

THE TRI-WEEKLY NEWS.

VOLUME I.]

WINNSBORO, S. C., SATURDAY MORNING, JULY 15, 1865.

[NUMBER 52.]

THE TRI-WEEKLY NEWS:

BY J. E. BRITTON.

THE TRI-WEEKLY NEWS is published on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at ONE DOLLAR per month, in advance. Single copies TEN CENTS.

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DURBEC & WALTER, Auction and Commission Merchants, Columbia, S. C., are the authorized agents at that place, in collecting subscriptions and advertisements for the News. They will receipt for all monies due this office.

Resume of the News.

Among those mentioned as being pardoned by the President of the United States for the sin of rebelling against the authority of the same, we notice the names of WM. GREGG, JAMES J. GREGG and WM. GREGG, Sr., of South Carolina. It is stated that among the petitions filed with President JOHNSON for pardon are those of Judge CAMPBELL, of Alabama, ALFRED RHETT, of South Carolina, S. R. MALLOY, of Florida, J. A. GILMER and Z. B. VANCE, of North Carolina.

The Charlotte (N. C.) Democrat says: "BENJ. F. PERRY, Esq., has been appointed Provisional Governor of South Carolina. A good appointment, no doubt. Mr. PERRY formerly published a paper at Greenville. President JOHNSON seems to have great confidence in Editors that they will do things right; and of course we ought to say that he is a sensible man."

The Democrat also expresses its opinion in reference to the speech of the Hon. W. W. BOYCE, as delivered in our town on the 21st June: "A speech made by the Hon. W. W. BOYCE of South Carolina, on the 21st, at Winnsboro, will be found on our first page. We fully endorse it."

The Chattanooga Gazette states that the Western & Atlantic Railroad has been completed as far as Acworth, 100 miles from Chattanooga, and 38 miles from Atlanta. From Atlanta to Chattanooga, a distance of 7 miles, trains run regularly. The bridge over the Chattanooga river was completed on the 20th, and it is expected that the entire road will be in running order by the 1st of July.

The Negroes of Vicksburg, under the name "Disfranchised Loyal Citizen," held a meeting, in which they claimed from the Government that Mississippi should not be restored until she had given them the right of suffrage. They further resolved to establish a paper devoted to their interests.

General R. E. LEE has gone to Cartersville, Cumberland county, Va., to spend the summer in a cottage on a small farm. He declined the offer, by a citizen of Richmond, of a farm in Orange county, which another citizen offered to stock.

Advices from Wilmington, North Carolina, represent great sickness there. Spotted fever is raging terribly, and all classes of citizens are its victims. The ravages of the disease among the blacks is said to be dreadful.

It is reported that Atlanta, Ga., is being rebuilt much more rapidly than could have been anticipated. Business is beginning to be quite brisk. Many families which went North after General SHEPHERD'S evacuation, are about returning.

Hon. RICHARD BUSTEED, of New York, was appointed Judge of the United States District Court of Alabama by Mr. LINCOLN nearly a year ago, and is expected to assume the duties of his office at once.

An order has been issued from the War Department releasing all the Confederate prisoners now held by the Uni-

ted States authorities below the rank of Colonel.

The Richmond Republic of the 27th ultimo says the Virginia and Tennessee railroad will be opened on the 15th of July from Lynchburg to Bristol.

Admiral BUCHANAN, with other Confederate naval officers, has arrived at Fortress Monroe on the United States steamer Fort Malden, and reported to the Secretary of the Navy.

A Northern exchange says that "an exaggerated idea prevailing in regard to the amount of Southern products has induced a fall in the price of cotton, naval stores, etc. This has produced a general disposition to hold them back until the next winter or spring.

Judge TRIGO, of East Tennessee, recently charged the Grand Jury to indict Gov. BROWNLOW. The jury refused to find a bill.

It is said that Governor PIERPOINT of Virginia, will have to give up his Legislature, and call for an election of a new one.

A Richmond paper says: "Captain SZABAD has received permission from the War Department to inspect and make drawings of all the line of Confederate works about Richmond, for publication.

Senator JOHNSON, of Arkansas, has surrendered to Gen. GRANGER, and has been allowed to return home to his family.

The majority in favor of the new State constitution of Missouri is reported to be one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two.

Several men recently broke into the State Treasury at Austin, Texas, and stole \$13,000 in gold. The silver was \$1,000,000.

Mr. C. J. HASKULL has been appointed assessor of internal revenue for the second Charleston (South Carolina) District.

The estimated loss of the South during the war is six million five hundred thousand dollars.

THE \$20,000 CLAUSE.—A late Northern paper says:

"We learn from good authority that there will be soon issued by the President a new proclamation, modifying that of the 29th May. In this proclamation it will be provided that in Virginia, especially, and probably in all the States South, the \$20,000 exception be abolished, except in cases where proceedings against the property of individuals have been instituted, or where lands have been or are now occupied by the Federal authorities, under the act concerning abandoned lands. It is found that notwithstanding the several good reasons which moved the President to the adoption of the twenty thousand dollar exception, there are as many equally potent why that clause in the proclamation should be abolished."

HON. A. H. STEPHENS.—A soldier acting as one of the guards over Mr. A. H. Stephens, at Fort Warren, informs the Traveller that he spends much of his time in writing, and has already prepared rolls of manuscript giving a complete history of the rebellion. He reads much each morning, spends much of his time in singing, and stands upon his dignity, manifesting no desire whatever to converse with any one while taking daily walks on the ramparts. He, however, does express, occasionally, his dislike for Jeff. Davis, and for that matter, so does Postmaster General REAGAN, who is kept in an adjoining cell.

[Augusta Constitutionalist.]

At a recent election in Australia, the naturalized Chairmen voted for the first time. Being thoroughly free from political opinions or prejudices, thirty-three of them were engaged at eight shillings per head, and intoned to say "Yes" to every question which might be put to them in the polling booth. One of the first questions put was, "Have you voted before at this election?" Answer, "Yes," and forthwith they were unceremoniously bundled out of the booth.

A SENSIBLE NEGRO.—A friend furnishes us the following as the substance of a speech made by a negro man, in a neighboring town, on the 4th of July:

My Colored Friends: I belong to the same man I belonged to when I can first remember. He has always treated me kindly, and he is a perfect gentleman, because I have always tried to do my duty to my master. I expect to stay with him as long as we both live. I intend to do the very best for him I can, and feel that in promoting his interest I am doing but good service to myself.

Now, many colored people are of the opinion that the way to be gentlemen and ladies is to have nothing to do. Now I tell you, people that will do nothing will cut a poor figure in the world after a while, for they will have nothing to go on. No true gentleman is lazy. If you wish to be gentlemen and ladies you must work, and in order to do this successfully you must have something to work with—you must have a home, land, and means of cultivating it. If you leave your former masters you can't have these. I have no doubt you have all the necessities of life in greater abundance than you can have after you leave your masters.

My advice is for you to go home, stay there, do all you can to please and profit your masters and Heaven's richest blessings will come upon you.

RECONSTRUCTION IN MISSISSIPPI.—Governor SHARKE has been inaugurated as Provisional Governor of the State of Mississippi, and has issued his proclamation for re-organization. The appointments which he has submitted to the Executive at Washington, include, we are told, nearly every officer of the late Government. Under the programme marked out by the Governor's proclamation, the State may be fully restored to all its former relations with the General Government during the present year. State elections may come off at the regular October elections, and the usual representation sent to the United States Congress at the next regular session of that body—Columbia Phœnix.

MAXIMILIAN.—Affairs in Mexico appear to be in an extremely bad way. Maximilian has been endeavoring for a long time to enlist the sympathy and support of the natives in his behalf, but they will not listen to his promises, and evince a disposition on every possible occasion to throw obstacles in the path of his administration. The Emperor of the French, it is true, in the outset, gave his word that he would assist Maximilian in bringing the Mexicans to recognize the new form of Government; but just at this time, now that our civil war is ended, our friend on the opposite side of the Atlantic has completely changed his views. On the other hand, the Liberal party have gained courage at the turn events have taken in the United States, and are determined now more than ever to rid their country of all usurpers and invaders. If Maximilian is wise, he will not wait for our Government to intimate to him that it is time he had packed his valise and was on his way to the other side, but will be on the move at once.

[Charleston Courier.]

TEXAS ITEMS.—The slaves have been officially declared free. They will not however, be allowed to collect at the military posts, but are urged to remain at the plantation and to work according to such terms as may be satisfactory both to themselves and their former masters. These terms will be ratified by contract. The military authorities will positively prevent their congregating in the cities. All hired servants who may leave their employers before the time agreed on, will be punished by fine and imprisonment. The act of the State since the Ordinance of Secession was passed, is declared illegal.

VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE.—The Legislature of Virginia has passed a bill levying a tax of 20 cents on the \$100 for the support of the State government.

The rate of interest has been put at 6 per cent, but contracts in writing for 7 3/10 per cent shall be held as legal.

The bill to incorporate the Virginia Emigration and Land Company has been defeated, and a resolution passed directing the Governor to enquire into and report at the next session the action of Missouri, Tennessee and North Carolina, in relation to unimproved State and abandoned land.

The Richmond Commercial Bulletin, of the 22d, publishes several extracts from the New York Daily News, which leave but little doubt upon the mind that James Gordon Bennett is not only the implacable foe of the South, but likewise of the United States entire; in fact the enemy of all who do not offer to reward him. He was the first to agitate secession; and at one time absolutely advocated the secession of New York City in 1861, as an 'independent city,' but the Abolitionists, both of New England and other Northern States, knew his weakness, and he, therefore, was easily converted to their views by the sight of gold.

It has been whispered that in the beginning of the war, this self same 'old man' wrote a letter to Mr. Davis, then the President of the Confederate States, offering to support the policy of his Government for the sum of fifty thousand pounds sterling—this is reported to be a fact by men of influence who are presumed to know; and as Mr. Davis is now a prisoner in the hands of the Government, we most respectfully suggest that he be called upon to acknowledge whether or not our assertion is correct. Mr. Davis refused this disgusting proposition, and hence the malignity of this 'poor old man' to the South.

IMPORTANT FROM MEXICO.—A report highly important, if true, regarding Mexican affairs, comes from Matamoras under date of the 15th instant. It is said that President Juarez had been compelled to fly from Chihuahua, his capital, and that that place had been occupied by the imperial troops. It is reported that the soldiers of the late Confederate armies of the South were flocking to the imperial standard, and that ten thousand of them were to go to Sonora under ex-United States Senator Gwinn, who, it was still confidently asserted, would succeed in his projects for colonizing the Northern Mexican States. There was also a report that Captain Page, late of the Confederate ram Stonewall was in Mexico, trying to negotiate for the sale to Maximilian of the ex-Confederate cruisers.

OUTRAGEOUS DEED.—On Thursday last, a most shocking and revolting deed was committed in Henry county. Five negro men, formerly slaves of one of the Hairston's, violated a white girl named Davis, about 14 years of age, living in that county, near the Pittsylvania line. The girl is of a respectable family and her recovery being doubtful. One of the villains was caught by some citizens of the neighborhood and hung; three others have been caught, and expected to meet a like fate, while one of them is still at large. We learn that the Provost Marshal at this place has sent men in pursuit of him.—Danville Register.

OUR TERMS.

For the NEWS, one month, ONE DOLLAR, or in barter for other commodities. All articles necessary, or useful in families, or in business, will be taken in exchange, at fair prices, as usually understood in the market. But for the better understanding of our friends, we present the following schedule of rates, in the case of the most obvious commodities. For one month's subscription to the NEWS, we will receive either of the following, viz:

- 2 bushel corn, 1 bushel peas or potatoes.
- 24 lbs Flour.
- 5 pounds butter.
- 5 " lard.
- 5 " bacon.
- 2 gallons Syrup.
- 4 head of chickens.
- 8 dozen eggs.

Wood, and provisions generally received at fair market rates.

For single copies, TEN CENTS, or a proportionate amount in any of the above mentioned articles.

Advertisements will be inserted at one dollar per square (eight lines or less) for the first insertion, and seventy-five cents for each subsequent insertion—invariably in advance.

Any friends receiving papers, or arriving with papers or news, from any places not now in full connection by mail, will oblige us specially by reporting to the News office, and will thus aid in preventing exciting rumors.

Groceries, Dry Goods, &c., &c.

R. WHITE will open to-day a few very desirable goods, at the store of the polite and attentive Mr. D. B. McCRAIGHT,

CONSISTING IN PART OF

Mackerel, Herrings, Cheese, Raisins, Sardines, French Brandy, Ale, Calico, Hosiery, Ladies and Gent's Hats, Doll Babies, Blacking, Collars, Wire Seives, Travelling Bags, Ladies and Children Shoes, &c. &c. Call and see. July 15/65—3

ALE! ALE! ALE!

A SMALL lot of CROTON CREAM ALE just received at DUVALL'S, No. 3, Bank Range. July 15/65

SUPERFINE FLOUR.

A LOT of Superfine FLOUR for sale at DUVALL'S, No. 3, Bank Range. July 15/65

Nice Hams and Middings.

JUST received, and can be had at DUVALL'S, No. 3, Bank Range. July 15/65

MOLASSES.

SOME good MOLASSES on sale at DUVALL'S, No. 3, Bank Range. July 15/65

TINWARE.

A LOT of new TINWARE, just made up! also; repairing done at shortest notice, at DUVALL'S, No. 3, Bank Range. July 15/65

LARD.

A SMALL lot of fine LARD for sale at DUVALL'S, No. 3, Bank Range. July 15/65

SARDINES.

BY the box can be had at DUVALL'S, No. 3, Bank Range. July 15/65

TOBACCO.

1 BOX common TOBACCO, on sale at DUVALL'S, No. 3, Bank Range. July 15/65

CANDLES, CANDLES.

FOR sale at DUVALL'S, No. 3, Bank Range. July 15/65

NO. 1 MACKEREL.

A KIT of No. 1 MACKEREL for sale cheap at DUVALL'S, No. 3, Bank Range. July 15/65

ORANGEBURG

AND COLUMBERIA. A TRI-WEEKLY Express Line of covered spring wagons will run between the above mentioned points on and after FRIDAY, July 7, running regularly on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 4 p. m., from Columbia, (connecting with the next morning's train for Charleston,) and on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 8 p. m., from Orangeburg, arriving in Columbia early the following morning. Relays of horses have been established at points on the road. Baggage for the present will be limited to one valise to each passenger. Seats can be engaged beforehand by application to E. Coffin or J. H. Fowles, at the store of R. M. Stokes, in Columbia, or John W. Ward, at Treadwell's Hotel Orangeburg. July 13/65—3pd

COTTON WANTED.

I AM prepared to buy from one to a thousand bales of COTTON, and will pay the highest market price for the same, either in specie or "greenbacks."

L. W. DUVALL, Agent. July 11/65

C. & S. C. RAILROAD.

GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, CHESTER, S. C., July 5, 1865.

UNTIL further notice trains will be run daily on this road as follows:

LEAVE, Charlotte, (N. C.), at : : : 8 A. M. Adger's, at : : : 7 A. M.

ARRIVE, Adger's, at : : : 4 P. M. Charlotte, at : : : 3 P. M.

JAS. ANDERSON, General Superintendent. July 8/65—12

C. & S. C. Railroad.

AS the immediate reconstruction of this road is highly important, all materials of iron, ties and stringers, are needed, and their removal is forbidden by any one. April 6/65 WM. JOHNSTON, Pres't.

A COOK WANTED.

A PLEASANT home, with good pay, can be secured by a No. 1 Cook, Washer and Ironer. Apply through News office.