

THE TRI-WEEKLY NEWS.

VOL. I.]

WINNSBORO, S. C., SATURDAY MORNING, APRIL 8, 1865.

[NUMBER 10.]

THE TRI-WEEKLY NEWS:

BY J. E. BRITTON.

TERMS: THE TRI-WEEKLY NEWS is published on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at \$1.00 per copy. ADVERTISEMENTS Will be inserted at \$5.00 a square, ten lines or less constituting a square.

Mrs. L. Stevens, BEGS LEAVETO INFORM THE LADIES, that she is prepared to repair and re-shape HOOP-SKIRTS.

Any work of this kind, entrusted to her, will be executed to satisfaction, and at reasonable charges. Orders left at the Winnsboro Hotel will be promptly attended to. April 8/65—law4

State of South Carolina.



EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

COLUMBIA, March 27, 1865.

THE invasion of the State has rendered it proper that the Legislative Department of the Government of the State should be convened; that such measures may be adopted as the welfare of the State may require. And for that purpose the members of the Senate and the House of Representatives of the State of South Carolina are hereby invited to assemble at Greenville, on TUESDAY, the 25th day of April, 1865, at 12 o'clock m.

By the Governor: A. G. MAGRATH. Official: W. S. ELLIOTT, Private Sec'y. April 6/65—9

All papers in the State will copy until the time for the meeting of the Legislature.

C. & S. C. Railroad.

AS the immediate reconstruction of this road is highly important, all materials of iron, ties and fittings are needed, and their removal is forbidden by any one. April 6/65 WM. JOHNSTON, Pres't.

"Gem" for Children.

IS the title of a collection of admirable stories, mostly founded on facts, and which originally appeared in the Southern Presbyterian and Confederate Baptist, over the signature of "TEACHER." The rapid sale of this work, (over 1300 copies having been sold,) speaks well for the favor with which it has been received by the Southern public. There is nothing sectarian contained in it, the authors' object being the inculcation of true piety amongst the rising generation. Copies can be procured at this office. Price \$2. April 1/65 R. F. MILLER.

Substitu see Department.

OFFICE A. A. C. S., C. S. A. WINNSBORO, S. C., March 31, 1865. ALL persons having demands against this office will please present a statement of their claims forthwith for settlement. FRANK MYERS, A. A. C. S. April 1/65—37

Value the Book Found.

SCOTT'S COMMENTARY, vol. 2, 1 Kings—P. 100, has been left at this office for the owner, who can get it by calling and paying for this advertisement. March 30/65—46

Woodward's Mill.

GRINDS Corn on Thursday, Friday and Saturday. Two and a half miles below Winnsboro. Meal given in exchange for oil and tallow at old prices. March 28/65—1W T. W. WOODWARD.

Hdq's of the Reg't S. C. Cavalry.

CAMP NEAR RICHMOND, March 10, 1865. OFFICE of Hdq's and Soldiers of the Seventh Reg't of South Carolina Cavalry. Absent without leave are called upon to return without delay to their command.

Many brave men linger to protect their suffering wives, or to engage the enemy upon their own soil—towards make the same exertions—but by remaining absent from their posts in the army they weaken our strength and postpone the hour of victory and peace. Soldiers must promptly return or be punished as deserters. The desertion of railroads is no excuse. Brave men will make their journey on foot, or on horseback, and rejoin their posts of duty in the Army. It will be no excuse to a soldier, that he is doing duty in another command; this can only be permitted by an order from the Commander-in-Chief—without his order it is a military crime. It is especially urged upon men to bring with them good horses; being dismounted will not obtain for them new furloughs, but transfers to infantry. A. C. HASKELL, Col. 7th Reg't S. C. Cavalry. March 25/65—4

Hdq's Armies of the C. S.

11th FEBRUARY, 1865.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 3.

THE discipline and efficiency of the army have been greatly impaired by men leaving their proper commands to join others, in which they find service more agreeable.

This practice almost as injurious in its consequences as the crime of desertion, by the Articles of War, exposes the offender to a similar punishment, and subjects the officer receiving him to dismissal from the army.

It is therefore declared that the provisions of General Orders, No. 2, of this date, from army headquarters, apply to such men as have left their proper commands and joined others without being regularly transferred. They will receive the pardon promised in that order upon complying with its conditions, or suffer the consequences attached to neglecting it.

The names of such absentees will be forthwith reported to these headquarters by the officers with whom they are serving, and immediate measures taken to return them to their proper commands.

As soon as practicable an inspection will be made, and charges will be preferred against those who neglect to enforce this order. March 23/65—6 R. E. LEE, General.

Hdq's Armies of the C. States.

11th FEBRUARY, 1865.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 2.

IN entering upon the campaign about to open, the General-in-Chief feels assured that the soldiers who have so long and so nobly borne the hardships and dangers of the war, require no exhortation to respond to the calls of honor and duty.

With the liberty transmitted by their forefathers they have inherited the spirit to defend it.

The choice between war and abject submission is before them.

To such a proposal brave men with arms in their hands can have but one answer. They cannot barter manhood for peace, nor the right of self-government for life or property.

But justice to them requires a stern admonition to those who have abandoned their comrades in the hour of peril.

A last opportunity is offered them to wipe out the disgrace and escape the punishment of their crimes.

By authority of the President of the Confederate States, a pardon is announced to such deserters and men improperly absent, as shall return to the commands to which they belong within the shortest possible time, not exceeding twenty days from the publication of this order at the headquarters of the department in which they may be.

Those who may be prevented by interruption of communications, may report within the time specified to the nearest Enrolling Officer or other officer on duty, to be forwarded as soon as practicable, and upon presenting a certificate from such officer showing compliance with his requirement, will receive the pardon hereby offered.

Those who have deserted to the service of the enemy, or who have deserted after having been once pardoned for the same offence, and those who shall desert, or absent themselves without authority after the publication of this order, are excluded from its benefits. Nor does the offer of pardon extend to other offences than desertion and absence without permission.

By the same authority, it is also declared that no general amnesty will again be granted, and those who refuse to accept the pardon now offered, or who shall hereafter desert or absent themselves without leave, shall suffer such punishment as the Courts may impose, and no application for clemency will be entertained.

Taking new resolution from the fate which our enemies intend for us, let every man devote all his energies to the common defence.

Our resources wisely and vigorously employed, are ample, and a brave army, sustained by a determined and united people, success, with God's assistance, cannot be doubtful.

The advantages of the enemy will have but little value if we do not permit them to impair our resolution. Let us, then, oppose constancy to adversity, fortitude to suffering and courage to danger, with the firm assurance that He who gave freedom to our fathers will bless the efforts of their children to preserve it. March 23/65—6 R. E. LEE, General.

Confederate States Government

The Executive:

Hon. JEFF DAVIS, of Miss., President.

Hon. A. H. STEVENS, of Ga., Vice-President.

The Cabinet:

J. P. BENJAMIN, of La., Secretary of State.

G. A. TRENBLOM, of S. C., Sec'y of Treasury.

J. C. BRECKINRIDGE, of Ky., Sec'y of War.

S. R. MALLORY, of Fla., Sec'y of the Navy.

Hon. GEO. DAVIS, of N. C., Attorney General.

JOHN H. REAGAN, of Texas, Postmaster Gen.

Heads of Bureaus:

Rufus R. Rhodes, Commissioner of Patents.

S. E. W. Nelson, Sup't of Public Printing.

Gen. Sam Cooper, Adj't and Inspector Gen.

John S. Preston, Chief of Bureau of Conscription.

Brig. Gen. A. R. Lawton, Quartermaster Gen.

S. P. Moore, Surgeon-General.

E. W. Johns, Medical Purveyor.

BLANKS of every description for sale at this office.

State Record of Names of Deceased Soldiers.

SOUTH CAROLINA COLLEGE, COLUMBIA, January 16, 1865.

UNDER appointment by the Legislature to prepare this Record, I earnestly appeal to the families or friends of our deceased soldiers to send me at once their names &c., while there is an opportunity to secure accurate information. Hospital registers and reports of casualties from the army are deficient in the information required; it must be obtained at home.

The Record will date back to the beginning of the war, and include all who have been killed in battle or died of wounds received in battle, or from disease or accident. If you have been so fortunate as not to lose friend or relative, yet remember that it is noble to rescue from oblivion the name of but one friendless youth who had gone from your neighborhood to die in our cause.

Give—1. Name in full 2. From what District 3. Rank 4. Company 5. Regiment and arm of service 6. Died, year, month, day 7. Cause of death, and remarks (as where headed, age, previously wounded, &c.)

Circulars and blanks to be filled will be sent to such as desire them. No fee or expense is incurred by any one for having the record made. The State is endeavoring to fulfill a sacred obligation in securing now, and recording for posterity, the names of all heroes who have fallen in this war. In 1862, the Convention unanimously resolved that this should be done, "as a token of respect to their memories, and a legacy of inestimable value to their friends;" and the resolution was sent forth, by their order, to be read to our regiments, battalions and companies everywhere.

Many a brave soldier may have died in solitude or rushed upon the foe, with the thought in his heart that his name would be honorably preserved at home. Feb 13/65—43 WM J. RIVERS.

To the Friends of the Soldiers THROUGHOUT THE CONFEDERACY.

QUARTERMASTER GEN'S DEPARTMENT, Railroad Bureau, Richmond, Feb. 20, '64.

THE friends and relatives of soldiers in the Army of Northern Virginia are hereby notified that an arrangement has this day been effected with the Southern Express Company, to carry all packages of food and wearing apparel to Richmond, Va.

To secure the advantages thus obtained through the Express Company, the following instructions must be observed:

Packages must not contain more than one hundred pounds; be well secured, and plainly marked, and sent at the expense of the shipper, to either of the Soldiers' Relief Associations, which are located as follows:

In North Carolina, at Raleigh; in South Carolina at Columbia; in Georgia, at Augusta; in Alabama, at Montgomery, or to any other point at which one of these Associations have an office.

The Agents of these Associations will there take charge of them, and ship daily, by Southern Express Company, to the proper Agents of the respective States at Richmond who will see them distributed to the proper individual owners.

To meet the wishes of the soldiers, and to give them a certain and speedy communication with home, the Southern Express Company has agreed to give this freight preference over everything else; and, in order that no obstacle may occur to the success of so laudable an enterprise, the several railroad companies are hereby requested to render the Express Company such facilities as will enable it to make this arrangement a complete success.

As the Southern Express Company assumes all responsibility of the Transportation of these packages, the Relief Associations are requested to withdraw their agents who have heretofore acted as travelling messengers. If the Relief Association will establish agencies in the rear of other armies, they may enjoy the same privileges hereby secured to the army of Northern Virginia.

F. W. SIMS, Approved, Lt. Col. and Quarterm'r. A. R. LAWTON, Quartermaster Gen'l.

OFFICE Southern Express Co., Augusta, Ga., Feb. 20, 1864. The Southern Express Company hereby notify the friends and relatives of soldiers in the Army of Northern Virginia and elsewhere, that they are prepared to carry out arrangements as announced in the above card, and that they will do all in their power to fulfil its requirements.

JAMES SHUTER, Gen'l Sup't and Acting Pres't. Feb 13/65

JUST PUBLISHED, Master William Mitten: A youth of brilliant talents, who was ruined by bad luck.

By the author of "Georgia Scenes" ABOUT two hundred and fifty pages octavo—well printed with neat paper covers. Written in Judge Longstreet's best and most humorous style. Price \$5, for which we will send a copy, post paid, to any part of the Confederacy. The usual discount to the trade.

All orders should be addressed to BURKE, ROYKIN & CO., Raleigh, Ga. Feb 13/65

The Tri-Weekly News.

PUBLISHED AT WINNSBORO, S. C., BY J. E. BRITTON.

TERMS—\$1.00 per copy. Advertisements inserted at \$5.00 a square, ten lines or less making a square.

ALL kinds of JOB WORK neatly executed at this office.

Prospectus of the Conservative.

PUBLISHED DAILY AND WEEKLY BY J. B. NEATHERBY & CO., RALEIGH, N. C. OUR PRINCIPLES:

The true Conservative platform—The supremacy of the civil over the military law. A quiet submission to all laws, whether good or bad, while they remain upon our statute books.

No reconstruction, or submission, but perpetual independence.

An unbroken front to the common enemy; but timely and repeated negotiations for peace by the proper authorities.

No separate State action through a Convention; no counter revolution; no combined resistance to the Government.

Opposition to despotism in every form, and the preservation of Republican institutions in all their purity.

We have determined to make the Conservative a permanent paper, for the maintenance of our principles, and to render a vigorous support to the cause of Southern independence. The administration of Gov. Vance will find in the Conservative a steady, honest, straight-forward supporter and defender, as will also the National administration, when its action is not in conflict with our principles.

The Conservative shall be a leading, reliable paper, and will be conducted with vigor, but with a proper regard to truth and right, and the courtesy due to others. It will not encourage or countenance personal or political wrangling and discord. It seeks to unite all upon the great and all-absorbing interests of the Confederacy.

It shall be a thorough newspaper, and will give the latest telegraphic and other news most desirable to the public. The proceedings of the Legislature when in session, important action of Congress, and general intelligence will be served up daily for our readers.

OUR TERMS: For the Daily, one month, \$5 00 For the Daily, three months, 15 00 For the Daily, six months, 25 00 For the Weekly, six months, 10 00 No subscriptions to either Daily or Weekly received for a longer time than six months. Feb 13/65.

Rates of Postage. ON LETTERS. Single letters not exceeding a half ounce in weight, to any part of the Confederate States, shall be 10 cents.

An additional rate for each additional half ounce or less. Drop letters 2 cents each. In the foregoing cases, the postage to be prepaid by stamps on stamped envelopes. Advertised letters 2 cents each.

ON NEWSPAPERS. Sent to regular and bona fide subscribers from the office of publication, and not exceeding 3 ounces in weight. Weekly papers, 10 cents per quarter. Semi-Weekly paper, 10 cents per quarter. Tri-Weekly paper, 20 cents per quarter. Four times a week 50 cents per quarter. Five times a week 50 cents per quarter. Six times a week, 60 cents per quarter. Daily paper 70 cents per quarter.

ON PERIODICALS. Periodicals published oftener than semi-monthly shall be charged as newspapers. Periodicals published monthly, not exceeding 2 1/2 ounces in weight, 2 1/2 cents per quarter; and for every additional ounce or fraction of an ounce, 2 1/2 cents additional. Semi-monthly, double that amount. Bi-monthly or Quarterly, 2 cents an ounce.

ON TRANSIENT PRINTED MATTER. Every other newspaper, pamphlet, periodical, magazine, each circular not sealed, handbill and engraving, not exceeding 3 ounces in weight, 2 cents for any distance, 2 cents additional for each additional ounce or less beyond the first three ounces.

In all cases, the postage to be prepaid by stamps or stamped envelopes.

Southern Field and Fireside: GRAND LITERARY COMBINATION THE SOUTHERN FIELD AND FIRESIDE, OF AUGUSTA, GA., AND THE ILLUSTRATED MERCURY, OF RALEIGH, N. C., Combined and continued under the old popular title of the SOUTHERN FIELD AND FIRESIDE.

THE Proprietors of the Mercury having purchased the Southern Field and Fireside, and finding it impossible to make arrangements which would insure a regular supply of paper, upon account of the irregularity and uncertainty of transportation for the Field and Fireside at Augusta, Ga., the same having to be supplied from the mills at Raleigh, N. C., have removed the Field and Fireside to Raleigh and combined these two sterling Literary Journals. The Mercury is therefore merged into the Southern Field and Fireside, and will be so published until the state of the country will justify a divergence, when both papers will be resumed and continued as heretofore. Subscribers to both journals will receive the paper to the full time of subscription without delay or interruption.

The entire editorial and contributory corps of both papers are retained upon the emerging journal. It is announced, without fear of contradiction, that the extensive and splendid array of combined talent now employed in writing for the Field and Fireside surpasses in genuine merit, ability, celebrity and numerical strength, any combination or engagement ever before attained in the history of Periodical Literature of Europe or America.

TERMS: One subscriber, six months, \$20 00 Eleven subscribers, \$200 00 Address WM. B. SMITH & CO., Raleigh, N. C. Feb 13/65

TELEGRAPHIC

Reports of the Press Association.

FROM THE WEST.

MACON, April 7.—Advices from Montgomery to the 6th, say that official reports say that there is no enemy this side of the Alabama river.

The telegraph is working to Benton. Commodore Montgomery has arrived. He left Demopolis on Monday night. Jackson's cavalry division whipped and forced to retreat, the enemy's cavalry column, 3,000 strong, which were advancing via Tuscaloosa. The fight occurred twenty-six miles from Selma. The enemy's main body was moving towards Demopolis. Forrest is reported advancing against, and fighting the enemy around Selma.

There is nothing definite from Mobile.

FROM CHARLESTON, THE NORTH, EUROPE, &C.

AUGUSTA, April 7.—The Charleston Courier states that 8,000 bales of cotton has been discovered in portions of the city. The Government has a dray line on the streets hauling. King street exhibits an immense moving throng from morning till night. The merchants and trades are doing a good business which promises well for the future prosperity of the city. There is a remarkable change in five weeks, since the Union forces entered. A torpedo exploded under the bow of the United States steamer Bibb, in the usual sailing channel. The vessel was in twenty-five feet, low water. A naval order has been issued for vessels to avoid the track. No injury was done.

!!! Red-path and others have issued a memorial to the loyal people of South Carolina to furnish means to erect a monument over the Yankee soldiers who was buried on the race course by the rebels!!!!

The Courier gives a long account of the meeting held on the 28th. It passed resolutions of thanks to Gen. Hatch and Admiral Dahlgreen, for their kindness in giving assistance in suppressing the fire, when the Union troops entered the city. The largest number of the signers of the address were negroes and contemptible fellows who never had character or position. A few prominent citizens took part in the proceedings. J. P. M. Stinson opened the Charleston Hotel with grand demonstrations and a banquet display and grand expedition of the celebration.

Northern characters arrived on the 1st of April. They are visiting Southern cities (?) and will remain for the grand demonstration of the 13th—the raising of the flag over Sumter, and other imposing ceremonies. Welles, the Secretary of the Navy, is expected. On the 2d grand preparations were made to salute and receive him and other distinguished persons.

The paper claims victories in North Carolina at Kinston, Averbosbor and Bentonsville. It locates Schofield's and Sherman's armies at Goldsboro, 60,000 strong.

Northern papers of March 27th state that 15,000 cavalry left Eastport on the 17th, and began a dash on Alabama, with a view of destroying the railroads, &c., in Alabama and Mississippi, and it co-operated with several other expeditions of land and water. They started for Mobile as the objective point. They promise that the first news that will be heard from them will be dated City of the Gulf.

Gen. Stanley has the 4th army corps at Knoxville. Eighteen thousand men under Stoneman, left Knoxville in the morning, bound eastward, with 6000 mounted Yankees.

The London journals say that placards were posted in large numbers in London, in flaming letters, announcing the fall of Charleston. They were headed Babylon is Fallen, and was followed by the 14th chapter of Revelations. The 6th and 8th verses were illuminated, intended as a commentary.