

**Prosperity, Quoth He.**  
 The *Union-Herald* protests that it was in dead earnest in asserting the recovered condition of South Carolina from the desolations of war, and the rule of the carpet-bagger and his credulous ally. We were charitable enough to consider it as indulging in a joke. But it comes up with its figures, its observations of passing events and its signs of manifest improvement, to establish its position. It is infinitely ludicrous and the writer does not justly appreciate himself as a humorist. He blends a little of truth, too, in his humor to make it go down. Nobody means to assert that the energy of the people is dead, that they are not struggling manfully and successfully in many places against all the evils and losses of the past and all the spoliations and oppressions of the present. We constantly have occasion to note that "there's life in the old land yet." We have had the pleasure for several years of summoning them to renewed exertions, of pointing out the various avenues to the advancement of their fortunes, to the recovery from their losses, to diversified industries, to the establishment of manufacturing interests and to the improvement of their agriculture. We have faithfully sought to bring into play again those moral and intellectual forces, without which the plough and spade, the anvil, hammer and plane are but inefficient tools in listless hands. The streams of our life are either poisoned at the fountains, or flow impeded by baleful obstacles at every turn. They must be purified and cleared before their course can be prosperous and fertilizing. The prime need of our people is the advantages of education, the honest and economical administration of the Government, low taxes, fewer offices, smaller salaries, and a speedy riddance from the corrupt influences which have followed in the track of war, bringing a worse train of evils than war itself. It would be strange, indeed, if we had not effected something by the extraordinary exertions we have been compelled to make. But no one with a spark of manly feeling in him, no man who is not an alien to every sentiment of affection and reverence for the past glory and prosperity of this State, who has a drop of blood in his veins running in sympathy with the terrible wrongs inflicted on this people, more especially since the close of the war, can look upon their condition to-day and call it really prosperous. To do so, he must be calloused in indifference, or the victim of a strange delusion. People manage to live, but how many educate their children? Where are the schools, colleges, and other evidences of civilization? where the moral tone, the just sentiment, the honor that shrinks from wrong, the spirit of justice, the immovable integrity, that characterize a people free, prosperous and elevated? Not gone absolutely, but all covered over and hidden, inert and almost paralyzed by the moral miasma which surrounds them. We are happy to believe we have been the promptest to acknowledge that there are signs and evidences of an improved condition of things within the last few months. The skirmishing has begun, the opposing forces have met, and the friends of honesty and decency, those who really care and feel for the rights, property and well being of the people, have cause to take some hope from the results of the encounter. But the battle has only just commenced. It will be long and desperate. It shows but a shallow appreciation of the coming struggle, of the immense powers that are to be engaged, of the vital issues involved in it, to claim already the fruits of victory. Prosperity, contentment, happiness of the people, the true *renaissance*, can only come from the liberation of the forces and influences which compose at once the foundation and superstructure of the State, and give it its only healthy and normal activity. Owing to peculiar circumstances, whatever views are possible in the American system have gathered here with all their intensity and violence. Until this headless excrement, this foul carbuncle, full of corrupt matter, with no exit which itself can make, is removed, we must languish, showing only the signs of a spasmodic, and, perhaps, hurtful vitality.

**Is He Backing Down?**  
 The fierce assault of President Grant's organ, said to be inspired by the President himself, upon Speaker Blaine, appear to have brought him to terms. In the speech delivered at New Haven, he sang the old song and played the old tune. He appealed to the loyalty of the North, whatever that is, to keep the political power of the Union in the hands of its unwavering friends. In other words, Blaine knocks, under to Grant, and the splendid opportunity he now has of leading Republican opposition successfully against him, he weakly throws away. We hope, however, that we may be mistaken in the interpretation we put upon this extremely "loil" effort.

A genuine panther was killed in Lee County, Ga., last Tuesday.

A number of distinguished Conservative Republicans are taking part in the Connecticut canvass, supporting Gov. Ingersoll because of the distinct issue made in that State by the Republican State ticket in favor of President Grant's destructive policy relative to the Southern States. Amongst others mentioned, is ex-Governor Curtin, of Pennsylvania, a tower of strength to any cause he supports. The Democrats show a liberal policy in supporting Judge Phelps and ex-United States Senator Foster, Republicans, for Congress. It is to be hoped that Speaker Blaine will stand firm in his opposition to the Administration candidates, but there is room to doubt him, from the despatch published yesterday morning.

The *Philadelphia Press*, of Monday, calls upon the country to stand by the President. It boasts that the resolution of endorsement, passed by the Senate, is the "first plank of the platform on which we are to move forward to victory in 1876." The *Press* has a happy faculty of drawing comfort from small things. That resolution is the quintessence of milk and water. It is the strong damnation of the faintest praise, and yet the strongest that the Grantites could dare to express.

**The W. L. I. Fair.**—This much-talked-of and truly charitable affair closed last night. A very large sum was realized, as a majority of the articles were donated. The feature of Friday night was the presentation of a stand of colors by the military companies of Boston. The following letter from Governor Chamberlain was read:

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,  
 COLUMBIA, S. C., April 1, 1875.  
 James G. Porter, Esq., Secretary W. L. I.—DEAR SIR: I have received your invitation to me to be present at the Fair of the Washington Light Infantry, in Charleston, on Friday evening next. My health, I regret to say, will not allow me to accept your invitation, but I thank you most sincerely for the invitation, and particularly for the very kind terms in which it is couched. I feel a special interest in the success of your fair, as an occasion which promises to draw out in fresh and gratifying manifestations the sympathy which the two great sections of our country feel for each other. In some private and public ways, it has been my privilege to add my efforts to yours in securing from the citizens of Boston some expressions of their good will on this occasion towards the people of Charleston. I am gratified to perceive from your letter, that there is one ground of union and harmony on which we can all stand—fidelity and devotion to the welfare of the State of South Carolina. I intend to persevere to the end in that course which has thus far met your kind approval, and I shall hope to receive in the future, as I have thus far, the earnest support of all men in our State who regard public office and power as a trust to be held and exercised for the good of all the people. I trust your fair will be crowned with complete success—success in its immediate objects, and success in those broader objects which it seems destined, under a kind Providence, to promote. Very respectfully, your obedient servant,  
 D. H. CHAMBERLAIN.

The *Chicago Inter-Ocean* figures up the indebtedness of Mexico to the United States as \$50,000,000 for American property destroyed by "greasers," and American lives to the value of \$12,500,000, extinguished by the same parties. This total of \$62,500,000 the *Inter-Ocean* thinks might be very easily paid by deeding to the United States Sonora, Chihuahua, Coahuila, New Leon, and a few other bits of territory North of the Rio Grande de Santiago. This looks very plausible, but then it should be remembered, that there never was such a feeling against the transfer of any territory to a foreign power, in Mexico, as exists at the present moment. Barring a few local tumults, Mexico is in the enjoyment of more peace than she has had for a long time, public improvements of a valuable nature are going on, and it is not likely that she will consent to strip off some of her best territory.

Mr. Editor: Having been requested to repeat the entertainment given by the Columbia Choral Union, on last Thursday evening, we have arranged to grant the request, and will be ready on next Monday evening, at the Opera House, to appear again as the representatives of the ladies and gentlemen of 1875. In repeating, we hope that all will give us a helping hand towards securing our fine piano, which is really an ornament to the city. Very respectfully,  
 C. J. IREDELL,  
 President Columbia Choral Union.

Another serious fire occurred in Atlanta, Thursday morning, before day-break. Commencing two stores below the recent fire on Whitehall street, it burned down to Redwing & Fox's corner, and down Alabama street to Pease's store. In its course, it destroyed five business houses, as follows: Cohen & Zelig, dry goods merchants; Mrs. W. G. Knox, millinery store; the dollar store, notions; Dean Berry, dealer in drugs, medicines, &c., and the restaurant of W. F. Ferres. The loss on the buildings and contents will reach about \$50,000, upon which there is an insurance of \$24,000.

Garibaldi's project for the canalization of the river is still in its infancy, and supporters. The idea of rendering Rome a support is not new, and at the present time the river is navigable up to Rome for small vessels from 150 to 200 tons burthen. Some small screw steamers of 180 tons, drawing 1.80 of water, ply regularly between Rome, Civita Vecchia, Leghorn and Genoa, but the landing accommodations is so bad at the former place that this trade is insignificant. The rescue of the sickly territory and marshes around Rome is part of the project.

**Phoenix Newberry Correspondence.**  
 NEWBERRY, S. C., April 3, 1875.  
 The clouds go drifting along, and the sun peeps forth occasionally, but such is to say it is hard work to show his face, though he will clear the track after awhile. We have had an abundance of rain and need a little sunshine now to brighten up the general appearance and dry up the mud. Farmers are in a stew about their crops, and grumbling like all hundred. The gardens look as if they would if they could, and the grass is growing ferociously. The trees are all in full bloom, and we predict a good fruit year. Business is dull, duller, duller, money as scarce as hen's teeth, and the beef market dried up; nevertheless, there is a good deal of old hog and hominy. Cotton has been rolling in briskly for a week or so. Up to this time about 22,000 bales have been received here. The demand for guano has not been so heavy as in previous years, but is still considerable.

Spring goods are coming in, mostly through orders. But few of our merchants have gone North so far. There is a revolution taking place in this respect. Merchants now are ordering their goods through drummers. They say they save by the operation; can make as good selections as if they were to go, and, in fact, do better. This will have an effect on advertising, and be apt to introduce a new system of it. Change is the order of the day.

Politics here seems to be a dead letter; nevertheless, "things are working." The politicians are as quiet as church mice, and as sober as judges, from the fact that there is no one to treat.

The Court of General Sessions has been actively engaged in cotton stealing cases, which seems to have become very common. Solicitor Fleming goes for them with a vengeance, and if a fellow escapes, he has to be satisfied. The case of the State vs. Glover was continued. In the case of the State vs. Kitchens, for murder, he was acquitted. Judge Moses presided with dignity, while he is urbane, polite and courteous to the bar. The Court will probably continue for a week or so longer and drift to the civil docket.

One of our old citizens died this morning—Mr. Nathan A. Hunter—leaving a wife and several children. Mr. Hunter was a quiet, orderly and unobtrusive citizen, attending to his own business, and generally esteemed.

Our new postmaster—Capt. Boone—has taken charge of the post office, and will, we are told, change its location across the street, and occupy a very neat little office formerly occupied by Mr. Yeager and used as a law office.

**RODOLPH.**

**PLAIN WORDS FOR THE PEOPLE.**—When broken down in health, strength and spirits, it is not necessary that we should ask a medical man whether an invigorant is necessary. Common sense tells us that it is. The only question to be decided is, what the invigorant shall be. A standard tonic and restorative, which has been many years before the public, and in which millions of the intelligent classes repose the fullest faith, seems, in a case like this, to present the strongest claims to the confidence of the prudent invalid. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters may be truly said to possess these high recommendations. Its triumphant progress during a period of twenty years, its present popularity, and the uniform success which attends its use in indigestion, nervous debility, biliary complaints, fever and ague, and all ailments which depress the physical system and enervate the mind, entitle it to the rank of a standard national specific. It is regarded in that light by the community at large, and hundreds of thousands of both sexes resort to it at this season as a preventive of that numerous and harassing class of diseases which take their rise from the miasmatic winds and vapors of spring. It is a stimulant, a tonic, an alternative and a mild aperient—four essential restorative and protective elements of the *materia medica*—united in a single agreeable preparation. Every ingredient is vegetable, of the finest quality, and absolutely pure. Hostetter's Bitters is better known, held in greater esteem, and commands a larger sale than any other proprietary medicine manufactured in this country or imported from abroad.

April 2

**GOVERNMENTAL MATTERS.**—The Governor appointed Mr. C. M. Hurst Trial Justice of Sumter County, vice C. Ferriter, resigned, and Mr. James T. Wells Notary Public for Richland; John G. Thomson Notary Public for Colleton. The resignation of B. H. Hoyt as Pilot Commissioner of Charleston was accepted. The Governor has signed the following: Acts to amend an Act to reduce all Acts and parts of Acts relating to assessment and taxation of property into one Act, and to amend same; to establish by law polling places in the several Counties. The following are yet in his hands: To raise supplies for fiscal year commencing November 1, 1875; to reduce all Acts and parts of Acts relating to County Commissioners into one Act, and amend same. The Governor has reduced the term of imprisonment of Berry McRimmon and pardoned Aleck Green. These were the two men who gave the alarm and prevented a general jail delivery a few days ago in Marion. Judge Townsend, the County officers and a large number of citizens recommended these pardons.

**A RAILROAD TRAIN OBSTRUCTED BY MINERS.**—The riotous feeling among the miners and laborers at Pottsville, Pa., is increasing. During the riot at Ashland, only a few shots were fired, no damage being done. A dastardly attempt was made to wreck the evening train from Philadelphia, two miles below Pottsville. A large stone was rolled down the mountain side, which struck the rear car, damaging it, but not wrecking the train. When the train reached Me. Carbon, the by-standers asked, "Did you get through?" "Were you not stopped?" showing the stone was not dislodged by accident.

And now they are talking about another voyage to the Arctic regions and another quest for the North pole. This time it is the English Government which proposes to melt its millions by coolly turning them into the depths of Baffin's Bay and Davis' Strait, and to repeat the sad tragedy of Sir John Franklin, by sending another company into the grinding jaws of the Polar deity, which only open when some brave spirits like those are to be swallowed up.

This time, the call for "more troops" is a reasonable one. It comes from the Government of Texas, who does not wish to see the Legislature, or to suppress the "insurrection," but to be protected against the Mexican bandits, who, as he says, threaten to depopulate the whole region of the lower Rio Grande. The President need have no hesitation as to his duty in this case; and, as there are no elections pending just now, we presume that enough troops can be spared from the Southern States to protect these unfortunate Texans from their unpleasant neighbors.—*Philadelphia Times.*

The Emperor of Brazil is said to be weary of his crown, and desirous of abdicating and emigrating to the United States. He is a sensible monarch and will have a friendly reception from the American people, to whom he has shown much good will. We welcome the oppressed of all countries. Kings are taken in, Emperors boarded and lodged, and Infants taken to nurse. We will hospitably entertain Don Pedro, Don Carlos, Alfonso, the young Prince Napoleon, the Pope and all foreigners who are in trouble.—*New York Herald.*

An Indiana paper declares that "no lecturer ever became eloquent in his denunciation of ardent spirits till he himself had been a drunkard," and the case of Gough, who is said to earn \$350 a night, is cited as an illustration. Then, by all means, let us charter a few first class drinking-saloons and offer them as institutions for the education of temperance lecturers.—*There's millions in it.*

The *Washington Capital* says: In a few days, Grant's Hippodrome and Barnum's Hippodrome will commence their summer travels. Both are curious, expansive and not likely to be permanent. The world never had and probably never will have but one Grant and one Barnum. Grant has got the biggest elephant. At least the Republicans believe so. "Give the old man another chance."

Poker John, a noble red man of the Piute nation, is said to be such a proficient at the game he is named after, that he has relieved his brethren of all their Government supplies, and has a corner on blankets, trousers and provender. This exhibition of skill prompts several irreverent newspapers to suggest that Mr. P. John be made an ambassador abroad.

So it seems a man cannot enjoy the privilege of marrying a former wife's grand-daughter in Tennessee, and Robert McKenna must go to the penitentiary for five years in expiation of the offence. But then what does a man want to marry a deceased wife's grand-daughter for, when there are plenty of pretty uncon-sanguinities around?

Postal cards have become very popular in the short while that they have been in use in this country. The increase in the use of postal cards in Great Britain for the year ending March 31, 1874, was 7,752,966, the whole number used during the year being 76,986,246. What we shall do in the United States in the same line remains to be seen.

In the cases of the State vs. J. L. Neagle, R. O'Neale, Sr., R. O'Neale, Jr., and R. O'Neale & Son, against G. A. Darling, County Treasurer, Judge Carpenter, in chambers, has signed an order to show cause why a *warrant* should not issue to compel the receipt of bills of the Bank of the State for taxes. The order is made returnable on the 13th.

A French soldier is to be punished with death for insulting an upstart officer. This gives Victor Hugo an opportunity to thus compare the case with that of Bazaine: "Having sold his flag, having surrendered his army, having betrayed his country—life; having struck his corporal—death!"

Fashionable invalids in Florida are represented as having a charming time, dancing, yachting, eating fresh vegetables, shooting alligators, denying the allegation, smashing their medicine bottles, throwing away their crutches, and conducting themselves generally in a jubilant manner.

How sweet is a perfect understanding between man and wife. He was to smoke cigars when he wanted them, but he was to give her ten cents every time he indulged in one. He kept his word, and every time she got fifty cents ahead he'd borrow it and buy cigars. And so were they happy.

Julia Ward Howe says that "there is nothing so beneficial to a young man as the companionship of sisters." And to see the young men of this city wandering about on Sunday evenings with other fellows' sisters, you might fully infer that they coincided with Julia's remarks.

We have looked upon so many people in our time who were rich, great, courted and powerful, whom we afterwards met sunk in poverty and rags, with prestige lost, wealth gone, and health ruined, that we no longer think any one safe until he is dead.

Mr. Hedgeman Brown recently killed "215 rice birds" at a single shot. He fired one barrel of his gun only, which was loaded with fine bird shot. So says the *Dallas (Texas) Herald*. Fish stories having become venerable some time ago, bird stories are in the fashion.

A saloon-keeper in New York has been arrested for stealing gas. He did it by fixing a rubber tube under the metre, connecting the inlet and outlet, through which gas passed without being measured.

A new method of cremation has just been invented by a French chemist, which renders an accumulation of family urns impossible, as it utterly consumes the human body, leaving not a particle of dust behind.

The total cotton production for the last three years, in the Southern States, reaches the enormous aggregate of 11,760,000 bales, worth, at the lowest figure, \$725,000,000.

We read a good deal in the papers of stylish turn-outs in Washington. Butler's turn-out though not stylish, has been much admired.

It has been discovered that shaky firms usually belong to the Millerite persuasion, because they keep the day of their going up a profound secret.

At a funeral at Madison, Me., lately, the man who was buried was placed beside two of his dead wives, while two living ones attended the funeral.

It is no sign of gentility to be utterly indifferent to expense.

**CRY ITEMS.**—Subscribe for the PHOENIX and then invest a V in the real estate distribution.

Reading matter on every page.  
 Elegant dress goods at C. F. Jackson's, just opened.  
 Choral Union as "Ye Old Folks," to-morrow evening, at Opera House.  
 Two juvenile 1776's at Opera House, to-morrow evening. Go and see them.  
 Five deaths in Columbia for the week ending the 3d—whites three; colored two.  
 Ye Old Folks again on Monday evening, at Opera House, at 8 o'clock.  
 In forwarding subscriptions to the PHOENIX and GLEANER, don't forget the postage.  
 Everything appertaining to the feminine head is "Grecian" now. False hair is going up, thank goodness.  
 The suavity of the weather, yesterday, surprised everybody. It was drawn as mild as ordinary conversation.  
 You can get all styles of job printing, from a visiting card to a four-sheet poster, at the PHOENIX office. Prices satisfactory.  
 The ice cream season is about to be inaugurated. We had a saucer full of the delicious preparation at Mr. McKenzie's, yesterday.  
 A bargain can be obtained in the purchase of a fount of second-hand bourgeois or minion, with the necessary cases, at the PHOENIX office.  
 C. F. Jackson, as the leader of low prices, is still ahead. Take a look at those cassimeres and tweeds just opened, and be convinced.  
 Mr. J. J. McCants, who is an experienced teacher, now has charge of the Old Fellows' school, and proposes, for reasonable compensation, to teach the young idea how to shoot.  
 To-morrow is sale-day, and a very large amount of real estate is to be disposed of. Those who are so fortunate as to have a little money on hand, can obtain bargains, doubtless.  
 The Enterprise and Vigilant colored fire companies are also making arrangements for a tournament in May. Subscriptions are being taken up for the purpose.  
 An investment of \$5 may cause you to be the fortunate possessor of a convenient house, a building lot, a pair of spanking horses, or a gold watch. The real estate distribution is the mode.  
 Senator Nash's horses ran off, yesterday morning, and so completely demolished his buggy, that a new one will be indispensably necessary. The Senator took the back track, and escaped unhurt.  
 We learn that the Rev. A. B. Woodfin assumes pastoral charge of the Plain Street Baptist Church to-day, and that divine service will be held there this morning at 11, and this evening at 8 o'clock.  
 Tickets in the real estate distribution, which comes off in April, can be obtained at PHOENIX office, Indian Girl Cigar Store, Columbia Hotel Cigar Store, Wheeler House, Sulzbacher's California Cigar Store, and Sheridan's grocery store.  
 Mr. Epstein has returned from his selecting trip to the Northern cities, and is now opening a handsome stock of goods, which are well worth looking at. He is an adept at the business, and, therefore, knows how to select.  
 The annual meeting of the Columbia Memorial Association will be held at the school room of the Misses Elmors, on Tuesday afternoon, April 5, at 4 o'clock. A full attendance is earnestly requested, as arrangements will be made for memorial day. Ladies will please come prepared to pay their annual subscription of fifty cents.  
 The young ladies or misses are getting up a fair for the benefit of the orphan asylum in this city. This institution is kept up by a few persons, whose pockets are not sufficiently long to keep up with the desires of their hearts, and assistance is greatly needed. The calls upon our citizens have been liberally responded to, and it is believed a substantial sum will be realized by the fair.  
 At the public meetings held in December, caused by the threatening enormous tax announced as about to be imposed by the City Council, certain committees were appointed to make investigations and report. The public did not mean, or ought not to have meant, that committees should be appointed to do nothing, or report nothing. Four months have passed, and they continue to observe a most remarkable silence. Shall we hear from them? Will the heads of the committees explain?

**EVERY DAY BRINGS SOMETHING NEW.**—The season is now a hand for fine mixed beverages, such as pine apple milk punch, plain milk punch, mint smashes and juleps, sangarees, cobbler, slings, fixes and soups, cocktails and crustas. All these are palatable summer beverages, and Seeger's Henry can make them in style as acceptable to the eye as to the palate. Once you see him decorate a glass, you are his for the summer. He also dispenses temperance beverages, such as plain, ginger, pine apple and raspberry lemonades, soda cocktails, &c. Give Henry a call, and you will find him No. 1 in his business. He has practiced at the bar for several years, and when he gets a client he never loses him. His particular friends can have the use of private apartments, whenever desired.

**GET THE LATEST FASHIONS!**—Great changes—beautiful designs are just out. *Smith's Illustrated Pattern Bazaar* is just out, and it is full of the most brilliant illustrations of imported Paris and Vienna styles. As *Smith's Bazaar* is the acknowledged "authority" upon everything relating to styles, those of our readers who have not subscribed for it ought to at once, while they can do so, and get the large premium now offered. Send only one dollar and ten cents to A. Burdette Smith, 914 Broadway, New York city, and he will mail his *Bazaar* to you for one year without any postage, and give you one dollar's worth of such patterns as you wish to select from his book, free, as your premium, or he will give you your choice of one of his beautiful chromes. *Smith's Bazaar* is worth much more than he asks for it, without the premium he offers.

**COME TO GRIEF.**—Two men, named James Malony and James Haywood, who have been raiding around Columbia and vicinity, passing themselves off as assistant United States Marshals, have come to grief, and were yesterday brought up before United States Commissioner Boozer—having been arrested by Deputy United States Marshal Grant. At the preliminary examination, it was proven that they obtained a gold watch and \$25 from one party; a Treasurer's warrant for \$50 from another, and so on. Seven different warrants or indictments have been made out against them. Other charges will also be preferred. Haywood was formerly County Auditor of Newberry, and Malony is the individual who committed several atrocious acts in Laurens, for which he was sentenced to pay \$1,000 and served a term in jail. \$500 bail was required of the two parties; failing in which, they were committed to jail.

**RELIGIOUS SERVICES TO-DAY.**—Presbyterian Church—Rev. J. H. Bryson, 11 A. M. and 7 P. M.  
 Trinity Church—Rev. P. J. Shand, rector, and Rev. J. H. Stringfellow, assistant, 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.  
 Lutheran Church—Rev. Z. W. Bedenbaugh, 10 A. M.  
 St. Peter's (Catholic) Church—Rev. J. L. Fullerton, first Mass 7 A. M.; second Mass 10 A. M.; Vespers 4 P. M.  
 Baptist Church—Rev. A. B. Woodfin, 11 A. M. and 7 P. M.  
 Washington Street Church—Rev. W. H. Fleming, D. D., 11 A. M.  
 Marion Street Church—Rev. Wm. D. Kirkland, 11 A. M. Missionary meeting, at 8 P. M., at which an address will be delivered by Rev. W. H. Fleming, D. D. A collection will be taken up.  
 City Mission—Rev. A. W. Walker, 11 A. M. and 4 P. M.  
 Irwin's Hall—Rev. D. B. Clayton, 4 P. M.  
 The Evangelical Lutheran Sunday School will give its first quarterly concert in the Lutheran Church, at 4 o'clock, this afternoon. A welcome is extended to all who may desire to attend.

The *Augusta Chronicle and Sentinel* thus speaks of the female minstrel and can-can party, which exhibits in the Opera House, on Wednesday evening next. "We shall see what we shall see!"

"The can-can has come and the can-can has gone, and the damage has not been very great, except in a pecuniary point of view. Those who expected to see something very naughty were disappointed—as they deserved to be. It is a poor show, which is making a great deal of money by pretending to give very indecent performances. The proprietor is playing the artful little game of the Yankee peddler, who induced the bad-dish boys of the village to buy a number of copies of Young's 'Night Thoughts,' under the delusion that it was a vicious book, by showing them a picture in it of 'Contemplation,' representing a young lady scantily attired, taking a walk by star-light. The more the can-can is abused the better business it does, and the manager can afford to pay editors handsomely for denunciatory articles."

**LIST OF NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.**—Opera House—Ye Old Folks Concert. J. J. McCants—Odd Fellows' School. Jacob Levin—Land Plaster. C. F. Jackson—Dress Goods. D. G. Thompson—Ad. r's Notice. Opera House—Minstrel and Can-Can. Jacob Levin—Gas Light Bills. Columbia Building & Loan Association. D. Epstein—Spring Clothing. Wm. D. Love & Co.—Dry Goods, &c. J. W. Parker—Notice.

**HOTEL ARRIVALS, April 3, 1875.**—*Wheeler House*—R. W. Ridgely, Ga.; J. E. Duval, Md.; W. M. Jacobs, Henry B. Beecher, Ga.; T. H. Cooke and wife, Greenville; T. C. Pool, Miss M. E. Pool, Newberry; W. H. Terrie, Md.; John R. Tarrent, Greenwood; R. B. Carpenter, Richland; E. Roberts and wife, N. J.; E. Kirkland, B. W. Downing, F. Johnson and wife, N. Y.; J. M. Walker, F. L. Holland, N. C.; J. S. Browning, Charleston; H. H. Carles, F. J. Betts, N. Y.; J. F. Henry, Florida; James Grate and wife, N. Y.; P. Brown, city; Robert Howell, Richland; J. M. Mackay, S. C.; A. B. Clarke, Va.; Geo. E. Brown, N. Y.  
*Henricz House*—O. C. Abel, Leesville; F. C. Ford, N. C.; J. Y. Cammick, Ga.; W. F. C. Hunter, Newberry; J. W. Hudson, Mayesville; E. J. Coughman, Lexington; W. E. Anderson, Water Side.

**HOW TO RESTORE THE PROSPERITY OF THE STATE.**—Keep your money at home. Do not send away for anything which you can obtain as well here as elsewhere. We do not advocate paying \$5 for that which you can buy here for even \$4.00; but when you can buy your Blank Books, of the best grade, at prices as low as New York, then send to Walker, Evans & Cogswell, Charleston, S. C., and purchase what you need. All their Blank Books are made in Charleston, and your encouragement will sustain a worthy manufacturing enterprise. M21

Mr. John Webster, an aged citizen of Marlboro, died on the 25th ult.