NEW GRIENS, December 28.—Three policemen were severely wounded on Christmas day by a gang of excited negroes. Some forty negroes were arrested, most of whom were armed.

In Western Texas the planters, farmers and freedment are genorally making contracts for the next year, satisfactory to both parties. In central Texas the prospects are not so good, the planters being discouraged. On such as the sugar and cotton plantations of Brazos, Colorado, Correy, and other streams near the ceast, General Gregory is making a tour, addressing the freedmen, with a view to persuade them to make contracts fer labor next year.

Early this month, at Jefferson, Texas Early this month, at Jefferson, Texas, the military rescued by force, in open District Court, from the sheriff, two treasury agents who where indicted by the grand jury for swindling. The officer in command ordered the Provisional Judge of the court to release the agents, under a threat of punishment if he disobeyed, and the Judge declined obeying the order.

From Washington.

Washington January 1.—The War Department this morning issued an order to the Provost Marshal to turn over the Old Capitol prison temporarily to the Navy Department, for the confinement of Capitaln Semmes. The court has not yet been fully appointed for his trial. It will be commenced on the 11th of January, and will ait in one of the rooms of the Navy Department.

ait in one of the rooms of the Navy Department.

Mr. Clement C. Clay, formerly United States Senator from Alabama, more recently Confederate agent in Canada, and at present a prisoner at Fortress Monroe, has recently been permitted by the President to receive a visit from his wife. Mrs. Clay arrived at the Fortress on Thursday last, and was soon admitted to an interview with her husband in his prison. Our Fortress Monroe correspondent states that she was surprised to find Mr. Clay in such good health, his confinement not appearing to have injuriously affected him.

The health of Mr. Davis is also said to be good.

be good.
Commander Winslow, formerly of the Kearsage, has been ordered to the command of the Gulfsquadron. The squadron consists of twenty vessels, carrying 138

guns.

Mr. Raymond, of New York, has now cut fully loose from the radical camp, and will in future stand firmly by the President's policy. He will carry with him a goodly number of others.

From South America.

From South America.

New York, December 31.—The steamer Atlantic, from Aspinwall on the 22d, has arrived. She brings California mails to December 9th, and \$876,000 in treasure.

The news from the South Pacific is important. On the 28th of November, the Chilian man-of-war Esmeralda captured the Spanish gun-boat Convandego, having on board the Spanish Admiral's correspondence. The engagement lasted about half an hour. Fourteen Spaniards were wounded and two killed.

The Esmeralda was uninjured. The prisoners taken were the commandant, six officers, and one hundred and ten men, who were treated kindly by the authorities and people. The commander of the Esmeralda was promoted to the rank of post captain, and a subscription commenced to present him with a sword of honor.

Though the Spanish admiral was only forty miles off, he was ignorant of the capture until informed by the Chilian papers three days afterward.

The Chilians had also captured a launch of the Spanish gun-boat Resoluccion. The launch contained one gun and forty men, and was used for watching the movements of vessels near the shore. The Chilians had armed a small tow-boat called the Independence with two or three guns. One night she fell in with the launch, which fired at and ordered her to stop. This was done and the lights put out, when the Spaniards soon jumped aboard and found themselves prisoners.

The news from other parts of South America is unimportant.

The news from other parts of South America is unimportant.

The new Government of Peru promises well. Several reforms have been initiated. The Spanish Admiral Pareja was daily expected to ascertain if the Government will conform to the Spanish treaty, which is willible.

unlikely.
Central American news is uninteresting.
The coffee crop of Salvador is estimated at
25,000 quintals. The cotton crop is not a
tithe of last year's, owing to the ravages
of the army worm.

Foreign Miscellany.

Foreign Miscellany.

We are gradually approaching a question of vital importance to the efficiency of the navy. Our iron-clad fleet has recently tions, exhibiting an erroceospic addition, exhibiting an erroceospic addition, exhibiting an erroceospic addition, exhibiting an erroceospic addition, exhibiting an erroceospic addition of the fermion of th of a feudal castle, and yet the vessels are as fleet and bouyant as ever; but when it comes to mounting heavy guns upon these batteries, we soon found ourselves checked. It was thought a few years ago that the sixty-eight pounder was about the heaviest piece that could be successfully carried and worked in a ship's broadside. This gun weighed ninety-five hundred weight, or about tenthousand pounds; and Americans are still of opinion that a of twelve thousand pounds represents taximum of size admissable under ircumstances. Of course, they have vier guns in use, but they carry turrets, and so, it is said, must proposal, however, opens another. It is proved that very heavy an be worked in turrets; but it is ed that turret-ships can be made thy or commodious vessels. Morewe have got some magnificent iron-constructed on the broadside princiand if these cannot, by some means or be made to carry batteries of vestrength, they must either be reconstructed, or be lost to the service altogether. So it becomes of infinite importance to ascertain by practical experiment whether guns above a certain weight can or cannot be carried in our first-rate iron-

tance to ascertain by practical experiment whether guns above a certain weight can or cannot be carried in our first-rate iron-clads, and what are the limits imposed upon us in this arrangement. Great professional authorities have asserted that any gun which can be carried in a turret can be carried in a broadside; but the contrary opinion has been strongly defended, and is very widely entertained. Nothing, it is obvious, can solve this question but experiment, and the experiment, we are glad to say, will commence this morning.

The Minotaur is, or, af any rate, is in-

tended to be, one of our finest iron-clads

tended to see signed as an improvement on the Warrior herself, and it happens that she may be seen, beautifully modelled, in the Scath Kensington Museum. But, it is still a question whether this noble ship can carry such guns as would be required to reder her battery effective, and accordingly she will put to sea to-day to make trial of her capacities.

That these new twelve ton guns can be carried in turrets is beyond a doubt; but then it has never been ascertained whether turret ships can be made good sea-going vessels. We have reason to believe, on the other hand, that the Minotaur is as good a vessel as an iron-clad can be; but then we do not know that she can carry twelve ton guns. If she fails to do so we shall have to invert the experiment, and send out a turret ship to see whether she is seaworthy and habitale.

Many—indeed most—American ships carry eight ton, or, as they are called, eleveninel, guns, but they are mounted on pivots. This was the gun with which the Kearsarge sunk the Alabama, and which did such your control of the turret in the end, for a turret gun is a pivot gun protected, for a turret gun is a pivot gun protected, for a turret gun is a pivot gun protected represents the first and most powerful chapters of our new fleet. The powers of Mr. Reed's vessels remain still to be shown, and the surpasses the first and most powerful chapters, and it is, therefore, of no slight importance to discover; if possible, some method of arming them which our iron-clad fleet surpasses the fleets of other countries, and it is, therefore, of no slight importance to discover; if possible, some method of arming them with the most powerful guns known. The experiments now to be commenced will illustrate the question for us, though they will not exactly decide it. It will be discouraging if the results tell against all the gun carriages alike, but still the resources of our inventors may not have been exhausted in these three models. All we know at present, is, that before our best ships can carry the best guns

forgetfulness the sad scenes of the past, were based upon a thorough knowledge of human nature.

The attempt of the Northern radicals in Congress to gain their object by a perversion of the constitution, is an effort to accomplish by trickery and fortuitous circumstances the complete annihilation of political power in the hands of the Southern whites, and its transfer nominally to the debased freed slaves, but really to the military satraps and other officials which the greedy North will send down to prey upon an already impoverished and oppressed people. The test has been made, and we shall soon learn whether the President stands his ground in favor of the constitution and the equality of the Southern whites, or whether, bending beneath the power which threatens him, he has consented to place the victims in the hands of a blood-thirsty faction.

The return of the Southern States to Congress would put the radicals in a minority, and they are unwilling to yield the power which they have held for four years.

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WILMINGTON, January 2.—A small lot of middling cotton sold, to-day, at 44c.; small sales crude turpentine, at \$5.10; 78 bbls. tar, at \$2.30; 115 bbls. common rosin, at \$5.

SHIP NEWS.

PORT OF CHARLESTON, JAN. 4.

ARRIVED TESTERDAY.
Steamship Emily B. Souder, New York.
Steamship Isabella, Wambersie, Baltimore. Steamship Herman Livingston, New York. Steamship Herman Livingston, New York. Brig Rolerson, Scott, Boston. Schr. Hiawatha, Ingraham, Boston. WENT TO SEA YESTERDAY.

Sensible.

The rebellion in the Southern States was crushed; the rebel armies were scattered and disarmed; the people have returned to their homes, under oath to make no further re-sistance to the "supreme laws of the land," but to be henceforth peaceable citizens. They claim that it is their intention to keep this oath; and they add that they do it cheerfully. Their leading men exhort them to attend to their private affairs, and to submit honestly to the penalties of defeat. Now, to ask more of them at present, to ask that they shall be proud and glad of their defeat, is to forget the nature of men's minds and hearts; it is to demand impossibilities. By and by, we trust, the whole South will be convinced that the failure of the rebellion was for the best interests of the Southern people. For the present, we may be reasonably contented with their submission to the laws, and need not stop to inquire about their sentiments.

We have a right to demand that so long as they remain in the country they shall obey the laws, keep the peace, and respect the rights of all peace, and respect the rights of an other men; but we have no right to demand that they shall like or admire the laws. Still less have we a right to impose upon them, as a condition to their enjoyment of the benefits of the laws that they shall adont our the laws, that they shall adopt our own moral conclusions. We may say to them that they must obey the laws already made; we may insist upon it that their own laws shall conform to the supreme law of the land; and that they shall adopt no institutions inconsistent with Republicanism, which is a guaranty to every member of society of his personal and civil rights; but to make it a sine qua non that they shall think and feel upon all political and social questions in the same strain that we do, is both a moral and a practical absurdity.

Serious Poisoning Case—Six Persons the Victims.—A melancholy case of poisoning occurred at No. 2,316 Spring Garden street yesterday morning, by which six persons were the victims. It appears that Patrick McLaughlin, his wife, two children and his nephew and niece partook of breakfast at different times during the morning, and each one was taken seriously ill within two hours after-wards. Some two or three physicians were immediately sent for, who, upon arriving at the house and examining the sick persons, pronouncing their illness to have been occasioned by poison. Mr. McLaughlin, who was the last to eat breakfast, was the most seriously affected, being unable to speak for several hours subsequent. It was thought at first that he would not recover, but he gradually became better, and last evening was pro-nounced out of danger. The other five suffered somewhat during the early part of the day, but at no time were considered dangerously ill. Besides McLaughlin and wife, the vicsites are Margaret, aged nineteen, and Michael, aged seventeen, their children; also, James McLaughlin, aged twenty-one, and Jane McDevitt, aged twenty-three, their nephew and niece. James, after eating breakfast, had proceeded to his work, but, being taken sick, was obliged to return home. A younger son of Mr. Mc-Laughlin escaped the poison. He did not get up till some of the others

sales crude turpentine, at \$5.10; 78 bbls. tar, at \$2.30; 115 bbls. common rosin, at \$5. de, and many of the cities are largely depleted. The emigration is to a great extent, of course, from the young and enterprising classes, who see better opportunities and better prospects in the United States than in Canada. A good share of them to bear upon the Governor in the to bear upon the Governor in the to bear upon the Governor in the upon the Governor in the to bear upon the Governor in the prospects in the United States than in Canada. A good share of them are going to our Southern cities, or to take a part in cotton planting, from which such large returns are certain. They will find room, abundance and welcome in any part of this great country, and can find clidance and welcome in any part of this great country, and can find climate or occupation to suit any fancy.

THE DEFALCATION IN NEW YORK. Dr. Bradford, the public administra-tor in New York City, is a defaulter to an amount between thirty-five thousand and forty thousand dollars, which was lost in stock speculations. He has published a letter confessing the defalcation, and has made an assignment of his own and wife's proexperiment, and the experiment, we are glad to say, wi'l commence this morning.

Schr. Mary B. Semers, Baltimore, Dec. 29.

The Minotaur is, or, at any rate, is in
Schr. Sedona, Simons, Baltimore, Dec. 29.

Office is just about expiring.

SOUTHERN SPIRIT. -There are many In contrast with the radical press of the North, whose editors would undertake to regulate and give new birth and new ideas to the minds of men at the South, we publish the following sensible remarks from the New York Post:

The rebellion in the Southern States was crushed; the rebel armies were scattered and disarmed; the ed by numbers and completely sub-jugated, does not forget his manhood or lick the hand that smote him. This has of course excited surprise in the minds of those whose slavish spirits would not have sustained them under such calamities, and they are indignant that we do not act as they feel and know they would act if similarly situated. Some Northern men, we are glad to see, can appreciate the feelings and conduct of the Southern masses. Among them is Henry Ward Beecher, who, in a recent speech,

said:
"Those flashes of Southern sentiment, bitter editorials and tossing heads, are not surprising when we think of the scourge that has swept over them—that a proud spirit has been obliged to confess defeat at the hands of men they despised—that their property has been swept away their sons slain—they reduced from affluence to beggary. When I think of this, the wonder is that they are as temperate as they are. Considering their fearful defeat and humiliated position, I think they have behaved well. It may not be fashionable, but I honor them for the feeling they exhibit.

THE CONTRAST.—A Texan editor, on his travels, writes a graphic and very interesting letter to the Galveston News, from which we extract the following paragraph:

Morning on the Mississippi! The sun is glorious, as the little white fog fleeces are drank up by his beams. Look out upon the stately mansions, the great piles of sugar mills and the villages of white cottages where the slave resided and grew sleek and happy. Where is he now? I look in vain for the long lines of the cheerful darkies streaming out at this hour of the morning, singing the choral chant that once spoke of their careless hap-piness. The fields are full of weeds no smoke from the quarters, and the doors are shut. Whither have they gone? All is silence and desolation. What mean those solitary chimney stacks, those half fallen walls of brick, the rugged shrubbery and fenceless gardens? Ah! the destroyer has been here. The slave has had his shackles stricken off, and he has gone forth to freedom-nakedness and death. The torch has swept his master's house, but not by his hand applied, yet by his holy liberator. His master's family driven into exile and want; his home and associations broken up, and he introduced, with hallelujahs, to starvation and wretch-edness. This sunshine only mocks the ruin on those once happy shores.

HEAVY COTTON MOVEMENT.-The week's exports of cotton from this port have been unusually extensive, having amounted to 13,596 bales, representing a currency value of \$3,165,479. Included in the exports have been to hiverpool, 13,097 bales, valued at \$109,254. There is an estimated stock of all kinds available at this port of 205,000 bales. The receirts at this port thus far this month have been quite-liberal, having amounted to 77,000 bales, making the total arrivals here since September, 1,391,800 bales.

the French troops from Mexico, although it is known here in diplomatic circles that Napoleon is solicitious of doing so, but is prevented by the fact that Maximilian has not paid the money promised by treaty for their continuance in Mexico.

PARDON OF GOVERNOR GRAHAM. The Raleigh Sentinel, of the 28th ult., brings us the gratifying intelligence that the President of the United States has pardoned William A. Gra-

England has got an infinitesimal revolution close at home. The little island of Lundy, celebrated for its granite, refuses to let any sheriff's officers and policemen land on its shores.

A Washington despatch says that Speaker Golfax is looming up as the most available Republican candidate for the next Presidency.

The winter has been extraordinarily cold in Russia. A man froze to death in the streets of Odessa.

The Atlantic cable company intend to lay another wire and attempt to recover the old one next June.

Portugal, by attempting to legalize civil marriages, has brought the thunders of the church about its ears.

MARRIED.

On the 2d inst., at the bride's residence, by Rev. Dr. Reynolds, Mr. W. D. STAR LING to Miss C. POPE, both of this city.

DR. A. N. TALLEY

HAS REMOVED to the cottage on Pick ens street recently occupied by Mr. Nickerson, opposite the Drug Store of Dr. C. H. Miot. Jan 6 3*

Selling Off! Selling Off!

DRUGS, MEDICINES, SOAPS and
FANCY ARTICLES, for sale at COST
PRICE, for a few days longer, by
DR. P. MELVIN COHEN,
Pickens street, head of Lady street.
Jan 6

True Brotherhood Lodge No. 84. this Lodge will be held THIS EVEN-ING, 6th inst., at 7 o'clock, at Odd Fellows' Hall. By order of the W. M. Jan 6 1 D. P. McDONALD, Sec'y

Special Notice.

CITY CLERK'S OFFICE,
COLUMBIA, January 5, 1866.

PY order of the City Council, delinquent
TAX-PAYERS will be allowed till the
loth inst. to make returns and pay their
dues for the past year of 1865. After that
date, all such claims held by the city will
be put in the hands of the Sherin for collection.
F. H. ELMORE, City Clerk.
Jan 6

Holland Gin.

1 PIPE PURE HOLLAND GIN, just re-ceived and for sale by the bottle and gallon at

CANTWELL'S,

Bacon Strips AND

NEW YORK PIG HAMS!

POR sale at Jan 6 1 CANTWELL'S, Bedell's Row.

${f W}$ oodenware

A LARGE supply of
Brass-bound BUCKETS.
Cedar WASH-TUBS.
FOOT-TUBS.
PAINTED PAILS.
BARREL COVERS.
BROOMS, &c. For sale low for cash at

CANTWELL'S.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

WE have just received from first hands:
CORN SHELLERS,
STRAW CUTTERS, Corn MILLS and PLOWS, in addition to a well-selected stock of Family GROCERIES, Shelf HARDWARE, POTWARE, TINWARE, CROCKERYWARE, &c. All of which will be sold VERY LOW for CASH.
We respectfully solicit a liberal share of patronage from our friends and the public

patronage from our friends and the public generally. HUFFMAN & PRICE, Corner of Main and Lumber streets, Jan 5 1mo* Columbia, S. C.

POMARIA NURSERIES.

POMARIA NURSERIES.

The subscriber returns his thanks to his patrons, and will be happy to furnish FRUIT TREES, of all the choicest varieties, adapted to our climate.

Apples, Peaches and Nectarines, at 30 to 50 cents; Pears, Plums, Cherries, Apricots, 75c. to \$1; Evergreens, Roses, Grape Vines, of choice kinds; English Walnuts; Spanish Marron Chesnuts; Figs and Ever-bearing Mulberries; Asparagus and Horse Radish Roots, &c.; Macurtney Rose and Osage Orange, for hedges.

Descriptive Catalogue, with directions for planting, sent to all post-paid applicants. Dr. C. H. MIOT, Columbia, is my agent. Address WM. SUMMER, Jan 2 118 Pomaria, S. C.

WILL store or attend to the forwarding of COTTON, PRODUCE, FURNITURE and GOODS entrusted to their care. Will also sell HORSES, MULES, CAT-TLE, &c.

We pledge ourselves to use every endeavor to promote the welfare of those who may favor us with their patronage.

J. M. CRAWFORD.

L. P. MILLER.

Winnsboro News, Newberry Herald, Winnsboro News, Chester Standard, Abbeville Banner, Anderson Intelligencer and Greenville Mountaineer will publish two weeks, and forward bills.

De 20

Plantations to Rént.

DR. B. W. TAYLOR OFFERS his professional services to the citizens of Columbia and its vicinity. Residence corner of Pickens and Senate streets.

Jan 4 Into*

Sup'ts Office, Charlotte & S. C. R. R., COLUMBIA, S. C., JANUARY 1, 1866. ONE HUNDRED LA-BORERS wanted to work on the track. Apply to WILLIAM REY-NOLDS, Section Master, at the Depot.

Jan 3 JAS. ANDERSON, Sup't.

TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY:

JUST received and for sale LOW by FISHER & LOWRANCE.

WE have this day REDUCED OUR PRICES for SUGARS and many other articles; and are daily receiving addi-

GROCERIES, HARDWARE,
BOOTS, SHOES and DRY GOODS,
Which we offer as low as they can be bought
elsewhere. FISHER & LOWRANCE. 1mo* Jan 2

FOR SALE OR RENT,

A DWELLING HOUSE, containing eight rooms, situated two miles from Columbia, on the Camden Road. On the premises are a carriage house, stable barn and all necessary out-houses lot contains 180 acres, wooded. Aplot contains 190 acres, wooded. Apply to BENJ. T. DENT, Dee 13 At the Market.

Auction Sales.

By Durbec & Walter. By Durbec & Walter.

WE will sell, at our Mart, THIS DAY, at 9½ o'clock, the following articles:
Bedstead, Mattresses, Feather Beds,
Counterpanes, Blankets, Tables,
Washstands, Chair Presses, Cook Stoves,
Lounges, Crockery, classware,
Ladies' and Men's Shoes,
Flannels, Alpacas, Clothing,
Hats, lot Hosiery.

ALSO,
Wagons, Buggies, Sewing Machines.
Sales positive and without reserve.
Jan 6 1

Horses, Wagons and Harness. BY JAMES G. GIBBES.

C. F. HARRISON, AUCTIONEER.

C. F. HARRISON, AUCTIONER.

I WILL sell, THIS MORNING, 6th, at 10½ o clock, in front of my store,

1 Saddle and Draft Horse.

1 Pony.

1 Two-horse Wagon.

1 Two or Three-horse Wagon.

ALSO,

Several articles Furniture, Groceries, &c.

Unlimited articles received until 10 o'cle ik.

Jan 6 1

Large and Attractive Sale of Hardware, Furniture, Crockery, Kitchen Ulensils, &c. BY JAMES G. GIBBES.

CHARLES F. HARRISON, AUCTIONEER.

CHARLES F. HARRISON, AUCHONEER.
THE attention of the public is respectfully called to the following list of articles, being the outfit of a family declining house-keeping, to be sold on TUESDAY, JANUARY 7, at the residerce, on Richardson street, several squares below the State House:

2 Pianos, 6½ octave; Mahogany and Velvet set, consisting of 2 Sofas, 2 Arm Chairs, 6 Chairs, Ottomans, Mahogany and Mohair Sofas, Chairs, etc.; Marble-top, Pier and other Tables, Washstands, Bureaus, Plain Bureaus, etc.; Washstands, Bureaus, Plain Bureaus, etc.; Secretaries, Book Cases, Wardrobes, Bedsteads and Bedding, What-Nots, Extension. Dining Table, Brussels and Ingrain Carpets, Crockery, Window Shades, Safes, Cooling and Parlor Stoves, Cooking Utensils, Copper Kettles, Corn Mills, and numerous other articles necessary to housekeepers.

N. B. The house, containing eight rooms and necessary out-buildings, suitable for one or two families, is offered for rent.

Jan 63

Handsome Dwellings and Valuable

Vacant Lots at Private Sale. THE new and handsome TWO-STORY
DWELLING on the corner of Richlard
and Gates streets. The house contains 12
rooms, well arranged. The lot is one acre.
The out-buildings are ample.

A Two-story DWF LLING on the East side of Henderson steet, between Gervais and Senate streets. The house contains 8 rooms; the lot one-third of an acre. There are on the lot kitchen, carriage house, smoke house, &c.

2 BUILDING LOTS on the East side of Main street, between Laurel and Richland streets, fronting on Main street 52 feet each by 313 feet deep. These lots are admirably located for business, and will be sold together if desired. For terms, &c., apply to

A. R. PHILLIPS,

Jan 6 sw Com. Agent, Davis' Alley.

MASONIC FEMALE COLLEGE,

COKESBURY, S, C.

THE exercises of this insti-THE exercises of this insti-tution will be resumed the first WEDNESDAY in February. The services of the Rev. T. E. Wannamaker, late of the Co-lumbia Female College, have been secured as President. He will be assisted by an able and competent corps of instructors.

instructors.

The standard shall be as high as any in-The standard shall be as high as any institution in the State.

A satisfactory completion of the collegiate course will be required before diploma is conferred.

Special attention paid to compositions.

There will be no difficulty in securing

good board at reasonable rates.

For further information, apply to

F. F. GARY,

Secretary of the Board of Trustees,

Jan 6

CRAWFORD & MILLER

FACTORS, SHIPPERS

AND COMMIS'N MERCHANTS.

OFFICE IN COTTON TOWN, COLUMBIA, S. C.

On the 1st MONDAY in February, at Columbia, by order of the Executor of the late James O'Hanlon, will be disposed of to the highest approved bidder, the LAND belonging to said estate, for the year 1866, and known as the Singleton and Log Castie Tracts. They are superior cotton and grain lands. 60 or 70 hand the advantageously superior detection. be advantageously employed on gleton place, and about Castle. W. A. H

ASSEMBLY S.

NEXT MARKET STA.

EEPS constantly on hand a mile of Fatnily GROCERIES and PRO

LIQUORS, CGNI ECTIONERY,

SHOES, HATS and FANCY ARTICLES, &c. 10

Wanted to It re.

A COMPETENT NUR : for a child a year old; white or colored.
A first-rate House Servant.
A first-rate Chamber maid.
The best recommendations required. The best recommendations required.

Apoly at this office.

Pec 21

Land Agent.

A. HARRIS, Agent to Purchase or Sell Real Estate. Prompt attention given to any business entrusted to his care. Office, for the present, at his residence, corner Gervais and Bull streets. Columbia, S. C. Dec. 3