

CHARLESTON DAILY NEWS... NOVEMBER 17, 1865.

ALL GOING TO THE
CHARLESTON DAILY NEWS,
CATHCART, MC MILLAN & MORTON,
PROPRIETORS.
No. 15 HAYNE-STREET.

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News Summary.

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A very interesting letter from General Wade Hampton, to the people of this State, will soon be in our columns to-day.

In President BUCHANAN's book on his Administration will be found notices in another column, with extracts and comments.

Our ex-Confederate readers will be pleased to shake hands with Col. von Borcke, whose race narrative of his life is given in another part of the paper.

The steamer W. W. Col, well known in our coasts waters, narrowly escaped a serious disaster, and will be seen in our local column.

The Washington Star of Saturday, speaking of President Johnson's views with reference to the pardon question, says: "He designs pardoning all except about one thousand of the civil and military leaders, whose fate will depend on the action of Congress." A general amnesty, excepting these cases, is not deemed expedient, as the announcement of a proscribed list would not only create dissatisfaction throughout the country, but still further embarrass the President by arraigning against his policy a powerful combination of the friends and the sympathizers of the excepted offenders.

Governor Manly, of Florida, in his message to the Convention, expresses the opinion that if the negro race in this country can be fully and fairly protected in their persons and property, they may be stimulated to be industrious and economical, in order to educate themselves and their children, and improve their physical, moral, and intellectual condition, and become, not many years hence, the best agricultural peasantry for our soil and climate that the world has ever seen. But if denied protection and justice, they will be deprived of the ordinary motives to industry and economy.

The Lynchburg Virginian, of the 12th, says in reference to Gen. Kirby Smith, that this distinguished gentleman, late Confederate commander of the Department of the Trans-Mississippi, reached this city yesterday morning direct from Cuba, where he has been sojourning for several months. His many friends will welcome him back to the country again. He comes in pursuance of authority from General Grant to do so, to be present on the footing of other Confederate officers of his rank.

From the Marion (S. C.) Crescent we learn that Col. C. W. Dunlap is a candidate to represent the first Congressional District in Washington, at the next session. From our knowledge of this gentleman, we can say, with the fullest conviction, that any such man in South Carolina can take the required oath. Col. Dunlap is the man—he having always been a good Union man. His worst enemies, we believe, never slandered him more either or scissorman. The Colonel has our best wishes.

From the same paper we also learn, that a public meeting was held at Marion Court House, November 14, to organize a police guard to maintain order, protect, and protect property in our midst. Committees were appointed, and the meeting adjourned to meet again on the 23d inst.

The Provost Marshal's Bureau flies hard. A corporal's guard of clerks are engaged in settling up the affairs of this once terrible branch of the Government. It is supposed that Congress will abolish the Bureau, and that Fay will return to his old post as Lieutenant-Colonel and Assistant Adjutant-General.

Latest advices from Texas represent the cotton fields as remaining unpicked—the negroes refusing to work for love or money.

A writer in the Cincinnati Gazette, who has made a tour through the Cotton States of the South, as the result of his observations, advises Northern men of capital and enterprise to go South and engage in the culture of cotton, which he thinks, for the next eight or ten years, will pay better than any other investment. He speaks highly of the Southern people, and thinks the Government might now safely withdraw the military, and leave the States to manage their own affairs.

The principal European Powers favor a conference to devise measures for checking the progress of the rebellion.

Count Montebello, the French Minister, demands that there be no unfriendliness between our Government and that which he represents.

The Independence Cage asserted that France will soon withdraw her troops from Mexico, and that the speech of the Emperor on the opening of the Chamber, will be of so pacific character that no removal of arms for objection on the part of the United States.

The Richmond Enquirer, of the 13th inst., announces the restoration of lands to numerous parties in Loudoun and Fairfax Counties, Va., by a recent order of General Eaton, Commissioner of Land Claims. Some of these lands have been held by freedmen, and have received improvements, which are to be paid for upon delivery.

As we have seen various conflicting statements in reference to the movements of Mr. McClellan, we copy the following from the Richmond Enquirer, which may be relied upon: "This distinguished gentleman, who came to this after his recent release from confinement in Fort Monroe, visited Washington city a few days ago, and after a very short sojourn there, returned to this place and immediately took passage for New York, for his winter residence. We are not advised as to whether he leaves this country permanently or only temporarily. Whatever may be the case, we are sure he carries with him the good wishes of all our citizens."

The cattle disease is reported to have broken out in Port Royal.

All communications intended for publication in this journal must be addressed to the Editor of the Daily News, No. 10 Hayne-street, Charleston, S. C. *Business Correspondence and Publisher of Daily News.*

We cannot subscribe to news rejected or communicated outside of the city unless accompanied by a sum of money paid for the same.

Advertisers outside of the city must be accompanied with the cash.

Editorial and advertising matter must be sent to the office of the Daily News, 10 Hayne-street, Charleston, S. C.

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