

# THE TRI-WEEKLY NEWS.

VOLUME I.]

WINNSBORO, S. C., THURSDAY MORNING, JULY 20, 1865.

[NUMBER 54.]

## THE TRI-WEEKLY NEWS:

BY J. E. BRITTON.

THE TRI-WEEKLY NEWS is published on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at ONE DOLLAR per month, in advance. Single copies TEN CENTS.

Advertisements inserted at ONE DOLLAR per square, of eight lines or less, for the first, and SEVENTY-FIVE cents for each subsequent insertion, invariably in advance.

**Resume of the News.**  
The Philadelphia Ledger of June 14, says the steamer Meteor brought up from Fort Delaware, yesterday, four hundred and eighty prisoners, who had been released upon taking the oath of allegiance. They were all line officers, captains and first and second lieutenants, and among them were representatives from almost every portion of the South—from Arkansas, Mississippi, Florida, Georgia, Alabama, North Carolina, South Carolina and Texas. Generally they appeared to be in robust health, and very few bore any traces of either bodily or mental suffering. With few exceptions they had as much baggage as they could stagger under, and the apparel worn by nearly all of them was in good order.

The Columbia Phoenix says: "We learn that Gov. PERRY has gone to Washington, via Newberry and Chester, we presume to receive detailed instruction as regards his office. A few days will bring him back, and we doubt not that he will then proceed to his labors in Columbia."

Mr. M. T. BLOME having retired from the Pacificator, published at Augusta, Ga., the paper will hereafter be published by Mr. PATRICK WALSH. It is the only Catholic journal in the South, and is worthy the undivided support of the members of that church.

The late rebel archives captured throw much light on the management of affairs at the beginning of the war. The Republic of Washington was a name suggested; and defeated by only one vote. It also appears that the divinity of the Bible was one of the topics of the discussion.

It now seems that the Indians committing outrages in the West are the Arapahoe tribe. For some time previous to the outbreak they were fed by the Government. Three columns are preparing to march against them.

The barracks at Rock Island, Indianapolis, and Washington, have been entirely emptied of Confederate prisoners, and it was said that in the course of about a week Camp Douglas, Chicago, would be without a tenant.

The crops in Ireland are reported from all quarters to be in a satisfactory condition. Potatoes, hay, wheat, flax and oats are all in a forward state, and the most beautiful weather continues throughout the Island.

Washington dispatch says that Secretary of War STANTON will retire from the Cabinet; Hon. FRESON KING is spoken of as his successor. It is also said Secretary SEWARD will retire.

ROBERT OULD, late rebel commissioner of exchange, has been unconditionally released.

Gen. BENNETT has assumed command at Charleston, in place of General GURNEY relieved.

Gov. HOLDEN of North Carolina, has appointed a commissioner to proceed to Washington to confer on the subject of confiscation.

Cotton has commenced arriving at New Orleans from Red river country.

Protests have been made to the President of the United States against the ap-

pointment of Judge PARSONS as Governor of Alabama. The protesting parties hope to upset him.

One hundred thousand negroes are said to be subsisting on Government rations in Virginia.

Spain has signified her intention of delivering to the United States the rebel ram Stone wall, now at Havana.

The Washington conspirators MUDD, O'LAUGHLIN, ARNOLD and SPANGLER, will be taken to the penitentiary, at Auburn.

The Vermont State Convention passed resolutions in favor of negro suffrage.

COMMERCIAL.  
There is not much doing in our cotton market. What has changed hands commanded 22c. per pound in greenbacks. In coin, buyers offer 15c. a 16c. per pound.

In the Atlanta, Ga., Cotton market, July 10, the staple commanded 20 a 25c. per pound.

In the Macon, Ga. market Cotton is quoted at 23c. a 26c. per pound. The sales for the week is put down at 600 bales. Stock on hand is calculated at 36,000 bales, mostly owned by Virginians and Tennesseans.

**THE PIEDMONT RAILROAD.**—This Road, running from Greensboro, N. C., to Daville, Va., has been taken possession of by the U. S. authorities as the property of the late Confederate Government. The Superintendent of the Road, Mr. Thos. Dodamead, addressed the following note to the officer taking possession of the property:

Danville, Va., June 24, 1865.  
C. H. DARRANCE, Esq.—Sir: In accordance with the authority exhibited by you as aid to the Treasury Department of the United States, I turn over to you the property now on the line of the Piedmont Railroad, including engines and cars belonging to other companies in the State of Virginia; also the materials in the shops at Northside belonging to the Richmond and Danville Railroad, giving you notice that the shops and all permanent tools contained therein are the property of the Richmond and Danville Railroad Co., they only being rented to the Piedmont Railroad Company.

I at the same time notify you that the Piedmont Railroad, with the exception of sixteen hundred dollars of stock held by individuals, is the property of the Richmond and Danville Railroad Company. Very respectfully,  
THOS. DODAMEAD, Supt.  
[Charlotte Democrat.]

We hear of several farmers who say they will have to quit farming after this year, as there is no dependence to be put in free negro labor. The negroes can't be kept at work, and it is not worth while to pitch a crop unless there is some plan to secure laborers who will remain until it is worked out. We have heard of many instances where negroes bargained to work a month or three months, and who, after working a few days and getting their bellies full of bread and meat, have quit and left the crop to be over-run by grass. Planters are not willing to be bothered in this way, and unless something is done to compel the negro to work and obey orders, the time will soon come when no one will employ him if they can possibly get along in any other way.

[Charlotte Democrat.]

**CURIOUS COINCIDENCE.**—Washington was born February 22, 1732, inaugurated 1789; his term of service expired in the 66th year of his age.

John Adams was born October 19, 1735, inaugurated 1797; term of service expired in the 66th year of his age.

Jefferson was born April 2, 1743, inaugurated 1801; term of service expired in the 66th year of his age.

Madison born March 5, 1751, inaugurated 1800; term of service expired in the 66th year of his age.

Monroe born April 2, 1759, inaugurated 1817; term of service expired in the 66th year of his age.

The above is a list of five of the Presidents of the United States (all men of the Revolution) who ended their term of service in the 66th year of age.

[Special Despatch to the Petersburg Express.]

## The Great Fire in New York.

RICHMOND, July 14, 10 p. m.  
Washington papers of to-day bring accounts of a most disastrous conflagration which occurred in New York yesterday forenoon about 10 o'clock.

The fire commenced in Barnum's Museum building, corner Broadway and Park Row, and diagonally opposite the Astor House. It is supposed to have been caused by the explosion of some pyrotechnics, which had been prepared for use in some dramatic performances in the theatrical department of the building. The flames spread with great rapidity to every portion of the house, producing terror and consternation among the inmates, and completely paralyzing all efforts to check the raging element.

The Museum Building is very tall—some four stories in height—and serious apprehensions were entertained from the first, that all the valuable buildings in the entire block would be destroyed.

The Herald newspaper buildings on the northwest corner of Fulton and Nassau streets, of great height and very valuable, were completely destroyed, along with the greater portion of its types, presses, etc.

The buildings on Ann street were occupied chiefly as printing offices in the upper portions, and many publishers and printers were thrown out of employment.

The total loss is estimated at from \$1,750,000 to \$2,000,000!

The Herald buildings were erected some fifteen or sixteen years ago, at considerable expense. They were complete in all respects for the prosecution of the gigantic business for which they were originally designed.

Barnum's losses are very heavy, and well nigh irreparable. He had recently encountered great expense in preparing for the Gorgeous Spectacular Pantomima of "The Green Monster; or the White Knight and Giant Warrior." All the new and splendid scenery, costumes, etc., were destroyed.

The two living White Whales, captured and brought to New York from the coast of Labrador, and exhibited in a mammoth glass tank, were burnt. A living alligator 20 feet long, his vast collection of fish, birds, flowers, etc., were also burnt. His many Wax Figures, living animals, monster Python, and a thousand other curiosities were all swallowed up by the devouring element.

The Fat Woman, (a mountain of flesh,) was saved with great difficulty; also the Circassian Girl, (one of the Glass Steam Engines in motion,) and a few other articles of minor importance. These were all that were saved.

One account represents that the fire was occasioned by some experiments in chemicals, which were being made by Prof. Cosperess, the great Philosopher and Magician, who was announced for a grand exhibition at 11 o'clock.

Some idea may be formed of Mr. Barnum's profits from the museum establishment, when it is stated that during the eleven months ending on May 31st, the gross receipts taken at the door, amounted to \$280,351.11! Divided into quarters, this will give about twelve hundred and fifty thousand visitors for eleven months.

Full particulars cannot be received until the New York papers of this morning arrive, which will be to-morrow. Only the Washington papers of this morning, arrived to-night. The fire occurred yesterday forenoon.

**THE WEATHER.**—We are glad to report a grateful change in the temperature. We have had ample rains to suffice the crops and lay the dust for the next five days. The atmosphere is still mirk and cloudy, but we forgive the clouds, in consideration of the coolness. We are comfortable to-day, and breathe once more with satisfaction, and if this temperature shall continue, will be resigned to our fate.—Columbian.

A servant girl out with a basket of bread tried Whiskey to kill rats, and as it sweet with sugar, crumbled in bread, and set the dish on the cellar. A few hours after, she went down and found several rats gnawing "fuddled," engaged in throwing potato parings, and having one another up to drink. These were readily disposed of; those not killed left the premises immediately, undoubtedly suffering from a severe headache.

## GEN. FORREST SERIOUSLY INJURED.

—The Memphis Argus of July 6, says: Rather a serious accident occurred on the Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad last Tuesday afternoon, about four o'clock, as a spider car was coming down a grade towards the city, about a mile this side of Senatobia, Miss., when a plank on the track caught in the brake of the car and threw it off the track. At the time the accident occurred General N. B. Forrest was on the top of the car, and had his shoulder blade broken in two places, and was injured internally.

We learn that the people of South Carolina are very much gratified at the appointment of B. F. Perry as Provisional Governor for that State. We presume they were surprised at his appointment, as they could not have been better pleased or suited if they had had the selection in their own hands. Mr. Perry is a straight-forward business man, and has always enjoyed the respect and confidence of the great mass of the people of his State. President Johnson, in appointing Mr. Perry, has shown his good judgment and good sense.

[Charlotte Democrat.]

**BRAXTON BRAGG.**—This old and prominent citizen of Louisiana, whose fortunes have been so varied during the late war, arrived in our city by the Mobile boat yesterday morning, and is stopping at the St. Charles. General Bragg is in excellent health, and looks as if he could "give 'em a little more grape" yet, as in the more halcyon and glorious days of the republic. Like all the generals of the Confederate army, he recognizes the march of events, and is only ambitious to retire, as before the war, and fulfil the duties of an American citizen.

[New Orleans Picayune, June 28.]

A man belonging in Tennessee having petitioned for pardon, the case was referred to Gov. Brownlow. The Governor's letter in reply says: "This man Carroll, were he to come within the State of Tennessee, would not be permitted to live five minutes. The people would not tolerate his existence there. I can't say anything against so poor and mean a man as this and I can't say anything for him; I therefore say nothing."

**JOHN A. KAY,**  
ARCHITECT AND CIVIL ENGINEER,  
COLUMBIA, S. C.

Professional business attended to in North and South Carolina. [July 20/65]

**HEAD QUARTERS.**  
DISTRICT OF WESTERN S. C.,  
WINNSBORO, July 16, 1865.

General Order, No. 1.

BY virtue of Special order No. 189, Extract II, from Head Quarters Department of the South, dated July 12, 1865, the undersigned hereby assumes command of Western South Carolina.

All orders now existing in this District will be held in force until further orders.

JAMES D. FESSENDE  
July 18/65 Brig. Gen'l C.

**Groceries, Dry Goods, &c.**

**R. WHITE HAS** opened a store of the very desirable goods, and of the polite and attentive M. D. B. C. CREDIT.

CONSISTING IN PART OF

Mackerel, Herrings, Cheese, Raisins, Sardines, French Brandy, Ale, Calico, Hosiery, Ladies and Gent's Hats, Doll Babies, Blacking, Collars, Wire Seives, Travelling Bags, Ladies and Children Shoes, &c., &c.  
Call and see. July 16/65—3

**COTTON WANTED.**

I AM prepared to buy from one to a thousand bales of COTTON, and will pay the highest market price for the same, either in specie or "greenbacks."

L. W. DUVALL, Agent.  
July 11/65

**C. & S. C. RAILROAD.**

GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,  
CHESTER, S. C., July 5, 1865.

UNTIL further notice trains will be run daily on this road as follows:

LEAVE,

Charlotte, (N. C.), at : : 8 A. M.

Adger's, at : : 7 A. M.

ARRIVE,

Adger's, at : : 4 P. M.

Charlotte, at : : 3 P. M.

JAS. ANDERSON,  
General Superintendent.  
July 8/65—12

## OUR TERMS.

For the NEWS, one month, ONE DOLLAR, or in barter for other commodities. All articles necessary, or useful in families, or in business, will be taken in exchange, at fair prices, as usually understood in the market. But for the better understanding of our friends, we present the following schedule of rates, in the case of the most obvious commodities. For one month's subscription to the NEWS, we will receive either of the following, viz:

3 bushel corn, 1 bushel peas or potatoes.  
24 lbs Flour.  
5 pounds butter.  
5 " lard.  
5 " bacon.  
2 gallons Syrup.  
4 head of chickens.  
8 dozen eggs.

Wood, and provisions generally received at fair market rates.

For single copies, TEN CENTS, or a proportionate amount in any of the above mentioned articles.

Advertisements will be inserted at one dollar per square (eight lines or less) for the first insertion, and seventy-five cents for each subsequent insertion—invariably in advance.

Any friends receiving papers, or arriving with papers or news, from any places not now in full connection by mail, will oblige us specially by reporting to the NEWS office, and will thus aid in preventing exciting rumors.

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J. E. BRITTON.

Terms, ONE DOLLAR per month, in advance. Single copies TEN CENTS. Advertisements inserted at One Dollar a square, eight lines or less, for the first, and Seventy-five Cents for each subsequent insertion.

## C. & S. C. Railroad.

AS the immediate reconstruction of this road is highly important, all materials of iron, ties and stringers are, needed, and their removal is forbidden by any one.

April 6/65 WM. JOHNSTON, Pres't.

## The Great Literary Weekly Resumed.

THE proprietors of that long established and popular family journal, THE SOUTHERN FIELD AND FIRESIDE, take great pleasure in informing its numerous friends and patrons, that its publication will be resumed just as soon as the mail facilities of the country will enable them to circulate the same. This is an old paper, published many years at Augusta, Ga., and is entirely new.

It is a general magazine, an ornament for the parlor, and an indispensable companion to the housewife and agriculturist.

It is a large eight page paper, elegantly printed with new type.

Subscription one year, \$3.00

Subscription six months, \$2.00

**The Key**

OUR MONTHLY MAGAZINE, WILL also be resumed at the same time. This Magazine is endorsed and recommended to the Fraternity at large by the Grand Lodge of North Carolina. In regards matter and typography, it will be equal to any similar publication in the United States.

Terms:

Subscription one year, \$3.

Address, WM. B. SMITH & CO.,

Raleigh, N. C.

A limited number of advertisements admitted to each publication.

Newspapers generally will please notice. Exchanges respectfully invited to once from all parts of the country.

June 1/65

## JUST PUBLISHED.

Master William Mitton:

OR

A youth of brilliant talents, who was trained by

bad luck.

By the author of "Georgia Scenes"

ABOUT two hundred copies of

copies. Written in Judge

and most humorous style. Price

which we will send a copy, post paid,

port of the Confederacy. The usual

count to the trade.

All orders should be addressed to

BURKE, RYKIN & CO.

Feb. 13/65 Macon, Ga.