

MISCELLANY.

The Lay of the Dirt. BY JOHN BROUGHAM. With gaiters of exquisite ton...

The sewers and gutters are closed. The omnibus ladders along. The sweepers are plying their brooms...

Mud, mud, mud. For nothing but mud was around! Mud, mud, mud. You could scarcely fathom or sound...

With gaiters all tattered and torn, And petticoats not over neat. With dress all spattered and worn...

Early History of Printing.

The first attempt at printing in England was made about the close of the fourteenth century, by which playing cards were produced from engraved wooden blocks...

In 1480, a press was set up at St. Alban's. Between that date and 1485, the art was introduced at Oxford by Theodore Rood, in partnership with John Hunt...

It is remarkable that the art of printing seems to have suffered declension soon after its discovery. The type of the first works printed, that of the Mazarin Bible, for instance, was superior to much that was manufactured at a later date...

The Dutch have disputed with the Germans for the honor of the invention of printing, claiming it in behalf of Laurence Coster, a citizen of Harlem...

The shock of an earthquake was felt at Memphis, Thursday morning, shaking buildings, tumbling down chimneys, upsetting loose articles, and an iron safe establishment was thrown over...

up in various cities in Germany; and between 1461 and 1470, four-and-twenty different works appeared. In the latter year, two of Faust's workmen commenced in Paris, whither they were followed by others...

William Caxton, who was born in 1412, first introduced the art into England. He visited the Low Countries in 1442, and continued abroad for thirty years, during which he mastered the printing art...

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THE following gentlemen are respectfully suggested as candidates for the Convention to be held in September next: WADE HAMPTON, A. H. TAYLOR, W. A. HARRIS, J. G. GIBBES.

In view of the importance of the approaching Convention, it is of vital consequence to us that we should be represented by men, not only of patriotism and experience, but of legal acquirements...

The friends of the Union and of their State, desiring to bring into her councils practical knowledge, sound patriotism and devotion to her best interests, respectfully nominate the following gentlemen as delegates to the State Convention from the District of Richland...

Dwelling House to Rent. MRS. H. C. ELMORE will rent her RESIDENCE, (with FURNITURE,) containing fifteen rooms, in Taylor Town...

UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA. THE next session of this institution (which was never discontinued during the war) will commence, as usual, October 1, 1865, and end July 4, 1866.

A. L. SOLOMON, General Commission Merchant. Second Door from Shiver House, Plain street, COLUMBIA, S. C.

ARCHIBALD GETTY & CO., Shipping and COM. MERCHANTS, 126 and 128 Meeting Street, CHARLESTON, S. C.

Brass Foundry. THE subscriber, thankful for past patronage, would inform his friends and the public that he is still prepared to furnish all kinds of BRASS CASTING in a workmanlike manner...

United States of America, COLUMBIA, S. C., August 30, 1865. PURSUANT to the directions of the proclamation of Governor B. F. Perry, the Managers of Election for members of the Convention, in Richland District, will hold an election for FOUR MEMBERS for said District, on MONDAY, the 4th day of September next...

Office Gen. Sup. W. and M. R. R., WILMINGTON, N. C., Aug. 24, 1865. CHANGE OF SCHEDULE. On and after SUNDAY, 27th, daily trains will run over the Wilmington and Manchester Railroad, between Kingsville and Wilmington, as follows:

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Job Work. Such as HAND-PRINTS, CARDS, CIRCULARS, SHIN-PLASTERS, etc., executed promptly and at reasonable rates.

By the Provisional Governor of the State of South Carolina. WHEREAS His Excellency President Johnson has issued his proclamation...

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Headquarters Military District of Charleston. DEPARTMENT SOUTH CAROLINA. ASSISTANT ADJUTANT-GEN.'S OFFICE, CHARLESTON, S. C., July 27, 1865.

NOTICE. PERSONS desiring to publish Newspapers within the limits of this District, are hereby informed that it will first be necessary to obtain the consent of the Major-General Commanding the Department.

THE New York News. DAILY and WEEKLY. THE NEW YORK WEEKLY NEWS, a great family newspaper - BENJAMIN WOOD, Proprietor - the largest, best and cheapest paper published in New York...

THE CHRISTIAN INDEX. BY THE FIRST OF OCTOBER, or as soon as the mails are re-established, I will renew the publication of the "CHRISTIAN INDEX" and the "CHILD'S INDEX" I have been publishing.

A GREAT WANT SUPPLIED! NEWS FROM ALL QUARTERS! THE PHOENIX PUBLISHED Daily, Tri-Weekly and Weekly, At the Capital of South Carolina, COLUMBIA

THE DAILY PHOENIX. ISSUED every morning except Sunday, is filled with the LATEST NEWS, (by telegraph, mail, etc.) EDITORIAL, CORRESPONDENCE, MISCELLANY, POETRY, STORIES, etc.

WEEKLY CLEANER, A HOME COMPANION. AS its name indicates is intended as a FAMILY JOURNAL, and is published every Wednesday. It will contain Eight Pages, of Forty Columns.

JOB WORK. Such as HAND-PRINTS, CARDS, CIRCULARS, SHIN-PLASTERS, etc., executed promptly and at reasonable rates.

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A PROCLAMATION!

WHEREAS His Excellency President Johnson has issued his proclamation, appointing me (Benjamin F. Perry) Provisional Governor in and for the State of South Carolina, with power to prescribe such rules and regulations as may be necessary and proper for carrying into effect the Convention of the State...

Now, therefore, in obedience to the proclamation of his Excellency Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, I, BENJAMIN F. PERRY, Provisional Governor of the State of South Carolina, do hereby proclaim and declare that all civil officers in South Carolina, who were in office when the Civil Government of the State was suspended, in May last, (except those arrested or under prosecution for treason) shall, on taking the oath of allegiance prescribed in the President's Amnesty Proclamation...

And I do further proclaim, declare and make known, that it is the duty of all loyal citizens of the State of South Carolina to promptly go forward and take the oath of allegiance to the United States, to be sworn by magistrates or military officers of the Federal Government, who may be qualified to administer oaths; and such persons are authorized to give certificates of their taking the oaths...

And I do further proclaim, declare and make known, that the Managers of Elections throughout the State of South Carolina will hold an election for members of a State Convention, at their respective precincts, on the FIRST MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER NEXT, according to the laws of South Carolina in force before the secession of the State; and that each Election District in the State shall elect as many members of the Convention as the said District has members of the House of Representatives...

Every loyal citizen who has taken the Amnesty oath and not within the excepted classes in the President's Proclamation, will be entitled to vote, provided he was a legal voter under the Constitution as it stood prior to the secession of South Carolina. And all who are within the excepted classes must take the oath and apply for a pardon, in order to entitle them to vote or become members of the Convention.

The members of the Convention this elected on the first Monday in September next, are hereby required to convene in the city of Columbia, on WEDNESDAY, the 13th day of September, 1865, for the purpose of adopting and amending the present Constitution of South Carolina, or remodeling and making a new one, which will conform to the great changes which have taken place in the State, and be more in accordance with Republican principles and equality of representation.

And I do further proclaim and make known, that the Constitution and all laws of force in South Carolina prior to the secession of the State, are hereby made of force under the Provisional Government, except where they may conflict with the provisions of this proclamation. And the Judges and Chancellors of the State are hereby required to exercise all the powers and perform all the duties which appertain to their respective offices, and especially in criminal cases. It will be expected of the Federal military authorities now in South Carolina, to lend their authority to the civil officers of the Provisional Government, for the purpose of enforcing the laws and preserving the peace and good order of the State.

And I do further command and exhort all good and lawful citizens of the State to unite in enforcing the laws and bringing to justice all disorderly persons, all plunderers, robbers and marauders, all vagrants and idle persons who are wandering about without employment or any visible means of supporting themselves.

It is also expected that all former owners of freed persons will be kind to them, and not turn off the children or need to persist; and the freed men and women are earnestly enjoined to make contracts, just and fair, for remaining with their former owner.