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Attend the True Event."

Tri-Weekly \$7 a Year

BY J. A. SELBY.

COLUMBIA, S. C., THURSDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 19 1865.

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BY JULIAN A. SELBY

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ADVERTISEMENTS.
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Counting House Calendar for 1866.

1866.	1866.
Jan. 1 1866	July 1 1866
Feb. 1 1866	Aug. 1 1866
Mar. 1 1866	Sept. 1 1866
Apr. 1 1866	Oct. 1 1866
May 1 1866	Nov. 1 1866
June 1 1866	Dec. 1 1866

COLONIZING NEGROES IN MEXICO.

James T. Brady made a speech at the Cooper Institute, in New York, on the 18th inst., in which he thus sets forth a scheme for colonizing the negroes in Mexico:

"If the negroes are ever to be free, equal and independent, they must have a place of refuge set off and secured to them by the common consent of all the States of the Union, of all the republics on this continent. Such a land of promise is now held out to them by the Liberal Government of Mexico. It beckons them to the rich region stretching round the Gulf of Mexico from the Rio Grande. Have we not a right to accept it for them, and unite with the struggling people and President of the Mexican Republic in restoring it from foreign domination, and confirming to our freedmen population a home in the new land—in a clime congenial to their physical constitutions and their habits, and presenting in the productions of its soil everything which their agricultural skill is accustomed to rear in perfection, and will at once raise them above want to independence? In the region to which they are invited they would become a line of demarcation between the United States and Mexico, and along its maritime frontier a coast guard against invasion—under the wing of the Republic of Mexico on one side, under that of the United States on the other, and the freedom of its people guaranteed by both; all its political institutions built on the models of its neighbors and fostered by them, without intrusion from any, would certainly hold out a promise of a right of suffrage, securing an equality, and opportunity of pursuing happiness in their own way, which they can never obtain in the bosom of the Southern States, with their old masters and a daring military race of white soldiers, reduced to poverty by their presence, and excited to an increased hostility to a race by a war waged for their deliverance, and the threat to make them rivals in the Government and in the sovereign rights over the country which the white man claims as his own exclusively.

"But it is said we cannot undertake a new war for the sake of the negro. I say we must for our own sakes."

A PAINFUL SIGHT.—In the jail in Boston are two babies—one seven and a half years of age, and one nine, both small for their years and evidently infantile in mind. Their offence was stealing a few grapes, and they are committed for non-payment of fine and costs. Coming from the meeting on Social Science, to visit the jail, strangers would be surprised to see such a spectacle in Boston.

[Boston Transcript.]

The citizens of San Antonio, Texas, are holding meetings to get up a State subscription for General Hood, crippled by wounds.

THE PARDONING PROCESS.—

One most interesting anecdote, witnessed by our informant, will show in what light the President views the men cowardly enough to forswear their past:

At one of the last receptions held by the President for the purpose of inquiring into every case of pardon, two men presented themselves, who, under the twenty thousand dollar clause, were applying for relief. One was a young man, not over twenty-five years, bearing on his shattered frame the evidences of many a hard fought field. The other, older, but still hale and powerful. Both from the same State. To the first the President asked how, so young, he came to join the rebellion. He replied, he had done it from honest and sincere principles, and could not, under any circumstances, say he repented or regretted it. The President then inquired how long he had served, where and how often he had been wounded. The youth replied, modestly but frankly, pointing to his scars. "Well, well," replied the President, "I see you have had enough of this," and instantly ordered the pardon to be granted. Then, turning to the other, he listened patiently to a long story of ardent, but concealed, Union feelings, and repeated assurances of past, present and future devotion. When the party had made out his case, the President sternly inquired of him in what regiment of the Union army he had fought, and on receiving for an answer that he had never joined any, he coldly replied, "I will take your case under advisement."

So favorable are, in short, all the reports which reach us of the President's intelligent policy and noble heart, that the gnom which radicalism is attempting to throw over the prospects of reconstruction is rapidly dispelled under the genial sun of his liberality.—Mobile Times.

Our neighbors of Wilmington, N. C., we are gratified to notice, are enjoying a full share of prosperity, as will appear by the following, from the Herald of the 1st inst.:

There were in this port last evening four steamers bound for New York, and probably half a dozen sailing vessels. The steamer Enterpe sails this morning with every pound of freight she can possibly carry over the bar. The Commander follows this evening, similarly loaded to her utmost capacity. The Fairbanks will sail as soon as she can fill up, and the Twilight, which arrived last evening, will probably get away on her regular sailing day—Saturday.

These steamers will hardly make an appreciable diminution in the freight now here waiting shipment North, while the railroads are bringing in cotton and naval stores much more rapidly than they can be taken away. Under this great rush of business, freights have advanced to nearly double the rates that have prevailed throughout the fall. Shippers beg the privilege of sending their cotton forward at one cent per pound, and their rosin at seventy-five cents and a dollar per barrel.

A correspondent of the Boston Advertiser, animadverting to the fear affectedly entertained by men of the school of Thad. Stevens, says:

It is idle and foolish—more, it is false and cruel—to urge or argue that there is danger of further armed resistance to the authority of the Government in South Carolina. I know there was a score of ex-Confederate officers in the Convention—doesn't that indicate a rebellious spirit? may be queried. For my part, I wish every office in the State could be filled with late rebel officers. It is the universal testimony of every officer of our own troops with whom I have conversed, from the commanding General down, as well as of every Northern man two months resident in the State, that the late rebel officers are of better disposition towards the Government, towards Northerners, towards progression, than any other class of citizens.

There was snow in Arostook County, Maine, last week, fifteen inches deep.

EXPORTS, COTTON, &c.—

We learn from the New York Times, of the 2d, that the returns of export "clearances from the custom house, for the week ending on Tuesday evening, make up the extraordinary heavy aggregate of \$6,608,467 in currency, or about one hundred per cent. more than the total for the corresponding week of last year. Included in the week's exports have been 12,621 bales of cotton, valued at \$3,523,735 in lawful money. Of this amount 12,450 bales, of the currency value of \$3,001,449, were shipped to Liverpool; 1,741 bales, valued at \$139,898, to Cork, doubtless 'for orders,' as the freight brokers phrase it; and 430 bales, valued at \$91,398, to Havre. These enormous shipments of domestic produce must favorably affect our foreign trade balances, increase the supply of exchange, lessen the demand for gold, and vastly aid the chief financial agent of the Government in his commendable efforts to restore the national finances to a specie basis.

"Business in cotton at all the shipping ports continues quite vigorous. At the port of New York, 'the receipts thus far in the current week have averaged 4,529 bales a day, making 119,046 bales since October 1, against exports of 52,964 bales in the same time, leaving an estimated stock on hand and on shipboard not cleared, of 155,000 bales.

"Thus far in the current cotton year, beginning September 1, the receipts at all the shipping ports reach 300,000 bales, (including 230,000 bales at this port,) against exports of 137,000 bales, including 128,000 bales to Great Britain, 7,000 bales to France, and 2,000 bales to other foreign ports. The estimated stock on hand and on shipboard not cleared, at the shipping ports, at latest dates, was 336,000 bales."

Governor Hamilton, of Texas, says, that to obtain endorsement for pardon, the petitioner must affirm that the petitioner has not participated in outrages on any citizen because of Union sentiments, nor belonged to any vigilance committee or secret organization for the prosecution of Union men; that he has had no property belonging to the United States or the so-called Confederacy in his hands; that no proceedings have been instituted against his property under the confiscation laws; and that he must also give true statements regarding the present feeling and future conduct of the petitioner touching the questions of slavery and secession, and his loyalty to the United States.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has decided that hereafter hackmen and cartmen will not be required to pay internal revenue taxes on the amount of their gross receipts.

Mrs. Martha Grider, the woman tried at Pittsburg, for poisoning her boarders, has been convicted of murder in the first degree, and therefore will be sentenced to be hung.

It is reported that several of the German Governments will shortly recognize the Kingdom of Italy.

Twenty thousand persons in Marseilles, France, have been driven from that city by fear of the cholera.

C. D. EBERHARDT, MERCHANT TAILOR,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public that he has just received an addition to his stock, consisting of SILK VESTINGS, Silk, Mixed and Colored CASSIMERES for suits, which he will make up to order on reasonable terms for cash.

ALSO, Gentlemen's FURNISHING GOODS, &c. Give him a call at his residence, on Gates street, third door from Washington. Nov 9

WANTED, Stocks! Bonds!

SAVANNAH CITY BONDS. Memphis and Charleston Railroad. Trader's Bank, Richmond, Va. Virginia Central Railroad. All kinds of Coupons and Bonds purchased. Apply to F. H. LAFON, who can be found at Jacob Levin's Auction and Commission Store, or at Mrs. Jas. Wade's, corner Camden and Marion streets. Nov 8

Phoenix Iron Works,

Situated on the Foot of Richland Street, near Greenville Railroad, COLUMBIA, S. C. GOLDSMITH & KIND, PROPRIETORS.



THE above works are now completed, and the undersigned beg to inform the public that they are now prepared to execute all kinds of IRON CASTINGS, such as are needed for agriculturists and machinists, RAILROAD IRON, MILL IRON, IRON FENCING, etc. They are also prepared to furnish BRASS CASTINGS of every description. Orders are solicited and will be promptly attended to. M. GOLDSMITH, P. KIND. Nov 9

G. DIERCKS, Watchmaker and Jeweller,

BEGS leave respectfully to inform his old friends and customers, and the public generally, that he is now prepared to repair

WATCHES AND JEWELRY

Of every description, at the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms. Apply at his residence—up-stairs—Assembly street, West side, one door from Pendleton street. All orders left at the store of MELVIN M. COHEN will receive the promptest attention. Nov 5 1mo

T. W. Radcliffe,

AT THE SIGN OF THE DRUM.

(Formerly at the Corner of Richardson and Plain Streets; now at the Corner of Pendleton and Assembly streets—his dwelling.)

OFFERS every article in his line, viz: WATCHES, JEWELRY, GUNS, PISTOLS, POWDER, SHOT, CAPS, CARTRIDGES for Smith's and Wesson's Pistols; KNIVES, FORKS, SPOONS; Spectacles—to suit all ages; Gold Pens—the best assortment ever brought to this place; Fishing Tackle, new and fresh—selected by myself; Hair and Tooth Brushes, Combs, Walking Canes and everything usually kept in our line of business. I will also receive from abroad every article of MERCHANDIZE that may be consigned to me, for which I will make monthly or quarterly returns—soliciting a share of patronage.

Watches and Clocks carefully repaired by experienced workmen. Jewelry repaired. Rings made to order. Engraving neatly executed.

The highest rates paid for old Gold and Silver, and all of the above goods named will be sold at the lowest prices. Nov 5

South Carolina—Richland District.

PURSUANT to resolutions of the General Assembly, an ELECTION will be held in this District, on WEDNESDAY, 22d inst., for one REPRESENTATIVE in the Congress of the United States. Polls will be opened at the different election precincts, and the election conducted in all respects as for members of the General Assembly. J. C. JANNEY, Nov 8 Chairman Board of Managers.

FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE.

H. E. NICHOLS, Agent.

FOR the following FIRST CLASS COMPANIES: The "Underwriter's Agency," the "International," the "Metropolitan," the "Continental," the "Security," the "Home," the "Columbia," the "Washington," the "Fulton," the "Cotton," all of the city of New York; the "Putnam" and the "New England," of Hartford, Conn.; the "Home," of New Haven, Conn.; the "Home" and the "Southern Insurance and Trust Company," of Savannah, Ga.; the "Albemarle," of Virginia, and the "Gulf State," of Florida. Also, the "Globe Life Insurance Company," of New York; the "New England Mutual," of Boston; the "North Carolina Mutual," of Raleigh, and the "Accidental," of New York, insuring against accidents of all kinds. The whole possessing an aggregate capital of over

\$25,000,000.

Risks taken on Cotton or Merchandise in transit from any point to any point on reasonable terms. ALL LOSSES PROMPTLY ADJUSTED. Office at Mr. Hussung's house, corner of Assembly and Washington streets, Columbia, S. C. Aug 15 16m

Wright & Walker, COMMISSION AND FORWARDING AGENTS,

Hopkins' T. O., S. C. R. R., and Columbia. S. W. WRIGHT. C. E. WALKER. Oct 19

HANAHAN & WARLEY, COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS,

Office Washington Street, near Main, COLUMBIA, S. C.

WE, the undersigned, have formed a copartnership, for the purpose of transacting a general COMMISSION and FORWARDING BUSINESS. On hand, always, a full stock of GROCERIES, HARDWARE, HATS, SHOES and FANCY GOODS. H. D. HANAHAN, FELIX WARLEY. Oct 24 1mo

FURMAN UNIVERSITY,

Greenville, S. C. THE EXERCISES of this Institution will be resumed on the 15th of February next. For Circular giving further information, application may be made to Prof. JNO. F. LANNEAU, Secretary of Faculty. Charlesston Courier, Augusta Chronicle & Sentinel, Edgefield Advertiser, Newberry Herald, and Yorkville Enquirer, please copy until the 15th of January, and forward bills to the Secretary of Faculty, Greenville.



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TOGETHER WITH RIBBONS, COLOGNE, TOILET POWDER, VERBENA WATER, TOILET SOAPS, SOZODONT, DIAPER PINS, Toilet Powder Boxes, Silk and Leather Belts, Corsets, Tooth, Nail and Hair Brushes, Gloves, Linen Braids, Tape, Shawls, Edgings, Balmoral Skirts, Calicoes, Traveling Bags, Portmanteaus, Canton Flannel, Cassimeres and Cloths, for Gent's wear, Blankets, Hats, Whalebone, Zephyr Worsted, Black Bombazine, Black French Merino, Black Alpaca, B. E. Diaper, Huck, Diaper, Cloak Ornaments and Trimmings, Serpentine Silks and Worsted Braids, Fancy, Pearl, Agate, Bone, Metal and other Buttons, Shell and Imitation Tuck Combs, Dress Trimmings, Marcelline Shawl Pins, Menefour, Ladies' Merino Vests, Drawers and Petticoats, Gilt and Jet Belt Buckles, Gent's Merino Drawers and Undervests, Waterfalls and Ties, Lace Veils, Marcelline Silk, &c. Oct 29

CONFEDERATE BAPTIST.

THE publication of this WEEKLY RELIGIOUS PAPER will be resumed in JANUARY NEXT. The names of subscribers may be sent to the proprietor, at Columbia, S. C. Payment will not be required until after the issue of the first number. G. T. MASON. Papers throughout the State will confer a favor by extending this notice. Nov 2

Post Coaches—Mail Route.

A LINE of FOUR-HORSE POST COACHES will leave Columbia daily for Hopkins' Turn-Out, on S. C. R. R., at 3 a. m.; to arrive in time for the Charleston train same day. Seats can be secured at Coffin & Ravenel's store. Oct 15 26*

WARD & HARVEY, SPECK & POLOCK,

General Commission Merchants, DEALERS IN GROCERIES, DRY GOODS, &c. Plain street, 2d door from Assembly, Sept 7 COLUMBIA, S. C.