



Daily Paper \$10 a Year.

Tri-Weekly \$7 a Year.

BY J. A. SELBY.

COLUMBIA, S. C., FRIDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 15, 1865.

VOL. I—NO. 144.

THE PHENIX DAILY AND TRI-WEEKLY AND THE WEEKLY CLEANER EVERY WEDNESDAY BY JULIAN A. SELBY.

TERMS—IN ADVANCE. Daily Paper, six months, \$5.00; Tri-Weekly, 3.50; Weekly, 2.00; Single copies of the Daily and Tri-Weekly, 10 cents; of the Weekly, 15 cents.

JUST RECEIVED, CALICOES—assorted patterns. DELAINES, MUSLINS and an assortment of FANCY APPLIQUES.

Also, Boxes Heidsieck Champagne. Blus, XXX old Kentucky Bourbon. Brandy, Wines and other Liquors.

A CARD. THE undersigned will remove to New York in the course of a few days, and will be permanently located at the store of THOMAS R. AGNEW, No. 230 Greenwich street, where he will be pleased to attend to all orders, accompanied with remittances, with which he may be entrusted.

Dr. D. H. Trezevant HAS removed from the Theological Seminary to the house on the corner of Taylor and Gates streets, opposite to the Park, and immediately back of the Catholic Church-yard.

Office hours from 12 to 1, and any hour after dark. P. S.—I wish the public mind to be disabused of the idea that I will not attend to negroes, nor business at night nor in bad weather.

SPECK & POLOCK, General Commission Merchants, Plain street, 2d door from Assembly, COLUMBIA, S. C.

WE respectfully solicit a share of the public patronage. All business entrusted to us will receive prompt and personal attention.

RICHARD WEARN, Photographic Artist, TAKES pleasure in announcing to his friends and patrons that he has removed his gallery, on Assembly street, near Plain street.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE. THE subscribers having this day entered into copartnership, under the firm of RICHARD O'NEALE & SON.

NEW STORE AND NEW GOODS! THE subscribers have just received, direct from New York, a full supply of Ladies' and Gents' FALL and WINTER GOODS.

J. SULZBACHER & CO. (FORMERLY FOOT & SULZBACHER.) WHOLESALE and RETAIL MERCHANTS.

BEG to inform the citizens of Columbia and the people of the neighboring country, that they are now receiving, and have received, a great variety of

Dry Goods AND GROCERIES

Of all descriptions, suitable to all seasons and all manner of persons. They have, among many other articles, fresh supplies of the following:

- GROCERIES. COFFEE, TEAS, (Green and Black.) SUGAR, (white and brown.) MOLASSES, (New Orleans.) CHEESE, MACKEREL. CLABET WINE. CANDLES, Sperm, Tallow and Adam's.

TOBACCO AND CIGARS.

Best SMOKING and CHEWING TOBACCO. Spanish and American CIGARS.

DRY GOODS For Ladies.

- A fine variety, to which the attention of the ladies is particularly requested. We have a fine assortment of Bleached and Brown DOMESTIC, MOUSSELIN DES LAINES, English and American PRINTS, Cambric, twilled and plain.

Gentlemen's Variet's.

- Casts, (dress and frock.) Pants, Vests, Shirts of all descriptions, over and under, Flannel and Fancy Shirts, Drawers, Lamb's wool and cotton.

MISCELLANEOUS.

- Best Kerosene Oil, Watch Keys, Taylor's Twist, Glass Chimneys, best Ink, Gun Caps, Tobacco Bags, Shoe Laces, Slate Pencils, Umbrellas, Children's Gloves and Hose.

Cotton Wanted.

THE highest prices paid for COTTON and for all kinds of COUNTRY PRODUCE.

MESSAGE OF GOV. PERRY.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT SOUTH CAROLINA.

To the Members of the State Convention.

GENTLEMEN: You have been convened in obedience to the proclamation of his Excellency Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, for the purpose of organizing a State Government.

The great political convulsions which have recently taken place in the Southern States, and the terrific war which has swept over South Carolina, devastating her territory and depriving her citizens of all civil government, are too well known to you, and too painful in their detail, for me to bring them unnecessarily in review before you.

The President of the United States has manifested a generous and patriotic solicitude for the restoration of the Southern States to all their civil and political rights, under the Constitution and laws of the United States.

African slavery, which was a characteristic institution of South Carolina from her earliest colonial history, participated in its character, under which the negro has multiplied and increased with a rapidity proving that he has been kindly cared for and protected.

In making this unavoidable change in your Constitution, abolishing slavery, and which will require the substitution of hired labor for that of slave labor, it is to be hoped that none of those evils will be experienced which some have anticipated.

It is very desirable that you should avail yourselves of the present opportunity of reforming and popularizing the State Constitution in several particulars. It is the reproach of South Carolina abroad that her Constitution is less popular and republican in its provisions than that of any other State in the Union.

The basis of representation in the Senate of this State, as you know, is entirely arbitrary, and founded on no just principles of property or population. At the time it was adopted, more than seventy-five years ago—it was, no doubt, fair and equal.

In the early history of South Carolina the representation was repeatedly changed, to equalize the number of the districts. But all such changes have been obstructed by the Legislature.

representatives, which is founded on population and taxation. Each Judicial District in the State should, however, have one Senator, and the city of Charleston two, in addition to one from the District of Charleston.

In considering the question of population, it is proper that the "freedmen," who take the places of white men in the lower country, and also in the upper country, in a less proportion, should, in some way and to some extent, be counted.

The question of suffrage, and who shall exercise the right of voting in South Carolina, is one of grave importance, and must be settled by you in your new Constitution. In 1790, the State Constitution declared that no one should be allowed to vote unless he was a freeholder or tax-payer and a free white man of the age of twenty-one years.

The radical Republican party North are looking with great interest to the action of the Southern States in reference to negro suffrage, and whilst they admit that a man should be able to read and write and have a property qualification in order to vote, yet they contend that there should be no distinction between voters on account of color.

The General Assembly of South Carolina is an Electoral College for the State as well as a Legislative body. They have the election of Governor, Electors of President and Vice-President, Lieutenant-Governor, United States Senators, Judges and Chancellors, all State officers, Magistrates, Commissioners of Roads and Bridges, Poor and Free Schools, Commissioners and Masters in Equity, and various other officers.

The election of Presidential Electors by the Legislature is clearly a usurpation on the part of that body, and which no other State in the Union tolerates at the present time. The Federal Constitution declares that "each State shall appoint in such manner as the Legislature thereof may direct, Electors of President and Vice-President."

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