

THE TRI-WEEKLY NEWS.

VOLUME I,

WINNSBORO, S. C., THURSDAY MORNING, JUNE 29, 1865.

[NUMBER 45.

THE TRI-WEEKLY NEWS:

BY J. E. BRITTON.

THE TRI-WEEKLY NEWS is published on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at ONE DOLLAR per month, in advance. Single copies TEN CENTS.

Advertisements inserted at ONE DOLLAR per square of eight lines or less, for the first, and SEVENTY FIVE cents for each subsequent insertion, invariably in advance.

[Correspondence of the N. Y. Herald.]

South Carolina.

CHARLESTON, S. C., June 17, 1865.

THE CHURCHES.

The churches have been turned over to their former pastors and congregations. The venerable Dr. John Bachman, of the German Lutheran church, will deliver his first discourse under the new auspices next Sunday, and great curiosity is manifested to hear him. The Rev. W. B. Yates—our Father Yates, as he is familiarly termed—the seamen's chaplain, who has taken the oath, will preach from the wreck of the Mariner's chapel on Sunday, and take up a collection for the benefit of the distressed families of seamen who have died during the war, and also for the benefit of his church. He informs me that the starboard side and figure head of his pulpit were carried away by the relic hunters who were here at the Fort Sumter celebration. The Rev. A. Toomer Porter, pastor of the Church of the Holy Communion, formerly attended by the old and fashionable Episcopal families; also opens to-morrow.

PROVISIONAL GOVERNOR.

This continues the chief topic of interest since the return of Governor Aiken, to the great disappointment of the people who expected him back, clothed with full powers, as Provisional Governor, to commence the work of civil reorganization. A petition has been drawn up, asking for his release from his arrest, accompanied by a memorial praying for his appointment as Provisional Governor. The petition and memorial have been numerously signed.

GEN. GURNEY TO BECOME A CITIZEN OF CHARLESTON.

The committee propose, should the President interpose objections to the appointment of Mr. Aiken, to petition for the appointment of General Gurney, who has expressed his intention to become a citizen of Charleston, and make South Carolina his future home. This would also meet the unanimous approbation of the community.

MORTALITY AMONG THE NEGROES.

According to the reports of the ward committees lately organized by General Gurney, the mortality among the negroes in this city is perfectly fearful. The deaths among them are reported to average one hundred per week. Last week ninety-one deaths of negroes were officially reported, and the week previous one hundred and sixty-seven. No mortuary list is published as in most cities, and it is but right that the matter be made public. The mortality on the island exceeds anything ever known in the history of this country.

THE PLANTERS AND THE COLORED TROOPS.

The planters of Charleston, Colleton, Orangeburg, Georgetown and several other districts have sent committees to General Hatch to represent the true condition of the agricultural interests of the country, their willingness to conform to every requirement of the government in good faith, and to request him not to send colored troops into the interior. Unless the colored troops are kept back the crops cannot be gathered, as the freedmen, induced by the troops, will leave the plough and hoe to turn soldier. These colored troops are averse to seeing their own color doing any labor at all, and by their conversations make the laborers dissatisfied. It is the impression of these blacks that the Union flag give both freedom and food.

REPENTANT REBELS RETURNING.

Among the more prominent citizens who have come back are Hon. Wm. Alston Pringle, Judge of the City Court; his brother, Motte A. Pringle, Chief Quartermaster of the rebel troops around Charleston; Theo. D. Wagner, a Charleston member of the house of John Fraser & Co.; J. B. Campbell, one of the ablest lawyers of the Charleston bar; James H. Taylor and R. A. Pringle, two of the principal auctioneers, who

made vast rebel fortunes selling blockade goods, and Mr. Wm. Gregg, proprietor of the Grandville Mills.

Judge Pringle's elegant residence on King street, near the Battery, is now the headquarters of General Hatch, and Mr. Wagner's mansion is used for the offices of the United States Tax Commissioners.

Mr. Wagner, who was the mere business superintendent of the notorious house of John Fraser & Co., having nothing to do with politics, was the prince of generosity and benevolence in the community during the siege. Besides lavishing money among all who sought his assistance, he gave carte blanche to the Sisters of Charity and the rebel Provost Marshal Gayer to draw upon him for any funds to relieve the Union prisoners when confined in Charleston. He also added a subscription of one thousand dollars a day for the free market for the people, and five hundred a day for the Wayside Home for soldiers. He is now reduced to almost beggary, but has taken the oath of allegiance and gone cheerfully to work. General Hatch at first sent for him and would have placed him in jail, but on the appeals and representations from Union officers, old Union men of the city; the Sisters of Charity and the poor generally, he will not interfere with him. To the credit of Mr. Wagner it may be added that he never went outside of the business department of the house, with which he was connected before the war, and refused the agency for the sale of rebel bonds, besides declining to go to Europe and act as a member of the English house of Fraser, Trenholm & Co. during the war. On the arrival of General Seymour and his brother officers for confinement within shelling range of our batteries on Morris Island, Mr. Wagner succeeded in procuring for them the commodious private residence to which they were transferred, and which was, in fact, entirely out of range. He also arranged with Gayer to furnish them with everything they needed which could be obtained in the city. It is not surprising, therefore, that he has received clemency at the hands of General Hatch. He has since been visited by hundreds of poor and others to testify their gratitude for his kindness.

Mr. Gregg informs me that Richard Yeadon, Esq., the celebrated laudator of the lamented Everett, and author of a reward of ten thousand dollars for Butler's head, is living in abject poverty at Aiken, S. C. He has taken the oath, and has repented of the act, which he says was the most foolish of his life—done in a moment of delusion.

Mr. Campbell has also been warmly congratulated on his return.

When General Gillmore's expounders drove him from his house and his law office, his family retired to Columbia. His palatial mansion there, with its libraries, pictures and furniture, escaped destruction, and has continued its beautiful hospitality, presided over by Miss Campbell, a lady well known North and South, and best appreciated where best known.

Mr. Campbell is a New Englander, but his public career has been altogether in the South. During the war he stood by his friends, but constantly denounced the mal administration of Davis, predicting the ruin it would bring.

He was one who protested at the time against the bombardment of Sumter, and denounced the trickery and follies of Davis, Walker, Beauregard and others who wanted to open, supposing it all to be plain sailing. His large influence will be directed to produce an honest acceptance of the terms of the victors and a wise acquiescence in the new order of things for the restoration of a reunited government and people.

THE REBEL SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

The *Courier* of Thursday announces the arrest, arrival and incarceration here of the rebel Secretary of the Treasury Trenholm.

From what I learn he was caught as Paddy caught the Tartar; the Tartar would not let him get away. The story goes that as soon as Columbia was garrisoned by the Twenty-fifth Ohio, Colonel Haughton, Trenholm went there and settled down alongside the commandant's headquarters, in front of the Parade Ground, and reported to him his readiness to report at any point he might be directed. He then led off with zeal to carry into effect the military emancipation orders, and was the first to contract satisfactorily with his freedmen—several

hundred in number—not one of whom left him. Trenholm, before the war, was a gradual emancipationist, and his ready adoption of the government views and example in Columbia had a most salutary effect in that region, and, under Colonel Haughton, who is praised by all parties there, the trial will be a fair one.

This amicable state of affairs was interrupted by the order from General Hatch for the arrest of Trenholm. It was effected by giving him notice and opportunity for preparation. The order was promptly obeyed. Trenholm drove under parole to Orangeburg in his own carriage, was received with courtesy by General Hartwell, and proceeded by Lieutenant McMarion, of General Hatch's staff. On his arrival here a quarrel arose between the white and negro guards at the depot for the honor of so responsible and hazardous a duty. The whites succeeded. The officer of the day conducted his prisoner to a carriage, but declined to permit any of Trenholm's family to accompany him, and immediately drove to the jail, where the rebel Secretary was soon securely lodged in an unfurnished cell of the Charleston jail.

General Hatch has since allowed Trenholm's friends to visit him on written permits, and to furnish him with some comforts. It is supposed he will be sent away and confined in some one of the forts soon. In conversation with Trenholm's son-in-law, he told me that Mr. Trenholm was forced to take the position of Secretary of the Treasury under Jeff. Davis. He declined the appointment twice, and was at last peremptorily ordered to report to Richmond by Jeff. in the following despatch:—"Your services are needed. Report here immediately."

THE NEW APPOINTMENTS.

The appointments by the President of Dr. Mackey as Collector of Customs, and Mr. Sawyer as Collector of Internal Revenue, has been received by the old band of Unionists here with great joy. It is considered as a complete defeat of old hunkerism and the old oligarchy. The doctor will go to work at once; but Mr. Sawyer will have to postpone his action until the appointment of assessors is made. Application has been made by the Union party for the appointment of Mr. J. D. Geddings, an old resident and esteemed citizen, for the office of Postmaster.

MR ALFRED RUGER.

This old gentleman, who so long held the position of Postmaster here, is now living on rations furnished by the government. He was first appointed Postmaster by General Jackson, and reappointed by every succeeding President until the fatal act of secession. He never sent in his resignation, but his office was taken possession of by the rebel government, and in deference to the wishes of the citizens and his friends generally he continued to serve up to the evacuation of the city. He is in his ninety-fifth year.

THE RAILROADS.

Daily communication by railroad between Charleston and Columbia and Augusta, is expected in about ten days time. President Magrath will take full possession of the South Carolina Railroad.

COTTON.

I am reliably informed that there are at least one hundred thousand bales of cotton along this line awaiting transportation.

THE INDICTMENT OF GENERAL LEE.—Washington correspondent writes:—"The indictment found against Lee, by the grand jury of Eastern Virginia, is a most non-sensical proceeding. The bill could not be sued on the authority of the General Government, for the latter is pledged not to molest Lee; while further, it does not recognize the proceedings of the court which has brought the indictment. Nor can the grand jury act thus for the State, for Lee has not committed treason against it. He took up arms in obedience to a call of the State, in her defence, and how then can he be indicted for treason against the State? So silly is the action of the grand jury, that I find every one is laughing at it."

The status of the general officers paroled under the terms of agreements between Grant and Lee is becoming a question of some importance. Already the Grand Jury at Richmond has found indictments for treason against Lee and several others. It is claimed that con-

victions under these indictments are necessary to make valid the confiscation of their property under the laws. On the other hand, it is contended that any and all prosecutions against officers thus paroled are barred by the terms of their surrender. The matter has been submitted to both the President and the Attorney General; but for the present both decline to take it under consideration, believing that the defence should properly be presented in the courts which may take cognizance of the indictments.

SECRETARY TRENHOLM.—Secretary Trenholm left here 6 o'clock Saturday evening, on board the steamer Wm. P. Clyde, for Port Royal. It is believed he is to be confined in Fort Pulaski. The demonstrations of respect and sympathy for this unfortunate but noble hearted gentleman and public spirited citizen of Charleston, since his arrival here, have been universal. The grief among the poorer classes, to whom he has always been a benefactor, was intense. A petition to President Johnson for the special pardon of Mr. Trenholm was drawn up, and has been very extensively signed. Lieut. Sayers, of the 56th New York, accompanied Mr. Trenholm to Port Royal.—*Charleston Courier*, 19th.

THE NATIONAL DEBT.—The following is a comparative statement of the National Debt of the United States, at different times since 1791:

January 1, 1791,	\$75,463,476 52
January 1, 1812,	45,209,737 90
January 1, 1816,	127,334,933 74
January 1, 1826,	89,985,537 72
January 1, 1836,	291,089 03
July 1, 1846,	16,753,926 35
Nov. 15, 1856,	30,963,909 64
July 1, 1860,	64,769,769 08
July 1, 1861,	90,867,828 68
July 1, 1862,	514,210,371 93
July 1, 1863,	1,098,793,181 37
July 1, 1864,	1,740,690,489 47
January 31, 1865,	2,279,573,486 10

AUCTION SALES.

ELLIOTT & CO. WILL sell, commencing at 10 o'clock on Thursday, 29th instant, at No. 4, Bank Range, a variety of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, &c., &c. Terms Cash. [June 27'65-2]

NEW GOODS

JUST RECEIVED!

WE invite the public to

Call and Examine

OUR STOCK OF GOODS,

A New Invoice of which we have

JUST OPENED,

EVERYTHING BOTH

USEFUL

AND

ORNAMENTAL.

CALL AND SEE

FOR

YOURSELVES.

ELLIOTT & CO.,

NO. 4, BANK RANGE.

June 29'65-1

SCHOOL! SCHOOL! SCHOOL!

MISS PHILLIPS respectfully informs her friends that her terms for tuition are \$5 for three months, or \$9 per session, of five months. When her school increases she will reduce the terms to \$6 per session. If requisite she can furnish satisfactory testimonials of character; also qualifications fitting a teacher from gentlemen intimately acquainted with her, whose veracity is unquestionable and position in society unrivaled,—both clergy and other professional gentlemen. Further information she will be happy to furnish if parties will call at the hotel, 3d floor, opposite the Town Hall. [June 23'65-6]

OUR TERMS.

For the NEWS, one month, ONE DOLLAR, or in barter for other commodities. All articles necessary, or useful in families, or in business, will be taken in exchange, at fair prices, as usually understood in the market. But for the better understanding of our friends, we present the following schedule of rates, in the case of the most obvious commodities. For one month's subscription to the NEWS, we will receive either of the following, viz:

1 bushel corn, 1 bushel peas or potatoes.
24 lbs Flour.
5 pounds butter.
5 " lard.
5 " bacon.
2 gallons Syrup.
4 head of chickens.
8 dozen eggs.

Wood, and provisions generally received at fair market rates.

For single copies, TEN CENTS, or a proportionate amount in any of the above mentioned articles.

Advertisements will be inserted at one dollar per square (eight lines or less) for the first insertion, and seventy-five cents for each subsequent insertion—invariably in advance.

Any friends receiving papers, or arriving with papers or news, from any places not now in full connection by mail, will oblige us specially by reporting to the NEWS office, and will thus aid in preventing exciting rumors.

The Tri-Weekly News.

PUBLISHED AT WINNSBORO, S. C., BY J. E. BRITTON. TERMS, ONE DOLLAR PER MONTH, IN ADVANCE. Single copies TEN CENTS. Advertisements inserted at One Dollar a square, eight lines or less, for the first, and Seventy-five Cents for each subsequent insertion.

C. & S. C. Railroad.

AS the immediate reconstruction of this road is highly important, all materials of iron, ties and stringers are needed, and their removal is forbidden by any one. April 6'65 WM. JOHNSTON, Pres't.

The Great Literary Weekly Resumed.

THE proprietors of that long established and popular family journal, THE SOUTHERN FIELD AND FIRESIDE, take great pleasure in informing its numerous friends and patrons, that its publication will be resumed just as soon as the mail facilities of the country will enable them to circulate the same. This is an old paper, published for many years at Augusta, Ga., and is devoted entirely to

POLITE LITERATURE. It is gem for the fireside, an ornament for the parlor, and an indispensable companion to the housewife and agriculturist. It is a large, eight page, sheet, handsomely printed with new type.

Terms: Subscription one year, - - - \$5.00
" six months, - - - - - 3.00

The Key Stone.

OUR MONTHLY MASONIC MAGAZINE, Will also be resumed at the same time. This Magazine is endorsed, and recommended to the Fraternity at large, by the Grand Lodge of North Carolina. As regards matter and typography, it will be equal to any similar publication in the United States.

Terms: Subscription one year, - - - \$3.
Address, WM. B. SMITH & CO., Raleigh, N. C.

A limited number of advertisements admitted into each publication.

Newspapers generally will please notice. Exchanges respectfully invited to once from all parts of the country. June 1'65

JUST PUBLISHED,

Master William Mitten:

OR

A youth of brilliant talents, who was ruined by bad luck.

By the author of "Georgia Scenes."

ABOUT two hundred and fifty pages of a favorably well printed with neat paper covers. Written in Judge Longstreet's best and most humorous style. Price \$5, for which we will send a copy, post paid, to any part of the Confederacy. The usual discount to the trade.

All orders should be addressed to

BURKE, ROYRIN & CO. feb 13'65

Macon, Ga.