By Telegraph. Affairs in Ohio.

CINCINNATI, October 25.—The colored people of Indiana met in convention. at Indianapolis, yesterday, one hundred and fifty delegates present.

A convention of grain dealers of the Western markets was held on the 22d, to break down the excessive rates now charged on grain shipments East.

The Cotton Supply in America.

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Mr. Edward Atkinson, of Boston, has written a second letter to Mr. Bright on the subject of the American cotton supply. He ears: "I have reason to believe that the esti-mate of the agents of the Government who have been sent out to take charge of cap-tured cotton would not lead to the expec-tation of over 1,000,000 bales of old cotton, including that captured at Mobile, Charles-ton and Saxannah, and about 500,000 bales of new crop. My own estimate, obtained from our basiness agents, would lead me to expect as much as 1,220,000 of old cotton, but much less than 500,000 of new—the cultivation of the new crop planted during the war having become entirely disorgan-ized by the sudden collapse of the Confede-rate rule. You are aware that I believed in and dreaded the existence of a much larger quantity of old cotton. I dreaded the effect of very heary receipts in Novem-ber and December, both upon the future cultivation in this country and elsewhere. I now feel very safe against any great de-pression. The abrogation of the extra tax of 25 per cent, and the restoration of trade to its normal condition gave immediate confidence to spinners and consumers of cloth, and enabled us to absorb the late to lead at that we cannot supply the demand for cloth, even though we are making excessive profit. Scarcity of ope-ratives prevents a rapid increase. If the supply of American cotton shall prove to be only 1,500,000 bales from September 1, 1865, to September 1, 1866, and the price shall be at or about 29 pence in Liverpool, we shall retain more than one-half for con-sum to States to procure information bear-ing upon the presentand future supply of cottom. It one of these letters it is stated that there are about 30,000 bales of cotton in Augusta, Georgia, and that the "esti-mate of the new crop is not to exceed 10 per cent." The writer says the negroes work work on the plantations, but crowd to the towns. In the second letter, which is dated Macon, Georgia, August 21, the

writer says: "I am more and more persuaded that the day for large crops of cotton at low prices has passed forever. Cotton will be raised, but not as before. For instance, the wo-men who used to work in the fields now follow the men to the cities, and the men support them there. It is all humbug to talk of the negroes starving; everywhere I hear nothing but complaints because the supply of labor is insufficient, and this while net one plantation in ten is half worked. The whole of the South is to be rebuilt and refurnished, and until it is, the negro will ind an abundance of labor with-out working the fields. Everywhere I find The quantity of cotton in Macon to the south of the south the south of the south of the south of the south the south of the south of the south the south the south of the south the south of the south the south of the south of the south the south of the south the south of the south the south the south the south of the south the south the south the south the south of the south the south the south the south the south of the south the south

SINGULAR STATE OF AFFAIRS IN MA-RION, WEST VIRGINIA. - A letter to the Wheeling Register details a singular state of affairs as having recently ex-isted in Marion County, West Virginia. The sum of the statement is that a man named Henry Nay has for some time past had a regularly organized government in Marion, independent of the Government of West Virginia; that this government passed laws, issued proclamations, and enforced its edicts with the bayonet ; arrested and imp: soned alleged offenders, and extorted from four to five thousand dol-lars from citizens to indemnify the members of the so-called government for alleged robberies. Recently Nay, having reason to believe that he could not much longer maintain his usurped position, attempted to flee to the far West, with some four thousand dallars of his ill-gotten fruits of office. He was arrested at Littleton, on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, but while being brought back to Fairmont jumped from the train and escaped.

The Tribune's Paris letter of the 6th instant says that the deaths from cholera in Paris are said to be two hundred per day. There has been no rain since August 15th, and there is great scarcity of water.

ENGLAND AND THE REVIVAL OF SOUTHERN TRADE. — The rapid revival of trade with the South stimulates the manufacturing districts of Eng-land to renewed activity. The Lon-don Daily News, of the 3d instant,

says: "The accounts from our manufac-turing districts show that the expected revival of the trade with the United States has begun there in earnest. At Manchester an enormous ousness is being done, both for yarns and cloth. Goods are wanted at once, proposals for the execution of orders in a few weeks being received with extreme impatience by shippers, who prefer to buy available goods at a considerable advance rather than lose the opportunities of an excited market."

The News quotes from American journals to show how the Southern trade has grown since the war ended, and adds these remarks:

"Nor is it only a revival of old relations that is now taking place; for the first time within these thirty years the South, no longer having a "peculiar institution" to screen and defend, dares to treat the North as one country with itself, and invite its citizens to come with the energy and capital which are so much needed there. All the more enterprising of the Southern States are calling for the advent of Northern men. The civil authorities and the journalists of Vir-ginia, North and South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Tennessee, Kentucky and Missouri earnestly invite immigration to their respective States; setting forth at length the extraordisetting forth at length the extraordi-nary inducements which the "new order of things." in those regions, presents to industrious and thrifty people. By many of the vessels leav-ing New York for points on the South-ern seaboard, as also by inland modes of conveyance, enterprising artisans, mechanics and laborers leave the North in considerable numbers, in quest of the employment and fortune which are so enthusiastically promised

which are so enthusiastically promised them. There is nothing, since Lee's surrender, which more strikingly demonstrates the magnitude of the re-volution which has passed over the public than this flow of immigration into States which very lately were practically closed to the free emigrant."

ARREST OF GENERAL ORTEGA IN NEW YORK .- An interesting case in connection with Mexican matters, and growing out of the Mexican emi-gration excitement of last spring, was yesterday before Judge Moncrief, of the Superior Court in this city, at chambers. Goral Ortega, who is Chief Justice the Supreme Court of Mexico and Vice President of the Deputy of the the court Republic, and who, by the expiration of the term of President Juarez, will become President next month, arrivbecome President next month, arriv-ed in this country in April last, where he has since remained, principally in this city. Some days ago he was ar-rested and admitted to bail in the sum of seven thousand dollars, on the complaint of Col. William H. Allen, who figured in connection with the recruiting and emigration movement, and who alleges that he was employed by the General to superintend the ed by the General to superintend the whole matter, on the promise that all expenses would be paid. Now, Allen states, after he has recruited a large number of men for Mexico, and in-curred debts amounting to nearly seven thousand dollars, Gen. Ortega refuses to cash the bills or to have anything to do with the recruits. The action yesterday was on a motion to show cause why the order of arrest should not be vacated. The General's response to Allen's allegations is a complete denial. He says that he never gave the latter the slightest authority for engaging in this business, which was commenced before he had ever seen Allen, and which he charac-terized as foolish and calculated to lead only to failure. He also states that he was shocked when he learned that it was in progress, and that he believes the present proceedings are designed merely to extort money from him. The case has been adjourned over to the 27th instant.

[New York Herald, 18th.

PROGRESS OF GRANTING PARDONS, The New York News, of the 17th, says: "A notice has been attached to the door at the foot of the staircase, leading to the Executive Department, announcing that 'all pardons in this office will be signed shortly and sent to the State Department.' The effect has been to lessen the crowd at the President's House and increase it at the State Department. The clerk at the latter place formerly kept open door, but he now has it closed, with the warning posted in large letters : "No admission.""

The President granted sixteen par-dons, on Saturday, to Virginians.

The Senate of the Tennessee Legislature passed, by one majority, a bill providing for the admission of negro testimony in the civil courts of that State.

The business of New Orleans has increased thirty-three per cent. over what it was on the past August. There are not enough clerks in the custom-house to do the business.

"Duke" Gwin passed Vicksburg on the 12th, under guard, en route for Washington.

Hon, R. M. T. Hunter had an in-terview with President Johnson on Saturday.

CEARLESTON, October 25. -Since our last report, the cotton market has been dull and declining, but to-day there has been a reaction, and a good demand at advancing rates. We quote middlings at 52c., with small sales-factors holding for higher prices.

New YORK, October 25.—Cotton firm, at 58@50e. for middling. Flour unchanged. Wheat advancing, and firmer. Corn, beef and pork steady. Lard heavy. Whiskey firmer.

WHAMMETON, October 24.—Sales of 200 bbls. tar, at \$5.38; 30 bbls. crude turpen-tine, at \$2.80. 310 bbls. repacked rosin were disposed of, at \$4.506.5.25; and 200 bbls. Nos. I and 2. (braken.) at \$7.80. No sales of cotton.

SHIP NEWS.

PORT OF CHARLESTON, OCTOBER 26. ABRIVED YESTERDAY. Steanship Quaker City, West, New York. WENT TO SEA YESTERDAY. Steanship Granada, Baxter, New York. Steanship Moneka, Marshman, N. Y.

MARRIED.

In this city, on the evening of 24th inst., by the Rev. L. P. O'Connel, HENRY D. PHILLIPS, of Sumter, S. C., to Miss MARY O'BRIEN, of Charleston, S. C.

For Congress.

Dn. R. C. GRIFFIN, of Edgefield, is announced as a candidate for CONGRESS from the Third Congressional District, composed of the Districts of Abbeville, Edgefield, Newberry, Fairfield, Lexington, Richland and Orangeburg. Oct 28 7*

For District Judge.

The friends of W. B. JOHNSTON, Esq., who has so efficiently filled the office of Magistrate for the District of Richland, respectfully recommend him to the Legislature as a suitable gentleman to fill the new office created by the State Convention. He is well known throughout the State, and for the past eight months has filled a judicial station with the utmost satisfaction to all parties. MEMBERS OF THE EAR. Oct 28

Eating House at Hopkins' T. O. THE undersigned have opened an EAT-ING HOUSE at Hopkins' Turn-Out, where Refreshments can be obtained at all times. GILBERT BYNUM & CO. times Oct 28 2*

Treasurer's Office.

Treasurer s Unce. PERSONS having business in my office, will find me, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 2 p. m., in the office of William R. Huutt, Secretary of State, one door East of the Post Office, in the College Campus. WM. HOOD, Oct 25 Treasurer Upper Division.

WHISKEY! WHISKEY!

WHISKEY! NEW CUPPLY, just received by Oct 28 SIMONS' & KERRISON.

A Couple of Gentlemen A TENDING the Legislature, or a Lady and Gentleman, or a couple of Young Men, can be very comfortably accommo-dated with BOARD and LODGING, at West end of Lumber street, four squares and a-half from Main street, in the vicinity of the Arsenal. For farther particulars, in-quire at the Office of the *Phaenic*. Oct 23 ENGRAVING! ENGRAVING!

W. G. EMBLETON begs to inform the prepared to execute ENGRAVING, of every description, with neatness and despatch. Residence near the Fair Grounds.



JUST arrived from North Caro-lina and for sale at C. Logan's lots, 27 head of fine and well-broke MULES. Call and examine for yourselves. J. DARK, Oct 28 3* - C. LOGAN.

CABBAGES, ONIONS, Control of fine FRESH CABBAGES. ONIONS. Jun C. S. JENKINS Just received at C. S. JENKINS', Oct 28 Assembly st., next Market st.

KEROSENE OIL. BLS. KEROSENE OIL. 10 doz. Kerosene LAMP CHIMNIES. Just received at

C. S. JENKINS', Oct 28 Assembly st., next Market st.

