



"TO THINE OWN SELF BE TRUE, AND IT MUST FOLLOW AS THE NIGHT THE DAY: THOU CANST NOT THEN BE FALSE TO ANY MAN."

By Steck, Shelor Hughs & Shelor.

WALHALLA, SOUTH CAROLINA, WEDNESDAY, NOV. 15, 1922.

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Gone West for Mules!



Our MR. C. W. BAUKNIGHT is in the Mule Markets of the Middle West and will ship a lot of Blocky Mare Mules and some Horses.

C. W. & J. E. Bauknight, WALHALLA, S. C. It Pays to Buy for Cash.

THE NOVEMBER TERM OF COURT

Came to Close Last Friday Afternoon After Dispatching Much Business.

The Court of General Sessions for Oconee came to a close Friday afternoon last after many cases docketed had been disposed of in one way or another.

In recording the proceedings of the early stages of the court's work an error crept into our report of true bills rendered by the grand jury.

In the case of the State vs. Jesse Kilpatrick, Boyce Gantt and Charlie Palmer, who were charged with violation of the prohibition laws, the jury returned its finding as "True bill as to Boyce Gantt, no bill as to Kilpatrick and Palmer."

Does Not Deal in Liquor.

Westminster, S. C., Nov. 9, 1922.

Editor Keowee Courier: I noticed in this week's issue of your paper that you had connected my name with some of the whiskey cases being tried at this term of court.

Reminder of Proceedings.

Taking up the proceedings of the court where we left off last week, following is the record:

Walter Jackson and Millard Sloan pleaded guilty to violation of the prohibition law. Each sentenced to 12 months imprisonment at hard labor on county works or in penitentiary.

Boyce Gantt pleaded guilty to violation of prohibition laws. Sentenced to 12 months imprisonment at hard labor. Sentence to be suspended during good behavior after service of 30 days at hard labor.

John Moore pleaded guilty to the same charge. Sentenced to serve 12 months at such labor as he may be able to perform, on county works or in penitentiary.

Case of W. B. Sanford, disposing of property under lien, not pressed by Solicitor.

Court ordered dismissal of appeal in case of Kay Smith and Arthur Garner, convicted at last term of court. Defendants ordered forthwith to begin service of sentence.

The grand jury returned the following bills:

Shack Strickland—Violation of the prohibition laws. No bill.

Sam Duncan—Violation of prohibition law. True bill.

Hamp Butt, Addie Butt and John Pitts—Violation of prohibition laws. True bill.

Tom Cobb, Jesse Cobb and Jim Cobb—Violation prohibition laws. True bill.

J. G. Mitchell, Homer Childers and John Moss—Violation prohibition law. True bill.

W. D. Hanvey—issuing worthless check. True bill.

ell—Adultery and fornication. Defendants pleaded guilty and were sentenced as follows: Oscar Roach to be confined for a term of six months on public works of Oconee or in penitentiary at hard labor, or pay a fine of \$150.

Joe Johnson—Assault and battery with intent to kill and driving a motor vehicle against another party and failing to stop and render service.

Joe Johnson—Assault and battery with intent to kill and driving a motor vehicle against another party and failing to stop and render service.

Will Tuck—Resisting an officer and assault and battery with intent to kill. No bill.

W. R. Neeley—Assault and battery with intent to kill. No bill.

Cliff Alexander—Violation of prohibition law. No bill.

B. O. Bell and Perry Hester—Violation prohibition law. True bill.

Clyde Keaton and Ira Richardson—Larceny and receiving stolen goods. True bill.

Marvin Todd—Violation prohibition law. True bill.

Woody Perry—Assault with intent to ravish. True bill.

G. L. Starnes and Frank Starnes—Violation of prohibition law. True bill.

Walter James—Assault and battery with intent to kill. True bill.

Joe Johnson—Assault and battery with intent to kill, driving against property of another and failing to stop and render service. True bill.

John Pitts, J. C. Stagers and Anthony Burch—Violation prohibition laws. True bill.

G. M. Carson, violation of prohibition law, pleaded guilty and was sentenced to serve four months at hard labor in penitentiary or on public works of Oconee. Suspended during good behavior on payment of \$50.

E. A. Bell and Perry Hester pleaded guilty to violation of prohibition law and each was sentenced to six months at hard labor on public works of Oconee or in penitentiary. Sentence to be suspended during good behavior after service of 30 days.

Arthur Lee—Violation prohibition law. Not pressed by Solicitor.

Merrill McDonald—Selling mortgaged property. Case continued by Solicitor.

The grand jury returned the following bills:

Furman Bray—Housebreaking and larceny. True bill.

Sam Kay—Disposing of property under lien. True bill.

Henry McDonald and W. D. Durham—Violation of prohibition law. No bill.

John Collins—Violation of prohibition law. No bill.

W. D. Roach—Violation of prohibition law. No bill.

S. O. Whitman—Violation of prohibition law. Continued on motion of defendant.

Fred B. Rice—Obtaining goods under false pretense. Not pressed by Solicitor. Defendant was in jail and Sheriff of Greenwood county was on hand with papers for him, and he was taken to Greenwood county on a similar charge.

Marvin Todd—Violation prohibition law. Plead guilty. Sentenced to serve two months at hard labor on public works of Oconee or in penitentiary. Suspended during good behavior on payment of fine of \$50.

Testimony in the case showed that defendant had only one quart of whiskey in his possession, for his own use.

Sam Duncan—Violation prohibition law. Plead guilty. Sentenced to serve four months at hard labor on public works of Oconee or in penitentiary. Sentence suspended during good behavior after service of 30 days.

Eugene Dooley—Violation prohibition law. Plead guilty. Sentenced to serve twelve months in penitentiary or on public works of Oconee at such labor as he may be able to perform. (Defendant claimed that he was afraid of the Ku Klux Klan in the town of Seneca and jumped his bond, was captured in Atlanta, Ga., and brought back, but again escaped and was again caught in Atlanta.)

W. P. Butler and Alfred Taylor—Violation prohibition law. Neither defendant answered when called, and after the third call their trial in absence was ordered. Verdict of guilty and sealed sentence left.

In the case of W. R. Neeley, which the grand jury was asked to reconsider, that body returned with a recommendation that the indictment be remanded to the Magistrate. Neeley was charged with assault with intent to ravish.

Grand Jury Makes Presentation.

State of South Carolina, County of Oconee.

We desire to make our final presentation to the November term of Court of General Sessions, as follows: To His Honor H. C. Tillman, Presiding Judge:

As grand jury for Oconee County, S. C., we beg to submit as our final presentation for the year 1922, the following:

(1). That we have passed upon all bills that have been handed out to us at this term by the Solicitor.

(2). We have examined, by committees, the chain gang, poor farm, jail and all other public buildings, and find same in good condition. We find that the poor farm has twenty inmates—eighteen whites and two colored. All of these inmates seem to be well cared for and are in good spirits.

(3). We recommend that the members of our General Assembly pass an act requiring the several offices of our county to be audited each year by a public certified accountant. Our committee had the several offices audited, and reports of same are filed in the office of the Clerk of Court.

(4). We recommend that the several officers that seize automobiles in the violation of the prohibition laws that they discontinue the practice of using said cars before they are legally sold.

(5). We have investigated the educational interests of the county, and the work done by our County Superintendent of Education, L. C. Spores, and we wish to commend him for his interest and untiring work for school improvement. We find that there are quite a number of teachers in the county who are holding pay warrants and that there are insufficient funds on hand to meet said payment, and we desire to recommend that our delegation make sufficient appropriation in their next supply bill to take care of all outstanding school warrants.

ing good behavior after service of 30 days.

Sam Thrasher pleaded guilty of larceny and receiving stolen goods and was sentenced to serve 30 days at hard labor on public works of Oconee or in penitentiary, or to pay fine of \$25. Fine paid.

Ira Richardson pleaded guilty of larceny and receiving stolen goods and received a sentence of 30 days in penitentiary or on public works of Oconee at hard labor, or to pay a fine of \$25. Fine paid.

Woody Perry pleaded guilty to the second count in an indictment for assault with intent to ravish. Being about 14 years of age, this colored boy was sentenced to the State Reformatory for Colored Youths until he shall have attained the age of 21 years.

Nice Rochester pleaded guilty to violation of the prohibition laws and received a sentence of imprisonment for four months at hard labor on the public works of Oconee or in penitentiary. Sentence suspended during good behavior on serving 30 days.

Will Herring pleaded guilty of violation of prohibition laws and received sentence for a term of two months at hard labor on the public works of Oconee or in penitentiary. Suspended during good behavior on payment of a fine of \$75.

Will Herring—Violation of prohibition laws. Plead guilty. Sentenced to serve two months at hard labor on county works or in penitentiary. Sentence suspended during good behavior on payment of \$75.

The evidence showed that defendant had in his possession only a small quantity of liquor, for his own use.

Walter James—Assault and battery with intent to kill. Defendant pleaded guilty of assault and battery of a high and aggravated nature. He was sentenced to serve three months at hard labor on public works of Oconee or in penitentiary, or to pay a fine of \$50.

C. C. Maxey—Assault and battery with intent to kill. Jury found verdict of "Guilty of assault and battery of a high and aggravated nature," and recommended him to the mercy of the Court. Sentenced to serve three months at hard labor on public works of Oconee or in penitentiary, or pay a fine of \$150. Notice of appeal to Supreme Court noted.

L. M. Payne and M. L. Cramer—Violation of prohibition laws. Defendants pleaded guilty. Each sentenced to serve six months on public works of Oconee or in penitentiary, at hard labor. Suspended during good behavior after the service of 30 days in Oconee county jail.

W. B. Sanford—Disposing of property under lien. Bench warrant was issued to enforce sentence.

The above announcement will be a shock to the citizens of Oconee County. Yet such it must be unless the money be provided at once for running expenses. A most complete and efficient organization and equipment for road work has been assembled. It requires about \$2,000 per month for running expenses. But the appropriation has been exhausted, and this splendid organization must be immediately abolished unless the money can be provided in some way. This puts the matter squarely up to our Legislative Delegation to say—and say quickly—what they are going to do about it.

County Road Work to Stop—Chain Gang to be Abolished. CAN OCONEE AFFORD IT? The above announcement will be a shock to the citizens of Oconee County. Yet such it must be unless the money be provided at once for running expenses. A most complete and efficient organization and equipment for road work has been assembled. It requires about \$2,000 per month for running expenses. But the appropriation has been exhausted, and this splendid organization must be immediately abolished unless the money can be provided in some way.

None of the sixteen prisoners from the last term of Court could be worked by the county, and they have been ordered sent to the penitentiary. The prisoners now on the gang will also have to be sent there or to jail the last of this week. If they go to jail, the county will have to feed them and get no return. The twenty-one mules will have to be sent to the poor farm, and be advertised and sold. The camp outfit and machines will have to be parked on the Court House square, there to stand idle until next spring or later.

Such a procedure would be the height of folly; and yet the County Supervisor is helpless unless something be done, and that at once. The scrapping of this splendid outfit will entail an inevitable loss of several thousand dollars—PROBABLY MORE THAN THE COST OF ITS MAINTENANCE AND OPERATION FOR THE NEXT FOUR OR FIVE MONTHS.

The former would be a clear loss, with nothing to show for it, while the latter would mean many miles more of good roads, which are so badly needed.

The road work that has been and is being done is a credit to the county. It needs only to be seen to be judged—and the judgment of any fair and impartial observer must be that our tax-payers are getting value received in good roads for every dollar spent by the County Supervisor. To be convinced that Jim Shockey knows how to build good roads, and is doing it, one need only take a hurried drive over the roads which he has worked within the last two years. And yet, there remain about two hundred and fifty miles of public roads that have been practically without work for five years. These roads have become well-nigh impassable, and many of them are really dangerous. The enforced use of these roads inflicts a heavy tax upon the user in the wear and tear of vehicles and over-work of stock—and yet thousands of our citizens have no choice but to use them. It is unfair to them that they should longer be compelled to wait indefinitely for the bad and dangerous roads and bridges to be made fit for travel.

We know that taxes are high and the money hard to get; but it will be poor economy to stop the road work and lose the labor of the county convicts. We cannot believe that the voters and tax-payers want this to be done. Besides, it is a work of necessity, and there is no choice but to do it—ELSE THE COUNTY WILL FAIL IN THE PERFORMANCE OF ITS DUTY TO THOUSANDS OF ITS CITIZENS.

Hence the call is hereby made upon our Senator and Representatives to confer AT ONCE with the County Advisory Board with a view to effecting some satisfactory arrangement for tiding over the present emergency. The failure to do this must be regarded as a public calamity. WE BELIEVE THIS WILL BE AVOIDED AND SOME WAY DEVISED FOR CONTINUING THE WORK.

Respectfully submitted, P. L. Green, Foreman.

Nov. 8th, 1922.

Hold-Over Grand Jurors.

The following grand jurors were drawn as hold-overs: H. W. Brandt, J. S. Smith, C. R. Taylor, J. A. White, I. M. Griffith and J. L. Brown.

Court Resumes Routine

The case of the State vs. Henry Parker charged with assault and battery with intent to kill, was continued by the Solicitor.

John Pitts, J. C. Stagers and Anthony Burch—Violation of prohibition laws. Continued by Solicitor.

Furman Bray—Housebreaking and larceny. Continued by Solicitor.

Ruben Brooks—Assault and battery with intent to kill and carrying concealed weapons. Continued by Solicitor.

The Solicitor not pressed the following cases: State vs. Harmon Lee, violation of prohibition laws, and the State vs. Claude Pruitt and Young Pruitt, charged with housebreaking and larceny.

Will Tuck—Violation prohibition laws. Called three times and failing to answer, his case was ordered tried in his absence. Jury returned a verdict of guilty and a sealed sentence was left.

Sam Thrasher—Adultery. Not guilty.

Paul Thrasher—Violation of prohibition laws. Guilty. Sentenced to six months imprisonment, at hard labor, in penitentiary or on public works of Oconee. Sentence to be suspended during good behavior after serving three months.

U.S. Tubes and Casings.

We have in stock a large assortment of sizes of United States Tubes and Casings. The prices on these Casings are the most attractive that have been made in years. We can save you money on your Tires if you will us before you buy.

Arthur Brown, Walhalla, S. C. "Oldsmobile Sets the Pace."

M. M. Haulbrooks—Violation of prohibition laws. Case marked ended.

Jesse Stribling—Violation of prohibition law. Bench warrant issued to enforce sentence.

W. D. Hanvey—Issuing worthless checks. Continued by Solicitor.

Tom Sam Wilson, alias William Wilson—Disposing of property under lien. Not pressed for want of prosecution.

J. S. Ellis and R. D. Bailey—Violation of prohibition laws. Appeal from Mayor's Court. Appeal declared to have been abandoned, and sentence of Mayor's Court to be executed.

Eugene Dooley—Violation prohibition laws. Appeal from Mayor of Seneca. Appeal declared abandoned and withdrawn. Sentence of Mayor's Court affirmed.

W. J. and Joseph Hembree—Violation of prohibition laws. Case not pressed as to Jos. Hembree. W. D. Hembree pleaded guilty. Latter defendant sentenced to serve eight months at hard labor on the public works of Oconee or in penitentiary. Suspended during good behavior on payment of \$50.

J. G. Mitchell, Homer Childers and John Moss—Violation of prohibition laws. John Moss failed to appear. Called three times and case ordered heard in his absence, to be tried with Mitchell and Childers, who were in Court. Jury returned a verdict of "Guilty on third count of indictment." (The third count was that of transporting.) Motion for a new trial was made and heard immediately, the motion being overruled. Sealed sentence was left as to John Moss. Mitchell and Childers each received sentence of six months at hard labor on public works of Oconee or in penitentiary. Sentence suspended during good behavior after service of two months by each. Childers and Mitchell gave notice of intention to appeal to Supreme Court, and were released on bonds of \$300 each pending appeal.

G. L. and Frank Starnes—Violation of prohibition laws. Defendants failing to appear, they were tried in their absence. The verdict of the jury was "Guilty" as to both defendants. Sealed sentences left.

Mart Hester—Violation of prohibition laws. This case was tried on Monday. The defendant being now in Court, was sentenced as follows: Imprisonment for a term of four months at hard labor on the public works of Oconee or in penitentiary. Sentence suspended during good behavior after service of two months. Defendant appealed to the Supreme Court.

The Solicitor not pressed the following cases: Webb Phillips, disposing of property under lien (two of these cases.)

The following cases were continued:

Hamp Butt, Addie Butt and John Pitts—Violation prohibition laws.

Tom Cobb, Jesse Cobb and Jim Cobb—Violation of prohibition laws.

J. G. Mitchell—Violation prohibition laws.

Sam Kay—Disposing of property under lien.

Mack Kelley—Obtaining goods under false pretense.

J. M. Haulbrooks—Disposing of property under lien.

J. Olin Simpson—Assault and battery with intent to kill and carrying concealed weapons.

S. O. Whitman—Drunk and disorderly and driving auto when under the influence of whiskey. (Appeal from Magistrate.)

Lee, Johnson and Dillard Haulbrooks—Malicious trespass. (Appeal from Magistrate.)

Chub Wall and J. W. Phillips. A rule to show cause issued.)

A Pleasant Surprise.

On the 29th of October Mr. and Mrs. Daniel D. Alexander, of Little River, were pleasantly surprised when their children began to gather at the old home with well-filled baskets. The occasion was the golden wedding of the aged couple. Their nine children are all living. Other relatives and friends were present, and all report a good time with "the old folks at home."

After a good dinner had been served, the evening was spent in conversation, music and singing.

Compulsory Law, West Union.

The patrons of West Union School District are hereby notified that the compulsory school attendance law will go into effect in this district on Dec. 1st, 1922. Trustees.

In 1900 an average of \$2.83 per capita was spent on schools in the United States.