

READING MATTER ON EVERY PAGE.

[CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.]

South, and it must be felt through all her relations with the North—whether commercial, political or social. Should a Northern man—and how often must necessarily be the case—be brought to trial in the State or Federal courts at the South, his life or liberty must be passed upon by ignorant negro jurors. Should the most difficult and complicated questions of property arise in Southern courts—and how often must such be the case, arising from inter-marriage, inheritance or trade—the cause of the Northern man must be decided by the same ignorant tribunal. Nor is this yet all. The highest prerogative of government is the taxing power, and the efforts of the wisest statesmen have been expended to guard this great power against abuse. No power has been more jealously watched than this. No power has given rise to so much strife and bloodshed in the history of the world. The contest between the mother country and the colonies originated in her assumption of the right to tax without representation. By the Reconstruction Acts of Congress, the taxing power is placed in the hands of those who own no property, and is taken away from those who hold the property and must pay the taxes. The war that has always existed between capital and labor is decided in favor of the latter, and the wealth of the country is prostrated at the feet of those who have nothing at stake but their daily wages and their daily bread. How will this power be exercised? Can it be supposed for a moment that it will be exercised in any other way than to impose such burdens upon the tax-payers as will amount, in the end, to practical confiscation of the small remaining substance of our people? But we must forbear. Such are some of the immediate consequences of the Reconstruction Acts upon the people of the South and upon the whole country.

We have said and we repeat, that we desire peace; but the policy now proposed cannot give us peace. It is contrary to the voice of reason and the law of nature. Instead of the South recovering from her poverty, and contributing her share to the common wealth and prosperity of the country, she will become more and more impoverished. The blight of empire will out short her harvests and dry up her resources. The law of violence, which has prevailed for more than two years in reconstructed Tennessee, will extend its sway throughout the entire South, and we shall reap, like her, the harvest of crime and blood multiplied twofold.

We have shown that free negro labor, under the sudden emancipation policy of the Government, is a disaster from which, under the most favorable circumstances, it will require years to recover. Add to this the policy which the Reconstruction Acts propose to enforce, and you place the South, politically and socially, under the heel of the negro; these influences combined would drag to hopeless ruin the most prosperous community in the world. What do these Reconstruction Acts propose? Not negro equality merely, but negro supremacy. In the name then of humanity to both races—in the name of citizenship under the Constitution—in the name of a common history in the past—in the name of our Anglo-Saxon race and blood—in the name of the civilization of the nineteenth century—in the name of magnanimity and the noble instincts of manhood—in the name of God and nature, we protest against these Acts, as destructive to the peace of society, the prosperity of the country and the greatness and grandeur of our common future.

The people of the South are powerless to avert the impending ruin. We have been overborne; and the responsibility to posterity and to the world has passed into other hands.

Plain Questions for the Colored People.

If there are any colored people in this city, not entirely crazed by the living blarney of the mean whites, who are associating with them, we would like to propound to them a few questions, the answers to which will fully demonstrate to them what course their true interest demands they should take.

In the days of slavery who were your best and kindest masters—native born Southerners or Yankee adventurers?

From whom do you now receive the means of living? Who gives you employment and food and shelter?

Who owns the lands, the houses, the stock, the provisions and the money in this State—the people of the South or Yankee emissaries? What would be your condition if all the Southern people should withdraw from you their patronage; refuse to give you employment; turn you out of their houses and cease to furnish you food?

Who will support and give you employment if the Southern people should abandon you?

Where do you expect in future to live? with the Southern people here where you were raised, or do you expect to go North with the Yankee emissaries when they return to the North?

Do you believe that the Southern people will

continue to feel and act kindly towards you when you show, by your acts, that you are hostile to them?

Do you believe it to be right or proper for any one to support another who is known to be his enemy? Don't you proclaim yourselves enemies of the white people by using the ballot placed in your hands by their enemies to disfranchise and degrade them?

Do you believe that the white people of the United States will permit you, for any length of time, to dominate over the Southern whites? Do you not know that the mean whites of the South are only using you to wreak their spleen and vengeance on the Southern white people?

Do you believe it would be wrong for you to put out of your house a man who you knew was endeavoring to ruin you? Are you not, by siding with the mean whites and Yankee emissaries against the Southern people, giving them the same reasons to cast you out?

Can the black people now in the State live a single week without the aid, support and assistance of the whites? Is it not a dangerous project for them to adopt a course which will compel the white people to disown them from their service?

If the negroes are not run stark mad they will find that truthful answers to the foregoing questions will show conclusively that they are about to take a step which will be fraught with ruinous consequences to them in the future. We ask that, in justice to the black people, every one of our readers who has one of these people in his employment will read over to him carefully the foregoing questions this morning before the polls are opened.—Chronicle & Sentinel.

THE ORANGEBURG NEWS. SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1867.

While we reserve to ourselves the right of defining our own political position by means of our editorial columns, we will be pleased to publish contributions from our fellow-citizens upon the grave questions which now agitate the public mind, whether their opinions coincide with ours or not. A district newspaper, we consider, should be an index of the various shades of popular sentiment in the section of country in which it circulates. Our columns are open, therefore, for any communications properly written, accompanied by a responsible name, not personal in their character, nor absolutely injurious in their tendency.

The want of Editorial matter this week, is owing to Professional engagements of the Editor.

The Little Chief.

The Little Chief has been pronounced by many of the leading papers of America, to be one of the cheapest, handsomest and best papers for children ever issued, and the examination of a single number will convince almost any one of the truth of the statement.

It is a monthly of sixteen beautifully printed double-column pages, besides the cover, profusely illustrated, and filled with just such articles as are calculated to make the young folks wiser, happier, and better. All of this, too, for Seventy-Five cents a year, with the most liberal premiums to agents. Besides all this, those who subscribe soon for the Second Volume, which begins with January, will receive three numbers of the present, free. Don't fail to send ten cents for specimen copies and list of premiums. Address, DOWLING & SMITH-RIDGE, Indianapolis, Indiana.

[FOR THE ORANGEBURG NEWS.]

MR. EDITOR:—As instance of the vast powers of rewards and punishments now with the powers that be, listen:

SCENE—Court House, Time, Nov. sittings. District Judge presiding. State vs. Somebody. 1st witness, a juvenile person of color introduced by the Solicitor with great confidence. Counsel for defence suggests that there may be some obscurity on witnesses' mind as to the obligation of an oath. Court undertakes to remove obscurity if possible or to see if it exist. And thus it is done.

1st Question, (by the Court to would be juvenile witness) "Do you believe in God?"

Would be witness (in a rather delighted style) "No sah."

Court—(surprised)—"I ask do you believe in God?"

Juv. would be—"Yes sah." (State triumphant.)

Court—"Do you believe you will be punished if you tell a lie?"

Juv. would be—"Yes sah."

Court—"By whom?"

Juvenile would be—(with a brilliant flash of intelligence in his eyes and an air of exercising triumph, as tho' he said now this ends all the nonsense and you can't get over it) "By do Yankess."

Court—Mr. Solicitor I don't think the witness seems to comprehend the exact nature of an oath.

Solicitor—Certainly not so far as the books go your Honor. I thought he did—perhaps it might be as well for witness to come down.

An exquisite divine put the finishing touch to a marriage ceremony, when he concluded by saying, "I now pronounce you husband and lady."

Recipe for Making Artificial Guano.

- We publish by request the following, which is endorsed by one of our best planters: No. 1 Dry Peat..... 20 bushels. " 2 Wood Ashes..... 3 " " 3 Fine Bone Dust..... 3 " " 4 Calced Plaster..... 3 " " 5 Nitrate of Soda..... 40 pounds. " 6 Sal Ammoniac..... 22 " " 7 Carb Ammonia..... 11 " " 8 Sulph. Soda..... 20 " " 9 Sulph. Magesia..... 10 " " 10 Muriate of Soda or common Salt. 10 "

\*If Peat cannot be obtained, use garden mould or clean virgin soil instead.

DIRECTIONS FOR MIXING.—Mix Nos. 1, 2, 3 together—mix Nos. 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 in four or five pails of water, or enough to dissolve the ingredients. When dissolved, add the liquid to the mixture 1, 2, 3, and mix as in making mortar. When thoroughly mixed, add No. 4, (the Calced Plaster,) which will absorb the liquid and bring the whole to a dry state. Mix under cover in a dry place. Observe the proportions in making small or large quantities. The above receipt will make one ton, which will manure seven and a half acres of land.

Abandoned Lands.

The following circular has been sent to the several Assistant Commissioners of the Freedmen's Bureau:

WAR DEPARTMENT, BUREAU REFUGEES. FREEDMEN AND ABANDONED LANDS, Washington, D. C., Nov. 5, 1867.

SIR: As there is still quite an amount of abandoned property on your returns, and much of it occupied by the former owners, who abandoned it according to the definition of the law, and who, through contempt of the Government of the United States and the President's authority, decline to make any application under the orders approved by him for its restoration, you are hereby instructed to give notice to all such persons, through your officers and agents, that their property, coming under the above head of "abandoned property held by the Government," and now on your returns, will be taken formal possession of on the 1st of January next, and re-let to refugees and freedmen in accordance with the provisions of the law. In case they make application in accordance with the law, formal restoration will be immediately made, and reported to this office.

Very respectfully yours, U. S. GRANT, Secretary of War ad interim.

Items.

Congress meets on Thursday the 21st inst.

Peter Lorillard, deceased, leaves an estate of fifteen million dollars.

The impeachment investigation will be resumed in a few days.

General Pope intends sending a list to Congress of "rebels" that are fit to be enfranchised.

Florida and Louisiana promise us a large orange crop this season. Peaches will not grow in Florida.

The bread riots at Tortuga, Exmouth, and other places, have been suppressed, and quiet is again restored.

Radicals say nothing will be done in Congress until the regular meeting, but the salaries will be paid just the same.

The wife of a Brooklyn shoemaker on Friday presented her husband with thirty-two pounds of baby in four packages.

Sixty-five years ago a lady planted her riding-whip, a slip of grapevine, at Montecito, California. Now it covers a space of 4650 feet.

The white frost at New Orleans, on the 2d, closes the yellow fever season for 1867. The whole number of deaths by fever is reported at 3006.

Mrs. Lena Miller, who killed her husband last Winter, was hanged at Brookville, Pa., on the 13th inst. She made a full confession of her crime.

General Swaine has issued an order giving freedmen in Alabama a lien on the crops for their wages. This lien is to be subordinate to prior liens.

During the recent elections in the South, a negro had a hotel bill of fare thrust into his hand, which he gravely deposited in the ballot box.

About one hundred and fifty negroes arrived in Charleston on 14th inst., by the Augusta train on the South Carolina Railroad, intending to take passage on the Carolina for Liberia.

The military authorities of Richmond has arrested Lewis Lindsey, a colored delegate to the Reconstruction Convention, for using language calculated to array the blacks against the whites. He will be tried by a military commission.

It was estimated at the observatory in Washington, 14th inst., that 2000 meteors fell within 20 minutes. About 4 o'clock, the radiant point was well defined, being in right ascension 10 hours 1 minute. Declination 20 degrees and 31 minutes.

It is proposed to hold a National Convention of Manufacturers, of all kinds, at Cleveland, Ohio, Wednesday, December 18, to adopt a plan of joint action for the early repeal by Congress of internal taxes on manufactures and productions, except luxuries.

A letter from Dry Tortugas says all the soldiers of Fort Jefferson have signed a petition

to the President, asking for the release of Dr. Mudd, one of the Lincoln conspirators, in consequence of his services in attending yellow fever patients at the post this fall. He was sentenced to imprisonment for life.

The official vote of the State of Virginia, is as follows: Whites 75,924, blacks 93,656. For Convention, 14,835 whites and 92,507 blacks. Against Convention 61,249 whites; 630 blacks. Gen. Schofield's view of complaints of fraud, is about to order new census of the voting population of Richmond.

Miss Antoinette Cline, a beautiful and highly respectable young lady of Frederick, Md., whilst returning to her home a few nights ago, was brutally outraged by a negro man, who has been arrested and committed to jail. There was great excitement in Frederick about this dreadful affair.

The National Intelligencer says that the session of Congress from November 21st to the first Monday in December will be devoted to impeachment; and if the House refuse to impeach the President, a resolution of censure will be offered as an alternative measure. If they can't whip Mr. Johnson, they can make mouths at him.

Bennett has a poor opinion of the Southern Solons. He thus sneers at their Conventions: "As they will be all Radical, and considerably mixed with black, we may expect them to 'play such fantastic tricks before high Heaven as will make the angels weep' and the Northern Democracy rejoice. After the tragedy comes the farce."

It is currently rumored to-day that the "Grant Committee" have canvassed the Radical members now present, and find that a majority are favorable to a Congressional announcement of the General as their candidate, and that a convention be dispensed with. The letter of acceptance, in that case, to be prepared by the committee, will constitute the platform of the party. This is probably what is referred to in a dispatch from this city to a Baltimore paper.—Washington Cor. Baltimore Globe, Nov. 12.

A despatch dated Paris Nov. 14th, says, the Pope, when receiving the French staff, said: "That there was happiness in having the French about him, but it was never so great as during the recent peril. He thanked them and France, and Napoleon for his deliverance. He grieved that Italy had sent as vulgar and anachronists with flags of rapine and devastation. The valor of the Papals had defended the Papal See. The French came to crown a splendid defence. After referring to Catholic sympathy he gave the army of Napoleon and France a blessing."

Wm. M. Everts, R. H. Dana, General Wall and District Attorney-General Chandler, who appear in the prosecution in Davis' case had several hours consultation in Washington on the 13th inst. All these gentlemen are ready to proceed on the 25th. It is the desire of counsel for defence that Chief Justice Chase should preside in conjunction with Judge Underwood. In this they are influenced by important legal considerations. The trial will proceed on the original indictment. Mr. Davis will be present at the time required by his bond, although it is doubtful whether the trial will immediately commence.

The villainy of the Radicals in the late Georgia election without parallel in history. The following from the "Massville Enterprise" is a sample of the frauds practiced in every county of the State so far as heard of: "Yesterday a colored man asked us if Captain White, the Agent of the Bureau, could banish him from the country or put him back into slavery for not voting?" We told him no, of course, when he informed us that the said white had sent out word to the colored men who had not voted, that they were obliged to vote, and if they did not come to town and vote they would be banished or put back into slavery."

In a caucus of the Radical majority of the reconstruction convention which met in Montgomery on the 14th inst., it was decided to send a special messenger to Washington to ascertain from leading Republicans how far Congress will permit the convention to go on the question of disfranchising rebels, and today the convention by a vote of 56 to 21 postponed further action on the franchise question, until Monday next. A resolution was adopted instructing a proper committee to inquire into the expediency of requiring former owners to pay the blacks wages for their services from the date of the emancipation proclamation to May 20, 1856. An ordinance was introduced and referred, proposing to confiscate that part of the Seba and Meridian Railroad, which was constructed by the Confederate Government in aid of the rebellion, the proceeds of the same to go into the educational fund. An ordinance was introduced and referred, to abolish the State poll tax.

THE SOUTHERN CULTIVATOR FOR SALE!

THE MATERIAL AND GOOD WILL OF THE SOUTHERN CULTIVATOR will be sold at public outcry on the 20th of November, 1867, at the Rock Store, on the corner of College Avenue and Main Street, Athens, Ga.—sale commencing at 10 o'clock, A. M. CHARLES BENDICKT, Surviving Partner of Wm. N. WHITE, decd. nov 2

DR. E. J. OLIVEROS.

JUST RECEIVED, A FRESH supply of DRY GOODS, SHOES, HATS, GROCERIES. Also 50 bunches YARN below the market price, at T. D. WOLFFS. nov 16

CHEAPEST Chewing and Smoking TOBACCO offered since the war, at T. D. WOLFFS. nov 16

FRUITS AND FLOWERS.—The above celebrated Brand of Smoking Tobacco, also other brands of Smoking and Chewing Tobacco for sale at EZEKIEL & KOHN'S. oct 26

WORSTED GOODS, Children's Worsteds Socks and Fancy Goods, &c., just received at MRS. M. E. HALL'S. nov 2

WINTER MILLINERY GOODS of all qualities, just received at MRS. M. E. HALL'S. nov 2

Stoves! Stoves!! Stoves!!! NOW IS YOUR TIME.

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE respectfully to inform the citizens of Orangeburg and surrounding Country, that he is now prepared to furnish them with STOVES, (both Cook and Heating,) from the best Country in the U. S. and will guarantee to any person who may buy a stove from him, perfect and entire satisfaction, provided the Stoves are put up and used according to his directions. Having been in the Tin and Stove business for 17 years he thinks ought to be a sufficient inducement for his friends to call and examine his Stock before purchasing elsewhere. Call and see for yourselves. N. B.—A large Stock of Tin Ware kept constantly on hand, manufactured by himself, for sale by the wholesale and retail. W. WILLOCK. nov 16

ORANGEBURG HOTEL!

The Proprietor of this HOUSE, formerly known as TREADWELL'S HOTEL, having retired the same for a term of years, deems it necessary to inform the

Traveling Public, both LADIES and GENTLEMEN, that he has thoroughly refitted the premises, and will keep a FIRST CLASS HOTEL.

RATES OF BOARD: Board per Day.....\$2 00 Board per Week..... 7 00 Permanent boarders on the most reasonable terms, by special contract.

ALSO STOCK DROVERS will find comfortable Stables and Lots for Stock. JOHN WILLIAMSON, Proprietor. nov 2-4f

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, ) Citation Orangeburg District, ) By P. A. McMICHAEL, Esq., Ordinary. WHEREAS, Thos. E. Dukes hath made suit to me to grant him Letters of Administration, of the Estate and Effects of John G. Dukes, decd. These are therefore to cite and admonish all and singular the Kinred and Creditors of the said John G. Dukes, decd., that they be and appear before me in the Court of Ordinary, to be held at Orangeburg, C. H., on the 29th day of November, next, after publication hereof, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause if any they have, why this said Administration should not be granted. Given under my hand this 14th day of Nov., Anno Domini 1867. P. A. McMICHAEL, nov 16-2f O. O. D.

WANTED.—One Thousand New SUBSCRIBERS TO THE ORANGEBURG NEWS. Orangeburg District has a voting population of such a number and wide, numbering at least eight hundred. We include in this estimate those disfranchised by Congress, because, by law and justice, they are entitled to vote as well as others. Let every voter, who can read, send along Two Dollars for his District Newspaper. The cash must invariably accompany the subscription. oct 19

FOR THE CONVENTION. DISTRICT REPUBLICAN TICKET.

Rev. Mr. Editor:—Please insert the following ticket: REV. WILLIAM DANNERLY, GEORGE WILLIAMS, REV. THOMAS PHILLIPS, EDWARD CAIN, JOSEPH LARKIN. We want District men to represent us, not strangers. MANY COLORED VOTERS.

J. H. W. BRIGGMANN & CO.—Having made arrangements are prepared to make liberal Advances on Cotton or Produce which will be shipped forward without delay, and consigned Free of Charge to the well known Firm of G. H. Waller & Co., and Sales promptly paid at our Store. We will also receive Cotton and all other Produce, paying full Market prices. A full supply of Dry Goods, Clothing, Groceries, Wines, &c., &c., constantly on hand. June 8 1y

CHAS. BULL & CO. GROCERIES DRY GOODS, &c. No. 14 MAIN STREET. sept 28 1y

FOR SALE, LEASE OR RENT.—A Valuable PLANTATION situated on Snake Swamp. All applicants must be made previous to the 1st day of December next, to E. March, Jr., or C. S. Bull, Orangeburg, by whom all necessary information will be given. sept 28 1y

NOTICE.—All Persons Indebted to Miss Marchant by Note, or otherwise contracted since the war, are requested to settle the same before the 1st day of December next, at which time, all remaining unpaid will be placed in the hands of an Attorney for collection. sept 28 1y

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Orangeburg Drug Store.

DR. E. J. OLIVEROS. JUST RECEIVED, THE LARGEST assortment of Perfumeries and Toilet Articles ever offered in Orangeburg, consisting in part as follows: Ladies Perfumeries, Rose, Violet, Musk, Ess. Bouquet, Rose Geranium, Diamond Pomade, Depilatory Powder, &c., Floral Ess. Ass'd, Ox Marrow Pomade, Tulip Pomade, Poncele Soap, Omnibus Soap, N. B. Cereus, Ext., Sweet Oppanax, Lows' Warming Soap, &c., &c., Tooth, Shaving and Hair Brushes, of unsurpassed quality. Receiving monthly supplies of Corn Starch, Maltzenn, Barley, Sage, Broom Gelatine and Irish Moss. I am appointed Agent at this place for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, Brown's Bronchial Troches and Worm Combs, Dr. Radway's R. R. R. Medicines and Dr. Ayer's Medicines. Every kind of Medicines, both Patent and Unpatented, to be found at E. J. OLIVEROS, M. D., Druggist and Apothecary, Orangeburg Drug Store. oct 2

NEW STORE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS TAKE PLEASURE IN Informing their Friends and the Public Generally, that they have opened their NEW STORE, and are now prepared to wait upon them with a nice Stock of FAMILY GROCERIES, DRY GOODS, HATS, BOOTS and SHOES, &c., Generally found in a COUNTRY STORE. Come and examine. MULLEN & DAVIS, nov 9

FOR LEASE.

THE FINE ESTATE known as BELL PLACE, situated in St. Matthews Parish. The Estate consists of three separate Tracts. The Kennerly Place has 400 acres cleared and 200 unopened. The Darby Place has 300 cleared and 200 unopened—all fine Cotton lands. The Keitt Place consists of 2,400 acres, one half cleared and in a fine state of Cultivation. The Estate is watered by a large Creek, which affords good Range for Cattle, Hail Rich Red Clay. The Estate would be leased for one person, or in small Tracts of 50 or 100 acres, to suit small farmers. Fine Mills sold with the Place on credit. The Kennerly and Darby Places would be sold for cash. For Terms apply to J. J. WOODARD, St. Matthews P. O., Orangeburg District, S. D. nov 2-4f

L. RICH & SON,

RESPECTFULLY announce to the CITIZENS OF ORANGEBURG, AND VICINITY, That they have located themselves at their former Store formerly occupied by L. W. DASH & CO., with a large and well assorted Stock of Dry Goods, Ready Made Clothing, Hats, Boots, Shoes, Jewelry, Yankee Notions &c., which will be sold at the lowest Prices possible. Country Produce taken in exchange for Goods. Call and examine for yourself. nov 2

JOSEPH McNAMARA,

RESPECTFULLY INFORMS HIS FRIENDS and Customers, and the Public generally, that he has returned from New York, and has on hand a very complete Stock of WINTER GOODS, Consisting of READY MADE CLOTHING, FINE BOOTS AND CASSIMERES, SHOES, &c., &c. The LADIES' DEPARTMENT is very complete, consisting of Selections made by her personally while at the "FASHIONABLE" and you will find everything you want for the Winter at reasonable rates. oct 19

MAIN STREET, ORANGEBURG, S. C.

D. LOUIS & CO., AGENTS.

150 PAIRS SPECTACLES, 12 CASES, which OUR FRIENDS CAN EXAMINE AT THE MOST SELECT AND CHEAPEST STOCK.

WINTER GOODS,

OFFERED IN WOTAW ORANGEBURG SINCE THE WAR.

NOW OPENING AT D. Louis & Co., Agents.

WANTED

AT THE COURT HOUSE STORE, 200 BUSHELS OF WELL CLEAN ED COW PEAS. Best prices paid for produce in Cash or Bank. COW HIDES, BEESWAX, &c., bought. Always on hand GROCERIES, SHOES, HATS, DRY GOODS, &c., JUST RECEIVED. A supply of LADIES FINE HATS, LADIES and MISSES SHOES, Suits for MEN'S wear coarse and fine. JOHN A. HAMILTON, Market Street. oct 19-1y

JUST RECEIVED

A FULL STOCK OF Fall and Winter Goods, CONSISTING OF CALICOES, DELAINES, ALPACAS, MONTAGNE, ZINES, Lancelots, Flannels, Homespuns, Hosiery, Hardware, Crockery, Boots and Shoes, which we are confident will please the public, both in price and quality. COUNTRY PRODUCE bought or bartered at the highest market price. We will make advances on Cotton or other Produce consigned to the well known House of J. M. Caldwell & Sons, Charleston, S. C. ROBINSON & CO. feb 23

ONIONS—If you want them Large and Early, EZEKIEL & KOHN have some

nov 16