

FRAILTY OF POLITICAL PROMISES. Congressman C. C. B. Walker, Chairman of the New York Democratic State Committee, is a wag and natural humorist. He tells the following story about one of his friends to illustrate the frailty of political promises. Its application to primary campaigns will doubtless be duly appreciated by many defeated candidates:

"It seems that the candidate had never had any experience in politics, and when he began his canvass for this office he went about among his neighbors soliciting their support. Whenever he was promised a voter's aid he promptly put the name down in a canvassing book. When the ballots were counted he received just two votes, his own and his son's. In his book 1,200 names were recorded. The politicians chaffed him about this collection of names, when the old fellow turned on them and replied: 'I would not let that book go for all the money in the United States. It is a record of all the liars in this town. I shall pass it in to St. Peter on my way into heaven and let him use it as a check book to stop the sinners from passing through the gates.'"

EDITORIAL NOTES. There is nothing that will take the lining out of a man quicker than an earthquake.

There seems to be grounds to fear that the labor organizations in several parts of the country have only escaped from the grasp of the capitalists to be grasped by the petty politicians.

It is said that 52 per cent. of the army and navy pensioners are of foreign birth. That goes to indicate with what material the South was overpowered.

The late venerable Col. Chas. G. O'Brien, who for forty years was the editor of the Boston Post, attributed his good health and long life to the clear conscience that good Democrats always carry.

The Democrats are now counting on West Virginia this year, and the prospects are that the Democrats will carry it by a largely increased majority. The turning of the "rascals" out of the small postoffices has about broken up the grand old party in that State.

The American working women of the North get 90 cents per dozen, or less than 8 cents each, for making gentlemen's shirts, and, speaking of cheap foreign labor, the heathen Chinese gets 12 cents each for laundering them.

Wiggins had to leave Ottawa on the day of his earthquake to escape the jeers of the people. He may yet have to find a refuge in a dime museum along with a fraudulent Circassian girl or a bogus king of the Cannibal Islands.

General Goitar is running for Congress in Missouri. Fiddler Taylors are after the Governor's chair in Tennessee. We hope General Drum will step forward, if he wants anything, and let us have concert of action.

In a grain field near Merced, Cal., the reaper driving wheel struck a rock producing sparks which set fire to the standing grain, and about 250 of wheat and 500 of hay were burned. So says a California paper, but we will bet \$2.50 its a lie.

The mobbing of the Prohibitionists in a small town in Pennsylvania, the other day, seems to have given fresh impulse to the prohibition cause in that State. "The blood of the martyrs is the seed of the church."

The Minnesota Republicans are not to be expelled from the protection party, it seems, because they are free traders. The Republicans will receive these weak brethren in the faith, but not to doubtful disputations.

Prof. Eaton agrees with Dr. Hammond that the coming man will be bald-headed, but he goes a step further and says that he will also be devoid of natural teeth. If these great scientists are correct in their views, there is going to be a prosperous future for the wig-makers and dentists.

It would not be a matter of surprise if, after the \$1 and \$2 silver certificates get fairly into circulation, there should be a general demand for still smaller certificates to correspond with the old fractional currency. A limited issue of 10 cent, 25 cent and 50 cent silver certificates would supply a want to those who desire to make small remittances by mail.

WASHINGTON LETTER. (From Our Regular Correspondent.)

October 1st, 1886. During the past week more than five hundred persons have been discharged from Government service in Washington. Of these discharged, three hundred and forty were credited to the Government Printing Office and two hundred to the Washington Navy Yard. I say credited; for forty thousand dollars per month will be saved in the Government pay rolls and the work in the Government Printing Office will go on as well as before. At the Navy Yard nothing will be lost for the discharges there were made with the intention of converting a useless naval station into a heavy ordnance foundry. It is the determination of the present administration, with the help of Congress, to improve the naval strength of the United States. Notwithstanding the fact that nearly one hundred millions of dollars were expended during the four previous Republican administrations ostensibly for the Navy, the Naval force of this country is inferior to that of sixteen European, two Asiatic, and three South American countries;—in other words we are the weakest naval power. When the vessels already authorized, contracted for or commenced are completed, say four years hence, the United States will, in naval power, outrank Brazil, Chili, Argentina, China, Japan, Greece, Norway, Portugal and Sweden; be on a par with Turkey, Spain, Holland and Denmark, and be surpassed by England, France, Germany, Austria, Italy and Russia alone.

Secretary Manning has returned to the city and will resume the Treasury portfolio. He will, however, be careful to avoid that close application to the details of his office and the harassing interviews with callers which brought him so near death's door a few months ago. The able Assistant Secretaries Fairchild and Thompson will relieve him of much labor and care. It is reported that Assistant Secretary Thompson has matured a plan for the reorganization of the Treasury Department. The policy adopted by Secretary Manning has been pursued by Secretary Fairchild, namely: of putting the redemption of Government bonds to the double use of reducing the national debt and also regulating the money market. Within the last few weeks the rate for short loans has changed from two to three per cent to three times those numbers. Every lender knows that the Federal Depositories stand open for the redemption of bonds whenever and by whomsoever they may be presented, so by that means millions of dollars may be released and circulate through the various channels of trade.

In anticipation of the building of the National Library tentative plans have been prepared to give a determination of its position within the site fixed by Congress, care being taken to keep important lines of view open to present both the Library and Capitol to advantage, secure convenient approaches and connections by walks and wheelways, and while enlarging the Capitol grounds to include the Library, to preserve, as far as practicable, all the advantages presented.

The soldiers seem to thrive under Cleveland's administration. The Civil Service Commission, a majority of whom are Democrats, have modified their rules so as to give precedence to Union veterans in the matter of appointments. This action was taken the very day that John Sherman, in a partisan stump speech, was denouncing the Administration for turning its back on the old soldiers.

The colored people's exhibition was formally opened yesterday at four o'clock. To-day the various committees in charge were busily engaged receiving exhibits, which are coming in very rapidly. There was a fair attendance at the ball, a large proportion of the visitors being white people, who were surprised and interested in the exhibits of the skill and genius of the colored people. A large attendance is expected to-night and preparations have been made to accommodate the visitors.

Although the fair is a creditable success, it must not be understood that this is by any means the first of its kind, nor the greatest, as some papers have presented. In North Carolina there is annually held a colored people's fair, which is wonderful in the variety and excellence of its exhibits and also in the success that attends it. "People should remember," said Mr. Lamar, "that one of the best and most successful departments of the New Orleans Exposition was that devoted to the colored people. It was presided over by ex-Senator Bruce, and was a revelation to those who were fortunate enough to see it. There were exhibits from every State and Territory, and they would have done honor to the white people of those States and Territories. It was a great disillusion to people who think that the colored people are not progressive." D.

President Cleveland has been severely criticised for not taking official notice of the earthquake misfortunes of Charleston. It is also stated that neither Senators Hampton or Butler have written expressions of sympathy or sent contributions.

Reply to Hon. S. P. Wingard, Chairman, &c.

Willingly would I refrain from making any more "great complaint" and "grave insinuation" against the Executive Committee, but the necessity is upon me, prompted thereto by a sense of duty I cannot do otherwise. For the public weal I write, and not to gratify personal feeling or a spirit of fault-finding. And whilst I disclaim any intention of casting unjust reflections upon your honorable body or any member of it, nevertheless, what I have written, I have written; and whatever I may feel by my duty to write, I shall write. I am not to be deterred by your insinuation that I am a fault-finder. In my humble opinion the Executive Committee have erred, and erred egregiously. However, this only confirms the correctness of the old adage about the errors of great men. Upon the question of authority, I said, and still say, it was not transmissible. Was it "transferred" by the convention to the Executive Committee? This brings us to the resolution which you claim effected the transfer. You are not mistaken about my being a member of the convention, I was; and therefore know whereof I speak when I say, said resolution was not unanimously passed; for, I well remember, some of us voted not very emphatically. Now, a few words about the "tiresome discussion," which preceded the passage of this resolution; which "tiresome discussion," be it known, was not upon this resolution at all, for it was sprung and pushed (without allowing any discussion) for the purpose of cutting short the "tiresome discussion" of the question of amending the primary plan as to secure an honest, Democratic nomination. Some did not want this, and to them the discussion no doubt became very "tiresome." What! Did not want an honest Democratic nomination? Well, that's what I said, and I will stick to it—so "Lay on Macduff!" Did the passage of this resolution accomplish the transfer of authority? No; for it was wrong and undemocratic in principle; and all of the acts of the Executive Committee under this resolution are illegal, and therefore null and void—null and void in principle, though practiced in the primary election, and thereby the end sought was attained; namely: the voting of Radicals, Greenbackers, Scalawags and *id genus omne*. Do not become offended when I tell you that my indignation knew no bounds at the outrageous insult heaped upon my gray head by requiring me with uplifted hand to affirm that I would vote the Democratic ticket at the next general election. Did I ever vote any other ticket? You suspected that I would, did you? No, you say. Then why did you, by reason among the doubtful? The doubt, which you thereby cast upon me, I hurl back to the very center of the brain or brains from whence it emanated. Do you know that the *veriest* Radical in this whole country came to the polls, took that oath, and voted. Now, to be numbered among such—oh, my! oh, my! You beg to be excused by saying, "we did to the best of our ability." Well, I excuse you, and may God help your inability, that you may have the more ability to enable you to do better next time. PLAIN MAN.

Men are born with two eyes, but one tongue, in order that they may see twice as much as they say. Columbia's new bank, the Loan and Exchange Bank of South Carolina has opened and is already transacting a satisfactory business. The Greenville News says: "Teaching is a recognized profession with mingled elements of art and science. Only those who have talents for it can practice it successfully. This State does not need more teachers. The woods are full of them such as they are. We need better teachers."

Mr. B. R. Tillman has published the call for the meeting of a convention of farmers at Columbia on November 9th, for the purpose of organizing the Agricultural Association of South Carolina. Each county will be entitled to delegates on the basis of its representation in both branches of the General Assembly.

A meeting of the operators and stockholders of the Orangeburg and Lewiedale Railroad was held at Orangeburg on Thursday, and was largely attended. The meeting directed the committees on subscriptions to continue their canvass until the 28th of October next, when another meeting will be held, for the purpose of locating the route and of effecting a permanent organization. It is pretty well settled that this road is to be built at an early day. The subscriptions so far have been liberal, and the enterprise is quite popular.

If you want truth to go round, the world must have an express train to pull it; but if you want a lie to go round, it will; it is as light as a feather and a breath will carry it.

Telegrams.

EDGEFIELD, October 4.—Farmers' County Convention held today and elected the following delegates to the Farmers' Convention to be held in Columbia on November: W. J. Ready, J. Talbert, L. P. Jones, W. S. B. R. Tillman and N. A. B. All are well-to-do farmers.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Oct. 3.—Recently J. G. Howard started a grist mill near Quincy, Madison county. Near him was a bar mill owned by F. L. Harris, who had been established several years. A man named Buckley was a miller. A week ago Howard's mill was destroyed by fire and Harris and Buckley were suspected incendiaries. Strong evidence against them was lacking, but this morning their corpses were found dangled from the limb of a tree five miles from town. Howard's friends evidently determined to hang first and try them later.

PARIS, Sept. 29.—Gen. Banger, desiring to secure from the government an appropriation for new explosive bombs, recently introduced the matter to the Budget Committee to which the experiments were made in a monster mortar, designed as a type for the destruction of a fortification. The missile thrown exploded with very destructive effect. The committee is admitted to have the powers of gun cotton with most its defects, and is said to be easily transportable, and to be free from liability to spontaneous ignition. It is stated that the committee was not only highly pleased with what promised to be fully support Gen. Boulanger's demand for large appropriation.

NASHVILLE, Sept. 29.—A meeting of the stockholders of the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railroad Company to-day, the purchase of this company of the Pratt Coal and Iron Company, the Alice Furnace Company and Linn Iron Works, of Birmingham, Ala., was consummated and confirmed. This action has brought together under one management probably the largest amount of valuable coal and iron property in the world. The provisions of consolidation put a large capital in the treasury of the company, and provide for the building of five additional furnaces of 200 tons daily capacity each, and the building of 1,000 additional coke ovens. The combined properties now have five furnaces and 1,500 coke ovens in operation. This combination is the consummation of a scheme that marks a new era in the South and demonstrates the fact that pig iron from this day will be made in Tennessee and Alabama at less than

LAFAYETTE, Ind., Oct. 2.—A horrible and fatal explosion occurred at Brighthurst, Carroll county, yesterday. A man named Britten came to the store of Shanklin & Kearns for some powder. Mr. Kearns, with a lighted cigar in his mouth, poured out the powder from a large can into the scales. In setting down the can his cigar was knocked from his mouth into the can of powder, which exploded with great violence tearing out the front part of the building and scattering goods into the street. Mr. Kearns' arm was broken in two places, his shoulders were dislocated, and his head and face were buried in a frightful manner. He died in a few hours after in intense suffering. Mr. Britton had both arms broken, and was terribly burned. His injuries are fatal. Shelving fell upon Mr. Shanklin, and seriously injured him. Mr. Britton was blackened and burned but not fatally. Mr. Kearns was about fifty years old, and leaves a wife and eight children.

CHICAGO, Sept. 29.—The evening Journal to-day published an account of a case of remarkable resuscitation from supposed death of a young married woman named Mrs. Frazer. On July 30th last Mrs. Frazer gave birth to a child, and in August, after several days' illness, was pronounced dead by the attending physician. Dr. Mark H. Lakerstein, who was also attending Mrs. Frazer, says: "I did everything I could think of to restore life without effect. Ten minutes must have elapsed, though at the time I was not in position to watch the passage of time. Then it suddenly struck me that I would like to try a hypodermic injection of this solution of nitro-glycerine. I took up ten draughts of it and let the corpse have the full benefit of it. The first minute there was not a pulsation, but just a gasp. I looked at my watch and there were four such gasps in sixty seconds, but there was no life. In the second minute there were six respirations and a slight heart pulse could be heard, but no pulse could be felt. In the third minute there were eighteen respirations and the pulse became distinctly perceptible at the wrist. In the fourth minute it was 180 and upward, so that if it could not be conated. Her face flushed, her eyes began to roll in their sockets, all the muscles relaxed from the extreme stiffness of death. All the contraction of the limbs gradually relaxed and she became conscious. In my opinion in all cases of shock or collapse this thing ought to be tried before they are given over for lost."

THE OLD DOCTOR. A Life Experience. Remarkable and quick cures. Trial Packages. Send for Illustrated Circulars. Address W. WARD & CO., Louisiana, Mo. dec 23-1y

It costs forty million dollars to pick the cotton crop of this country. The civil war cost the United States \$3,000,000,000. Abbeville had a slight frost on the morning of the 4th.

A fire destroyed 73 bales of cotton on the platform at Manning depot on Sunday.

Heavy frosts on the night of the 1st injured the tobacco crops in Virginia and North Carolina.

President Cleveland and his wife will visit the fair of the Virginia State Agricultural Society at Richmond, Va., on the 21st inst.

Threshing wheat with a streak of lightning is something new. Yet on the Hatfield farm of the Marquis of Salisbury, the threshing machine was run by electricity this autumn.

The papers have wasted a good deal of time and space on Wiggins and his prophecies. Hereafter let him be ignored. He is not worthy of notice.

Ex-cadet Whitaker, of split ears fame, has written a card to the News and Courier, in which he says: "As a colored man, I shall protest against every vote my race shall cast at the coming election for any white Congressional candidate in this (the Seventh) District."

There is a prospect that Bulgaria will find out once again what it is to be crushed between the upper and nether millstones, the first being reposed by Russia and the second by Turkey. The Bulgarians might do well to sell out their little principality to the highest bidder, and immigrate to the "land of the free and home of the brave."

On the first of October the sun rose at 5:41 and set at 5:26 making the length of the day 11 hours and 45 minutes. On the 31st October it will rise at 6:17 and set at 4:38 making the length of the day 10 hours and 31 minutes. Therefore the day is shortened in October 1 hour and 24 minutes. It is not strange however the remark is made: "How short the days are getting."

Only 12 assessments were made by the Security Mutual Benefit Society from 1881 to 1886, averaging 3 to a year, and making the cost for assessments to a man of 40 years, less than \$5 for each thousand dollars of insurance. The payment of its policies in full is guaranteed by the Agency Security and Guaranty Company of New York which has a capital of \$100,000. C. S. Bradford, Agent.

The address of Col. Zimmerman Davis, delivered at the reunion of Company F, Fifth South Carolina Cavalry, at Farrer's spring, on the 7th of August last, will appear in full in next week's DISPATCH. Those who may wish extra copies of the paper must file their orders for same by

What was supposed to be a wonderful white rabbit with a black spot on it was seen in the woods, near Mrs. Catty Coughman's, last week by one of our citizens who promptly reported and dilated upon it on his arrival in town. It turns out, to the discomfiture of our citizen, that a bob tailed black spotted white cat is owned by Mrs. Coughman. Ah, John, what kind had you been taking?

ABBEVILLE, S. C., October 5.—The Farmers' County Convention met yesterday and passed resolutions against the sale of seed cotton, and requested their Senator and Representatives to have a law passed for Abbeville county prohibiting the sale of seed cotton within the county. One of the township clubs recommended that the offices of School Commissioner, Auditor, Master and Jury Commissioner be abolished, and that the number of County Commissioners be reduced to one.

WOMEN. Needing renewed strength, or who suffer from indigestion peculiar to their sex, should try BROWN'S IRON BITTERS. THE BEST TONIC. This medicine combines iron with pure vegetable matter, and is the most powerful and healthful. It is the most reliable and most effective of all remedies for the various ailments of women, and is the only one that can be taken in any form, and at any time, without any inconvenience. It is the only one that can be taken in any form, and at any time, without any inconvenience. It is the only one that can be taken in any form, and at any time, without any inconvenience.

BRUNSON GRADED AND MILITARY HIGH SCHOOL. FOR BOTH SEXES. Methods of government and instruction shaped to secure discipline and growth. Modern as well as ancient languages taught. Rules of civility and good conduct, October 1st, 1886. Located in Hampton county, in the town of Brunson, on the Port Royal and Augusta Railroad. J. E. WATSON, A. J., Principal. Aug. 25-1y

THE OLD DOCTOR. A Life Experience. Remarkable and quick cures. Trial Packages. Send for Illustrated Circulars. Address W. WARD & CO., Louisiana, Mo. dec 23-1y

SWIFT'S SPECIFIC CURES CANCER. SCIRRHUS CANCER. The most beneficial medicine ever discovered for the cure of Scirrhus Cancer, or Cancer of the Breast, is now on hand at the Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga. It is a powerful and reliable remedy, and is the only one that can be taken in any form, and at any time, without any inconvenience. It is the only one that can be taken in any form, and at any time, without any inconvenience. It is the only one that can be taken in any form, and at any time, without any inconvenience.

FALL OPENING OF THE GREAT COMBINATION HOUSE.

OUR STOCK IS NOW REPLENISHED, AND ONE OF OUR LARGEST IN THE INTERIOR OF THE STATE. A careful examination will convince the purchasing public that we are abreast with the times. And our prices guarantee as low as any house in the land. Examine our line of COLORED SILKS AND SURAHS. BLACK SILK, at 50, 75, \$1 up to \$3.00.

LINEN DEPARTMENT. Turkey Red Table Damask, only 25 cents. German Damask, at 50 cents, 58 inches wide. Hock Towels, very large size, 20 cents each. 9-4 Bleached Sheet, 22 1/2 cents, good value for more money. Full Stock Ladies' Underwear, Hosiery and Goggles. Dolls, at 3 cents each. We are determined to keep the lead in low prices. We buy and sell for cash. No division of profits. No old foggies in our establishment.

LADIES' WINTER WRAPS. In Long and Short Garments, we carried the most extensive stock in the State. We have a novelty in a Light Weight Short Jacket, something new, which we are selling.

MILLINERY DEPARTMENT. In this room we are now displaying our early autumn shape in Hats, which are very attractive. These goods we have selected with great care, with an idea to please all.

OUR CLOTHING ROOM. Is now full of the latest novelties, which we have selected with care for the wants of our trade; and, as usual, will adhere to the short profit system. All goods bought in this department will guarantee the workmanship and prices against any house in the land. We have also added a first class Tailoring Establishment and guarantee satisfaction, and have arranged with one of the first class tailors of the city to make these suits to order on short notice.

HATS AND SHOES. All the leading makes and styles from the very best to the cheapest. Don't buy before you see our goods.

J. L. MIMNAUGH & CO. COLUMBIA, S. C. March 19-1y

NEW MILLINERY. I HAVE ADDED A MILLINERY DEPARTMENT TO MY FANCY GOODS AND NOTION ESTABLISHMENT AND NOW OFFER TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED HATS AND BONNETS, ALSO FLOWERS, FEATHERS AND TRIMMINGS of all kinds CHEAPER than ever bought before.

N. W. TRUMP, 128 MAIN STREET, COLUMBIA, S. C. April 29-1y

DO YOU WANT A JOB? CLERKS, SALESMEN, LABORERS, WANTED. To Buy Their Clothing and Gents' Furnishing Goods at S. ROBINSON'S, Where they are always sure of getting JOB PRICES.

S. ROBINSON, COLUMBIA, S. C. Who will be willing to give you any information desired in regard to the above. oct 24-1y

M. H. BERRY, Furniture Warerooms, ESTABLISHED 1843. MAIN STREET, COLUMBIA, S. C. (NEXT GRAND CENTRAL HOTEL.) A FULL STOCK OF CHEAP, MEDIUM, AND FINE FURNITURE, IS NOW in the store, purchased direct from the manufacturers, and will be sold at BOTTOM PRICES.

UNDERTAKING A SPECIALTY. A full line of COFFINS, CASKETS, METALIC CASES, BURIAL ROBES, WRAPPERS, etc., always on hand. Call and see us and be convinced that you SAVE MONEY by so doing. Oct 28-1y

ALL OUR DRY GOODS ARE BOUGHT FOR NET CASH, AND ARE SOLD FOR NET CASH, AND THIS ENABLES US TO GIVE OUR CUSTOMERS THE VERY LOWEST PRICES. GIVE US A CALL. W. J. YOUNG, Agt., Columbia Hotel Block. oct 7-1y

J. WOLF EAR HARDT, Trespassers, Notice. LEXINGTON, S. C. All persons are warned not to trespass by fishing, hunting in day time or night, and especially from cutting trees, passing through our premises, or trespassing in any manner whatever. The law will positively be enforced against all violating this notice. W. T. DEMARCK, JOSEPH HITE, S. W. CRAWF. Sept. 23, 1886—3w47

TRAVELER'S GUIDE. RICHMOND & DANVILLE RAILROAD SOUTH CAROLINA DIVISION. Mail and Express. Going North.

Augusta, Ga.	9 20 a m
Graniteville	10 00
Trenton	10 34
Batesburg	11 22
Lewisville	11 38
Summit	11 52
Lewiedale	11 57
Keisler's	12 00
Summit	12 12 p m
Lexington	12 30
W. C. & A. Junction	12 56
Columbia	1 25
Charlotte, N. C.	arrive 6 15 p m

Going South.

Charlotte, N. C.	1 00 p m
COLUMBIA	5 22
W. C. & A. Junction	5 57
LEXINGTON, C. H.	6 18
Barr's	6 29
Keisler's	6 42
Lewiedale	6 47
Summit	6 50
Batesburg	7 07
Trenton	7 13
Graniteville	8 13
Augusta, Ga.	arrive 9 20 p m

TRAVELER'S GUIDE. SOUTH CAROLINA RAILWAY CO. COMMENCING SUNDAY MAY 9th, 1886, at 11:00 a.m. Passenger Trains will run as follows: "Eastern time" TO AND FROM CHARLESTON.

Leave Columbia at	6 30 a m	5 27 p m
Arrive at Charleston	11 00 a m	9 00 p m

WEST (DAILY).

Leave Columbia at	7 20 a m	5 10 p m
Arrive at Charleston	10 35 a m	10 00 p m

TO AND FROM AUGUSTA.

Leave Columbia at	6 30 a m	5 27 p m
Arrive at Augusta	11 35 a m	10 25 p m

WEST (DAILY).

Leave Augusta at	6 05 a m	4 40 p m
Arrive at Columbia	10 35 a m	10 00 p m

CONNNECTIONS. Made at Columbia with Columbia and Greenville Railroad by train arriving at 10:35 a. m. and departing at 5:27 p. m. At Columbia Junction with Charlotte, Columbia and Augusta Railroad by same train to and from all points on both roads. Passengers take supper at Branchville. At Charleston with steamer for Jacksonville and points on the St. John's River Tuesday and Saturday; with Charleston and Savannah Railroad to and from Savannah and points in Florida daily. At Augusta with Georgia and Central Railroad to and from all points West and South. Connections made at Blackville by all trains to and from stations on Barwell Railroad daily except Sundays. Trains also connect at Columbia for Camden daily except Sundays. Through tickets can be purchased to Points South and West by applying to D. McQUEEN, Agent, Columbia, S. C. JOHN S. PECK, Gen'l. Manager. D. C. ALLEN, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt.

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P. J. RUCKER. COLUMBIA, S. C. Apr 28-1y

NEW CROP TURNIP SEED. CAUTION!! Lexington farmers should be careful in buying turnip seeds this year as many worthless so-called "imported" TURNIP SEEDS are on the market. I guarantee all seeds as being raised this year from selected roots. Seeds sent by mail wholesale or retail. Write to

O. E. THOMAS, SEEDSMAN. 154 MAIN ST., Columbia, S. C. Two doors south T. B. Angbury & Co. P. S.—Orders taken for Seeds in any quantity. Jan. 7-1y

