

THE TRI-WEEKLY NEWS.

VOL. I.]

WINNSBORO, S. C., THURSDAY MORNING, APRIL 13, 1865.

[NUMBER 12.]

THE TRI-WEEKLY NEWS:

BY J. E. BRITTON.

TERMS: THE TRI-WEEKLY NEWS is published on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at \$1.00 per copy.

ADVERTISEMENTS Will be inserted at \$5.00 a square, ten lines or less constituting a square.

Wanted

AT THIS OFFICE, WOOLEN OR COTTON Rags, for which market price will be paid. [apl 13'65]

Mrs. L. Stevens,

BEGS LEAVETO INFORM THE LADIES, that she is prepared to repair and re-shape HOOP-SKIRTS.

Any work of this kind, entrusted to her, will be executed to satisfaction, and at reasonable charges. Orders left at the Winnsboro Hotel will be promptly attended to. April 8'65—law4

State of South Carolina.



EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

COLUMBIA, March 27, 1865.

THE invasion of the State has rendered it proper that the Legislative Department of the Government of the State should be convened, that such measures may be adopted as the welfare of the State may require. And for that purpose the members of the Senate and the House of Representatives of the State of South Carolina are hereby invited to assemble at Greenville, on TUESDAY, the 25th day of April, 1865, at 12 o'clock m.

By the Governor: A. G. MAGRATH, Official: W. S. ELLIOTT, Private Sec'y. April 6'65—9

All papers in the State will copy until the time for the meeting of the Legislature.

C. & S. C. Railroad.



AS the immediate reconstruction of this road is highly important, all materials of iron, ties and stringers are needed, and their removal is forbidden by any one. April 6'65 WM. JOHNSTON, Pres't.

"Gems" for Children.

IS the title of a collection of admirable stories, mostly founded on facts, and which originally appeared in the Southern Presbyterian and Confederate Baptist, over the signature of "TEACHER."

The rapid sale of this work, (over 1300 copies having been sold,) speaks well for the favor with which it has been received by the Southern public. There is nothing sectarian contained in it, the authors' object being the inculcation of true piety amongst the rising generation.

Copies can be procured at this office. Price \$2. R. F. MILLER. April 1'65

Valuable Book Found.

SCOTT'S COMMENTARY, vol. 2, 1. Kings—Proverbs, has been left at this office for the owner, who can get it by calling and paying for this advertisement. March 30'65—tw

Woodward's Mill

GRINDS Corn on Thursday, Friday and Saturday. Two and a half miles below Winnsboro. Meal given in exchange for oil and tallow at old prices. March 28'65—tw T. W. WOODWARD.

Hdq'rs 7th Reg't S. C. Cavalry.

CAMP NEAR RICHMOND,

March 10, 1865.

OFFICERS and Soldiers of the Seventh Regiment of South Carolina Cavalry, who are now absent without leave are called upon to return without delay to their command.

Many brave men linger to protect their suffering homes, or to engage the enemy upon their own soil—cowards make the same excuse—but by remaining absent from their posts in the army they weaken our strength and postpone the hour of victory and peace. Soldiers must promptly return or be published as "deserters," arrested as "deserters" and punished as "deserters."

The destruction of railroads is no excuse. Brave men will make their journey on foot, or on horseback, and rejoin their posts of duty in the Army. It will be no excuse to a soldier, that he is doing duty in another command; this can only be permitted by an order from the Commander-in-Chief—without his order it is a military crime.

It is especially urged upon men to bring with them good horses; being dismounted will not obtain for them new furloughs, but transfers to infantry.

A. C. HASKELL, Col. 7th Reg't S. C. Cavalry. March 25'65—4

Substance Department.

OFFICE A. A. C. S., C. S. A.

WINNSBORO, S. C., March 31, 1865.

ALL persons having demands against this office will please present a statement of their claims forthwith for settlement. FRANK MYERS, A. A. C. S., April 1'65—3pd

Hdq'rs Armies of the C. S.,

11th FEBRUARY, 1865.

GENERAL ORDERS

No. 3.

THE discipline and efficiency of the army have been greatly impaired by men leaving their proper commands to join others, in which they find service more agreeable.

This practice almost as injurious in its consequences as the crime of desertion, by the Articles of War, exposes the offender to a similar punishment, and subjects the officer receiving him to dismissal from the army.

It is therefore declared that the provisions of General Orders No. 2, of this date, from army headquarters, apply to such men as have left their proper commands and joined others without being regularly transferred. They will receive the pardon promised in that order upon complying with its conditions, or suffer the consequences attached to neglecting it.

The names of such absentees will be forthwith reported to these headquarters by the officers with whom they are serving, and immediate measures taken to return them to their proper commands.

As soon as practicable an inspection will be made, and charges will be preferred against those who neglect to enforce this order.

March 23'65—6 R. E. LEE, General.

Hdq'rs Armies of the C. States,

11th FEBRUARY, 1865.

GENERAL ORDERS

No. 2.

IN entering upon the campaign about to open, the General-in-Chief feels assured that the soldiers who have so long and so nobly borne the hardships and dangers of the war, require no exhortation to respond to the calls of honor and duty.

With the liberty transmitted by their forefathers they have inherited the spirit to defend it.

The choice between war and abject submission is before them.

To such a proposal brave men with arms in their hands can have but one answer. They cannot barter manhood for peace, nor the right of self-government for life or property.

But justice to them requires a sterner admonition to those who have abandoned their comrades in the hour of peril.

A last opportunity is offered them to wipe out the disgrace and escape the punishment of their crimes.

By authority of the President of the Confederate States, a pardon is announced to such deserters and men improperly absent, as shall return to the commands to which they belong within the shortest possible time, not exceeding twenty days from the publication of this order at the headquarters of the department in which they may be.

Those who may be prevented by interruption of communications, may report within the time specified to the nearest Enrolling Officer or other officer on duty, to be forwarded as soon as practicable, and upon presenting a certificate from such officer showing compliance with his requirement, will receive the pardon hereby offered.

Those who have deserted to the service of the enemy, or who have deserted after having been once pardoned for the same offence, and those who shall desert, or absent themselves without authority after the publication of this order, are excluded from its benefits. Nor does the offer of pardon extend to other offences than desertion and absence without permission.

By the same authority, it is also declared that no general amnesty will again be granted, and those who refuse to accept the pardon now offered, or who shall hereafter desert or absent themselves without leave, shall suffer such punishment as the Courts may impose, and no application for clemency will be entertained.

Taking new resolution from the fate which our enemies intend for us, let every man devote all his energies to the common defence.

Our resources wisely and vigorously employed, are ample, and a brave army, sustained by a determined and united people, success, with God's assistance, cannot be doubtful.

The advantages of the enemy will have but little value if we do not permit them to impair our resolution. Let us, then, oppose constancy to adversity, fortitude to suffering and courage to danger, with the firm assurance that He who gave freedom to our fathers will bless the efforts of their children to preserve it.

March 23'65—6 R. E. LEE, General.

Confederate States Government

The Executive:

Hon. JEFF DAVIS, of Miss., President.

Hon. A. H. STEVENS, of Ga., Vice-President.

The Cabinet:

J. P. BENJAMIN, of La., Secretary of State.

G. A. TRENHOLM, of S. C., Sec'y of Treasury.

J. C. BRECKINRIDGE, of Ky., Sec'y of War.

S. R. MALLORY, of Fla., Sec'y of the Navy.

Hon. GEO. DAVIS, of N. C., Attorney General.

JOHN H. REAGAN, of Texas, Postmaster Gen.

Heads of Bureaus:

Rufus R. Rhodes, Commissioner of Patents.

G. E. W. Nelson, Sup't of Public Printing.

Gen. Sam. Cooper, Adj't and Inspector Gen.

John S. Preston, Chief of Bureau of Conscription.

Brig. Gen. A. R. Lawton, Quartermaster Gen.

S. P. Moore, Surgeon-General.

E. W. Johns, Medical Purveyor.

BLANKS of every description for sale at this office.

State Record of Names of Deceased Soldiers.

SOUTH CAROLINA COLLEGE,

COLUMBIA, January 16, 1865.

UNDER appointment by the Legislature to prepare this Record, I earnestly appeal to the families or friends of our deceased soldiers to send me at once their names &c., while there is an opportunity to secure accurate information. Hospital registers and reports of casualties from the army are deficient in the information required; it must be obtained at home.

The Record will date back to the beginning of the war, and include all who have been killed in battle or died of wounds received in battle, or from disease or accident. If you have been so fortunate as not to lose friend or relative, yet remember that it is noble to rescue from oblivion the name of but one friendless youth who had gone from your neighborhood to die in our cause.

Give—1. Name in full. 2. From what District. 3. Rank. 4. Company. 5. Regiment and arm of service. 6. Died, year, month, day. 7. Cause of death, and remarks (as where he died, age, previously wounded, &c.)

Circulars and blanks to be filled will be sent to such as desire them. No fee or expense is incurred by any one for having the record made. The State is endeavoring to fulfill a sacred obligation in securing now, and recording for posterity, the names of all her sons who have fallen in this war. In 1862, the Convention unanimously resolved that this should be done, "as a token of respect to their memories, and a legacy of inestimable value to their friends;" and the resolution was sent forth, by their order, to be read to our regiments, battalions and companies everywhere. Many a brave soldier may have died in solitude or rushed upon the foe, with the thought in his heart that his name would be honorably preserved at home.

Feb 13'65—d3 WM J. RIVERS.

To the Friends of the Soldiers THROUGHOUT THE CONFEDERACY.

QUARTERMASTER GEN'S DEPARTMENT, Railroad Bureau, Richmond, Feb. 20, '64.

THE friends and relatives of soldiers in the Army of Northern Virginia are hereby notified that an arrangement has this day been effected with the Southern Express Company, to carry all packages of food and wearing apparel to Richmond, Va.

To secure the advantages thus obtained through the Express Company, the following instructions must be observed:

Packages must not contain more than one hundred pounds; be well secured, and plainly marked, and sent at the expense of the shipper to either of the Soldiers' Relief Associations, which are located as follows:

In North Carolina, at Raleigh; in South Carolina at Columbia; in Georgia, at Augusta; in Alabama, at Montgomery, or to any other point at which one of these Associations have an office.

The Agents of these Associations will take charge of them, and ship daily, by Southern Express Company, to the proper Agents of the respective States at Richmond who will see them distributed to the proper individual owners.

To meet the wishes of the soldiers, and to give them a certain and speedy communication with home, the Southern Express Company has agreed to give this freight preference over everything else; and, in order that no obstacle may occur to the success of so laudable an enterprise, the several railroad companies are hereby requested to render the Express Company such facilities as will enable it to make this arrangement a complete success.

As the Southern Express Company assumes all responsibility of the Transportation of these packages, the Relief Associations are requested to withdraw their agents who have heretofore acted as travelling messengers. If the Relief Association will establish agencies in the rear of other armies, they may enjoy the same privileges hereby secured to the army of Northern Virginia.

F. W. SIMS, Approved, Lt. Col. and Quarterm'r. A. R. LAWTON, Quartermaster Gen'l.

OFFICE SOUTHERN EXPRESS CO.,

Augusta, Ga., Feb. 20, 1864.

The Southern Express Company hereby notify the friends and relatives of soldiers in the Army of Northern Virginia and elsewhere, that they are prepared to carry out arrangements as announced in the above card, and that they will do all in their power to fulfil its requirements.

JAMES SHUTER, Gen'l Sup't and Acting Pres't.

Feb 13'65

JUST PUBLISHED,

Master William Mitten:

A youth of brilliant talents, who was ruined by bad luck.

By the author of "Georgia Scenes" ABOUT two hundred and fifty pages octavo—well printed with neat paper covers. Written in Judge Longstreet's best and most humorous style. Price \$5, for which we will send a copy, post paid, to any post of the Confederacy. The usual discount to the trade.

All orders should be addressed to BURKE, ROYKIN & CO., Macon, Ga.

Feb 13'65

The Tri-Weekly News.

PUBLISHED AT WINNSBORO, S. C., BY J. E. BRITTON.

Terms—\$1.00 per copy. Advertisements inserted at \$5.00 a square, ten lines or less making a square.

ALL kinds of JOB WORK neatly executed at this office.

TELEGRAPHIC

REPORTS OF THE PRESS ASSOCIATION.

Southern News.

AUGUSTA, April 12.—The negro raid under Foster is supposed to be moving towards Charlotte, N. C., from near Camden.

The latest accounts and latest advices from Montgomery at noon, state that the enemy were in six miles of the city. Our troops were preparing to evacuate.

Columbus is being prepared against an invasion. Stores are being removed eastward, and several hospitals from the city, and Macon, have been ordered to Charlotte, N. C.

From the West.

AUGUSTA, April 11.—Late advices from Montgomery and Columbus represent those places as being strongly fortified, and in excellent promise of defence. The negroes have been impressed in Montgomery for the purpose of carrying cotton to the outskirts of the place for burning, if necessary. The boys of Montgomery have been organized and armed in style. Watt's cadets promise to do good service. The city is subsiding, and is now quiet. The people continue to move their slaves and valuables. Many able-bodied men have left, disgracefully and cowardly, though many of the citizens are aroused and are acting for a determined defence of the city, which, if taken, will leave the enemy only empty houses. In case of an evacuation, every building containing cotton is ordered to be burned. There are more officers and men running from danger in Columbus than any where else in the Confederacy. Officers collecting Wheelers cavalry are ordered to remove to camps east of Chattahoochee. Communication with Mobile remains cut off, and the movements of the Yankees west of Montgomery are supposed to be still progressing in the rear on Mobile.

Northern papers significantly state that Sheridan has gathered two schooners loaded with negroes during his raid in Virginia, a journalist, remarking on this reminds us that the slave trade continues from the Yankees to the Southern parts of the West Indies and the slaveholding countries of South America. The same United States flag that was lowered at Fort Sumter will be raised on that work by Gen. Anderson, at noon, on April 14th. Fort Sumter and all the forts and batteries that fired on it, will salute the old flag with one hundred guns each. Henry Ward Beecher delivers the address, and Sherman is expected to preside over and direct the imposing military ceremonies of the occasion.

the North.

AUGUSTA, April 12.—John Ryan is on trial for treason by the United States Provost Marshal at Savannah. The charge is that he sent negroes into the Confederacy and armed them as teamsters to Maj. Filleday at Augusta. Negro evidence was used to prove the charges. He is to be tried by the Provost Courts, Judge Parsons presiding, to the military commandant for further investigation.

The capture of a Goodhope paper says that a Federal war steamer put into Table Bay, on Jan. 9, with the crew of the *Lizzie M. Stacey*, which was burned at sea by the Confederate cruiser, *Sherandoch*, which burnt the *Alena*, *Susan D. Godfrey* and *Charter Oak*, and bonded the *Kate Price*, and would have bonded the *Adelidia* but she belonged to Confederate friends in Baltimore.

New York dates of the 30th says that gold opened at 152, then went to 152½ and closed at 151½. Money is abundant among stockholders at 67 per cent. demand. There is a limited cotton demand and limited prices and a declined market, which closed very irregular with a downward tendency. There were sales of 450 bales in Washington, on March 29th.

A special dispatch says that the losses in the 9th army corps is very much larger than was at first reported. The killed on both sides were exchanged for burial.

Major General Meade has issued a congratulatory order saying that the battle of the 25th resulted in a thorough defeat of the Confederates. He claims to have captured strong entrenchments on Pickett's line, under a heavy artillery fire from the main works. He captured ten battle flags, 2800 prisoners. Two lessons have been learned by these operations. One is that no fortified lines, however strong, will protect an army

from an intrepid and audacious enemy, unless it is vigilantly guarded. The other is that no disaster or misfortune is irreparable when an energy and bravery is displayed and a determination to recover what was lost by promptly assuming the offensive.

The steamship *Eagle* arrived from Havana on the 24th from Galveston, loaded with cotton.

The blockade runners *Col. Lamb*, *Fox Jane*, *Banshee*, *Pelican*, *Fanny* and others are lying in ports. Several are being repaired.

The steamer *Mexico* arrived, loaded with cotton, at Matamoros.

R. S. Wood, an English steamer, has arrived from Nassau with a large cargo of naval equipments. The English steamers *Arcadia* and *Will-o-the-Wisp* arrived on the 24th.

Rates of Postage.

ON LETTERS.

Single letters not exceeding a half ounce in weight, to any part of the Confederate States, shall be 10 cents.

An additional rate for each additional half ounce or less.

Drop letters 2 cents each.

In the foregoing cases, the postage to be prepaid by stamps on stamped envelopes. Advertised letters 2 cents each.

ON NEWSPAPERS.

Sent to regular and bona fide subscribers from the office of publication, and not exceeding 3 ounces in weight.

Weekly papers, 10 cents per quarter.

Semi-Weekly paper, 10 cents per quarter.

Tri-Weekly paper, 20 cents per quarter.

Four times a week 50 cents per quarter.

Five times a week 50 cents per quarter.

Six times a week, 60 cents per quarter.

Daily paper 70 cents per quarter.

ON PERIODICALS.

Periodicals published oftener than semi-monthly shall be charged as newspapers.

Periodicals published monthly, not exceeding 2½ ounces in weight, 2½ cents per quarter; and for every additional ounce or fraction of an ounce, 2½ cents additional.

Semi-monthly, double that amount.

Bi-monthly or Quarterly, 2 cents an ounce.

ON TRANSIENT PRINTED MATTER.

Every other newspaper, pamphlet, periodical, magazine, each circular not sealed, handbill and engraving, not exceeding 3 ounces in weight, 2 cents for any distance, 2 cents additional for each additional ounce or less beyond the first three ounces.

In all cases, the postage to be prepaid by stamps or stamped envelopes.

Southern Field and Fireside!

GRAND LITERARY COMBINATION

THE SOUTHERN FIELD AND FIRESIDE,

OF AUGUSTA, GA., AND

THE ILLUSTRATED MERCURY,

OF RALEIGH, N. C.,

Combined and continued under the old popular title of the

SOUTHERN FIELD AND FIRESIDE.

THE Proprietors of the *Mercury* having purchased the *Southern Field and Fireside*, and finding it impossible to make arrangements which would insure a regular supply of paper, upon account of the irregularity and uncertainty of transportation for the *Field and Fireside* at Augusta, Ga., the same having to be supplied from the mills at Raleigh, N. C., have removed the *Field and Fireside* to Raleigh and combined these two sterling Literary Journals.

The *Mercury* is therefore merged into the *Southern Field and Fireside*, and will be so published until the state of the country will justify a divergence, when both papers will be resumed and continued as heretofore. Subscribers to both journals will receive the paper to the full time of subscription without delay or interruption.

The entire editorial and contributory corps of both papers are retained upon the emerging journal. It is announced, without fear of contradiction, that the extensive and splendid array of combined talent now employed in writing for the *Field and Fireside* surpasses in genuine merit, ability, celebrity and numerical strength, any combination or engagement ever before attained in the history of Periodical Literature of Europe or America.

TERMS:

One subscriber, six months, : : : \$20 00

Eleven subscribers, : : : 200 00

Address WM. B. SMITH & CO.,

Feb 13'65 Raleigh, N. C.

Now Ready.

THE January number of THE KEYSTONE, the only Masonic Magazine in the South. The Grand Lodge of North Carolina, at Raleigh, Dec. 7th, 1864, was pleased to pass the following resolution:

Whereas, Brother WM. B. Smith, of this city, has commenced the publication of a Monthly Periodical devoted to the interest of the Masonic Fraternity, entitled THE KEYSTONE, and whereas, a work of this kind is very much needed by the Craft throughout the Confederate States, therefore,

Resolved, That this Grand Lodge recommend said work to the Subordinate Lodges and the Craft generally.

Feb 13'65

To the Public.

THE subscriber will pay a liberal reward for the recovery of his books, namely, two day books and two ledgers. They were taken by some persons from the lot where the furniture was, also one drawer belonging to a bureau. S. WOOLFE.

mech 28'65—2pd