

THE TRI-WEEKLY NEWS.

BY J. E. BRITTON.]

WINNSBORO, S. C., TUESDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 5, 1865.

[VOL. II.—NO. 114.]

THE TRI-WEEKLY NEWS:

BY J. E. BRITTON.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION:

"THE NEWS" is published on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, and will be supplied to subscribers at \$1.00 per month, invariably in advance.

Single copies ten cents.

ADVERTISING RATES:

Ordinary advertisements, occupying not more than eight lines, (one square,) will be inserted in "The News," at \$1.00 for the first insertion and seventy-five cents for each subsequent publication.

Larger advertisements, when no contract made, will be charged in exact proportion.

Contracts will be made in accordance with the following schedule:

1 column 1 mo. \$ 30.	1 column 6 mo. \$100.
" 1 " 45.	" 6 " 140.
" 1 " 60.	" 6 " 150.
" 3 " 50.	" 1 year 175.
" 3 " 75.	" 1 " 200.
" 3 " 100.	" 1 " 300.

Only those who contract for one-fourth, one-half, or a column, for one, three, six, or twelve months, will receive the benefit of these terms.

For announcing a candidate to any office of profit, honor or trust \$10.00.

Marriage, Obituary Notices, &c., will be charged the same as advertisements, and must be paid for when handed in, or they will not appear.

PROSPECTUS

Weekly Record.

THE subscribers will commence in the City of Charleston, early in November, a Family Journal, to be known as the WEEKLY RECORD.

It will contain eight pages of fine paper and clear type, and will make when bound, a volume of permanent value.

While containing all the latest religious intelligence from the Churches at home and abroad, it will also contain a weekly digest of social, mercantile and political intelligence, as well as general information on literary, scientific and agricultural subjects, making a journal acceptable to the city and country reader.

Ministers throughout the South, acting as agents and receiving subscribers, will be entitled to a copy.

TERMS. For one copy for six months, \$2 00
For one copy for one year, 4 00

CLUB RATES. For ten copies to one address, for six months, \$16 00
For ten copies to one address, for one year, 30 00

All subscriptions to date from the first of the month in which received.

ADVERTISING RATES. One square \$2 00; every subsequent insertion \$1 00.

Contracts made on reasonable terms.

U. S. BRD, F. A. MOOD.
Address "Weekly Record," Key Box No. 3.
Oct 24/65.

The Charleston Daily News.

A native Carolinian, the publishers will naturally look to the interest of their own State, and to that of the South; and as citizens of the United States they will not be wanting in the proper amount of devotion and respect for the General Government. Every effort shall be made to make the DAILY NEWS first class newspaper, and in every way worthy of the patronage of the public.

Our terms, for the present, will be at the rate of \$10 per annum. Subscriptions received for 3, 6 and 12 months, payable in advance.

Advertising—One square, ten lines, one insertion, One Dollar and Fifty Cents.

Each continuation, Seventy-five cents.

Less than a square, Fifteen cents per line for first insertion; Half Price for each continuation.

Postmasters and others throughout the country, who may interest themselves in procuring subscriptions, will be allowed the usual per centage.

CATHCART, MCMILLAN & MORTON,
Proprietors,
No. 18 Hayes St., Charleston, S. C.
Oct 24/65

The Newberry Herald.

PUBLISHED AT NEWBERRY C. H., S. C.,
BY T. F. & R. H. GRENEKER.

TERMS: \$1.00 for six months, either in currency or provisions. Payment required invariably in advance.

Advertisements inserted at \$1.50 per square for first insertion, \$1 for each subsequent insertion. Marriage notices, funeral invitations, Obituaries and Communications of personal interest charged as advertisements.

Oct 24/65

The Chester Standard.

BY GEORGE PITHER.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY AT CHESTER C. H., S. C.

TERMS: For one month 25 cents, or 75 cents for three months, payable strictly in advance, either in specie or provisions.

No subscriptions received on any other terms than the above, nor for a longer or shorter period.

Any person obtaining a club of ten names will receive the paper gratis.

Advertisements inserted at \$1 00 per square (10 lines) for the first insertion, and 75 cents for every additional insertion.

Oct 24/65

EVERYBODY SHOULD HAVE A COPY.

Internal Revenue Guide.

BEING an abstract of the Internal Revenue, a full Direct (or Land) Tax Laws of the United States, with Schedules of Taxation, Licenses, Stamp Duties, Exemptions, showing the Rates under the various Tax Law since July 1, 1862, and intended for the general information of the Tax-Payers; to which is added an Abstract of the Acts of Congress passed during the War, relative to Abandoned Lands and other matters of general interest. By E. J. Elford, Attorney at Law, Greenville, S. C., Assessor of the Internal Revenue Tax for the Third Collection District in South Carolina.

The Book will contain about 72 pages, and will be issued in a few weeks. Price 50 cents per copy, with a liberal discount to the trade. Orders must be accompanied with the cash to secure attention. Address,

G. E. ELFORD, Publisher,
Greenville, S. C.
Oct 24/65

MORE GOODS RECEIVED.

BEST toilet, shaving and washing Soaps. Pomades and Handkerchief Perfumery.

Hair, nail and Tooth Brushes. Dressing, tuck, fine and round Combs. Agate, and pearl, coat and vest Buttons. Copperas, Soda, Alum and Indigo. Mustard. Black Pepper and Spices. Lily White, Pearl Starch and variegated Candles.

Cigars, Smoking and Chewing Tobacco. Drake's Celebrated Plantation Bitters. Pocket Knives, Mens' and Womens' Brogans.

Wright's World Renowned Night Blooming Cereus, and many other articles.

Call and see LADD BROS.
Sept 10/65—c

The Southern Express Company

OFFER unsurpassed facilities for the shipment (from Augusta and points South,) of Cotton, Cotton Goods, and heavy freights, for Savannah, New York, and all points North and West.

Through receipts given on which insurance can be effected at lowest rates.

Internal Revenue Tax will be paid or bonds given by this Company, in accordance with regulations of the United States Treasury Department.

For particulars and rates, inquire of Southern Express Company.

This Company is now prepared to forward GOLD AND SILVER COIN, CURRENCY, PARCELS, AND FREIGHTS.

To Petersburg, Va., Lynchburg, Va.,
Danville, Va., Bristol, Tenn.,
Greensboro', N. C., Salisbury, N. C.,
Goldboro', N. C., Wintondale, N. C.,

AND TO WAY STATIONS ON THE

Virginia and Tennessee Railroad, South-Side Railroad, Petersburg Railroad, North Carolina Railroad, Raleigh and Gaston Railroad, Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, and Western N. C. Railroad.

LETTERS, MONEY PACKAGES AND SMALL PARCELS.

To Columbia, S. C., Charleston, S. C.,
Augusta, Ga., Savannah, Ga.,
Macon, Ga., Columbus, Ga.,
Mobile, Ala., Montgomery, Ala.,
Selma, Ala., Jackson, Miss.,
New Orleans, La.

AND TO WAY STATIONS ON THE

Charlotte & S. C. Railroad, South Carolina Railroad, Georgia Railroad, Macon and Western Railroad, Atlanta and West Point Railroad, Southwestern Railroad, Southern Railroad, and Alabama and Mississippi Railroad.

All Goods shipped by the Adams and Harden Express Companies, and marked to the care of the Southern Express Company, will be promptly forwarded to destination.

Freights shipped by steamship to our care will be forwarded by Express without charge for commission and drayage.

If orders are left at our Office, goods will be called for and forwarded by first express.

ADAMS EXPRESS CO.
Oct 19/65

In Press.

By WM. B. SMITH & CO.,
Field and Fireside Book Publishing House,
58 Fayetteville St., Raleigh, N. C.

NAMELESS.

BY MRS. FANNY MURDAUGH DOWNING.
One vol. 10 mo; Fine Cloth, Price \$2.00

This is a thrilling story of heart-life and the fashionable world, and aside from an absorbing plot artistically interwoven, it abounds in suggestive thoughts and descriptive passages, grand and exquisite in character and finish.

MOSES FROM A ROLLING STONE;

BY TENELLA—MARY SAYARD CLARKE.
Author of "Reminiscences of Cuba," "Wood Notes," "Translations of Maguerite," "Lady Tossie," &c.

One vol., 16 mo cloth, Price \$1.25

Contains complete poetical writings of the popular authoress, and is a beautiful setting of all the sparkling diamonds that have been found clinging to the "rolling stone" of a great life, as it washed with the ebb and flow of the ebbing tide of Thought and Imagination.

THE CHANGE.

OR
A Statement of the Reasons and Facts which made me a Baptist.

BY REV. T. N. KINGSBURY.

One volume, 16 mo, cloth, Price \$2.50

But few writers wield a pen with such consummate skill, grace and vigor, as Mr. Kingsbury. His book has received the most hearty and earnest critical endorsement of Elders T. E. Skinner, J. D. Huffman, Editor Biblical Recorder, N. B. Cobb, Cor. Sec. N. C. Baptist Board of Missions, and other eminent Divines. "No Baptist family should be without it. No opponent of the Baptists should fail to read it."

Oct 19/65

The Camden Journal.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY AT CAMDEN, S. C.,
BY J. T. HERSHMAN.

Oct 24/65

The Southerner;

PUBLISHED WEEKLY AT DARTINGTON, S. C.,
BY J. M. BROWN.

TERMS of subscription—To subscribers on our books, \$3.50; to new subscribers, \$4. Advertisements per square, first insertion, \$1.50; each subsequent insertion \$1.

Advertisements not paid for in advance will be continued until paid for, and be charged accordingly. Transient advertisements must be paid for in advance. Advertisements not marked for a certain number of insertions, will be continued until forbid, and charged accordingly.

Oct 24/65

The Intelligencer.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY AT ANDERSON C. H., S. C.,
BY HOYT & HUMPHREYS.

AT Three Dollars per annum in United States currency, or Two Dollars a year in specie.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Advertisements inserted at the rates of One Dollar per square of twelve lines for the first insertion, and Fifty Cents for each subsequent insertion. Obituaries and Marriage Notices charged for at those rates.

Oct 24/65

The Phoenix.

PUBLISHED AT COLUMBIA, S. C.,
BY JULIAN A. SELBY.

THE Daily Phoenix, issued every morning, except Sunday, is filled with the latest news, (by telegraph, mails, &c.) Editorial Correspondence, Miscellany, Poetry and Stories.

This is the only daily paper in the State, outside of the city of Charleston.

The Tri-Weekly Phoenix, for country circulation, is published every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, and has all the reading matter of interest contained in the daily issues of the week.

Weekly Gleaner, a home companion, as its name indicates, is intended as a family journal and is published every Wednesday. It will contain eight pages of Forty Columns. The cream of the Daily and Tri-Weekly will be found in its columns.

Daily, one year, \$10 00

three months, 3 00

Tri-Weekly, one year, 3 00

three months, 1 00

Weekly, one year, 2 00

three months, 75 cts

Advertisements inserted in the Daily or Tri-Weekly at \$1 a square for the first insertion, and 75 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Weekly advertisements, 10 cents per line.

REVIVED!

A NEW SERIES OF

"THE BAPTIST BANNER,"

WILL BE COMMENCED

ON SATURDAY, THE 9TH INSTANT, AT AUGUSTA, GEORGIA.

By the Former Proprietor.

I AM happy in being able to make the above announcement. The Banner will be published every Saturday.

Subscriptions are respectfully solicited. \$3.00 per annum. Address

JAMES N. ELIS, Proprietor.

Each newspaper in Georgia and South Carolina will please copy twice, and send bill to J. N. E. Sept 28/65—2

The Church Intelligencer,

DEVOTED to the interests of the Protestant Episcopal Church, is published at Charlotte, N. C. Terms of subscription, cash in advance.

For six months, \$3 00

For one year, 5 00

TERMS OF ADVERTISING—Fifteen cents a line, or for the space of a line, for the first insertion; and ten cents for each subsequent insertion. To yearly advertisers, a liberal deduction on the above will be made.

Subscribers desiring to have their Post-Offices changed, will state both where their papers are now being sent, and where they would have them directed in future.

For one month before each subscription expires, a pencil mark on the margin will remind the subscriber to renew his subscription by an early remittance.

All communications should be addressed, "Church Intelligencer, Charlotte, N. C."

Oct 24/65

New York Daily News.

DAILY and WEEKLY The New York Weekly News, a family newspaper—Benjamin Wood, Proprietor—the largest, best and cheapest paper published in New York. Single copies, 5 cents; one copy one year \$2; three copies one year, \$5 50; five copies one year, \$8 75; ten copies one year, \$17; and an extra copy to any club of ten. Twenty one copies one year, \$20; the Weekly News is sent to clergymen at \$1 60.

NEW YORK DAILY NEWS—To mail subscribers, \$10 per annum; six months, \$5; payments invariably in advance. Specimen copies of Daily and Weekly News sent free.

BNJ. WOOD,
Daily News Building,
No. 10, City Hall Square, N. Y. City.
Oct 24/65

The Keowee Courier,

PUBLISHED WEEKLY AT PICKENS C. H., S. C.,
BY R. A. THOMPSON & CO.

TERMS—One Dollar and Twenty-five Cents for six months, in advance.

Advertisements inserted at \$1 per square for the first insertion, and 50 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Oct 24/65

[From the Commercial Advertiser, Nov. 22.]

The Present Temper of the South.

The better informed at the South, those accustomed to note the signs of the times, cannot have failed to detect of late a marked change in the feelings of many at the North toward their President Johnson reveals, in interviews with various delegations and individuals evidences of decided dissatisfaction with the "recovered States." Leading journals, heretofore disposed to yield up almost everything to their "erring" but restored countrymen, have been gradually changing front. Members of the coming Congress are here, and these foreshadowed from the stump, a more vigorous policy on the part of that body than either the North or the South have anticipated. Such being the case, that the sentiment of the North toward the South is just now undergoing a perceptible change, self interest, if nothing more, dictates that the latter bestir itself to discover the causes of this gradual revolution, and having done so, put forth strenuous efforts to arrest it. In our view of the case, one has not to occupy a very elevated standpoint, nor to take a very wide survey of the situation in order to discover that the change of sentiment of the North arises solely from a change of attitude on the part of the South. When John Forsyth proclaims in an authoritative manner through the columns of The Mobile Advertiser that there must be a limit to the demands of the North upon the South, he reveals at one stroke of the pen the transformation which the latter has undergone since those memorable April days when the last flickering rays of the Confederacy expired amid the smoke and dust of battle. From humble supplicants, regarding it as a great favor to be permitted to get back into the Union, the insurgent States have become overbearing and clamorous, esteeming it a favor to us to come back into the Union. Six weeks ago, instead of awakening a corresponding feeling of obligation and generosity on their part, have led them, on the contrary, to become arrogant and supercilious, and to assume the blustering air of those whilom politicians, who talked about "Northern mudsills," calling the roll of Southern slaves at Bunker Hill, and the dictating of terms to the North in the halls of the National Capitol. Instead of regarding the North, in the language of Wade Hampton, as conquerors with the right to offer if not to dictate terms, the South has virtually come to look upon itself as an injured section of the country, which must be wooed and won by arts known to political outlaws.

In speaking thus severely of the South or the restored States, we would not be understood as applying our remarks to the people as a body, but simply to the leaders, the public men and politicians, those who, having come to the surface, run the reconstruction conventions and make known their sentiments and views through the public press. The majority of the Southern masses having long since been convinced of their error, and of the folly of opposing any obstruction of future peace and quiet, are, we believe, willing to abide by the result of the conflict, and still eager and desirous to accept of the terms accorded them. Unfortunately, however, for themselves and the people, this cannot be said of the leaders. When President Johnson, after paroling them by wholesale, indicates his wishes and views in regard to reconstruction, they proceed to act without regard to them, and as in the case of Georgia refuse to ratify the abolition amendment, and repeal, instead of declaring null and void the secession ordinance. The President makes known, distinctly, his wish to have W. W. Holden chosen Governor of the State of North Carolina, and the politicians of that State elect his opponent Worth. Gen. Humphreys is pardoned that he may become Governor of Mississippi; the negro troops are withdrawn in response to urgent appeals from various parts of the State and we forthwith find The Brandon Republican thanking God that the villagers are no longer cursed with the presence of the unbleached Yankee Guard, while The Jackson News urges that the ex-slave must be kept in a position of inferiority; that laws must be passed that "will make him feel his inferiority." Henry Ward Beecher delivers an address filled with kindness and good-will for the South,

and The Mobile Times thereupon talk about the "sacrilegious preacher," with his "infamous duplicity," "unholy head," "diabolical influence," and "obscene and immoral organ." The Government turns loose Letcher, Campbell, Extr Billy Smith, and all the leading traitors of Virginia, and The Lynchburg Republican shows its appreciation of this generosity by styling the hanging of Wir on outrage upon "every principle of humanity, civilization and Christianity" an act which "would well disgrace the bloodiest and most cruel annals of human history."

It is in the holding and display of such a spirit as is shown by the above and newspaper extracts that the South may find the secret of the change in Northern sentiment toward them. Of course this display of conduct and feeling on their part strengthens the Radical element at the North, and will result only in their own inconvenience and injury. So long as the North chooses to do so, it can keep the South out of the Union; there is no doubt upon that point. The latter can also rest assured that whatever are the views and sentiments of the North on the questions reconstruction, these will, to a certain extent, be or become those of the President and the legislative bodies. Take the matter of the Freedmen's Bureau for instance. Mr. Johnson has been disposed to yield to Southern requests an amount it. General Fisk, in his Brooklyn speech last evening, stated that the President now, however, had decided to leave it untouched until the South exhibited a willingness and disposition to treat the freedman justly. We quote from General Fisk's speech on this subject.

The President said to me yesterday "We must follow the indications of Providence. Many say, oh, he was born in the South, and must do justice to the blacks" I saw the great tears flow down his cheeks as he said, "I am determined they shall be free, and I am determined they shall be. I am resolved they shall have a fair emanance and that justice shall be done them. If the people of the North could know how I am badgered and hampered, if they could know the difficulties which surround me, they would think I have something to do. And in regard to the suspension of the Freedmen's Bureau, I say it will be discontinued when the people of the South treat the colored people with justice and fairness. Take back your recognition and go back to your work and do the best you can, and I'll starve by your side, my friends, I can assure you. I will interview more than ever the honest patriots of Andrew Johnson. And I tell you I will carry him on the pinnacles of our prayer to God, and stand firmly by him, sustaining and encouraging him in his great and good work."

We have done but part in conciliating. It is now for the Southern leaders to conciliate the North, and adopt as altogether different policy if they would secure the rights and privileges to be found in the Union. Let them also pursue a different course toward the President, lest they completely exhaust his patience. Instead of invading the White House with all the levity and disrespect of Mr. Bumble's Fauper Mourners, who played leap-frog over the open grave, and hide-and-seek among the tombstones, let them approach in a quiet, respectful and humble manner.

By such a course the Southern leaders may hope to secure "their rights."

The New Orleans Times says, in relation to the rumors of naval and military preparations: "We have information that we are not at liberty to disclose, giving positive corroborations to these rumors, and we hesitate not to predict that, unless the French troops are withdrawn from Mexico before Christmas, there will be active intervention on behalf of the Liberals, and the traditional policy of the United States be vindicated."

NATIONAL BANK.—Messrs. Elford, J. P. Boyce and Beattie received permission to receive subscriptions to the capital stock of a National Bank, to be established at Greenville. Has Columbia no capitalist or enterprising men, who will make an effort to establish a national bank here?
[Columbia Phoenix.]