

THE COLUMBIA DAILY PHOENIX.

\$1 a Month, in Advance.

"Let our just Censure attend the true Event."—Shakspeare.

Single Copies Five Cents.

By J. A. SELBY.

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BY JULIAN A. SELBY.
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The Four Philosophers.
Four great philosophers
Come every year;
Teach in the open air,
Then disappear.
Winter's the Stoic,
So chill and heroic;
He sits in the mountain breeze biting and
pure,
And when, to bring fear and doubt,
Damp night and winds are out,
Wraps an old cloak about—he can endure.
Spring, at dull hearts to mock,
Comes in a farming frock,
With garlands and ploughshare a lesson
doth give;
He sings through the field awhile,
Turns up the soaking soil,
All haste and laughing toil—briskly can
live.
Summer, with mantle free,
Epicurean he,
Lolls in the cooling shade, like a tired boy;
While blasting suns unkind,
Leave the stout mower blind,
Where faints the mountain wind—he can
enjoy.
Autumn, when all are done,
He's the good Christian one;
Fills well the granaries where seeds may
lie
New, coming years to bless;
Then in his russet dress,
All hope and quietness—sweetly can die.

COUNTRY PLEASURES.—A writer in an English periodical thus pleasantly discourses upon some of the pleasures of the country:

There is a constant source of innocent pleasure in little country cares, in planting and tending trees and flowers, in sympathizing with one's horses and dogs—even with pigs and poultry. Take the senior wrangler from his college, and put him down in a pretty country parsonage; and in a few weeks he will take kindly to training honeysuckle and climbing roses, he will find scope for his mathematics in laying out a flower garden, and he will be all excitement in planning and carrying out an overgreen shrubbery, a primrose bank, a little stream with a tiny waterfall, spanned by a rustic bridge. Proud will he be of that piece of engineering, as ever was Robert Stephenson when he had spanned the stormy Menai. There is something in all this simple work that makes a man hind-hearted; out-of-door occupation of this sort gives one much more cheerful views of men and things, and disposes one to sympathize heartily with the cottager proud of his little rose plots, and of his enormous gooseberry that attained to renown in the pages of the county newspaper. I remember to have read somewhere of an humble philanthropist who undertook the reformation of a number of juvenile thieves, and for that end employed them in a large garden somewhere near London, to raise vegetables and flowers for the market. There did the youthful prig concentrate his thoughts on the planting of cabbage, and find the unwonted delight of a day spent in innocent labor; there did the area sneak bud the rose, and set the potato; and there, as days passed on, under the gentle influence of vegetable nature, did a healthier, happier, purer tone come over the spiritual nature, even as a healthier blood came to heart and veins. The philanthropist was a true philosopher. There is not a more elevating and purifying occupation than that of tending the plants of the earth. I should never be afraid of finding a man revengeful, malignant, or cruel, whom I knew to be fond of his shrubs and flowers.

ON GROWING OLD.—A writer in *Chambers' Journal*, makes the following excellent remarks on females growing old:
"To grow old gracefully, as one who truly has exemplified her theory has written and expressed it, is a good and beautiful thing; to grow old worthily, a better. And the first effort to that end is not only to recognize, but to become personally reconciled to the fact of youth's departure; to see, or, if not seeing, to have faith in the wisdom of that which we call change, yet which is in truth progression; to follow openly and fearlessly, in ourselves and our own life, the same law which makes spring pass into summer, summer into autumn, autumn into winter, preserving an especial beauty and fitness in each of the four. Yes, if women could only believe it, there is a wonderful beauty in growing old. The charm of expression arising from softened temper or ripened intellect often amply atones for the loss of form and coloring; and consequently, to those who never could boast of either of these latter, years give much more than they take away. A sensitive person often requires half a lifetime to get thoroughly used to this corporeal machine, to attain a wholesome indifference, both to its defect and perfection, and to learn at last, what nobody would acquire from any teacher but experience, that it is the mind alone which is of any consequence; that with a good temper, sincerity, and a moderate stock of brains, or even the two former only, any sort of body can in time be made useful, respectable, and agreeable as a traveling dress for the soul. Many a one, who was absolutely plain in youth, thus grows pleasant and well-looking in declining years. You will hardly ever find anybody, not ugly in mind, who is repulsively ugly in person after middle life.

PLEASURES OF CONTENTMENT.—I have a rich neighbor that is always so busy that he has no leisure to laugh—the whole business of his life is to get money, and more money, that he may still get more and more money. He is still drudging on, saying that Solomon says, 'The diligent hand maketh rich.' And it is true, indeed; but he considers not that it is not in the power of riches to make a man happy; for it was wisely said by a man of great observation, that there be as many miseries beyond riches as on this side of them.' And yet God deliver us from pinching poverty, and grant that, having a competency, we may be content and thankful. Let us not repine, or so much as think the gifts of God unequally dealt, if we see another abound with riches, when, as God knows, the cares that are the keys that keep those riches, hang often so heavily at the rich man's girdle, that they clog him with weary days and restless nights, even when others sleep quietly. We see but the outside of the rich man's happiness; few consider him to be like the silk worm, that, when she seems to play, is at the very same time spinning her own bowels, and consuming herself. And thus many rich men do—loading themselves with corroding cares to keep what they have already got. Let us, therefore, be thankful for health and competence, and, above all, for a quiet conscience.—*Izaak Walton.*

At the close of the sitting of the House of Representatives at Springfield, Illinois, last Thursday, the clerk read the following: "I am requested to announce that Rev. Dr. McFarland will deliver a lecture this evening in this Hall, on the 'Education of Idiots.' Members of the Legislature are invited to attend." The announcement was received with shouts of laughter by the members present.

Gravitation has, amid all immensity, wrought no such lovely work, as when it rounded a tear.

NONE STAND ALONE.—It is in the providence of God that none stand alone; we touch each other; man acts on man; heart on heart; we are bound up with each other; hand is joined in hand; wheel sets wheel in motion; we are spiritually linked together, arm within arm; we cannot live alone, nor die alone; we cannot say, I will only run risks with my own soul; I am prepared to disobey the Lord for such a pleasure or such a gain, but I do not want to implicate others; I only want to be answerable for myself. This cannot be. Each living soul has its influence on others in some way and to some extent, consciously or unconsciously; each has some power, more or less, direct or indirect; one mind colors another; a child acts on children; servants on their fellow-servants; masters on those they employ; parents on their children; friends on friends. Even when we do not design to influence others, when we are not thinking, in the least degree, of the effect of what we do, when we are unconscious that we have any influence at all, when we do not wish our conduct or way of life to affect any but ourselves: our manner of life, our conversation, our deeds, are all the while having weight somewhere, or somehow our feet leave their impression, though we may not look behind us to see the mark.

[Sermons for Christian Seasons.

THE EAGLE.—In the book of Deuteronomy we have a very animated and beautiful allusion to the eagle, and the method of exciting the eaglets to their first flight; and comparing her proceeding on that occasion to Jehovah's care of his people, and method of instructing them how to aim at and to attain heavenly objects. "As an eagle stirreth her nest, fluttereth over her young, spreadeth abroad her wings, so Jehovah, alone, did lead them."

Sir H. Davy relates his having had an opportunity of witnessing the first flights of the eaglets from their eyrie. The old birds, at first, made small circles, and the young imitated them; they paused on their wings and then took a second and longer compass, always rising towards the sun, and enlarging their circle of flight, so as to make a gradually extending spiral; the young still slowly followed, apparently flying better as they mounted; and they continued this sublime exercise, always rising till they were lost to sight. How powerfully ought this to excite Christian parents to teach their children betimes to look towards heaven and the Son of Righteousness, and to elevate their thoughts thithermore and more on the wings of faith and love, themselves all the while going before them, and encouraging them by their own example.

[Kirby's Bridgewater Treatise.

Funeral Invitation.
The friends and acquaintances of Mr. PETER B. LALANE and of his family, are invited to attend his funeral, at the Catholic Church, THIS AFTERNOON, at 5 o'clock.

Millinery and Dress-Making.
MAD. A. DEBOSS would respectfully inform the ladies that she will execute any work in her line promptly. Dress Patterns Cut to fit, at 25 cents. Hot, Cold and Showers Baths for Ladies—price 25 cents—at her residence, West end Washington street. June 7 '65

Vegetables.
FRESH from the kitchen garden, for sale every morning before 8 o'clock, at ZIMMERMAN'S, near the Female Orphan House. June 6 '65

A few Single Gentlemen
CAN be accommodated with BOARD and LODGING in a private family, residing in a pleasant part of the city. Recommendations will be required. Apply at this office. June 6

Medical Card.
DR. A. N. PALFREY may be found, by such as desire his professional aid, at the residence of the Rev. N. Talley, corner of Gervais and Pickens streets. June 5

FRESH
GROCERIES, PROVISIONS,
DRUGS, MEDICINES,
FANCY ARTICLES, &c. For sale by
MELVIN M. COHEN,
Assembly street, West side,
One door from Pendleton street.
June 6 5*

Orangeburg, Newberry or Fairfield.
THE subscriber has a first rate Wagon and two excellent Horses, and is prepared to carry Freight or Passengers to either of the above points. Terms for passengers \$5, freight \$3 a hundred. He can be found at the old Sword Factory, on Washington street. June 6 2* CHAS. A. DUREAN.

Brass and Copper Wanted.
THE undersigned will pay the highest prices—in goods or money—for old brass and copper.
June 5 6 HARDY SOLOMON.

Caution.
ALL persons whomsoever are hereby cautioned against trading for any notes drawn in favor of the subscriber, as administrator of the estate of Mrs. E. Rowland, late of Greenville District, as payment has been stopped. These notes were lost in Columbia during its occupation by Sherman's army. A liberal reward will be paid for their delivery to Col. C. R. Bryce or the subscriber. WM. E. EARLE. June 5 4*

Removal.
JOS. SCOTT would inform the public that he has removed his Barber Shop to the South-east corner of Gates and Bridge streets. SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING and SHAMPOONING executed in the very best manner and latest style. June 6 2

Removal.
THE undersigned begs to inform his friends and customers that he has REMOVED his Boot and Shoe Making Establishment to the house on the South side of Camden street, three doors from Assembly. June 5 3 GEORGE SMITH.

GROCERIES!!!
JUST ARRIVED
FROM
Charleston.

A CHOICE and WELL SELECTED STOCK OF GOODS, which I am prepared to offer AT RETAIL for a SMALL ADVANCE, and can give a FAIR MARGIN to dealers in the city and country. My stock consists in part of:
Boxes SMOKED HERRINGS.
" COLGATE'S WASHING SOAP.
" TOILET SOAP.
Bbls. BROWN SUGAR.
Chest YOUNG HYSOON TEA.
" BLACK TEA.
Kits MACKEREL.
Cases PICKLES, quarts and pints.
Boxes CANDY, assorted.
Fraids FRESH DATES.
Boxes TURKEY FIGS.
" RAISINS.
" FRESH LEMONS.
" SOFT SHELL ALMONDS.
" BUTTER CRACKERS.
" OYSTER " "
" GINGER CAKES.
" LEMON " "
" DAIRY CHEESE.
" SARDINES.
" CHOCOLATE.
" CONDENSED MILK.
Dozs. NORTHERN BROOMS.
Boxes Colgate's PEARL STARCH.
" BLACK INK, in stands.
" YEAST POWDERS—Dunkee's.
" Brown's Es. JAMAICA GINGER.
Cases SPARKLING SCOTCH ALE.
Boxes HAVANA SEGARS.
" MASON'S BLACKING.
Dozs. SHOE BRUSHES.
Boxes FINE CHEWING TOBACCO.
" SMOKING TOBACCO.
" Fine Cut Chewing TOBACCO.
SPERM CANDLES.
BACON, BUTTER, LARD.
FLOUR, MOLASSES.
CARBONATE SODA.
BLACK PEPPER.
COFFEE, RICE, SALT.
MANILLA ROPE, PINDERS.
COTTON CARDS, MATCHES.
GUM CAMPHOR, GUM CEFUM.
CHLOROFORM, CALOMEL.
POTASH and BLUE MASS.

Also,
A small stock of HARDWARE and STATIONERY.
Give me a call, and judge for yourself.
HARDY SOLOMON,
In the room of Mr. L. Levy's house,
Corner of Assembly and Film streets.
June 5 6

Headqrs United States Forces,
CITY OF COLUMBIA, S. C.,
May 27, 1865.
GENERAL ORDERS NO. 4.
In order to prevent any disturbance which may arise from the improper use of intoxicating liquors, it is hereby ordered that, for the present, no intoxicating liquors will be sold or given away to any citizen or soldier, unless permission is granted from these headquarters. Any one found guilty of disobeying this order, will not only have his goods confiscated, but will be subject to punishment by military law. By command of
Lieut. Col. N. HAUGHTON,
Commanding Post.
W. J. KYLE, Lieut. 25th O. V. V. I. and Post Adjutant. May 29

Headqrs United States Forces,
CITY OF COLUMBIA, S. C.,
May 27, 1865.
GENERAL ORDERS NO. 3.
ALL citizens having in their possession any property that rightfully belongs to the United States Government, according to the terms of surrender of Gen. Jos. E. Johnston, &c. S. A., to Gen. W. T. Sherman, U. S. A., will immediately report the same to these headquarters.
Persons having mules, horses and wagons, will, for the present, be permitted to retain the same for the purpose of carrying on their work. Any person failing to comply with this order within a reasonable time, will not only be deprived of any further use of said property, but will also subject themselves to punishment by military authority. By command of
N. HAUGHTON,
Lieut. Col. 25th O. V. V. I.,
Com'g City of Columbia, S. C.
W. J. KYLE, Lieut. 25th O. V. V. I. and Post Adjutant. May 29

Headqrs United States Forces,
CITY OF COLUMBIA, S. C.,
May 27, 1865.
GENERAL ORDERS NO. 2.
INFORMATION having been received at these headquarters of the existence of armed bands of marauders infesting the country and committing depredations on the property of peaceful citizens, it is hereby ordered that all persons composing such will be considered and treated as outlaws, and if caught, will receive the severest punishment of military law.
The United States Government is desirous of protecting all peaceful and law-abiding citizens, and they will confer a favor on these headquarters, and do justice to themselves, by giving any information they may have in their possession respecting the names and movements of such bands, and, if possible, aiding in their capture.
The time has arrived when it behooves every citizen to do all in his power to assist the military forces of the United States to restore peace and harmony throughout the land. By order of
Lieut. Col. N. HAUGHTON,
25th O. V. V. I., Com'g U. S. Forces,
City of Columbia.
W. J. KYLE, 2d Lieut. 25th O. V. V. I. and Post Adjutant. May 29

Headquarters, Northern District,
DEPARTMENT OF THE SOUTH,
CHARLESTON, S. C., April 25, 1865.
Circular to Planters, &c.
NUMEROUS applications have been made to me for information as to the policy to be adopted on the subject of labor.
All can understand the importance of making a crop the present season, and foresting the misery and suffering consequent upon its failure.
In the present unsettled state of the country, and in the absence of any recognized State authorities, I find it my duty to assume control of the plantations near the military lines, and order as follows:
1st. The planters, after taking the oath of allegiance, will assemble the freedmen (late their slaves) and inform them that they are free, and that henceforth they must depend upon their own exertions for their support.
2d. Equitable contracts in writing will be made by the owners of the land with the freedmen for the cultivation of the land during the present year.
Payment will be made in kind, and the allowance of one half the crop is recommended as fair compensation for the labor, the landowner furnishing subsistence until the crop is gathered.
These contracts will be submitted to the nearest military or naval commander for approval and endorsement.
When the above requirements are complied with, protection will be granted as far as military necessity will allow; but where no contract is made, the crop raised will be considered forfeited for the use of the laborers. Should the owners refuse to cultivate it, they will be considered as endeavoring to embarrass the Government, and the land will be used for colonies of the freedmen from the interior.
JOHN B. HATCH,
June 1 Brig. Gen. Commanding