incorporating that question in their policy, as Schleswig is largely inhabited by Danes; and they point out that the law of retaliation exists; and if the Germans set the example of a spirit of conquest, others may not allow it.

It is asserted in the *London Army and Navy Gazette* that the sailing vessels in the British navy will never be sent to sea again, there being two hundred and forty steamers in commission, manned by forty-five thousand men.

A Horse for Sale.

A FIRST-RATE SADDLE HORSE FOR SALE, and can be seen at Samuel Shiver's stable at any time. R. B. PRICE. August 18. tf.

Tax in Kind Notice.

WAR TAX OFFICE, CAMDEN, S. C., August 16, 1864.
ALL FARMERS AND PLANTERS OF KERSHAW District, are hereby notified that I am now ready to receive returns of the following products, viz:
WHEAT, OATS, RYE, CURED HAY, and WOOL. I earnestly request that producers be prompt in making returns of the above, on or before the 21st of August, instant, as that is the time limited by law.
W. WALLACE,
Assessor, Tax in Kind, Kershaw District.
August 16. 6d1w.

NOTICE.

ON AND AFTER THIS DAY, I WILL SELL MY loaves of bread at 40 cents—the price heretofore being 50.
August 12. 4t. W. DAASCH.