THURSDAY MORNING, APRIL 25, 1872.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Greenville and Columbia Railroad will be held in the city of Columbia on Thursday, to allow the management of the Presidential 2nd of May next. Attention is directed to the advertisement in another column.

Sent to the Asylum.

During the past week, a young man named Wm. A. Sanders, of this county, and S. B. Hawley, a resident of this town, have been sent very clear to us that the reorganization of the to the Lunatic Asylum.

The Weather.

bright and altogether seasonable. Slight frosts icals, in the parcelling of nominations for State are reported on Tuesday morning, and a pas- officers; and in the event of a split, the nomisenger from Walhalla states that there was a considerable frost at that point yesterday morn- wing or the other of the Republicans. It would

Our friend, Capt. Thos. P. Benson, having purchased the interest of Mr. F. M. Pope in the new Drug Store, the business will hereafter be conducted under the name and style of Benson & Sharpe. All who are acquainted with Capt. Benson will feel assured that there will be no diminution of energy or application to business by this change of firm, and we trust that Mr. Pope will find it agreeable and profitable to continue in our midst, as we would be loth to part with him as a citizen and mer-

Tableaux and Concert.

Another exhibition will be given at the Masonic Hall on this (Thursday) evening, for the benefit of the Baptist Sunday School. An entire change of programme, and the reduction of admission fee to 25 cents, should induce a large attendance of our citizens. We hope to see the Hall crowded, as we are assured that the entertainment will be both pleasing and gratifying. The proceeds of these exhibitions are to be devoted to the purchase of a musical instrument.

Decoration Day.

It has been suggested that a meeting be held at an early day to make arrangements for the decoration of the soldiers' graves on the 10th of May next. This is the day observed last year, and is the anniversary of Stonewall Jackson's death. We trust that the ladies will at once agree upon the time and place of meeting, in order to perfect the arrangements for this solemn tribute to the memories of our Confederate heroes, many of whom lie entombed in our quiet churchyards.

The Wheat Crop.

Mr. R. M. Burns, who lives near Pendleton, sends us a few stalks of wheat, averaging thirty inches in length. It is the same variety which adelphia next month, we notice the name of took the premium at the last Fair. Mr. Burns Dr. T. A. Evins, of Anderson. Dr. Evins and informs us that the wheat crop in that section bids fair to make a good yield, and from other County in the State Medical Association. The sources we learn that the prospect is generally next annual meeting will be held in Charleston favorable throughout the County. It is to be on the second Tuesday in April, 1873. regretted, however, that the reports indicate the fact that only a small area of ground has been devoted to wheat by the farmers.

Before the Supreme Court.

the death of many persons, thus not only affectments were full of research and learning."

A Terrible Tornado.

A severe storm of wind and rain visited this section on last Thursday afternoon, although we hear of no serious damage resulting therefrom in this or neighboring Counties. Trees were approoted, in some instances, and the passenger train over the Blue Ridge Railroad was hindered for a short time that evening by the tops of trees blown and reaching across the but his nomination elicited considerable oppotrack. Other portions of the State were not so sition. The resolutions adopted endorse the fortunate, however, in escaping the fury of the tornado's desolating touch. The inhabitants | Caldwell, declare in favor of a general amnesty, | We make the following summary of cases beof Chester County are especially entitled to our | and take a wide range in behalf of public | fore the United States Circuit Court during the sympathies, as dwelling-houses were swept away schools. Nearly a thousand delegates are said past week: in their midst, and other serious injuries inflicted upon persons and property-a full ac- and good order prevailed. The Charlotte Decount of which will be found in another column. In Columbia, likewise, the gusts of wind did some damage to buildings in course of erection, including the new market building, Philadelphia Convention were appointed, and which was nearly finished, and which was an adjournment took place on Thursday even- draw the charge of murder, when the prisoners completely destroyed. The huge timbers were broken and rendered useless, and the whole structure will have to be rebuilt.

The Trade in Fertilizers.

Upon careful inquiry, we have ascertained from the dealers in fertilizers that eleven hundred and eighty-five tons of the various commercial manures have been sold in this market during the season now closing. The average price is about \$62 per ton, and this would make A large portion of the sales have been made F. E. Harrison. upon time, and we presume that nearly \$50,000 remains unpaid. Esitmating the cotton crop, upon which these fertilizers will mostly be used, at 10,000 bales for this County, and as- in September next. suming the price to be realized at 20 cents per invested in fertilizers. Our farmers, as a general rule, are making the strongest efforts to increase the production of cotton, and with favorable seasons and an average crop, we are inclined to think that the use of fertilizers will augment their profits next fall. At least, we sincefely hope that there will be no cause of regret for this extraordinary investment.

Course of things. Is there no way to stop it? Could not Judge Orr and a few others of our leading men do something for these counties by interface to the production of cotton, and with hard the use of fertilizers will augment their profits next fall. At least, we sincefely hope that there will be no cause of regret for this extraordinary investment.

Course of things. Is there no way to stop it? Could not Judge Orr and a few others of our leading men do something for these counties by interface the hard for conspiracy and murder, was taken up. The government abandoned the murder charge, and the trial for conspiracy bemarks as the production of cotton, and with hose counties as well as in other places in the State, but not lately, and what is to be gained by this persistent persecution of the whites?—This wholesale imprisonment of communities? There is a great wrong sometier, where in this thing, and some one outgates communities the profits next fall. At least, we should at a finite or the profits next of the beauting of these counties by interfaction to stimute the profits next of the sands while keeping on the 15th houses of any of our readers are destitute of these counties as well as in other places in the State, but not lately, and what is to be gained by this persistent persecution of the whites?—This wholesale imprisonment of communities? There is a great wrong sometier, while keeping on the and a file of July.

Ex-Senator Van Winkle, of Vest Virgin, and the trial for conspiracy be murder therefore the sands who voted against the imperior to the Kichmond and Atlanta Air to be beginned to their own by the counties of the beauty of the outer of

The Democratic Party of this State.

The Winnsboro News favors a reorganization

of the Democratic party of South Carolina,

and wants to see a representation in the ap-

proaching National Democratic Convention. We cannot agree with the proposition just our judgment, for the Democrats of this State question to be manipulated by others, and to keep aloof from all entangling alliances at this Liberal Republican party in this State, the Democrats stand no chance of making their power felt in the Electoral College, and it is Democratic party, in advance of all other political movements, would again cement the Republicans in a solid phalanx. It is barely possible Yesterday was a beautiful day, clear and that a division may be created among the Radnee of the Cincinnati Convention may take one then be time enough to consider the propriety of marshalling the Democratic forces to the support of the least objectionable candidates. We are strongly in favor of keeping perfectly quiet, and awaiting the results of the next two or three months. The Democrats have been in no hurry to develope their aims in those States where they are in the majority, and it would time. Should the nominee at Cincinnati be likely to win the race for President, we have no lican party in this State. All of the leading Republicans are not committed to the support of Grant, and it is within the bounds of reason date, if there is a strong probability of success on that side. In any event, the Democrats are earnestly recommend.

State Medical Association.

This body met in Columbia on the 16th inst., and continued in session two days. The meeting was very interesting to the medical fraternity, many of the delegates present reporting cases of an unusual nature, which evoked dis-cussion among the members. The following or in the preacher will be rewarded with an officers were chosen to serve the ensuing year:

President-Dr. John T. Darby, Columbia. Vice Presidents-Dr. J. McIntosh, Newberry; Dr. T. A. Evins, Anderson; Dr. C. H. Ladd, Winnsboro.

Recording Secretary-Dr. T. Grange Simons, Charleston.

Corresponding Secretary-Dr. S. Baruch

Treasurer-Dr. F. L. Parker, Charleston. Among the delegates appointed to the American Medical Association, which meets in Phil-Dr. W. H. Nardin were the delegates from this

The Laurens Prisoners.

The examination of the persons arrested in Laurens County, for alleged violations of the Enforcement Act, began in Columbia on the The case of the State vs. George W. Rankin 16th instant, before United States Commiswas argued before the Supreme Court on last sioner Boozer, and continued for several days. Monday, on an appeal from the Circuit Court. | After the examination of several colored wit-Messrs. McGowan and Thos. Thomson appeared nesses, the prisoners from Clinton were comfor the appellant, and Messrs. J. P. Reed and mitted for trial at the present term of the B. F. Whitner for the State. The Columbia United States Court in Charleston. In the Union, in reporting the proceedings, says: cases of Dr. Thos. McCoy, Maj. John A. Le-"This case was of usual interest, it being an land, Capt. Alex. McCarley and Dr. Wm. E. appeal from the Circuit Court for Anderson Black, all prominent citizens of Laurens C. H., County, from the conviction of the defendant several witnesses were examined, and the defor a nuisance—charging the same with having fendants remanded for trial at the present destroyed the health of the vicinity and caused | term. By consent of counsel, the remaining cases were continued until Friday, 26th inst., ing the property of appellant, but touching his at which time the examination will take place. character as to his moral responsibility for Col. B. S. Jones and H. W. Anderson, Esq. such serious results. Hence able counsel rep- have been admitted to bail in the sum of \$3,000 resented the appeal on both sides, and argu- each, to appear at any time they are called for. Mr. R. E. Ellison has been discharged on his furnished with the tariff of rates, viz: To New own recognizance, as no evidence has been adduced to sustain the charges against him.

North Carolina. The Republican State Convention met in Raleigh on Wednesday, 17th inst., for the purpose of nominating candidates for State officers to be elected next August. Gov. Tod R. Caldwell was re-nominated by a handsome majority, administrations of President Grant and Gov. to have been present, and much enthusiasm spatch says this Convention is believed to be the most respectable and intelligent Radical body ever assembled in the South. Delegates to the

The Democratic Conservative State Convention will meet at Greensboro on Wednesday York, indicted for conspiracy, pleaded guilty manipulated by the army ring in the interests and were remanded for sentence.

The Democratic Constitution of Wednesday and Wednesday in the interests and were remanded for sentence.

Delegates to the General Assembly.

At the recent meeting of the South Carolina Presbytery, held at Abbeville C. H., the following delegates to the General Assembly were chosen, viz: Rev. D. E. Frierson, Rev. John B.

The next regular meeting of the Presbytery will be held at Richland Church, in Oconee County, on Thursday before the fifth Sabbath

pound, we have an expenditure of nearly 10 per cent. for the use of fertilizers. The estimated yield and price of cotton is at the maximum figures, we presume, and of course a re-That nice little man Hubbard has put

"Ministerial Consecration." The Abbeville Press and Banner publishes in

full the admirable sermon of Rev. D. E. Frier-

son, of Anderson, on the subject of "Ministerial

Consecration," delivered by previous appointment of the Presbytery at its late session in that | derous document, as follows: now, and beg leave to enter a dissent to the town. In expressing its pleasure at re-produagitation of this question. It is preferable, in cing the sermon without abridgment, our cotemporary says: It was listened to with great interest by a large audience, and has received high commendations in all quarters, and by the best judges. It does equal credit to the head and heart of particular juncture. Without the creation of a the gifted speaker, whilst it presents the moforces the grave duties and weighty responsi-bilities of the Gospel ministry, with an earnest and persuasive eloquence. We esteem it a and persuasive eloquence. We esteem it a privilege to extend its influence beyond the occasion which called a forth—to give it a larger field, and more lasting operation. In addition to this emphatic commendation,

we append the remarks of the Abbeville Medium, which are equally appreciative and laudatory of this able effort:

It has rarely been our pleasure to listen to a more complete and impressive piece of pulpit eloquence, and, we speak the mind of all who heard it, when we say that it was a master-piece of eloquence, logic and rhetoric. The sermon was sober, correct and brilliant; earnest, calm and reasonable; wonderfully pointed and persuasive. The speaker made some elegant points upon the magnitude of the preacher's office— an office compared with which all other offices sink into insignificance; an office claiming the sanction, fostering care and blessing of God. That the gospel was the life-boat of humanity, appear to be suicidal for us to attempt any God the helms-man and the minister a supermovement of the character indicated at this cargo. That the salvation of a minister depended upon his efforts-his work, and hence the necessity for the employment of all his powers, mental and physical. The position of doubt as to the formation of a Liberal Repub- the minister to the world urged a greater consecration to his work, a more earnest striving for the salvation of souls. The duties of the minister are great in their nature and great in their proper fulfilment. The necessity of earto suppose that the rank and file would flock nestness, at this time, apparent—the world advancing in science, philosophy, &c., and science when not properly directed a fee to christianity. The Gospel addresses not merely the intellect, but begs for an entrance at the soul. Religion not likely to lose anything by possessing their objective is the voice of the eternities. That souls in patience, and this course we would one trait in the character of the minister should be manliness of soul and endeavor. A meagre support should be compensated for by the vintage of souls. The duties of ministers to men containing, in their right fulfilment, a proper return for the crosses and burdens of the ministerial life, in the salvation of the souls of men jewels, seals of a consecrated, self-denying life. That earnest preaching is the biggest necessity of the day; that lukewarmness will not earthly and a heavenly approbation. We can give nothing like a correct synopsis of Mr. Frierson's sermon, and what we have said must suffice. The sermon was one of marked ability; originality of thought and fervid utterance. It will bear its fruits.

The Rural Carolinian.

One of the most graceful and deserved compliments we have lately observed is the following notice of the above named sterling monthly, which we copy from the last number of The Plantation, published at Atlanta, Ga., and one of the most welcome exchanges upon our list. Its unstinted praise of the Rural Carolinian is generous, well-timed and entirely appropriate: "We observe that this valuable monthly con-

tinues its march of improvement. Besides the ordinary subjects discussed in agricultural journals, it has two departments, both conducted by eminent men-one a department of Applied Chemistry and Mineralogy, conducted by C. U. Shephard, jr., assisted by his distinguished father, whose reputation is European as well as American; the other department is one of Natural History, conducted by the well-known Entomologist, Mr. Charles R. Dodge, of the Bureau of Agriculture, Washington.

"When one of our cotemporaries displays this liberal spirit, and invests so large an amount of capital, as has occurred in the case of the Rural Carolinian, we think that it is a proper subject of comment and favorable notice. The price of this valuable monthly journal is but two dollars per annum. Our readers cannot use that sum more wisely than by subscribing for it. Address, Walker, Evans & Cogswell, Charleston, S. C.

Through Tickets.

Through tickets to prominent cities are for sale at the Anderson Depot, and we have been York, via Danville or Raleigh, \$31.85; New York, via Charleston, \$27.25; Philadelphia, \$29.85; Baltimore, \$27.85; Washington, \$27.10; Richmond, \$24.20; Petersburg, \$24.20; Portsmouth, \$24.20; Raleigh, 20.25; Wilmington, \$15.85; Charleston, \$11.55; Augusta, \$10.25. Half tickets are likewise sold at one-half the above rates. Arrangements are made to check baggage through to the various points, and every facility afforded for the convenience of

THE KU KLUX TRIALS IN CHARLESTON .-

Leander Spencer and William Smith, charged with conspiracy and murder of Charlie Good, that many prominent Radicals have repented were arraigned and tried on Tuesday. The jury remained in session eighteen hours, and finally disagreed upon the murder count in the becoming alarmed at the feeling which is indictment, when they were discharged and the prisoners remanded for another trial. Subsequently, the government consented to withpleaded guilty of conspiracy and were reman-

ded for sentence.

George S. Wright and John C. Robinson, of

Elijah Ross Sapaugh, of York, indicted at the last term of the Court for conspiracy against tionary States. Thomas Roundtree and others, and for the murder of Thos. Roundtree on the 3rd of December, 1870, was arraigned on Friday, when the defendant pleaded not guilty. The case went to the jury at ten o'clock that night, and after an absence of one hour, the jury returned price is about \$62 per ton, and this would make an investment of \$73,570 for Anderson County. Adger, D. D., H. L. McGowan, Esq., and Col. a verdict of guilty, with a recommendation to the clemency of the Court and the Executive. Counsel for the defendant entered a motion in

arrest of judgment.

Mr. John P. Hood, of York, charged with conspiracy, was admitted to bail in the sum of \$10,000 on Friday.

On Saturday, there were no trials, in consequence of the defendants pleading guilty in

each case. These were Elijah Bennett, James

Gen. Grant's Attack on South Carolina.

upon a portion of the country he is sworn to

defend. The document bears more of the im-

press of the reckless assertions of a stump

orator than the magnanimous policy of a just

ruler, and from the extravagance of the charges

it is quite evident that this State paper is pre-

against the people which he has, in the opinion

of many prominent men of his own party,

secure a re-election by arousing hostilities.

The vindictiveness of this document caused a

universal feeling of disgust to pervade the

House, and led some of the Democratic mem-

bers to stigmatize its assertions as untrue, and

the failure of any of the Republican side to attempt its vindication is undoubted evidence

of the want of belief in the charges and their

utter destitution of defence. No attempt was

made to debate, but the Democrats gave notice

that they would at the proper time entirely re-fute each statement made, and would by a

production of the proof show the degrading position in which the President had placed

himself. The slander-for the message is noth-

condition of lawlessness and terror existed, I requested the then Attorney-General (Akerman) to visit the State, and after personal ex-

amination to report to me the facts in relation

to the subject. On the 16th of October last he

addressed a communication from South Caro-

lina, in which he stated that in the counties of

Spartanburg, York, Chester, Union, Laurens, Newberry, Fairfield, Lancaster and Chester-

field there were combinations for the purpose

of preventing the free political actions of citi-

zens who were friendly to the Constitution and

the government of the United States, and of depriving the emancipated class of the equal protection of the laws. These combinations

embrace at least two-thirds of the active white men of those counties, and have the sympathy

and countenance of the majority of the other

third. They are connected with similar com-

binations in other counties and States, and no

doubt are part of a grand system of criminal

associations pervading most of the Southern States. The members are bound to obedience

and secrecy by oaths which they are taught to regard as of higher obligation than the lawful

personal violence, often extending to mur-

in the State courts, and sometimes in the courts

inal violence perpetrated by these combinations

within the last twelve months in the above

hamed counties could be reckoned by thou-

I received information of a similar import

from various sources, among which were the

joint committee of Congress upon Southern

outrages, the officers of the State, the military

officers of the United States on duty in South

Carolina, the United States Attorney and Mar-

shal, and other officers of the government, re-

pentent and abjuring members of these unlaw-

ful organizations, persons specially employed

by the department of justice to detect crimes

against the United States, and from other cred-

ible sources. Most, if not all, of this informa-tion, except that I derived from the Attorney

General, came to me orally, and was to the

action not in accord with the views of the mem-

and had rendered the local law ineffectual to

protect the classes whom they desired to op-

press; that they had perpetrated many mur-

ders and hundreds of crimes of minor degree,

all of which were unpunished, and that wit-

nesses could not safely testify in courts there

unless the more active members were placed

It will thus be seen that a President of the

United States has descended to appear before

the country as the vindictive enemy of a help-

less people, and who, to achieve certain ends of

his own, is willing to destroy the social as well

mind, and by the aid of his reckless supporters

attempt to create anew the old feeling of sec-

tional hatred; and second, to force through the exhibition of this distorted picture the passage

of the extension of bayonet rule over the South.

It has been developed during the last few weeks

of placing so great power in the hands of such an indiscreet Chief Magistrate, and are also

arising at the prospect of forcing the election

of Grant at the point of the bayonet, and in

consequence this horrible picture is drawn to

increase the ill feeling of the Radical Congressmen, and induce them, while wholly under this feeling, to acquiesce in the wishes of the reck-

was referred to the Committee on the Insurrec-

- The Spartanburg Spartan says that Minor Parris, who has for many years attended to the

fishery of the Magnetic Iron Company, at

Cherokee Ford on Broad River, was in his boat

out in the stream a few days ago, when a party of Federal soldiers from the York side road up

and ordered him to halt, just as he was moving

for the Spartanburg shore where he lived.

Failing to halt his boat, a number of shots

were fired at him, some of which took effect and killed him. The soldiers were in quest of

Parris for alleged violations of the Ku Klux

- The Due West A. R. Presbyterian, in allud-

U. S. GRANT.

under restraint.

ple of South Carolina-is as follows:

The Tornado in Chester. The Washington correspondent of the New Special Telegrams to the Charleston Daily News. York World gives in full the message of President Grant, touching his conduct towards South

CHESTER, S. C., April 18. dent Grant, touching his conduct towards South Carolina and the reasons alleged therefor, to-gether with appropriate comments on this slan-in force and destructiveness anything before gether with appropriate comments on this slanexperienced in this vicinity. The main dam-Washington, April 19.

President Grant to-day stultified the position he holds by sending to the House a message giving the reasons which induced the suspension west to east. Not a house in this tract escaped sion of civil liberty in a portion of the State uninjured. Fifteen or twenty dwellings and of South Carolina, which amounts to nothing numberless kitchens and stables were levelled of South Carolina, which amounts to nothing less than a vindictive and outrageous attack

to the ground. The steam mill of W. R. Robertson is a total wreck. The dwellings of George McCormick, John McArthur, John Simpson, Mrs. Baird, Mrs. Sledge, William Quattlebaum, Mr. Caldwell, Mr. Stokes and others are entirely devel, Mr. Stokes and others are entirely developed. stroyed. No lives were lost. Several persons pared with the view of engendering bitter passions to affect the result of a political campaign. The broad and shameful charges made ing from the mill of W. R. Robertson, was picked up by the whirlwind and landed in an elm tree one hundred yards off. The damage oppressed unnecessarily, is only another proof of the desperate efforts that are to be made to The wind was accompanied with a violent

CHESTER, S. C., April 19. The total number of houses, of all kinds, entirely destroyed by the storm of yesterday afternoon, is sixty-two, and a great many other buildings are seriously damaged.

No person was killed. Paris A. Liles, David Jones, Lucy Jones and Pauline Stokes, all colored, were injured by falling houses; the

first named seriously. All the outbuildings on the plantation of Mrs. Gooch, four miles to the east of Chester, were entirely destroyed; also the otbuildings on the plantation of Mrs. Rodan, four miles to the west of the town. Miles of fence along

the track of the storm were levelled to the ing else but slanderous charges upon the peoground, and thousands of the largest fruit trees were torn up by the roots, and in many cases carried to considerable distance. The total loss To the House of Representatives:
In answer to the resolution of the House of cannot fall short of fifty thousand dollars, and Representatives of January 25, I have the honfalls mostly upon people in very limited ciror to submit the following, accompanied by the report of the Attorney-General, to whom the resolution was referred: cumstances. A public meeting of the citizens of the town, presided over by the Rev. L. C. Hinton, was held in the courthouse this afternoon. A com-Representations having been made to me that in certain portions of South Carolina a

mittee of fifteen was appointed to raise a fund for the relief of the sufferers, and a committee of five to ascertain the extent of the injury and the names of the needy, with instructions to report to an adjourned meeting of citizens tomorrow afternoon.

The house occupied by Judge Mackey was rendered almost entirely uninhabitable, and his furniture was badly damaged. The house was just in the track of the storm, but being a substantial house was not blown over.

The handsome grounds of Major George Melton were seriously injured by the uprooting of the large forest trees which constituted its chief attraction. ANOTHER ACCOUNT.

The Charlotte Daily Despatch has the folowing special telegram from Chester, dated April 19th, giving further particulars of the damage inflicted by the tornado:

Yesterday evening, about six o'clock, the most terrible tornado ever known in this section visited our town, doing a very great amount of damage, and inflicting an actual loss of over \$50,000. The tornado commenced at the old steam saw mill of Major Eaves, destroyoaths taken before civil magistrates; they are ing it and four or five houses belonging to colorganized and armed; they effect their objects ored persons. Moving on, it completely destroy ed the McNinch tan-yard, very badly damaged they terrify witnesses; they control juries the residence of Senator Wimbush, (colored,) destroying the outbuildings and sweeping away of the United States; systematic spying is one fences and uprooting trees. The watchman's of the means by which prosecution of the house at the depot was blown over and himself members is defeated. From information given by officers of the State and of the United and wife very much injured. William Quattle-baum's house was demolished, and Robertson's States, and by credible private citizens, I am justified in affirming that the instances of crimmill roof was blown off and his shed destroyed.

The Killian houses were very much injured. John McCaughran's dwelling was totally destroyed, and Mrs. Beard's house was blown to pieces. The Albright House, now occupied by Judge Mackey, was knocked into a cocked hat. John Simpson's house is very much damaged and his outbuildings a total wreck. Pagan's store is very much the worse for the storm, and Dr. A. H. Davega's house is a heap of ruins. feet, but I think no person was hurt. The houses of John Lilly, Archer Hogg, Emeline Morrison and the old Morrison place are all destroyed. The chimneys were blown off the Alexander House and the McAffee Hotel. The effect that said counties were under the sway of old hotel was very much injured, and the front

the powerful combinations popularly known as of Luck's store was blown down. the "Ku Klux Klan," the objects of which were by force and terror to prevent all political several will die from their injuries—so far as I have heard of, thirty-one being hurt. One nebers, to deprive colored citizens of the right to gro (Harrison Baily) was blown up into a tree bear arms and of the right to a free ballot, to standing about seventy-five feet from where the suppress schools in which colored children were wind struck him. Between thirty and forty houses are so badly injured as not to be inhabtaught, and to reduce the colored people to a condition closely akin to that of slaves; that these combinations were organized and armed, itable or are totally destroyed.

ITEMS-EDITORIAL AND OTHERWISE.

The fruit crop throughout the South promises to be an average one.

— Thirty families from Western North Carolina left last week for Colorado.

- The Dolly Varden epidemic is rapidly gaining ground all over the State. - The Mississippi Legislature has petitioned Congress to pass the supplemental civil rights

The Newberry Herald learns that meningetis still prevails in some portions of that county among the colored people.

— The Deaf and Dumb Asylum at Cedar as public standing of the citizens of a portion of the country. The intention of this "mes-sage" is two-fold: first, to inflame the public

Springs, in Spartanburg County, is about to be closed for the want of funds. The California Legislature has passed a Bill that "religion shall neither be taught nor

practiced in the public schools." — Rev. Mr. DuBose, of Darlington, left that place on Friday for China, where he is to em-

bark in missionary work. - A railroad is to be built between Lancas ter and Monroe, N. C. It will be the first rail-

road that ever approached Lancaster.

— In New York garden truck from the South begins to arrive, but prices are variable and high, green peas bringing \$10 per bushel. - Senator Davis, of Kentucky, is so much better that he hopes to resume his place in Washington before the adjournment of Con-

- The Columbia Phanix states that the town of Laurens is flooded with counterfeit money, supposed to have been left by Tennessee horse

- Hon. E. G. Cabiness, a prominent Georgian, died on the 17th inst. He was formerly chairman of the Democratic Executive Committee.

- Capt. G. W. Shell, a prominent citizen of Laurens, was arrested in that town on last Thursday, for alleged violation of the Enforcement Act. - Andrew Pickens Calhoun died recently at

the residence of his maternal grandfather, Gen. Duff Green, near Dalton, Ga. He was a grandson of John C. Calhoun.

- Arrangements are being made in Richmond, Va., for the reception of members of the International Typographical Union, which meets in that city on the 3rd of June.

- The Athens (Ga.) Watchman says that track laying on the Air Line Railroad is now progressing east of Gainesville, and it is said trains will be running to Jarrett's Bridge by the mid-

- The Chester Reporter records the death of Mr. Robert A. Pagan, after a brief illness. He was a soldier in the Mexican war, and was seriously wounded in the attack upon Chapulte-

pec. He likewise served the Confederacy from the beginning until the close of the war.

— Alexander Y. Lee, Esq., the well known architect, is about to make his permanent residence in Richmond, Va., where he will enter upon the duties of his profession. Mr. Lee has been favorably received in that city, and will undoubtedly succeed in whatever he may un-

dertake. - State Treasurer Parker has informed the School Commissioner of Charleston county that there is no probability of his being able to pay the draft for Charleston's quota of the school fund until the taxes have been collected next fall. The commissioner has, therefore, advised the Board of Trustees to close the schools.

- A circular from the Postmaster General states that, owing to the establishment of many new post offices throughout the country, in all cases the name of the County, as the Post Office and State, should be superscribed upon letters, circulars, newspapers and other matter to be forwarded by mail.

- The Northern papers are filled with glow-ing accounts of the Morse memorial meetings, which were held in most of the cities and larger towns throughout the Union. The occasion was one that took hold of the sympathies of all classes in all parts of the country. name of Morse will be linked with that of Franklin, as a household world for all time to

 It is stated by Republican members of Congress that the President is very anxious to adopt an aggressive policy towards Spain, and that he is only held back from precipitating us into critical relations with that country by the more careful members of his Cabinet. The President, it is believed, desires to get up some such excitement to popularize himself before

- The people of Florida are greatly excited by a new phase of the Gubernatorial question. Harrison Reed, who was deposed a short time ago through impeachment by the House of Representatives, has proclaimed that he is the lawful Governor, and retains the great seal of the State in his possession. On the other hand, Lieutenant Governor Pay has possession of the Executive office and State papers, and contends that he is the Chief Magistrate.

- The Charleston Southern Celt has seen a private letter from a trustworthy source, in which it is stated that the South Carolina delegation to the Philadelphia Convention had a very, very brief interview with President Grant a few days ago, concerning the displacement of officials in that city and elsewhere. They were not at all chee ful after leaving the President. They accomplished nothing, or in other words met with a reserved rebuff.

THE MARKETS.

ANDERSON, April 24, 1872. Sales of cotton for the week ending to-day 61 bales. Prices this afternoon range from 20 to 201.

Bacon, 10 to 121; Corn, 1.25 to 1.30; Peas, 1.25; Flour, \$10 to \$13.

The True Grounds of Confidence.

Whence comes that firm reliance, that absolute, undoubting faith in the efficacy of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters as a remedy for indigestion, bilious disorders, intermittent and remittent fevers, which notoriously prevail in all parts of the United States? This confidence parts of the United States? This confidence has been growing for twenty years, and is still extending. It is not the result of credulity; it has not been engendered by any human device, but is the spontaneous and natural consequence of experience. What people see daily going on under their own eyes they cannot question.—When families in unhealthy districts that resort to this wholesome vegetable tonic, as a prevent profiled levers and their immediates the control of ative, escape periodical fevers, and their immediate neighbors, who neglect this precaution, are prostrated by the disease, how is it possible that the phenomenon should be without its lesson? In like manner when it is seen that ob-stinate cases of dyspepsia, of liver complaint, of constipation, of nervous weakness, and of Dr. A. H. Davega's house is a heap of ruins.

G. W. Melton's store damaged, his house and outbuildings demolished. The houses and fences as far as Grassy Run, which is two miles of the salutary effects of the salutary effe from Chester, are destroyed or very seriously injured. Mrs. Sledge's house was blown twelve settlement on this continent. The thousands upon thousands who owe their restoration to health and strength, or their preservation from sickness, to its extraordinary medicinal prop-erties, are enthusiastic in its praise. The mul-titudes who recommend it in a neighborly way to their friends and acquaintances, as well as those who make public their estimate of its No one was killed, but it is supposed that for the faith that is in them. They have all either felt or witnessed its beneficent operations.

> 28 Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., in his book on Chronic Diseases, says in regard to his Golden Medical Discovery, with which our readers are familiar: "From its wonderful power over Consumption of the Lungs, I had thought strongly of calling it my Consumptive Cure; but from the fact that it is a perfect spe-cific for the sore throat and hoarseness to which ministers and other public speakers and singers are subject, and also for Bronchitis, and all severe Coughs, and is an invaluable remedy for discases of the Liver, and also as a Blood Puri-

> diseases of the Liver, and also as a Blood Purifier, I decided not to apply to it a name which
> might mislead and prevent its use in other diseases for which it is so admirably adapted.
> "It will cure a cough in one half the time necessary to cure it with any other medicine, and
> it does it not by drying it up, but by removing
> the cause—subduing the irritation and healing
> the affected parts."
>
> This valuable medicine is sold by all firstelass druggists

class druggists.

A Whole People's Opinion.—When a nation of forty millions accepts and enderses as a STANDARD RESTORATIVE an article that it has had the fullest opportunities of testing during a period of twelve years, who can be so absurdly incredulous as to doubt the excellence of the preparation? PLANTATION BITTERS has passed through this ordeal and is now the most popular proprietary medicine on this continent. It would be difficult to find an adult of either sex between the Atlantic and Pacific, or between the northeast corner of Maine and the Gulf of Mexico, who does not know, either from per-sonal experience or observation, that this resonal experience or observation, that this renowned vegetable remedy is the purest tonic
and stomachic and the finest alterative and regulating medicine at present before the world.
As a preventive of, and cure for, diseases generated by malaria, and as a specific for dispepsia, rheumatism, and all nervous and billous
affections, it is admitted to be pronounced the
FAVORITE HOUSEHOLD TONIC AND ALTERATIVE of the Western Hemisphere.

Avoid Consumption.

No enemy to the human race is more to be dreaded and is more insiducus in its approaches than the too fatal destroyer of health and happiness of myriads—"Consumption in its ghastly form." The duty of all is to guard against its first advances. This may be done by the timely use of DR. TUTT'S EXPECTORANT.

Boston, February 2, 1870.

Dr. Tutt—Dear Sir: Will you please inform me at what druggist, in New York, I can get your Expectorant, as I can use some of it to advantage, having seen the effect of it on a friend of mine? I am fully satisfied that it has but to be tried to establish its merits. It works like magic. What is your wholesale price, delivered in New York? Let me know where it can be had for the present in New York, and I will communicate further with you at another time. Very truly yours, W. H. BARRON.

Dr. Tutt's Hair Die is Harmless.