

The Pickens Sentinel.

D. F. BRADLEY, Editor and Proprietor.

PICKENS, S. C., OCT 7, 1875.

Terms of Subscription.

One Year \$1.50
Six Months .75

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Advertisements at the rate of \$1.00 per square, of 10 lines, on less, for the first insertion, and 50 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Contracts made for three, six or twelve months, on favorable terms.

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These terms are so simple any child may understand them. Nine lines is a square—one inch. In every instance we charge by the space occupied, as eight or ten lines can be made to occupy four or five squares, as the advertiser may wish, and is charged by the space.

Advertisers will please state the number of squares they wish their advertisements to make.

Business men who advertise to be benefited, will bear in mind that the SENTINEL has a large and increasing circulation, and is taken by the very class of persons whose trade they desire.

Advertising Agents.

The following are the only authorized agents to receive advertisements for this paper:

Geo. P. Rowell & Co., 41 Park Row New York.

Walker, Evans & Cogswell, represented by Roswell T. Logan, Charleston, S. C.

We will accept cash-in-advance orders from other agencies, at reasonable rates.

We can give no advertisement preference in position.

We publish elsewhere in this issue

an article from the Keowee Courier,

giving at length the views of its

editors on the important question of

re-organizing the Democratic party

of this State. It will be seen that

the Courier is unqualifiedly opposed

to any organization of the Demo-

cratic party, as such. We do not

doubt the good intentions of our

contemporary, but fail to see the good

likely to result from the course it

suggests. The present favorable

change in our condition from that of

1868, is attributable to other causes

than the disorganization of the

Democratic party, as maintained by

the Courier. The failure of the

Radical party to give the negro

"forty acres and a mule," as promised

him, and the deception practiced

upon him for the purpose of secur-

ing his vote to place faithless and

dishonest men in office, has caused

the scales to fall from his eyes, and

he is naturally leaning to the men

who raised him and now furnish

him with the necessaries of life, for

counsel and advice, and will, if the

Democrats only remain true to them-

selves, vote with and assist them

in displacing those who have so

treacherously betrayed the trust

they have confided to them. The

change in Northern sentiment also

has had much to do with the present

malleability of the negro. The

Courier says: "In 1868 a straight

Democratic ticket was run for Gov-

ernor and State officers, resulting in

our overwhelming defeat, and result-

ing further, in engendering between

the whites and blacks a spirit of

division, if not of hate, which has

not entirely healed."

It is a well known fact that in the

election for delegates to the constitu-

tional convention in 1868, a ma-

jority of the whites, the soldiers es-

pecially, stood aloof from the polls,

and absolutely refused to take part

in an election which they then con-

sidered humiliating and degrading.

When the constitution was submit-

ted to the people for ratification, it

is true that under the advice of ex-

Governor Perry, an effort was made

to defeat the constitution, and a

Democratic ticket was put in the

field, with the Hon. W. D. Porter,

of Charleston, for Governor, who declined the candidacy on the grounds that if the constitution was adopted his opponent would be elected, and it was useless for him to run. Thus the Democratic ticket was virtually withdrawn, which caused many Democrats to remain from the polls, and there has not been a Democratic nomination proper, since. But the assertion of the Courier that the course of the Democrats was the cause of "engendering between the whites and blacks a spirit of division, if not of hate, which has not

yet entirely healed," strikes us with astonishment. The Democrats responsible for the bad feeling between the two races? No, Mr. Courier, this will not do, and we are surprised at the declaration. If you will only recall the teachings of the carpet-bagger from 1868 to 1878, you have the true and only cause of this bad feeling. It was the only way by which they could prevent the native whites from exercising an influence over the negro, and in a measure control his vote. The attempt to saddle the responsibility on the Democrats is ineffectual, and will not avail, that is, if its object is to make a bignear out of this depreciated capital of the Radical party, and prevent the Democrats from organizing. In 1870, the "mixed" ticket was not nominated by Democrats alone, for there were colored Republicans in the convention, and one of them (Byrd) was proposed for Lieutenant Governor. This ticket was doubtless a better one than the regular Republicans had in the field, but the manner in which it was brought out was such an anomaly in politics that it did not command the confidence and united support of the Democrats. It was a political hermaphrodite, and neither party had much use for it. In 1872, the whites had no confidence in the Tomlinson movement, and many regarded the regular ticket the best of the two. The Democrats were told by the Tomlinson convention that if they dared put a ticket of their own in the field they would go back to the regular ticket, elect it, and confiscate their property by taxation; and that they did not propose to have anything to do with the Democrats. They did not even ask their co-operation, but rather attempted to browbeat them into their support. This, of course, many very properly refused to do, and some even voted for Moses, saying as an excuse for their action, that it was better to have a native Radical Governor than a carpet-bagger. The defeat of Green has doubtless proved an advantage to the State. In this contest too, many Democrats refused to dangle any longer at the tail of a party, and rather than do it, supported the regular Republican ticket. We believe a straight Democratic ticket would have come nearer succeeding. If the Republicans who profess to be sick and disgusted with their party, and desire a change, will not support an honest and capable Democrat, they are not honest in their professions—their professions of reform are only superficial, and have no reality in them. If it is true, as a political axiom, that organization will always be met by counter organization, why not organize the Democratic party and invite the co-operation of honest Republicans in bettering our condition; for even the colored members of that party begin to understand that the success of the Democratic party does not mean reactionary legislation nor an abridgement of their political rights.

Would there not be more wisdom in organizing fifty or sixty thousand intelligent white men and placing them in the hands of a skillful general, than there would be in letting them remain scattered without a rallying point, and to set individually as their ideas or personal preference might prompt them? Would there not be more probability of gaining accessions enough from the opposite side to carry the election by organization, than there is without it? Is there not more reason and justice in asking ten or fifteen thousand Republicans to co-operate with the Democrats than there is in asking fifty thousand Democrats to co-operate with that small number of Republicans? and especially where the Republicans are to reap all the benefits, with a very small probability of benefitting the State. We have no more confidence in the bolting Republicans than we have in the regulars, for they are generally the worst element of that party, and only bolt because the regular Republicans have thrown them overboard. Was one of them ever known to bolt when they had a place on the regular ticket? Never! And

they always take good care when they bolt to place a sufficient number of Republicans on their ticket to give them a large majority if elected. They always look well to the main chance, and are sure to keep the Democrats in the minority, and at the next election, are ready to come in as regulars if the chances are in their favor. This has been the case in Charleston, and elsewhere where they have ever succeeded. The Republican party in this State, as such, is as thoroughly organized to-day as it was in 1868. There are a certain portion of them who are honestly tired of their party, and would gladly come over to the Democrats if we would give them the chance; but this we will not do; for we tell them by our course, to stay where they are, for we had rather vote with and for Republicans, than to have them vote with and for us. This is the simple meaning of non-organization. We will not organize and give them an opportunity to join us, but ask them to "bolt" and let us join them. As for our part, we are tired of this course, and do not care to pursue it any longer, but if the fates are against us, so be it. The election in this county is not a fair illustration, for the non-organization policy in Oconee in 1872, sent a Republican to the Legislature, and came within a few votes of electing a colored gentleman County Commissioner, and prevented united action on the part of the Democrats in 1874. The action of the Republicans in that as well as this county, proves that there organization remains intact, and there is no way of meeting it only by counter organization. The overwhelming vote give McGowan, was due to the ill temperate speech made by Hoge at this place. His attempt to solidify the negro vote by rehearsing ku klux outrages in this and other States, drove the white Republicans and their influence from him; and we would ask the Courier if McGowan was not regularly nominated by a Democratic convention and if so, how can it make any comparison between the vote for county officials and McGowan's on the grounds of Democratic nomination. Both McGowan and the county ticket were regularly nominated by Democratic conventions, and McGowan's increased vote over that of the county ticket can not be attributed in any sense of the word to non-organization. It is due wholly, to the fact above stated, to his personal popularity and ability over that of his opponent. The non-organization policy sent a Republican to the Senate, from Anderson county, where the Democrats have a decided majority. It has had a like effect in other counties and will result, if followed up, in sending them from every county in the State. There are more instances of a failure on the part of the Democrats for the want of organization than there is of success in the absence of it. If it is necessary in New York and Massachusetts, to place Republicans on the Democratic ticket, to carry the election, we presume the Democrats of South Carolina will be no less wise, or prudent, than their brethren in those States. Organization does not necessarily mean the exclusion of honest Republicans from its ticket or ranks. If it is necessary to put them on the ticket do it, though we prefer to take ours straight.

Mr. James M. Alexander, brother of Mrs. Judge Philpot of this place, who resides in Charleston, was shot and killed, on Saturday morning the 2nd inst., by a colored boy by the name of St. John Lance. The boy was in the employ of Mr. A. and was ordered to do something about the livery stable, when the boy became angry and walked off across the street to his house procured a pistol and returned and shot Mr. Alexander. He was committed to jail for trial.

Treasurer Cardozo has officially called the attention of Attorney General, Melton, to the report of the receiver of Solomon's bank, in which he says there are sufficient evidence of fraud to warrant civil and criminal proceedings.

POPULATION OF PICKENS COUNTY.

Through the courtesy of Mr. O. T. Jones, Census Taker for this county, we have obtained the following figures, showing the population of this county by townships:

Pickensville.		Whites	1,719	Colored	791	Total	2,510
Salubrity.		Whites	1,535	Colored	528	Total	2,063
Garvin.		Whites	1,272	Colored	595	Total	1,867
Easley.		Whites	982	Colored	119	Total	1,101
Pickens Courthouse.		Whites	916	Colored	510	Total	1,426
Dacusville.		Whites	1,007	Colored	231	Total	1,238
Pumpkintown.		Whites	483	Colored	181	Total	664
Eastatoc.		Whites	922	Colored	16	Total	938
Grand total		Whites	11,807	Colored	1,538	Total	13,345

The following is the voting population of each race in the county, by townships:

Pickensville.		Whites	368	Colored	143	Total	511
Salubrity.		Whites	322	Colored	101	Total	423
Garvin.		Whites	288	Colored	104	Total	392
Easley.		Whites	190	Colored	27	Total	217
Pickens Courthouse.		Whites	192	Colored	93	Total	285
Dacusville.		Whites	193	Colored	38	Total	231
Pumpkintown.		Whites	96	Colored	37	Total	133
Eastatoc.		Whites	166	Colored	2	Total	168
Total white votes in the Co.			1,815	Total colored votes in the Co.			545
Grand total			2,360	Total population in county by townships.			

The Augusta Chronicle & Sentinel is of the opinion that the incendiary letters picked about in Georgia, about which there has been so much excitement recently, is the work of thoughtless or malignant white persons. It says: "The insurrection business is becoming a nuisance, which should be summarily abated by the press whenever and wherever it makes its appearance."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Member of our firm has just returned from New York where he purchased the largest stock of General Merchandise ever brought to this Market. A

Live Elephant

Loose on the streets would not create the excitement and wonder, that our prices do. Best prices at only ten cents, and other goods at proportionate prices. Polite clerks always in attendance, and ready to place our goods

On Exhibition.

Satisfaction guaranteed or no sales. Large Stock of Groceries, Coffee, Sugar, Molasses, Cheese, etc.,

Hudgins & Bolt's.

Remember that this stand is in the Masonic Hall Building, fronting the Hotel, just below the Depot of

Easley Station.

Easley Station, October 6, 1875. 61f

FALL AND WINTER GOODS!

YOUR ATTENTION IS MOST RESPECTFULLY called to the largest and decidedly the CHEAPEST Stock of Goods that has ever been exhibited in West Greenville; consisting of DRY GOODS, BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, HARDWARE, CROCKERY, GROCERIES, etc., etc.

Our prices are so low that no house this side of New York can under-sell us. We sell Goods strictly for CASH, which enables us to make the above declaration. We keep constantly on hand a large lot of DOORS, SASH and BLINDS, at prices that defy competition.

We also keep on hand a large lot of those celebrated GRANGE PLOW STOCKS, to which we invite your attention. We have also connected to our Store, a Large WAGON YARD, with a well of Good Water, which is Free and OPEN to ALL.

CELY & BROTHERS.

Greenville S. C., October 1, 1875. 60f

Notice!

Courty Commissioner's Office, Pickens Court House, S. C. The annual meeting of the Board of County Commissioners of Pickens county, will be held on TUESDAY, the second day of November, 1875. All persons who have any manner of claims whatever against the county made previous to the first of November, 1875, and have not registered the same in obedience to the Proclamation of the Grand Jury and the Order of the Court thereon; and all persons holding bills, accounts or demands of any kind against the county, which have not been before presented to the County Commissioners at special meetings held since the first of November, 1874, are required to deposit the same with the Clerk of the Board on or before the first day of November next, on pain of being forever thereafter barred. By Order of the Board. C. L. HOLLINGSWORTH, C. E. C. C. P. C.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

COUNTY OF PICKENS.

In the Probate Court, Mary A. O'Dell, Administratrix, and J. Perry Esq., administrator, Plaintiffs.

vs Margaret M. Looper, James A. O'Dell, Frederick G. O'Dell, Nancy L. O'Dell, Julius P. O'Dell, Lawrence P. O'Dell, A. M. Neal, Elias E. Mauldin, Andrew G. Wyatt and Abner Mullinax, Defendants.

By virtue of an order in the above entitled case, all persons holding claims against the estate of Calvin O'Dell, deceased, are hereby notified that they are required to prove them with the date and rank of each, before me on or before the first day of December, 1875, or de forever thereafter debarred from all benefit or advantage under the decree to be rendered herein. I. H. PHILPOT, Probate Judge.

Estate Notice.

Application will be made to I. H. Philpot, Judge of Probate, on Monday, the 8th day of November, 1875, for leave to make a final settlement of the estate of Robert and Martha Hollingsworth, and to be discharged therefrom as guardian. J. B. CLAYTON, Guardian.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Send Postal Card for a Specimen Copy of

THE WASHINGTON WEEKLY STAR.

Established 1852.—9 pages.—50 columns. Address: The Evening Star Newspaper Co., Washington, D. C.

Shim Drug Poison.

Medicine Rendered Useless. Volta's Electro Belts and Bands are introduced by the most eminent physicians in the world for the cure of rheumatism, neuralgia, liver complaint, dyspepsia, kidney disease, aches, pains, nervous disorders, etc. female complaints, nervous and general debility, and other chronic diseases of the chest, head, liver, stomach, kidneys and blood. Belt with full particulars free by Volta Belt Co., Cincinnati, Ohio.

50 SAMPLE FREE and big pay to \$3 Male and Female everywhere. Address The Union Publishing Co. New York, N. Y.

\$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. True & Co., Augusta, Maine.

DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINES.

LIBERAL TERMS EXCHANGE OF OLD MACHINES FOR NEW. DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINE CO. N. Y. & C.

FIRST GRAND EXPOSITION of Tradesmen's Industrial Institute, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Opens Oct. 7, closes Nov. 6. Address: A. J. KELLS, Pres. T. I. I.

\$25 a day guaranteed using our WELL AUGER & DRILLS. \$100 a month paid to good agents. Auger Book free. J. H. Auger Co., St. Louis, Mo.

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY.

Distributed every fifteen days. 1 prize \$100,000. 2 prizes, \$25,000 each. 50,000 854 prizes, amounting to \$1,000,000. Whole tickets, \$20; quarters, \$5; twelfths, \$1. Circulans and information free. Prizes cashed. A. DONAU & CO., Bankers, Postoffice Box 6099, 21 Park Row, N. Y. (Royal Saxon and Brunswick Government Lotteries constantly on hand.)

The Best Family Medicines.

Tested by popular use for over 20 years. A QUARTER OF A CENTURY. Dr. Strong's Compound Sensitive Pills cure Constipation, Biliousness, Bowel Complaints, Malarial Fevers, Rheumatism, Erysipelas, and all diseases of Liver, Stomach and Bowels.

Dr. Strong's Pectoral Stomach Pills cure Coughs, Colds, Cramps, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Female Complaints, Heart Disease, and all disorders of Chest and Stomach.

\$77 A WEEK guaranteed to Male and Female Agents, in their locality. Goods NOTHING to try it. Particulars free. P. O. VICKERY & CO., Augusta, Me.

\$5 to \$20 per day at home. Samples worth \$1 free. Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine.

PSYCHOMANCY, OR SOUL CHAIRING.

How either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affections of any person they choose, instantly. This art all new, positive, free, by mail, for 25 cents; together with a Marriage Guide, Egyptian Oracle, Dreams, Hints to Ladies, etc. 1,000,000 sold. A quarter book. Address T. WILLIAM & CO., Pub. Phila.

W. E. HOLCOMBE. H. A. CHIED. Holcombe & Child, ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

WILL PRACTICE in Circuit, Probate, and Trust Justice Courts of this State. All business entrusted to them will receive prompt attention. Sept 19 81y

WHITNER SYMES.

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, GREENVILLE, S. C. Practices in the Circuit and Court of Probate for Pickens county. May 16 42 Om

\$5 TO \$20 per day! Agents wanted. All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & CO. Portland, Maine.

THE PIONEER.

A handsome illustrated newspaper, containing information for everybody. Tells how and where to secure a home cheap. SENT FREE TO ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD. It contains the NEW HORTICULTURE AND TRADING LAWS, with other interesting matter found only in this paper.

SEND FOR IT AT ONCE. It will cost you a POSTAL CARD. New number for April just out. Address O. F. DAVIS, Land Commissioner U. P. R. R. OMAHA, NEB.

Earle, Wells & Taylor.

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law. Having established an office at Pickens, S. C., we will attend promptly to all business left with G. W. Taylor who may be always found at our office at Pickens, S. C. One of the senior partners will always be present at the Courts to assist with the business. W. E. EARLE, G. G. WELLS, G. W. TAYLOR, Pickens, S. C.