

# THE COLUMBIA DAILY PHOENIX.

\$1 a Month, in Advance.

"Let our just Censure attend the true Event."—Shakspeare.

Single Copies Five Cents.

By J. A. SELBY.

COLUMBIA, S. C., TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 18, 1865.

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**THE COLUMBIA PHOENIX,**  
PUBLISHED DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY,  
BY JULIAN A. SELBY.  
**TERMS—IN ADVANCE.**  
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**Moha Mudgaree;**  
OR A REMEDY FOR DISTRACTION OF MIND.  
Restrain, deluded man, thy thirst of wealth,  
Repress it with the force of mind and will,  
Wouldst thou preserve thy spirit in its health,  
With noble actions feed it to the fill.  
Thy wife, thy son, thy daughter—what are they?  
The wonders e'en of this world who can tell?  
What art thyself? Whence com'st thou? Can'st thou say?  
My brother, ponder, ponder on this well.  
Boast not of youth, nor epulence, nor power;  
Ere thou can'st think, Time snatches these away;  
Check these delusions—fancies of an hour;  
At Brahma's foot repose thy heart, and pray.  
Like water-drops upon the lotus leaf,  
With tremulous motion gliding to and fro,  
Is life: the converse of the good is brief—  
It is our ship upon the seas below.  
With body weak, mouth toothless, hair grown grey,  
The staff he leans on shaking in his hand,  
Men's thirst of gain survives in his decay,  
And would were all earth's wealth at his command.  
How quickly are we born, and old, and dead!  
How short the interval 'twixt death and birth!  
The viciousness of earth how widely spread!  
Wherefore, O man! liv'st thou in thoughtless mirth?  
Day follows day; eve follows eve; morn, morn;  
Springs after springs; winters on winters rise;  
Life ever on Time's stream is onward borne;  
But mortal expectation never dies.  
Beneath the canopy of Heaven to dwell,  
Under the shade of some wide-branching tree,  
All vain desires of earthly joys to quell,  
The ground our couch—this, this is to be free!  
Love not too fondly woman, kinsman, child,  
Nor friend, in peace; in war, hate not thy foes;  
Be equable to all, and gently mild,  
Wouldst thou attain to Vishnu's calm repose.  
The eight princely mountains and seven seas,  
Brahmah and Indra, Budra and the Sun,  
These are the never-changing—only these;  
Not thou, nor I, nor man—wherefore all passions shun.  
In thee, in me, in all we see and know,  
Therelives and breathes a part of Vishnu's soul;  
Then love not, hate not, with immoderate glow,  
For all things are but parts of One Great Whole.  
The boy so long delighteth in his play,  
The youth so seeks the maiden of his love,  
The old man frets so long his thoughts away,  
That there are none to worship Him above.  
Ponder, my brother, ponder on this word:  
The word of truth, that passes not away;  
What hope is there for him who, having heard,  
Will not bow down his head and meekly pray?

**Labor Regulations.**  
By some persons it does not seem to be understood that the Emancipation Proclamation relates to two classes of the population, both of whom it frees. On the one hand, the servant is freed from the master; on the other, the master is freed from the servant. And if it is proper that deputations of the one class should visit Washington to secure the official vindication of

their rights, it is not less proper, nor perhaps less requisite, that the other class should appeal to the Executive. There are certain evils which belong to all great social changes and displacements. These must be expected; and wisdom requires that they should be endured without vain repinings and unmanly murmurs. But it is permitted to desire, and by peaceful measures secure, the removal of such evils as are unnecessary, and as bear prejudicially upon the interests of certain classes. In cases of this kind, redress can be confidently anticipated from the Administration which will extend equal justice to all. The abolition of slavery has dissolved the obligations previously subsisting between master and slave. The slaves may have constituted the whole property of the owner, who may now be reduced to hopeless penury by the loss of them—who may be a helpless ward, or widow, or infirm and aged man. For special cases of this sort, it is not pretended that the Emancipation Act makes or can make any provision. It does not require the negro to support the helpless white, who was formerly his master. Neither can it require the white man, whose able-bodied servants have left him, to support the infirm and helpless negroes who remain. They have no claim upon him whatever; they have no right to demand, and none have a right, in their name, to require, that he shall be crushed by this burden. And how can the former owner pledge himself to certain unvarying and high rates of moneyed compensation for menial labor—to an indefinite provision of medical relief, a supply of food, clothing, and quarters, without any reduction for ill health and bad weather—when he has not the money, has no cotton growing to bring it, and is at his wits' end to know where it is to come from; when the precise kind of labor we have in view, which was never characterized by industry and intelligence, has been depreciated by a sense of irresponsibility, by vague ideas of a freedom from menial toil, and by the general relaxation of authority; and when not a few of the white laborers are willing to toil for a bare ration a day! We notice that farmers' meetings in Virginia, which fixed the rates of compensation and made regulations for the employment of labor, have been forbidden by Post Commanders. Of course no objection would be made to a meeting of citizens for the purpose of considering the difficulties now attendant upon the employment of labor, and of respectfully memorializing the Executive upon the vital subject. Again: a consideration of the question of rents is advisable. It is by rents (as we remarked yesterday) that our want of money is partially to be supplied. And on the other hand, houses and stores, which are now rented for brief periods, are needed for the resumption of business. In many instances competition has doubled and trebled the value of business stands, of houses, and of separate rooms. The owner has the right of availing himself of any advantage arising from the perpetual variations of supply and demand, of enjoying the use or realizing the increasing value of his property. Under such circumstances there is a grievance in orders requiring that rents shall not be raised beyond the terms demanded when there was no trade and the houses were comparatively worthless, or that the houses or rooms shall not be reclaimed if their occupants are colored. We cheerfully acknowledge the obligations under which the Government has laid us by the efficient protection of person and property we enjoy under the military authorities. And we have testified our respect for these intelligent and courteous officials, by public act as well as by frequent expressions of private opinion. But in

this matter of industrial organization, the interests of the colored race are represented by an immense bureau and by deputation. The whites should be represented by embassies to the White House, or they will continue to suffer from one-sided legislation. A memorial to the Executive, asking for even-handed justice between the races, and representing the evils arising from divided and conflicting jurisdictions, and from the interference of a minor court with the regular military tribunal—such a memorial, couched in dignified terms, and conveyed by a high-toned and earnest deputation, would put an end to various painful humiliations and annoyances. For our President says, emphatically, that 'he does not intend to serve any particular clique or interest,' and that 'he is for emancipating the white man as well as the black.'

**The Former Home and Family of Henry Clay.**

A correspondent of the Cincinnati Commercial tells a melancholy story of Ashland, the late homestead of Henry Clay, and gives the history of his descendants. The old homestead of Henry Clay, it seems, is now occupied by the family of Hon. Thomas Clay, one of his sons, and present Minister to one of the South American Governments. It is owned by the heirs of James B. Clay, who, it will be remembered, died in Canada about a year ago. The house in which Mr. Clay lived when at home was torn down some years since by James, and a magnificent structure erected on its site, and there is nothing now about the place to remind one of him who once owned and honored it, except the family buggy in which the old man and his wife used to drive about, and the trees in front of the house, beneath which he used to sit and talk with his family and friends.

Mr. Clay had five sons. Four of them survived him. One, who bore his father's name, was killed in the Mexican war. Thomas, as I have said, is now a Government Minister. John is living on one-half of the old homestead, now divided into two farms. James died in a foreign land, and Theodore (the oldest of the family) is, and has been for twenty years, an inmate of an insane asylum, still avowing to every one with whom he converses that he is the original George Washington, and refusing to respond to a call by any other name. Mr. Clay had no possession of any kind at the time of his death, with the exception of Ashland, which was, of course, worth a considerable sum; but even that was heavily mortgaged, and he thought at one time he would be compelled to abandon it to his creditors, until one day, when he entered the bank to pay one of his notes, he was told that he did not owe a cent. Kind and generous friends had taken his case in hand and lifted the pecuniary burden from his shoulders.

**Wanted Immediately,**  
FIFTY WAGONS, to haul cotton to Orangeburg, S. C. For terms, apply to A. L. SOLOMON, Commission Merchant, 2d door above Shiver House, on Plain st. July 17 6

**Strayed or Stolen,**  
FROM my pasture, on the 11th instant, a BAY MARE, of medium size, her ears slightly inclined to flap. No marks remembered. A liberal reward will be paid for her recovery. July 17 2 HARMON KOON.

**Office Chief Com. of Sub., Mil. Dist. of Charleston.**  
CHARLESTON, S. C., July 10, 1865.  
PROPOSALS will be received at this office up to July 25, 1865, FOR CONTRACTS FOR BEEF CATTLE, (on foot,) to be furnished the U. S. Sub. Dept., in quantities to be specified in the contract. Said contracts to be made for four months. HENRY H. JENKS, Capt. 52d P. V. and A. C. S., Chief C. S. Military Dist. of Charleston. July 17 3

**Medical Card.**  
DR. SYLVESTER offers his PROFESSIONAL SERVICES to the citizens of Columbia and vicinity. His office is on the corner of Richland and Bull streets, at the residence of Capt. T. H. Wade. July 13 3\*

**Information Wanted**  
OF JOHN J. DAVIS, Company D, 15th S. C. Regiment. Was a tailor, and lived in Camden, S. C. Was well on the 2d of February. Any one knowing his fate or whereabouts, will confer a favor by communicating the information to his afflicted and destitute wife at Columbia, S. C., or to this office. Exchanges please extend this notice. July 14

**W. H. EASTERBY, Com. Merchant**  
Receiving and Forwarding Agent, CHARLESTON, S. C.

PROMPT attention given to orders for the sale or purchase of COTTON or PRODUCE of any kind. July 15 113\*

**Farmer's and Exchange Bank of Charleston, S. C.**  
A MEETING of the Directors of this Bank will be held at the office of the President, No. 34 Broad street, (up stairs,) on THURSDAY, July 27, proximo. A full meeting is earnestly requested, as business of much importance will be brought before them.

WILLIAM WHALEY, President Farmer's and Exchange Bank. Charleston, S. C., July 11, 1865. July 15 18

**BOOTS, SHOES AND TRUNKS!**  
AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

STOCK REPLENISHED WEEKLY by the New York steamers. Purchases are being made in Philadelphia, New York and Boston, by Mr. Dunham, of the firm of Dunham, Taft & Co., and will be sold at the old established stand, 250 King street, sign of the BIG BOOT, at very reasonable prices; where the public and all his old friends are invited to call and inspect for themselves. T. M. BRISTOL, Sign of the Big Boot, Bend of King street, Charleston, S. C. July 13 16\*

**CO-PARTNERSHIP.**  
WE, the undersigned, having entered into a copartnership, under the name and style of CAMERON & BARKLEY, will open their establishment, on the Southeast corner of Meeting and Wentworth streets, Charleston, S. C. for the sale of all articles in use by railroad companies, steamers and machinists, as also COAL of all kinds. Orders solicited. ARCHIBALD CAMERON, RUFUS C. BARKLEY.

WE REFER TO JOHN FRASER & CO. G. W. WILLIAMS & CO. E. W. MARSHALL, Esq. Capt. JOHN FURGERSON. H. T. PEAKE, Esq., Superintendent South Carolina Railroad. H. L. HAINS, Esq., Superintendent Savannah Railroad. S. S. SOLOMONS, Esq., Superintendent North-eastern Railroad. H. M. DRAINE, Esq., Superintendent Wilmington and Manchester Railroad. July 15 3

**Change of Schedule on the Wilmington and Manchester Railroad.**  
SUMMER, JULY 10, 1865.  
ON and after July 10, trains will run tri-weekly over this road, as follows: Leave Kingsville every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 4 45 a. m., for Pee Dee and all stations on the Cheraw and Darlington and North-eastern Railroad—passengers reaching Charleston same night. Returning—Arrive at Kingsville every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 8 42 p. m., from any of the points indicated above. HENRY M. DRANE, General Superintendent. July 14 12

**Gen. Sup'ts Office C. & S. C. R. R., CHESTER, July 3, 1865.**  
UNTIL further notice, trains will be run daily on this road, as follows: Leave Charlotte at 8 a. m.; arrive at Adger's about 4 p. m. Leave Adger's at 7 a. m.; arrive in Charlotte about 3 p. m. July 6 12 JAS. ANDEKSON, Sup't.

**Baptist State Convention of S. C.**  
THE next annual meeting of this body will be held at Cross Roads Church, three miles from Chappell's Depot, commencing on FRIDAY before the fifth Sunday in July, (the 28th inst.) Delegates coming on the Greenville Railroad will be met at Chappell's by conveyances, Thursday and Friday. July 17 J. M. C. BREAKER, Sec'y.

**Just Received FROM NEW YORK & PHILADELPHIA, AND FOR SALE AT**

**WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, A LARGE STOCK OF DRY GOODS!!!**  
CLOTHING?  
GENT'S AND LADIES' FURNISHING GOODS, &C., &C., CONSISTING IN PART OF:

CALICOES, DELAINES, LAWNS, Jaconet and Swiss MUSLINS, Bleached and Unbleached HOMESPUN, Hoop and Balmoral SKIRTS, GLOVES, HOSIERY, LACE MANTILLAS, HAIR NETS, SHAKER HOODS CLOTHING, UNDERSHIRTS and DRAWERS, HATS, SOCKS, NECK TIES, BUTTERFLY SCARFS, Fancy and White PAPER COLLARS, LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS, SUSPENDERS, TABLE CLOTHS, NAPKINS, TOWELING, PENCILS, KNIVES and FORKS, COTTON CARDS, NEEDLES, FLAX THREAD.

A large and fine stock of IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC SEGARS!! FOR SALE BY FOOT & SUEZBACHER, Agents, Assembly street, between Plain and Washington. July 15 6

**NEW GOODS,**  


**Just Received AND FOR SALE LOW, AT SHELTON, CALVO & CO.'S,**  
Bull Street, Next to Old Post Office.

IN addition to former stock, we have just received the following articles:  
Ladies' Heeled SLIPPERS.  
" Congress GAITERS.  
" Balmoral BOOTIES.  
" Glove Kid GAITERS.  
Misses' SHOES in great variety.  
Men's SHOES of all kinds.  
Children's SHOES of all sizes.  
Men's fine Felt HATS.  
" " Wool "  
20 doz. HOOP SKIRTS of finest quality  
12 doz. Ladies' CORSETS.  
6 doz. " Silk VEHLS.  
Toilet COMBS and BRUSHES.  
Tooth BRUSHES.  
Toilet EXTRACTS.  
Ladies' HOSIERY, Men's HOSE.

**GROCERIES:**  
White Crushed SUGAR.  
" Powdered "  
Light Brown Coffee "  
Cumberland SAUCE.  
Butter and Fancy French CRACKERS.  
Adamantine and Sperm CANDLES.  
Old Java COFFEE.  
RAISINS, STARCH.  
MUSTARD, OLIVES.  
Smoking and Chewing TOBACCO.  
Mason's BLACKING, Shoe BRUSHES.

**LIQUORS.**  
CHAMPAGNE, quart bottles.  
Old Bourbon WHISKEY.  
Scotch ALE.  
Which will be sold on proper certificate. Parties bringing COTTON to market will do well to call upon us before disposing of it, as we are paying the highest market rates.  
GOLD and SILVER bought and sold. July 14

**Brass and Copper Wanted.**  
H. SOLOMON & CO. still continue to purchase BRASS and COPPER. The highest market price will be paid. H. SOLOMON & CO. West side of Assembly street. July 6 1mo Below Plain.