[illegible]

... the farmer has not yet begun in good earnest or is just beginning to gather in his crops. Aside from this the Union Reform meeting to-day is an indication of the true reason why the colored people were not out in full force on the 31st of August. *They are beginning to have their eyes opened*, to perceive that they have been led by the nose by Whittemore and his brother Radicals, and I think they have come to the determination to discard the miserable pack forever. Mark the contrast! At the Scott Ring meeting there were 250 persons present. At the Union Reform meeting to day there not less than 2,000 persons in attendance, a large majority of them being colored. I had been told by some weak kneed Democratic friends in Sumter—the Game Cock County—that we would not have a corporal's guard at our meeting at this place.—That the white people were all despondent, and the colored people devoted to Whittemore. Both races have been slandered. Darlington County will do as much for Reform as any county in the State.

THE MEETING

took place in a large grove adjoining the Court House, where were assembled about 1,500 persons. On the stand were the members of the Reform Executive Committee, composed of white and colored men, together with the speakers. Col. B. W. Edwards presided over the meeting, and introduced as the first speaker,

GENERAL JOHN KENNEDY,

of Kershaw. Gen. Kennedy was present at the invitation of Judge Carpenter and General Butler, to supply the place of the latter, who is absent on a short trip to the Northwestern portion of the State. He delivered a most able and eloquent speech, in the interest of the Reform movement, and was frequently interrupted by applause. There are few audiences that can withstand the fire of this brave and eloquent soldier, and his address made a very decided impression on all classes of hearers.

He was followed by

JUDGE CARPENTER,

who was listened to with marked attention. He showed the colored people the rascalities and thieving exploits of the miserable Ring that have hitherto made tools of them, and explained to them the broad platform of the Reform Party—its guarantee of equal rights to all men. He reviewed the administration, and shewed them the necessity for a reform of existing evils. One of the crew (Lunney) was present, and prompted several persons to interrupt the speaker. When his rascally transactions with the Land Commission were shewn up, he very wisely slunk out of sight.

The Meeting broke up in the greatest harmony, many of the colored people expressing their determination to join the Reform Party. But the strangest feature of the day was yet to come. In the afternoon, a company of Scott's militia paraded. Headed by a fife and drum, they marched to where Judge Carpenter and General Kennedy were staying. Our party were just starting for the train. The Militia formed ahead of us, thus forming

AN ESCORT,

and marched along with us to the depot, a distance of over half a mile. As our carriage rolled by them, the officers saluted, and as the train was leaving, the company shouldered arms and gave three rousing cheers. This I take to be a very encouraging sign. I am not prepared to say that the Company turned out for the express purpose of escorting us, but they did so, and their whole conduct is not only in marked contrast to that of some of their brethren, but it was a certain evidence of the good humor and kind feelings of the men.—Let us hope that it is but the precursor of a better day that is dawning for us, a day when, rid of the presence of the men who now plunder our public treasure, white men and black men shall stand upon one platform firm in friendship, united for the common good, and when peace and prosperity shall extend over the length and breadth of our land.

J. A. M.

THE LOYAL LEAGUE AT LANCASTER.

The correspondent of the Daily *News*, writing from Lancaster, on the occasion of the recent Reform Mass Meeting, at which about four thousand people were present, says:

Heretofore the Loyal League of this place have been in the habit of parading every few days, their processions generally numbering between five or six hundred persons. This afternoon, after much drumming for recruits, the League paraded about seventy five colored and two white men. The two white men looked as mean as Neagle usually does. The entire party looked ashamed of themselves. The paucity of numbers on their parade and the assertion of the colored people that they have been deceived long enough by the Radicals, show that "the party" received a severe, stunning blow to-day from Judge Carpenter and General Butler.

[illegible]

... a company of Kentucky cavalry and rose to the command of a Federal Regiment. He has been six times wounded and such tried soldiers as Captain George Tupper, of Charleston, speak of him as a man of the very highest courage. He has already been severely tested in this canvass and will be still more severely tried. At Chester, a rock was thrown at his head while speaking, and the notorious negro bully, Wimbush, got up a riot, which came near ending seriously. At Yorkville, a Radical band played, while the speaking was going on, to drown the voice of the speakers and to draw off the negroes. Scott is afraid of the truth and does not wish the negroes to hear the exposures of his thieveries. He hopes to keep up the negro organization by stirring up bad blood between them and the whites.

REFORM MEETING AT LIBERTY HILL—GOOD ADVICE BY A COLORED MAN.

The State canvassers of the Union Reform Party addressed the citizens of Liberty Hill on Saturday last. There were about 1000 people present, two-thirds colored. By agreement two of the opposite party were allowed to speak—both colored.

Col. Shannon, Judge Carpenter and General Butler were the speakers of the Reform party. These gentlemen left no question unanswered, and were frequently applauded by the colored people.

At the conclusion of Gen. Butler's speech, an old colored man, Rev. Nathan Cunningham, asked the privilege of making a few remarks, which was granted. He said, that he was a minister of the Gospel; that he had never mixed with politics. That he felt a great interest in the welfare of his race; that he prayed for them constantly, and for the consummation of what he believed was now about to take place, the joining of hands of the two races in political matters. He appealed to the colored people to bury all differences; that God would not bless them so long as they were at enmity with one another. That the white people here helped them along after the Yankee army passed through here. "Let us not forget these things my people. We have the hand of friendship extended us to-day, let us take it! Let us be one people! Let us be one people! Let us all go together and God will bless us!"

The old man, at the request of Gen. Butler, dismissed the meeting with prayer.—*Lancaster Ledger.*

THE RADICALS AT KINGSTREE.

Small Turn Out.

There was a meeting of the Radicals at this place on Thursday last. The attempt at a big display was made, but it was an insignificant affair, compared with their former meetings, especially when the "big guns" of the party were expected to fire off. Great activity was observed for several days before the meeting, and business of importance called several of the leaders to various localities, the main object of which was to gobble up an audience for the *distinguished gentlemen* to speak to. We have seen the day when an announcement in the Union League that Whittemore was to speak here would bring nearly every negro in the district, but such was not the case this time. Not even the name of Whittemore, Rainey, Jones, Pettingill, with the local lights to aid them, could arouse the enthusiasm of the negroes to quit their homes and tramp to Kingstree to listen to the old tale that has been sounded in their ears for five years. It was the smallest gathering of the negros we have ever seen here at a Radical meeting.—*Kingstree Star, Sept 7.*

UNION REFORM COUNTY CANDIDATES IN BARNWELL.

At a County Nominating Convention, held in Barnwell on Monday last, the following nominations for County officers were made:

For Judge of Probate, J. J. Wilson; for members of the House of Representatives, J. M. Richardson, *Julius Mayer, Robert Aldrich, *Joshua Daniels, W. W. Smith, *Garret Scott; for County Commissioners, W. H. Duncan *B. S. Hughes, *Joshua Crawford; for School Commissioner, Rev. J. S. Havenor; for Coroner, *Richard Frasier.

Those marked thus (*) are colored persons.

PLAYING OUT.

At a Radical political meeting at Abbeville Court House, on Monday, the 4th instant, as we learn from the Press and Banner, more than one half of the crowd remained on the public square, and did not attend the meeting or hear the speeches at all. Of the three hundred who, under the lead of Pem Griffin, marched to a grove where the speeches were delivered, very little enthusiasm prevailed. Hoge made a poor effort, and Elliott a long and tiresome one. The Press thinks that a few more such meetings would kill the party there. Other Radical meetings in the district commanded but a small attendance and little enthusiasm.

There was to have been a Grand Radical Rally at Anderson on Saturday, but no speakers arrived until late in the evening when the majority of the faithful had gone home. It was a huge fiasco.

[illegible]

... *Italics*, that it "is now the only white Man's Paper in South Carolina." The "Grecian Phalanx" is welcome to all the glory it gets unto itself from such a speech as this. Happy would it be if this were in accord with the past "practice" of the *News*. But we "accept the situation," and shall simply "stick a pin" here, calling upon the public to note the fact. The *News* declared, the other day, that it would "never waver."

And here we should have done with this whole matter, as far as the *News* is concerned, but for the closing paragraph of its two column article of empty sound.

In the face of our distinct declarations that we wrote "with no unkindness," that "we regret the necessity," that it was under "a sense of *public* duty," and "only as a *public matter*, affecting the best interests of the country," the *News* (as is always the case where arguments fail and position is wanting) shows its spleen in intemperate language, descends to unworthy personalities, and attempts to make it appear that "a feeling of jealousy" for the *News* prompted our exposition of its extraordinary course—a course against which others, in other portions of the State, had previously spoken, as being in aid of the worst enemies of the State. Impelled thus, and still deprecating the necessity, we make some statements, which shall close the whole matter, as far as we are concerned.

The *Sumter News* was begotten in a spirit of determined opposition, as an opponent of the *Sumter Watchman*, against the most earnest and continued, and *feeling remonstrances* (from private considerations) of those more closely connected, and the urgent appeals of leading citizens, from public considerations. It came into existence in the hands of such a "combination" as was deemed powerful enough in this country to break down the *Watchman* and destroy the influence of its editor. But this proved a signal failure, and with all the personal appeals made, even to the generosity of our people, it succeeded in obtaining but a bare skeleton of a circulation, beyond the limits of the town. Its zig zag course had, no doubt, something to do with this. It was the first paper in the State to intimate approval of negro suffrage, and this was done before Congress had acted definitely upon that great question. Then it dallied with Radical office-holders in order to secure the public advertising, and finally dissolved connexion, (not long since) with its editor (a gentleman of high character and intelligence) because his articles were too strongly Democratic.

Its constant attempts to supplant the *Watchman*, by unworthy means, and its repeated puerile "flings" have all been passed unnoticed.

When the *Watchman* endorsed the press resolutions, it thought the opportunity presented itself for a death blow. It accordingly jumps from its position, half way in the Radical embrace, and assails the position assumed by us, crying out "principles" and "new subscribers" at the same breath. And here is the secret of the "extraordinary" position of the Sumter *News* at the present time. This is the reason why we have at Sumter "the only white man's paper in South Carolina."

This has likewise proved a signal failure, and the blow aimed at our destruction has recoiled on its own head.

Thanks to the noble generosity and unfailing confidence of a patronage of twenty years continuance, the *Watchman* has not lost a single name from its books, but continues to add thereunto.

In conclusion, we wish the Sumter *News* no harm. We feel neither envy or jealousy, and so far from seeking to "take from," have repeatedly "added to" its patronage, and would not hesitate to do so again.

"Our southern friends (says the New York *Tribune*) should remember that, much as we at the North desire the success of Southern Republicanism, we do not seek for it at the cost of supporting men like Whittemore, or legislation like that which we lately had occasion to condemn in North Carolina, or Legislatures like that of Louisiana. If they are unwilling to credit us with any higher view of the case, we beg them to comprehend that we cannot afford to take such men or Legislatures or legislation on our shoulders in a campaign. We hope for the success of Southern Republicanism, but it must be purged of Republican scoundrels."

[illegible]

THE LOUISIANA DEMOCRACY ON NEGRO SUFFRAGE.

The chairman of the Executive Committee of the Democracy of Louisiana received a letter some days ago from a colored man, inquiring whether negro delegates would be received in the State Convention soon to assemble. In reply, the chairman began by expressing his astonishment that such a question should be asked, since it was a matter of universal knowledge that the Democratic party was the party of the Constitution and the Law. Negroes were voters by the Constitution, and the Democrats of Louisiana would not only abide by it, but they had elected colored men to meet with them, as a matter of course, and would welcome them.

REFORM AT MANNING.

A large and respectable mass meeting was held at Manning on the 8th inst., as we learn from the *Clarendon Press*. Hon. L. F. Rhame presided and Col. H. L. Benbow acted as Secretary.

A Committee consisting of Capt. D. J. Bradham, D. Pressly Barron, Esq., Maj. W. T. Lesesne, Col. H. L. Benbow, Rev. Wm. Dozier, Capt. S. J. Gaillard, and John Gill, Esq., was appointed to receive the Reform speakers at Kingstree on the 14th inst.

Addresses were made by Mr. Jas. E. Tindal, white, and Mr. J. H. W. Johnson, colored, which were happily received.

Johnson, says the published report of the *Press*, remarked that the worthless Carpet-baggers and Scalawags ought not to have the control of our affairs, which properly belong to the honest men of the State, and pertinently asked if the white man was ready to unite with the black man in good faith and in earnest work to surround the great interests of our country with a wall of true and honest men of both colors, so high, and so strong that it would keep out these corrupt men who have already nearly ruined the country. (The hearty and prolonged response of *Yes, Yes, Yes*, from the whole house attested fully that spirit which now pervades our whole people, and bids them to bury the past, and start on a new course, determined to accord to all men their rights, and to unite in up building the interests of this great country.)

THE RADICAL MEETING AT COLUMBIA A FAILURE.

The Columbia *Guardian* of the 9th inst. says that the Radical speakers are falling into disrepute and contempt.—They fail to satisfy their hearers as to the terrible corruptions laid at their doors. This was a noticeable feature at Columbia on Friday last. There were not more than forty or fifty persons present when Mr. Hutson Wigg was speaking. The excitement of debate and collision with a genuine Reformer, (Colonel Wallace,) attracted a few more and saved the meeting in point of numbers. At last, all told, it did not number more than 150 or 200, not more than half of whom were voters. There was no enthusiasm, no earnestness, only a little excitement springing from personalities. We understand it was the same case at night. Small crowd, tiresome speeches, listlessness and want of attention.

The correspondent of the Charleston *News* says of this meeting:

The great Radical meeting advertised to take place here to day, was a complete failure. There were not twenty five persons present, excluding the members of the brass band. The meeting adjourned without any of the numerous speakers making a speech. Ransier, Scott, Worthington, Nash and Whittemore, are terribly chagrined at the failure. All of the above persons with the exception of Scott were to have spoken.

GOOD RESULTS OF THE NORTH CAROLINA ELECTION.

From the Raleigh *Sentinel*, edited by that fearless and patriotic gentleman, Josiah Turner, Jr., we copy the following, and trust that, ere many months have passed, we may be able to congratulate ourselves in a similar manner:

Since the result of the election in this State, we learn that the number of land buyers and the enquiries in regard to farms and other real property for sale have greatly increased in the State. We have seen and conversed with a gentleman from the North, recently arrived in search of a home in this State, who says that there being now some prospect of stability and honest administration of the Government, many from the North will seek locations among us. We hope to see them coming by the score and hundreds. Our people know well the difference between the sneaking, corrupt, unprincipled, spoils seeking carpet bagger, who comes for no other purpose than to get office and rob the people, and the industrious,

[illegible]

Ex-Chancellor W. D. Johnson is the candidate of the Union Reform Party for Senator from Chesterfield county. [illegible] James A. [illegible] and John H Parker are the candidates for the House on the same side.

The Radical meeting held at Blackstock, last Saturday, was an utter failure. The Chester *Reporter* says, that even the eloquence of Wimbush failed to draw from the corn fields near by a number of colored men who were pulling fodder.

FURTHER DEVELOPMENTS.

The Chesterfield *Democrat*, of the 9th inst., in giving account of the large and successful Reform Meetings at Cheraw and Chesterfield Court House, addressed by Judge Carpenter and Gen. Kennedy, and in speaking directly of the former, says:

"We learn that after his arrival at the Court House he received information and proof of *one* of the heaviest land swindles that has been perpetrated by the ring in this county; one in which $26,000 were pocketed by the participants. This transaction alone, we learn, has opened the eyes of many of the colored people, who avow their determination of no longer following the League leaders, but of voting for Carpenter and Butler.

SEVEN REASONS WHY I SHALL VOTE WITH THE UNION REFORM PARTY.

1. Our State Government, according to the Republican press of the State, is very corrupt.

2. The platform of the Union Reform Party is not *political*, but *moral*. Ignoring all *political* issues, it seeks only to *reform* the morals of the State Government.

3. In rallying with the honest and good men of the State, I hold my political opinions in abeyance, with no sacrifice of principle.

4. There are but two parties in the State. Not to vote at all, will be to give countenance to the prevailing corruptions of the dominant party.

5. Judge Carpenter stood, not only uncensured by the Republican Party, but was its pride and boast, up to the time of his joining the Union Reform Party, and has certainly done nothing worthy of censure since.

6. Judge Carpenter is undoubtedly a man of intellectual ability, and if elected, will be associated with gentlemen whose moral purity will be a sufficient guarantee for his moral uprightness.

7. The colored and white people of the State are too far separated. Their mutual interests require that they should unite and form one party, and this is what the Union Reform Party proposes.

VOTER.

MARRIED

At the residence of the bride's father, on the 31st August, by the Rev. D. W. Seale, B. LaRoche Hebert and Miss Alice E. DeSchamps, only daughter of Maj. W. F. DeSchamps. All of Sumter.

OBITUARY.

DIED, at his residence, near Lynchburg, S. C., in the 60th year of his age, on Friday, the 9th inst., at 3 o'clock, P. M., Col. JOHN C. RHAME, after a painful and lingering illness of ... three years.

The many friends of Mr. THOMAS HAIR respectfully announce him as an independent candidate for a seat in the Legislature from Sumter County, and solicit for him the support of

THE CITIZENS.

April 13, 1870.

MASONIC.

THE REGULAR MONTHLY COMMUNICATIONS OF CLAREMONT LODGE, NO 64, A. F. M. are suspended until October next.

E. S. GREEN, W. M.

T. W. Walsh, Secretary.

June 22

TO THE PLANTERS.

The undersigned has located himself at the Store of Messrs. GREEN & WALSH, where he will be glad to see the planters of Sumter County. The WANDO FERTILIZER will be furnished as heretofore, and advances made (if required) on Cotton shipped to Charleston. Call and see me.

Sept 14 ELISHA CARSON.

NOTICE.

THE Copartnership heretofore existing, near Mayesville, between the undersigned, under the firm name of BROWN & NOEL, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

ROBT. W. BROWN,
EMILE NOEL.

Mayesville, S. C., Sept 12th, 1870.

The Undersigned

HAVE this day, associated themselves for the purpose of carrying on a General Merchandise and Commission Business near Mayesville, S. C., under the firm name of NOEL & TATUM.

EMILE NOEL,
A. RANDOLPH TATUM.

Mayesville, S. C., Sept. 12th, 1870.

Mr. ROBT. W. BROWN having disposed of his interest in the firm of BROWN & NOEL to Mr. A. RANDOLPH TATUM, of Virginia, cordially recommends the new firm of NOEL & TATUM to his friends.

Sept 14

A. A. SOLOMONS

SE CORNER

Main & Liberty Streets,

WHERE A GRAND DISPLAY

OF ALL

THE LATEST NOVELTIES

Of the Season can be seen

AS A GENERAL STOCK IT

CANNOT BE SURPASSED.

I desire to call especial attention to my extensive Stock of

CLOTHS,

CASSIMERES,

JEANS,

TWEEDS,

SATINETS

&c., &c., &c.

My Grocery Department is being daily replenished with a varied stock of every style of

GROCERIES,

KEPT IN THAT LINE.

A Very Desirable Assortment

OF

LADIES'

Dress Goods,

NOW OPENING AT

A. A. SOLOMONS.

Every Style of

TRIMMINGS,

CAN BE BOUGHT LOW

AT

A. A. SOLOMONS.

CORSETTS,

HOSIERY,

GLOVES,

&c., &c.

CHEAP

A. A. SOLOMONS.

Sept 14

[illegible]

Cheapest and Most Safely and Quickly Applied of any Tie Known in the Market!

[illegible]

WE HAVE ALSO A SMALL ... OF

SELF-FASTENING BUCKLE TIES!

OF SAME MANUFACTURE

Bales ... can be bought at ... any market on the Coast. Liberal Arrangements made with ...

DeROSSET & CO.

Agents for North ...

WILMINGTON, N. C., Sept 14

COTTON

GINNED AND PACKED

IN TOWN,

For Money or Seed.

HAVING erected two of the best ... and ... BROOKS PATENT PRESSES, I am now ready to GIN and PACK Cotton at $1.00 per hundred. I will guarantee the largest yield of lint and ... put up Bale.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned, or to Mr. Joel Brunson at the mill.

T. J. TUOMEY.

Sept 14

State of South Carolina.

COUNTY OF SUMTER.

Special Copartnership.

THE UNDERSIGNED, L. G. PATE, C. E. STUBBS and MARK E. COHEN, citizens of Sumter, have this 20th day of August, 1870, ... a Copartnership in business as General Merchants under the name of PATE & STUBBS. L. G. PATE and C. E. STUBBS are General Partners.

MARK E. COHEN is a Special Partner, and has invested in the business, Four Thousand Dollars in cash.

This partnership to last one year, from above date and be renewable at the option of the parties.

[Signed] L. G. PATE,
C. E. STUBBS,
MARK E. COHEN.

Sept 14

D. A. SMITH,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

Parlor, Chamber, Dining Room,

Office and Library

Furniture

Mattresses, Window Shades, Sash, Blinds and Doors,

Granite Front Buildings,

Sept. 14—6m WILMINGTON, N. C.

WILMINGTON

Iron and Copper Works

AND

MACHINE SHOP,

FRONT STREET, BELOW MARKET,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Dealers and Manufacturers of Steam Engines, Pea Nut Machines, Sugar and other Mills, Gin Gear, Cotton Screws and Presses, Turpentine Stills, and all kinds of Castings and Machinery made to order. Also, Packing and Belting, Wood Working Brackets, ... Stair Railing, &c., of the latest patterns.

HART & BAILEY.

Sept 14

CHEESE—CHEESE.

25 BOXES CHEESE, JUST RECEIVED AND

For sale by

F. W. KERCHNER,
27, 28 and 29 N. Water Street.

Sept 14

BAGGING, IRON TIES AND ROPE.

15,000 YARDS BAGGING,
50 Tons Iron Ties,
25 Coils Rope,

For sale by
F. W. KERCHNER.

Sept 14

FLOUR AND CORN.

800 BBLS. FLOUR, all grades,
4,000 BUSHELS CORN.

For sale by F. W. KERCHNER.

Sept 14

IN STORE!

150 BAGS COFFEE,
200 Boxes Soap,
50 Cases Canned Oysters,
... Brandy Peaches,
... Potash,
... Lye,
25 Boxes S. D. Bacon,

For sale by
F. W. KERCHNER.

Sept 14

P. HEINSBERGER,

BOOK SELLER, STATIONER

AND

Blank Book Manufacturer,

DEALER IN

Pianos, Organs, Melodeons,

Guitars, Violins,

Chromos,

At New York and Baltimore Prices.

[illegible]

JAMES CALDWELL,

[illegible]

Boots, Shoes, Hats,

[illegible]

Sumter, So. Ca.

[illegible]

For Selling Cotton

[illegible]

LATEST QUOTATIONS OF

SOUTHERN SECURITIES

IN CHARLESTON, S. C.

Corrected weekly by A. C. KAUFMAN,

Broker, No. 25 Broad Street.

SEPT. 9, 1870.

STATE SECURITIES—South Carolina, old 60; do new, 75; @— do, regist'd stock, —@70.

CITY SECURITIES—Augusta, Ga. Bonds, 80; Charleston, S. C. Stock, (ex or int) —; do, Fire Loan Bonds, —@66; Columbia, S. C. Bonds, —@60.

RAILROAD BONDS—Blue Ridge, (first mortgage) —@50; Charleston and Savannah, —@; Charlotte, Columbia and Augusta, —@; Cheraw and Darlington, —82; Greenville and Columbia (1st mort) —@81; do, (State guarantee) 67@—; Northeastern, —@87; Savannah and Charleston, (1st mort) —75; do, (State guarantee) —@69; South Carolina, —@75; do, ... Spartanburg and Union, —@5.

RAILROAD STOCKS—Charlotte, Columbia and Augusta, —@; Greenville and Columbia, @3; Northeastern, @13; Savannah and Charleston, —@31; South Carolina, (whole share) —@38; do, (half do) —@19.

EXCHANGE, &c.—New York Sight, ¼ off par. Gold, 112@116; Silver, 103@.

SOUTH CAROLINA BANK BILLS.

*Bank of Charleston	—@
*Bank of Newberry	—@
Bank of Camden	—@
Bank of Georgetown	—@
Bank of South Carolina	—@
Bank of Chester	—@
Bank of Hamburg	—@
Bank of State of S. C. prior to 1861	—@
Bank of State of S. C. issue 1861 and 1862	—@
*Planters' and Mechanics' Bank of Charleston	—@
*People's Bank of Charleston	—@
*Union Bank of Charleston	—@
*Southwestern R R Bank of Charleston, (old)	—@
*Southwestern R R Bank of Charleston, (new)	—@
Farmers' and Exchange Bank of Charleston	—@
Exchange Bank of Columbia	—@
Merchants' Bank of Cheraw	—@
Planters' Bank of Fairfield	—@
State of South Carolina Bills Receivable	99.
City of Charleston Change Bills	95.

*Bills marked thus (*) are being redeemed at the Bank Counters of each.

Jan 12 1y

General Life and Fire

INSURANCE AGENCY,

SUMTER, S. C.

THE following Companies having complied with the Law, and deposited $20,000 each with the Comptroller General, offer protection to householders against loss or damage by fire:

Phœnix Fire Insurance Company, of Brooklyn, N. Y. Cash Assets $1,700,000.

Southern Life Insurance Company, of Atlanta, Ga., Gen. J. B. Gordon, President, M. C. Morris, Sec'ty.

Security Fire Insurance Company of New York, Assets, $2,017,869 81.

German Fire Insurance Company of New York, Assets, 1,058,054 61.

Georgia Home Insurance Company, Columbus, Ga., Assetts, 408,731 10.

Richmond Banking Insurance Co., of Virginia, Assetts, 279,546 24.

A. WHITE.

June 22

NOTICE.

THE COPARTNERSHIP heretofore existing under the name of A. ANDERSON & Co., has been dissolved by the death of Mr. A. ANDERSON. The business will be continued by the undersigned. Thankful for the liberal patronage bestowed upon the late firm, I respectfully solicit a continuance of the same.

A. J. CHINA.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the late firm of A. ANDERSON & CO., are requested to make immediate payment. All persons having demands against the said firm, will please present them to the undersigned.

A. J. CHINA.
Surviving Partner.

DRUGS,

MEDICINES, CHEMICALS

Toilet and Fancy Articles.

DR. A. J. CHINA.

Apothecary and Chemist,

SUMTER, S. C.

KEEPS constantly on hand a full supply of Pure Drugs and Chemicals, and a well selected stock of Fancy Articles and Perfumery.

ALSO

A great variety of Toilet Soaps, Extracts for the Handkerchief, Fine Colognes, Foreign and Domestic, Surgical Instruments, Trusses, &c.

All Medicines warranted genuine and of the very best quality.

PHYSICIAN'S PRESCRIPTIONS carefully compounded night or day. To be found at night at his residence, on Main St.

Sept 7