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The Lexington Dispatch.

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Advertisements will be inserted at the rate of 75 cents per square of one inch space for first insertion, and 50 cents per square for each subsequent insertion.
Liberal contracts made with those wishing to advertise for three, six or twelve months. Notices in the local column 10 cents per line each insertion.
Marriage notices inserted free.
Obituaries over ten lines charged for at regular advertising rates.
Address: G. M. HARMAN, Editor and Proprietor.

Selling Out

FOR CASH ONLY
TO CHANGE BUSINESS.

\$17,000

WORTH OF CHOICE

FRESH CLOTHING

Hats, Gent's Furnishing Goods, to be sold below cost. Merchants are especially invited to buy the stock in bulk or in lots to suit their purpose. This offer is made in best faith. It is offered in the interest of every purchaser who wants to buy goods and reliable goods at a sacrifice. This is one of the chances of a man's life time to be able to buy first-class goods

BELOW INVOICE COST!

as I have made all necessary arrangements to go into the manufacturing business as soon as this stock is sold out. This is

NO DODGE OR TRICKING

advertisement. My stock comprises Men's, Boy's and Children's Clothing of every description. Hats and Gent's Furnishing Goods. Trunks and Valises in endless variety. This is a

GENUINE BARGAIN SALE,

for the purpose of changing my investment. Every article will be marked in plain figures, and positively no deviation in price to any one.

UNDER COLUMBIA HOTEL COLUMBIA, S. C. Sept. 7-9

LOAN AND EXCHANGE BANK OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

STATE, CITY AND COUNTY DEPOSITORY.
COLUMBIA, S. C.

Paid up Capital.....\$127,000
Surplus Profits.....66,000
Transacts a general banking business. Careful attention given to Collections.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.
Deposits of \$1 and upwards received. Interest allowed at the rate of 4 per cent per annum, payable quarterly on the first days of January, April, July and October.
W. C. FISHER, Vice-President.
JULIUS H. WALKER, Cashier.
June 19-19

"MILLER BROS." STEEL PENS

Are AMERICAN, and the BEST. LEADING BUSINESS PENS.
No. 67 Falcon
No. 4 Carbon Stub
No. 99 Markham
No. 28 University
The Miller Bros. Cutlery Co., Meriden, Conn.
Steel Pens, Pencils and Pocket Cutlery.

AT THE BAZAAR.

COMMERCIAL BANK.

COLUMBIA, S. C.
Capital Paid.....\$100,000
Transacts a Banking and Exchange business. Receives Deposits. Interest allowed on Deposits. Safety Deposit Boxes to rent at \$6 per annum.
C. J. LEDELL, President.
J. M. LEAPHART, Vice-President.
Nov. 28-19

CAROLINA NATIONAL BANK

COLUMBIA, S. C.
STATE, CITY AND COUNTY DEPOSITORY.
Paid up Capital.....\$100,000
Surplus Profits.....60,000

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

Deposits of \$5.00 and upwards received. Interest allowed at the rate of 4 per cent per annum. W. A. CLARK, President.
WILLIE JONES, Cashier.
December 4-19.

Fire Insurance.

I AM AGENT FOR SEVERAL STRONG Fire Insurance Companies, and am prepared to write policies on most reasonable rates.
C. E. LEAPHART

Public Roads and Railroads.

It is real surprising to notice how men, thinking men, men of enterprise, men who are ever eager and anxious to seize and improve every opportunity that will benefit them in the least, are sometimes so very slow to notice things that are of such great importance; things, too, that present themselves almost daily.
With many life has but one meaning, one object, one aim: that is to find some royal road that will ultimately lead to some favored spot on earth where comfort and pleasures meet them on every hand and their lives will be crowned with an uninterrupted peace.
Supposing that to be the only aim, let us look to making it a consummate success in every respect. But to accomplish this end by the cheapest and best methods we must keep well fortified along the whole line of defense.
The matter to which I wish to call attention may seem to those not very farseeing as a very trivial one, and for myself I am only indirectly interested, or I would have spoken out much sooner.
Lexington Fork is intersected by the Columbia, Newberry, and Laurens Railroad, which was built for what purpose; and we can as pertinently ask what is the object in the construction of all this mighty and inconceivable network of 126,000 miles of railway lines in the United States, 6,000 of which was constructed in 1890, in which the South has taken a very active part, and this year the grand old "Palmetto State" took the lead of all the States of the Union in the lay of 106.5 miles from January 1st to July 1st of this year? Were they all constructed for other than the argumentation of the fortunes of our home and foreign capitalists? No, no. Not entirely so by any means. Railroads now-a-days are being built very largely by municipal and township subscription and how else was the Columbia, Newberry and

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THE CHEAP MONEY PARADISE.

An Object Lesson For Sub-Treasury People to Study.
How Our South American Neighbors Tried to Get Rich and How they Became Paupers—Plenty of Money is All Right if it be Good Money—The Story of the Cedula.
From the Century Magazine.

In many respects the experience through which the Argentine Republic is passing, in an attempt to increase the general prosperity by making money cheap and plentiful, comes closer to the American people than any of the similar efforts in other countries which have been described in previous numbers of the Century. The government of the Argentine Republic is closely modeled upon that of the United States. It is a country of almost boundless natural resources, whose development has been so rapid as to be almost without parallel in history, and whose growth in wealth, prosperity and commercial importance has been so nearly approached by no other country in the world as by America. Its people are energetic, buoyant, self-confident, full of pride in their country and inclined to the belief that it is capable of withstanding any strain that may be put upon it. Yet, rich and prosperous as they were, these people conceived the idea, when a slight check to their development was felt a few years ago, that what they needed in order to attain the full measure of their prosperity was to make money "cheap and plenty." Perceiving the importance of their experience as an object lesson for our own country, bearing as it does directly upon discussion and propositions current here, we have gone thoroughly into the matter, examining all available sources of information; and have thus been able to prepare for our readers what we believe to be the most complete as well as accurate account of the Argentine Republic.

THE HOUSE TOPS OF JOPPA.

But reference to Peter reminds me that we must go to the housetop in Joppa where he was taught the democracy of religion. That was about the queerest thing that ever happened. On our way up to that housetop we passed an old well where the great stones were worn deep with the ropes of the buckets, and it must be a well many centuries old, and I think Peter drank out of it. Four or five goat or calkins filled with water lay about the well. We soon got up the steps and on the housetop. It was in such a place in Joppa that Peter one noon, a hungry lit and fainted away, and had a vision or dream or trance. I said to my family and friends on that housetop, "Listen while I read about what happened here." And opening the Bible we had the whole story.

It seems that Peter on the housetop dreamed that a great banquet was let down out of heaven, and in it were sleep and goats and cattle and mules and pigeons and buzzards and snakes and all manner of creatures that fly the air, or walk the field, or crawl the earth, and in the dream a voice told him and he was hungry to eat, and he said, "I cannot eat things unclean." Three times he dreamed it. There was then heard a knocking at the gate of the house on the top of which Peter lay in a trance, and three men asked, "Is Peter here?" Peter, while yet wondering what his dream meant, descends the stairs and meets these strangers at the gate, and they tell him that a good man by the name of Cornelius, in the city of Caesarea, has also had a dream and has sent them for Peter and to ask him to come and preach. At that call Peter left Joppa for Caesarea. The dream he had just prepared him to preach, for Peter learned by it to reject no people as unclean, and whereas he previously thought he must preach only to the Jews, now he goes to preach to the Gentiles, who were considered unclean.
TWO DREAMS.
Peter's dream on the housetop, Cornelius' dream at Caesarea. So I have noticed providences meet, distant events meet, dreams meet. Every dream is hunting up some other dream,

ODDS AND ENDS.

In 1885 there were 3,955 paper mills in the world.
On July 6 the earth is farther away from the sun than at any other time.
Mrs Seward Webb, of New York, is the possessor of a superb diamond crown.
A cherry some, lodging in the intestines of a Saranton merchant, caused his death.
In Ireland a belt made of woman's hair is placed about a child to keep him away.
The people of Rhode Island are thrifty. Their savings in the banks average \$479 for each inhabitant.
If a strange dog smiles at you, it is policy to smile back, and if he runs at you, the best thing is to run back.
It is understood that a new convert to the tenets of Buddhism is Justin Huntley McCarthy, the son of the Irish leader.
The "dumb cane" is so called because its fleshy, canalic stem renders speechless any one who may happen to bite them.
Police judges in New York receive \$8,000 a year. There are fifteen of them, so their combined salary amounts yearly to \$120,000.
Oscar Wilde says: "Anybody can write a three volume novel. It merely requires absolute ignorance of both life and literature."
A Poet's Good Appetite.
Heinrich Heine, when a student at Gottingen, was invited with a fellow student to take supper with Professor Hugo and his hospitable wife. The fare was simple and not too plentiful, but one dish was viewed with peculiar pride by the hostess, which he evidently felt that nothing could be better for the occasion: this was a small plate containing four fat sausages, with tempting gravy and garnishings of green.
The choice dish was passed first to Heine, who was in the full tide of a long and animated discourse, setting forth his opinions on some question which had been started by the professor.
Instead of serving himself to one sausage, and allowing the dish to proceed on its way to the others who were eagerly expecting it, he seized the plate, placed it before him, and proceeded to dispose of one sausage after another, not neglecting the gravy either, until the garnishings alone remained to show the havoc he had made.
Coming to the end of his speech at about the same time that he finished the last sausage, he looked at the company

Throws it Off.

There is no disease more disagreeable and uncomfortable than catarrh. It attacks the young and the old, and it is too often allowed to take its course. In such cases it frequently becomes dangerous. The poison extends to the throat and lungs, resulting in complications that are not readily overcome. All forms of catarrh however, disappear before S. S. S., and that medicine is now recognized as an almost infallible remedy for the disease. It regulates the liver, improves the digestion, and brings about conditions that enable the system to throw off the malady. Catarrh and its attended aggravations disappear before S. S. S., and so do all other diseases that grow out of a bad liver and impure blood.

Important Notice to Cotton Planters.

The accumulation of low grade cotton has overstocked the markets of the world, and this surplus will probably have to be sacrificed at extremely low prices. On the other hand, the supply of good cotton is quite limited, and there is always a market for the better goods. It is therefore a matter of the utmost importance to our friends, the planters, that extraordinary care be taken to produce the gold standard.

When breaking out on the face is tedious a daily soak over in a warm soapy bath and fresh underwear that has been well sunned or dried at a fire through the day should be the last thing on going to bed. It is impossible to describe how saturated and how loaded with impurities the undersides and drawers become from the perspiration of a not strictly healthy person in a single day.

The clothing next the skin, no matter what fabric should be thin and soft enough to admit of washing easily and changing often. True, thick undershirts taking up the waste of the skin and worn next it a week are enough to account for a good many of the complaints about rough faces.—Shirley Dare.

Making Silk from Wild Hemp.

Nayamira Sakusaboro, a druggist, of Hikone, in Onai, Japan, after many years of experiment and patient research, has succeeded in converting wild hemp into a substance possessing all the essential qualities of silk. Nothing is said about the process, but it is asserted that a trial of the thread has been made at the silk weaving establishment in Kioto and other factories with excellent results in every case. The plant in question grows wild on moors and hillsides. Its fiber is strong and glossy, is no inferior to silk when properly prepared.—Exchange.

The Pulpit and the Stage.

Rev. F. M. Shirout, pastor United Brethren church, Blue Mound, Kan., says: "I feel it my duty to tell what wonders Dr. King's New Discovery has done for me. My lungs were badly diseased, and my parishioners thought I could live only a few weeks. I took five bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery and I am sound and well, gaining 26 pounds in weight."
Arthur Love, manager Love's Funny Folks Combination, writes: "After a thorough trial and convincing evidence, I am confident Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption beats 'em all, and cures when everything else fails. The greatest kindness I can do my friends is to urge them to try it. Free trial bottle at any drug store. Regular sizes 50c. and \$1.00."

Radicals Split in the First.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Sept. 20.—The Republicans of this first Congressional District went through the farce to-day of holding a nominating convention. After the usual wrangle there was the usual bolt. W. B. Crum was nominated by those who remained in the hall. Charles S. Minott bolted and will hold a convention Monday which will nominate him. Minott has heretofore supported W. A. Grant, President of the colored Alliance, but has left him to enter the field himself. Both candidates are colored. This makes four candidates for Congress in this district.
The annual business done at Anderson is estimated at \$4,000,000.

THE LAW OF THE CASE.

The name of a book written by Lelia J. Robinson. At times the title of this knotty subject would be simple if it were regarded in a spirit of compromise. Incompatibility of temper is frequently occasioned by a disordered liver. It makes a well-disposed mortal morbid, moose or snappish. Into such houses where this explains the situation the soothing of ruffled or disgruntled dispositions would be as a white winged angel of peace and messenger of happiness: With a bottle of Westmoreland's Cathartic Tonic comes health, vigor, an optimistic frame of mind and a dispelling of all dark clouds. Tone up your liver, brace up your nerves and improve your appetite by using a bottle, which can be had at the Bazaar, in fifty cts. and dollar bottles.

THE LAW OF HUSBAND AND WIFE.

Ladies, if you want your stoves to look as good as new, use Lustra Stove Polish, only 10 cents a box, And your kitchen tables, tin ware, etc., to look neat and clean, try the kitchen soap, at the Bazaar.

Men are content to be laughed at for their wit, but not for their folly.

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