

# Charleston Daily News.

VOL. I...NO. 60.

CHARLESTON, S. C., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 21, 1865.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

## BY TELEGRAPH.

### Wonderfully Interesting Statements concerning some English Lords.

#### Montgomery Blair on the Freedmen.

### LIVERPOOL MARKET.

NEW YORK, October 19.—Lords WARRENCLIFFE, PANOCHE and AOKROYD DRURY had interests in the Confederate loan. SAMPSON, city editor of the London Times, said he declined accepting a proffered allotment when the loan was introduced. MONTGOMERY BLAIR addressed a Democratic meeting last night in this city, denouncing negro suffrage, and recommended that the freedmen be colonized in Mexican territory, war first being declared and MAXIMILIAN expelled. VAN BUREN and COX also spoke. The *Nova Scotia*, with Liverpool dates to the 7th, has arrived at Quebec. Fenian arrests continue. It is said that Lord Bruce has asked an explanation of Secretary SEWARD's action in reference to the Fenian movements. All those who have been connected with the Confederate loan continue to publish denials, but Mr. LINDSEY confesses a loss. Liverpool dates of Saturday, 7th, report the sales of cotton at 20,000 bales. Market buoyant, and advanced 1/4. Broadstuffs quiet. Provisions steady. Consols 88 1/2 @ 88 1/4. Bank of England has raised her rate of discount and advanced her rate of interest to 7 per cent.

### LATER FROM EUROPE.

CONTINUED ARRESTS OF FENIANS.—COMMITMENTS IN DUBLIN FOR HIGH TREASON.—SUSPICIOUS VESSEL OFF QUEENSTOWN.—AMERICAN TORPEDO EXPERIMENT, ETC. FURTHER POINT, October 15.—The steamer *Nova Scotia*, from Liverpool on the 6th of October, passed here for Quebec. LIVERPOOL, October 6.—Cotton.—The market opened excited at an advance of 3d., but became irregular under an advance in the bank rate to six per cent, and closed at an advance of 2 1/2 @ 2 3/4. For American, and 2 1/2 @ 2 3/4. For other descriptions. Sales of the week, 179,000 bales, including 98,000 to speculators, and 10,500 to exporters. The following are the authorized quotations: Fair Orleans, 25 1/4; Middling Fair, 24 1/4; Middling Upland and Mobile, 24. The sales to-day (Friday) amounted to 25,000 bales. The market is buoyant and has advanced 1/4. Middling American, 24 1/4. Of the above sales speculators and exporters took 12,000 bales.

LONDON, October 6.—Consols, for money, 88 1/2 @ 88 1/4; United States Five-twentys, 69 1/2 @ 70. Sugar firm. Coffee steady. Rice inactive. Rosin—sales small. Spirits at an advance. A meeting has been called at London of persons interested in such of the old American securities as have been in arrears previous to or in consequence of the war. The securities, in respect of which this agitation is commenced, are bonds of Virginia, Louisiana, Tennessee, Georgia, North Carolina and Mississippi, and of various railways and banks in those States, the whole of which represent a very heavy amount. The Daily News, in an article, says: "If the indebted States should stipulate for arrangement for the funding of their arrears of dividends, it is probable that their creditors would be disposed to meet them half way." Arrived from New Orleans, the *Cinque Sorelle* at Liverpool. Arrived from Baltimore, the *Sally Means* at Malaga. Fenian arrests continue. The total number of arrests in all places amount to two hundred. A suspicious vessel, bearing the American flag, and supposed to be one of those expected with arms, had appeared off Queenstown, but she again put to sea. A strange vessel was said to have sent a letter on the shore, which was opened, and found to contain a bill for £1000, in favor of a member of the Fenian organization; all the prisoners arrested in Dublin have been committed for trial for high treason.

THE CONFEDERATE LOAN. The Morning Star having included Mr. Gladstone's name in the Confederate loan list, and called upon him for an explanation, publishes the following laconic telegram from that gentleman at Liverpool: "The Chancellor of the Exchequer to the Editor of the Star: 'I see my name placed on the Confederate loan list; please remove it.'"

Laird, the rebel ram builder, denies that he ever was interested in any way in the Confederate loan. The publication of the list of Confederate loan holders in American papers received created some excitement in England.

Hon. Evelyn Ashley writes to the Times that at no time had he any share or interest in the Confederate loan. Mr. Ridout, proprietor of the Morning Post, writes to that journal that he never had and never offered for any of the loan, and that if the rest of the list be like that which refers to him, there is no dependence, to be placed upon it.

Saturday's Circular of the evening of the 4th says: "During the past week transactions in American securities have not been so large or numerous as reported in our last, but still there has been a large amount of business during the week in 5-20's. In consequence of the high rate of money on the continent and here they gave way one per cent., but on to-day's news from America they have reacted, and close at 69 1/2 @ 69 3/4." An important American torpedo experiment took place at Chatham on the 4th, under the direction of Donald McKay and Mr. Bearley, in the presence of the Lords of the Admiralty.

THE RICE CROP.—From the Columbus Enquirer we clip the following valuable little article: "We regret to hear that the rice crop of Georgia this year will be almost an entire failure. In the region raising this crop the negroes have been free from compulsion during the whole year, and this failure of the rice crop is the first fruit (or lack of fruit) of the experiment of free black labor in Georgia."

We are permitted to make the following extract from a business letter from Savannah to a gentleman in this city. The letter is dated Savannah, September 28: "The freedmen have not done much raising rice this year. On the Ogeechee and Altamaha Rivers the usual crop before the war was about 600,000 bushels; this year it will not be over 10,000 or 12,000 bushels. On the Savannah, before the war, the usual crop was 800,000 bushels; this year it will be about 10,000—not enough to feed those who made it six months. East India rice is now selling here at less than Savannah River rice. The East India rice and that raised here last year by the freedmen is very inferior indeed."

The Cape Fear.—Here on the Cape Fear River, where formerly a very large crop of rice was usually raised, we know that last Spring several rice planters entered into agreements with Government agents for the employment of "freedmen" to cultivate their rice; the labor was furnished. Shortly after the rice was planted, and at the most critical time, these rice planters found themselves destitute of any labor at all, and were compelled to abandon their crops entirely. The result is, that not enough rice will be made on the Cape Fear the present year for seed for an ordinary "freedmen" labor. We can only hope for better luck next time.—Wilmington Journal, 17th.

## INTERESTING CORRESPONDENCE BETWEEN GRANT AND SHERMAN.

GENERAL GRANT TO GENERAL SHERMAN. On the 4th of March, at Nashville, Major-General Grant received telegraphic orders to report in person at Washington. Congress had passed an act authorizing the appointment of a Lieutenant-General to command the armies of the United States, and the President had nominated General Grant for the appointment. Before starting on his journey, Grant seized his pen, and in the very moment of his greatest elevation, filled with generosity towards those others to whose exertions he modestly chose to ascribe his own deserved reward, hastily wrote these touching lines: "DEAR SHERMAN: The bill reviving the grade of Lieutenant-General in the army has become a law, and my name has been sent to the Senate for the place. I now receive orders to report to Washington immediately in person, which indicate a confirmation, or a likelihood of confirmation. "I start in the morning to comply with the order."

While I have been eminently successful in this war, in a great measure, the confidence of the public, no one feels more than I how much of this success is due to the energy, skill, and the harmonious putting forth of that energy and skill, of those whom it has been my good fortune to have occupying subordinate positions under me. "There are many officers to whom these remarks are applicable to a greater or less degree, proportionate to their ability as soldiers; but what I want is to express my thanks to you and McPherson, as the men to whom, above all others, I feel indebted for whatever I have had of success. "How far your advice and assistance have been of help to me, you know. How far your execution of whatever has been given you to do entitles you to the reward I am receiving, you cannot know as well as I. "I feel all the gratitude this letter would express, giving it the most flattering construction. "The word you use in the plural, intending it for McPherson also. I should write to him, and will, some day; but, starting in the morning, I do not know that I will find time just now. "Your friend, U. S. GRANT, Major-General."

GENERAL SHERMAN'S REPLY. Sherman received this letter near Memphis on the 10th of March, and immediately replied: "DEAR GENERAL: I have your more than kind and characteristic letter of the 4th inst. I will send a copy to General McPherson at once. "You do yourself injustice, and us too much honor in assigning to us too large a share of the merits which have led to our high advancement. I know you approve the friendship I have ever professed to you, and will permit me to continue, as heretofore, to manifest it on all proper occasions. "You are now Washington's legitimate successor, and occupy a position of almost dangerous elevation; but if you can continue, as heretofore, to be yourself, simple, honest, and unpretending, you will enjoy through life the respect and love of friends and the homage of millions of human beings, that will award you a large share in securing to them and their descendants a government of law and liberty. "I repeat, you do General McPherson and myself too much honor. At Belmont you manifested your traits—neither of us being near. At Donelson, also, you illustrated your whole character. I was not near, and General McPherson in too subordinate a capacity to influence you. "Until you had won Donelson, I confess I was almost cowed by the terrible array of anarchical elements that presented themselves at every point; but that admitted a ray of light I have followed since. "I believe you are as brave, patriotic, and just as the great prototype, Washington—as unselfish, but kind-hearted, and honest as a man should be; but the chief characteristic is the simple faith in success you have always manifested, which I can liken to nothing else than the faith a Christian has in the Saviour. "This faith gave you a victory at Shiloh and Vicksburg. Also, when you have completed your preparation, you go into battle without hesitation, as at Chattanooga—no doubts—no reserves; and I tell you, it was this that made us act with confidence. I knew, wherever I was, that you thought of me, and if I got in a tight place you would help me out, if alive. "My only point of doubt was in your knowledge of grand strategy, and of books of science and history; but I confess your common sense seems to have supplied all these. "Now as to the future. Don't stay in Washington. Come West; take to yourself the whole Mississippi Valley. Let us make it dead sure—and I tell you the Atlantic slopes and the Pacific shores will follow its destiny as sure as the limbs of a tree move with the main trunk. We have done five or six with the main trunk. Time and time's influences are with us. We could almost afford to sit still and let these influences work. "Here lies the seat of the coming empire; and from the West, when our task is done, we will make short work of Charleston and Richmond and the impoverished coast of the Atlantic. "Your sincere friend, W. T. SHERMAN."

AFFAIRS IN LOUDON COUNTY, VA.—A letter from Leesburg, Va., to the Alexandria Gazette, contains the following: "Our corn crops are magnificent, and the lamentation that there are no hogs to eat it; these animals bring fabulous prices, I suppose from \$14 to \$16 per hundred pounds, and at public sales even more. Corn will not rule higher than \$3 per bushel (of five bushels), and probably in the country south of Leesburg and Snickersville turpentine road not more than \$2.50. "The wheat crop in quantity and quality is very indifferent, and first rate flour very hard to get. Butter is retained at from 37 1/2 to 40 cents in Leesburg. Apples there are none; peaches a pretty fair crop, and oats abundant, considering the quantity sown. Sheep bring \$7 to \$12 at sales, and the meat question is assuming a serious aspect for those who have not learned to do without it."

In the opening address of President READE, of the North Carolina Convention, we find this thrilling passage: "Fellow-citizens, we are going home. Let painful reflections upon our late separation, and pleasant memories of our early union, quicken our footsteps towards the old mansion, that we may grasp hard again the hand of friendship which stands at the door; and, sheltered by the old homestead, which was built upon the rock and was weathered the storm, enjoy together the long, bright future which awaits us."

Mr. JOHN HOPPY, of the Nashville Banner, gives the following humorous description of his journeyings after a pardon: "Had a personal interview with the Chief Magistrate, and asked him for a small pardon, if he had any more left. Chief Magistrate wanted to know what position I held in the rebel army. The answer was faint, somewhat hesitating, and a little shaky. I said 'Quartermaster.' Chief Magistrate chuckled and turned his head to conceal a sardonic smile. 'My ancient and venerable friend,' he said, 'if you think that your department of the rebellion endangered the Union cause, your innocence is a pardon in itself.'"

We understand that General L. C. BAKER, Chief Detective of the War Department, is about to publish a full history of the records of the secret service of the Government, not only embracing the proceedings of his own bureau, but those pertaining to all offices belonging to the detective service of the Government.

'TIS NOT A FABLE.—The immense and universal demand for the Fragrant Scorzopone, is a marvel in the annals of dentistry! It exceeds that of all other dentifrices combined. Neither acid from the stomach, nor any other corresponding element generated by indigestion, can affect a set of teeth regularly purified by this Fragrant Vegetable, antiseptic and preservative.

## OUR SLATE IS BROKEN!

QUESTION.—STEELE, HAVE YOU GOT SO AND SO? Answer.—Yes. Well, put me up one of the best. The HATS or CAPS being put up, customer says: STEELE, I know that you do a CASH BUSINESS, but I have not the money; make a memorandum on the Slate, and I will call in to-day, or to-morrow morning, and pay you—and the probability is that a dozen duns will not bring the money. To all such, STEELE would impart the information that "Our Slate is Broken," and can't be mended. October 21

## LEONARD CHAPIN, COMMISSION MERCHANT

AND DEALER IN COACHES, ROCKAWAYS, CABRIOLETS, BUGGIES, SULKIES, CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES, HARNESS, WHIPS, &c. Every variety of VEHICLE furnished to order at Manufacturer's prices.

## CONSIGNMENTS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION RECEIVED AND SOLD TO BEST ADVANTAGE.

L. CHAPIN, CHARLESTON. Nos. 14 and 16 Hayne, and Nos. 33 and 35 Pinckney-streets, Rear of Charleston Hotel. October 18

## CLOTHING! CLOTHING!!

FRANCIS MURPHY, WHOLESALE DEALER IN CLOTHING,

NO. 161 MEETING-STREET, HAS OPENED A

Full Assortment of FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING

Of All Qualities.

From long experience in the business in this City, and this house being a branch of one of the LARGEST CLOTHING HOUSES

in New York, and the Stock being got up expressly for THIS MARKET,

to supply the wants of COUNTRY DEALERS,

I feel confident there is nothing wanting to Please the Purchaser.

I will sell these Goods at New York Prices.

CALL AND EXAMINE THE STOCK AND PRICES. October 6

## CLOTHING! CLOTHING! CLOTHING!

THE SUBSCRIBERS RESPECTFULLY INFORM THE citizens of Charleston, and the public generally, that they can be found at the OLD STAND, No. 213 KING-STREET, under the Victoria Hotel, where they offer for sale one of the largest assortments of READY-MADE CLOTHING in the city, suitable for Men's, Boys' and Children's Wear.

ALSO, A good stock of GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS. All of which they will sell at prices to suit the times. Please call and examine our Stock. GEORGE LITTLE & CO., No. 213 King-street, Under the Victoria Hotel. October 7

## EATON'S NEW ARITHMETICS.

I.—PRIMARY, 100 PAGES—BEAUTIFULLY ILLUSTRATED—POSTAGE FIVE CENTS.

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THESE BOOKS SET FORTH THE MOST THOROUGH AND SCIENTIFIC SYSTEM OF ARITHMETIC FOR SCHOOLS, which has ever appeared in this country. Though very recently published, they have been already adopted in Boston, New Haven, Conn., Toledo, Ohio, Burlington, Indiana, and many other important places in all parts of the country. They are adopted for exclusive use in the State of California, by the State Board of Education.

"Your Committee thinks EATON'S the best series of Arithmetics to be had at the present time." (Boston Text Book Committee, 1864.) "I believe EATON'S 'High School' far surpasses any work of its kind." (ALBERT G. FERRISS, Principal of the Lawrence High School.) "EATON'S series of Arithmetics, so far as examined, receive the unqualified approbation of all Teachers." (S. M. SHEPHERD, Principal of San Juan Public School, Cal.) "EATON'S Arithmetics are everywhere received with great favor." (J. C. PELTON, Superintendent of Schools, San Francisco, Cal.) "EATON'S 'Intellectual Arithmetic' is, unquestionably, a work of rare merit. I am fully convinced that it has no superior and no equal." (HON. JOHN D. PHILLIP, Superintendent of Schools, Boston.) "I consider EATON'S far superior to any series of Arithmetics with which I am acquainted." (E. T. QUINN, Professor of Mathematics, Dartmouth College, N. H.) "Altogether, these Arithmetics are the most satisfactory that have fallen under our notice." (REV. LYMAN COLEMAN, D. D., Philadelphia.)

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THE UNDERSIGNED KEEPS A STOCK OF THESE ARITHMETICS ALWAYS ON HAND. JAMES R. BIGELOW, BOOKSELLER, 249 KING-STREET, CHARLESTON. October 12

## Gunny Cloth.

20 BALES GUNNY CLOTH 2 McCarthy Gins. For sale by FERGUSON & BARKER, No. 4 Brown's Wharf. October 21

## RIBBONS, HOSIERY, GLOVES, &c., &c.

25 CARTONS WHITE, BLACK AND COLORED TAFFETA HIBBON 25 cartons Black and White Bonnet Ribbons 25 cartons Fancy Bonnet Ribbons 200 dozen Ladies' White Cotton Hose 200 dozen Gent's Brown Half Hose 100 dozen Ladies' and Gent's Gloves 50 dozen Gent's Merino Vests Prints, DeLaines, Bleached Longcloths. Received per Steamer Alhambra, and for sale by W. T. BURGE & CO., No. 2 HAYNE-STREET, Immediately opp. Messrs. G. W. Williams & Co. October 20

## AITKIN, NOYES AND JOHNSTON,

NO. 159 MEETING-STREET, IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS.

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CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES BLANKETS AND FLANNELS CLOAKS AND SHAWLS DELAINES AND PRINTS FRENCH MERINOS PLAIN AND PLAID LINSEYS ENGLISH DRESS GOODS IRISH LINENS BROWN & BLEACHED SHIRTINGS OPERA FLANNELS SATINETTS AND KERSEYS TICKS AND STRIPES. ALSO, A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

## OPERA HOODS, SCARFS, SHAWLS, Sontags and Nubias.

ALSO, A COMPLETE STOCK OF FANCY GOODS,

TO WHICH WE INVITE THE ATTENTION OF THE TRADE. October 19

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NO. 219 KING STREET, WEST SIDE, ONE DOOR SOUTH OF MARKET.

HAS OPENED A FULL ASSORTMENT OF FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING,

WHICH HE OFFERS AT MODERATE PRICES.

THE TAILORING DEPARTMENT supplied with CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES, which will be made up in the best manner. October 10

## ADVANCES MADE ON WATCHES, DIAMONDS, JEWELRY, DRY GOODS AND PERSONAL PROPERTY OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

WILLIAM H. DEVLIN, No. 6 BEAUFAIN-STREET. Cheap Watches for Sale. 60 September 30 1mo\*

FOR LIVERPOOL.—THE BRITISH BARK "ECHO," Captain John Wilbert, has a portion of her cargo ready, and will have all possible dispatch. For freight, apply to GIBBES & CO., October 21 Adger's South Wharf.

FOR LIVERPOOL.—THE A 1 BREMEN bark CASILDA, Bohmer master, having a large portion of her cargo engaged, will meet with quick dispatch. For freight, apply to C. O. WHITE, October 19 corner East Bay and N. Atlantic wharf.

FOR LIVERPOOL.—THE BRITISH bark JOHN RICHARDS, Capt. L. C. Gouprex, has half her cargo engaged, and will receive immediate dispatch. For freight, apply to R. Q. FISHER, October 16 No. 7 Vanderhorst's Wharf.

FOR LIVERPOOL, VIA NEW YORK. FOR FREIGHT. "THE MERCHANTS' LINE OF FIRST CLASS SAILING PACKETS," VIA NEW YORK. Take Freight to Liverpool. Shippers of Cotton and other produce from the interior of South Carolina and Georgia can have their consignments to me forwarded, free of commission, by the above line. Only actual charges named. All Railroad Freight and other charges advanced shippers. Freight to New York and engagements to Liverpool made at lowest rates by sailing Ships or Steamers. Present rates to Liverpool, by ship, 15 to 16-32 penny; steamer, 7-16 to 15 penny—all comprises. The B. N. HAWKINS, of this Line, is now loading. Capacity 1000 bales Cotton, or 4000 bbls. Flour. Apply to the agent at Charleston, S. C., WILLIAM ROACH, North cor. East Bay and Boyce & Co.'s South Wharves. Agents at New York—N. L. McCREADY & CO., No. 36 South-street. Advances made on consignments of Cotton to SPOT-FORD, TILSTON & CO., New York, or through them to their friends in Liverpool. September 25 1 tuths 13

FOR NEW YORK.—STAR LINE. The A 1 fast sailing Schr. MOTT DEDELL, Capt. Simonsen, will have immediate dispatch for the above port. For Freight or Passage, apply to D. J. STURGES, October 17 No. 16 Vendue Range.

FOR NEW YORK.—THE SCHR. MAZYCK, 750 barrels capacity, will have immediate dispatch for New York. For Freight apply to WILLIS & CHISOLM, Atlantic Wharf. October 9

FOR BALTIMORE.—THE SCHR. SEBENE, 900 bbls. capacity, will have immediate dispatch for Baltimore. For Freight, apply to WILLIS & CHISOLM, Atlantic Wharf. October 9

FOR NEW YORK. THE REGULAR UNITED STATES MAIL LINE OF FIRST-CLASS STEAMSHIPS: GRANADA, QUAKER CITY, ALHAMBRA, ANDALUSIA.

THE ALHAMBRA, CAPTAIN BENSON, WILL LEAVE BROWN & CO.'S WHARF, ON SATURDAY, 21st of October at 8.30 A. M. precisely. For Freight or Passage, having HANDSOME ACCOMMODATIONS, apply to RAVENEL & CO., Agents, South corner of East Bay and Vanderhorst's Wharf. October 19

New York and Charleston PEOPLE'S STEAMSHIP COMPANY. Leaving each Port every Alternate Thursday.

STEAMSHIP EMILY D. SOUDER, CAPT. R. W. LOCKWOOD. STEAMSHIP MONEKA, CAPT. C. P. MARSHMAN.

THESE STEAMSHIPS, OFFERING EVERY INDUCEMENT TO SHIPPERS AND THE TRAVELING PUBLIC, having superior accommodations for Passengers, with tables supplied by every luxury the New York and Charleston markets can afford; and for safety, speed and comfort are unrivaled on the coast.

THE NEW STEAMSHIP MONEKA, CAPT. C. P. MARSHMAN, Will leave Accommodation Wharf on Thursday, October 26th, at Three o'clock, P. M. precisely. For Freight or Passage apply at the office of the Agents, WILLIS & CHISOLM, North Atlantic Wharf. October 21

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IT CONSISTS OF SEVENTY-TWO PARTS OXIDE OF IRON, and twenty-eight parts CEMENT LIME STONE in the one hundred pounds. It has much more body than Red or White Lead, it is warranted perfectly water and fire proof, and to withstand a greater heat on metals, without scaling, than any other Paint in use. It is a perfect cover for all kinds of Iron, Tin or Wood-work, Out-houses and Canvas Coverings. It prevents and arrests the corrosion of metals, and is not affected by the action of salt, gases, acids or ammonia. This paint requires no more oil than dry lead or zinc, and much less than the ordinary mineral paints. It is free from any waste, and possesses a spreading and covering power unequalled. Terms.—By barrel or half barrel, five cents per pound. CAMERON & BARKLEY, Agents, September 8 fhw No. 142 Meeting-street.

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ORDERS MAY BE ADDRESSED TO THE NEW YORK AGENCY, or left at the Slate Yard of DEMAREST & RUMLEY, on East Bay, between a Water-work and Hazard street, who are the only agents in Charleston authorized to receive orders for Slate from the above-named Quarries. 2mo\* September 29

NOTICE.—I, MATILDA FINLEY, WIFE OF JAMES FINLEY, late a Shoe Dealer in Market-street, Charleston, S. C., hereby give notice that in one month from this date, I intend to do business as a SOLE TRADER. MATILDA FINLEY, September 29