

THE Horry Weekly News, August 18, 1871.

ACTS OF THE LEGISLATURE—CONTINUED
FROM FIRST PAGE.

An Act to Authorize and Require the County Commissioners of Barnwell County to Establish a Road from Blackville to Allendale—No. 410.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of South Carolina, now met and sitting in General Assembly, and by the authority of the same, That an Act entitled "An Act to incorporate certain towns and villages," approved on the 28th day of January, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and sixty, be, and the same is hereby altered and amended as follows, to wit: That from and after the passage of this Act, all and every person or persons who shall have resided in the corporate limits of the village of Manning for two months are hereby declared to be members of the corporation hereby created.

Sec. 2. That the said persons shall, from and after the passing of this Act, become a body politic and corporate, and shall be known and called by the name of the town of Manning, and its corporate limits shall extend one-half mile in every direction from the Court House, as a cent or on the side next to Black River, the line of which, formed at high water, shall constitute its boundary in that direction.

Sec. 3. That the said town shall be governed by an Intendant and four Wardens, who shall be elected by the State for sixty days immediately preceding their election. The said Intendant and Wardens shall be elected on the second Monday of the month of April, in each year, ten days notice being previously given, and shall continue in office one year, until the election of a new Intendant and Wardens, and all male inhabitants of the said town who shall have attained the age of twenty-one years, and resident thereof two months immediately preceding the election, shall be entitled to vote for said Intendant and Wardens.

Sec. 4. That the said election shall be held in some convenient public place in said town, from six o'clock in the morning till four o'clock in the evening; and when the polls shall be closed, the informers shall forthwith count the votes and declare the election, giving no time to writing to the persons voted. The Intendant and Wardens, for the time being, shall always, at a point the Managers to conduct the election, who, before they open the polls for the said election, shall take an oath fairly and impartially to conduct the same. And the Intendant and Wardens, before entering upon the duties of their respective offices, shall take the oath prescribed by the Constitution of this State, and also the following oath, to wit: "As Intendant (or Warden) of the town of Manning, I will equally and impartially, to the best of my ability, execute the laws imposed upon me, and I will use my best endeavors to preserve the peace, and carry into effect, according to law, the purposes for which I have been elected. So help me God!" And if any person, upon being elected Intendant or Warden, shall refuse to affix his mark to or Vow, he shall refuse to act as such, and shall pay to the Council the sum of twenty dollars for each day's failure to work as notified, the fines to be collected by the County commissioners, and paid into the Treasury for the use of the said county.

Sec. 5. That the bridges mentioned in the third section of this Act be completed during the first and second month from the commencement of construction of said road.

Approved March 9, 1871.

An Act to Empower the State to Maintain the Beneficiaries in the Lunatic Asylum, Instead of the Several Counties—No. 411.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of South Carolina, now met and sitting in General Assembly, and by the authority of the same, That from and after the passage of this Act, all beneficiaries now in, or hereafter to be placed in, the State Lunatic Asylum, be supported by the State.

See. 2. That the state assume the liabilities of each and every of the counties that is now in arrears for the support of its beneficiaries.

Sec. 3. All Acts or parts of Acts inconsistent with this Act are hereby repealed.

Approved March 9, 1871.

An Act to Vest the Right and Title of the State in and to Certain Escheated Property in a Certain Person Therein Named—No. 412.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of South Carolina, now met and sitting in General Assembly, and by the authority of the same, That all the right, title and interest which the State may have in a certain tract of land, containing two hundred acres, more or less, situate and lying in Marlboro County, lately held by John Ross deceased, be and the same is hereby vested in John W. Wetherspoon, Executor of the last will and testament of the said John Ross, in trust, to dispose of the said property, and to distribute the proceeds arising therefrom under the provisions of said will.

Approved March 9, 1871.

An Act to Amend an Act Entitled "An Act to Regulate the Formation of Corporations," Approved December 10, 1869—No. 413.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of South Carolina, now met and sitting in General Assembly, and by the authority of the same, That the Act entitled "An Act to regulate the formation of corporations," approved December tenth, A. D. 1869, be amended as follows: In Section fourteen strike out the words "five hundred thousand dollars," and insert instead thereof the words "three millions of dollars," in section thirty-three, second line, after the words "shall not exceed," and before the words "the amount of its capital stock," insert the word "double," section forty-one is repealed.

Sec. 2. That any incorporation formed in compliance with the terms of this Act is hereby empowered and authorized to issue bonds, secured by lien on the property of the said corporation, to an amount not exceeding the value of the property owned by said corporation, with interest on said bonds payable semi-annually; and it is further provided that any corporation formed in compliance with the terms of this Act is hereby authorized and empowered to issue additional bonds to such an amount that the interest thereon at 8 percent per annum shall not exceed the net income of said corporation.

Approved March 9, 1871.

An Act to Alter and Renew the Charter of the Town of Manning—No. 414.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of South Carolina, now met and sitting in General Assembly, and by the authority of the same, That an Act entitled "An Act to incorporate certain towns and villages," approved on the 28th day of January, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and sixty, be, and the same is hereby altered and amended as follows, to wit: That from and after the passage of this Act, all and every person or persons who shall have resided in the village of Manning for two months are hereby declared to be members of the corporation hereby created.

Sec. 2. That the said persons shall, from and after the passing of this Act, become a body politic and corporate, and shall be known and called by the name of the town of Manning, and its corporate limits shall extend one-half mile in every direction from the Court House, as a cent or on the side next to Black River, the line of which, formed at high water, shall constitute its boundary in that direction.

Sec. 3. That the said town shall be governed by an Intendant and four Wardens, who shall be elected by the State for sixty days immediately preceding their election. The said Intendant and Wardens shall be elected on the second Monday of the month of April, in each year, ten days notice being previously given, and shall continue in office one year, until the election of a new Intendant and Wardens, and all male inhabitants of the said town who shall have attained the age of twenty-one years, and resident thereof two months immediately preceding the election, shall be entitled to vote for said Intendant and Wardens.

Sec. 4. That the said election shall be held in some convenient public place in said town, from six o'clock in the morning till four o'clock in the evening; and when the polls shall be closed, the informers shall forthwith count the votes and declare the election, giving no time to writing to the persons voted.

The Intendant and Wardens, for the time being, shall always, at a point the Managers to conduct the election, who, before they open the polls for the said election, shall take an oath fairly and impartially to conduct the same.

Sec. 5. That the said election shall be held in some convenient public place in said town, from six o'clock in the morning till four o'clock in the evening; and when the polls shall be closed, the informers shall forthwith count the votes and declare the election, giving no time to writing to the persons voted. The Intendant and Wardens, for the time being, shall always, at a point the Managers to conduct the election, who, before they open the polls for the said election, shall take an oath fairly and impartially to conduct the same.

Sec. 6. That the said election shall be held in some convenient public place in said town, from six o'clock in the morning till four o'clock in the evening; and when the polls shall be closed, the informers shall forthwith count the votes and declare the election, giving no time to writing to the persons voted.

Sec. 7. That the said election shall be held in some convenient public place in said town, from six o'clock in the morning till four o'clock in the evening; and when the polls shall be closed, the informers shall forthwith count the votes and declare the election, giving no time to writing to the persons voted.

Sec. 8. That the said election shall be held in some convenient public place in said town, from six o'clock in the morning till four o'clock in the evening; and when the polls shall be closed, the informers shall forthwith count the votes and declare the election, giving no time to writing to the persons voted.

Sec. 9. That the said election shall be held in some convenient public place in said town, from six o'clock in the morning till four o'clock in the evening; and when the polls shall be closed, the informers shall forthwith count the votes and declare the election, giving no time to writing to the persons voted.

Sec. 10. That the said election shall be held in some convenient public place in said town, from six o'clock in the morning till four o'clock in the evening; and when the polls shall be closed, the informers shall forthwith count the votes and declare the election, giving no time to writing to the persons voted.

Sec. 11. That the said election shall be held in some convenient public place in said town, from six o'clock in the morning till four o'clock in the evening; and when the polls shall be closed, the informers shall forthwith count the votes and declare the election, giving no time to writing to the persons voted.

Sec. 12. That the said election shall be held in some convenient public place in said town, from six o'clock in the morning till four o'clock in the evening; and when the polls shall be closed, the informers shall forthwith count the votes and declare the election, giving no time to writing to the persons voted.

Sec. 13. That the said election shall be held in some convenient public place in said town, from six o'clock in the morning till four o'clock in the evening; and when the polls shall be closed, the informers shall forthwith count the votes and declare the election, giving no time to writing to the persons voted.

Sec. 14. That the said election shall be held in some convenient public place in said town, from six o'clock in the morning till four o'clock in the evening; and when the polls shall be closed, the informers shall forthwith count the votes and declare the election, giving no time to writing to the persons voted.

Sec. 15. That the said election shall be held in some convenient public place in said town, from six o'clock in the morning till four o'clock in the evening; and when the polls shall be closed, the informers shall forthwith count the votes and declare the election, giving no time to writing to the persons voted.

Sec. 16. That the said election shall be held in some convenient public place in said town, from six o'clock in the morning till four o'clock in the evening; and when the polls shall be closed, the informers shall forthwith count the votes and declare the election, giving no time to writing to the persons voted.

Sec. 17. That the said election shall be held in some convenient public place in said town, from six o'clock in the morning till four o'clock in the evening; and when the polls shall be closed, the informers shall forthwith count the votes and declare the election, giving no time to writing to the persons voted.

Sec. 18. That the said election shall be held in some convenient public place in said town, from six o'clock in the morning till four o'clock in the evening; and when the polls shall be closed, the informers shall forthwith count the votes and declare the election, giving no time to writing to the persons voted.

Sec. 19. That the said election shall be held in some convenient public place in said town, from six o'clock in the morning till four o'clock in the evening; and when the polls shall be closed, the informers shall forthwith count the votes and declare the election, giving no time to writing to the persons voted.

Sec. 20. That the said election shall be held in some convenient public place in said town, from six o'clock in the morning till four o'clock in the evening; and when the polls shall be closed, the informers shall forthwith count the votes and declare the election, giving no time to writing to the persons voted.

Sec. 21. That the said election shall be held in some convenient public place in said town, from six o'clock in the morning till four o'clock in the evening; and when the polls shall be closed, the informers shall forthwith count the votes and declare the election, giving no time to writing to the persons voted.

Sec. 22. That the said election shall be held in some convenient public place in said town, from six o'clock in the morning till four o'clock in the evening; and when the polls shall be closed, the informers shall forthwith count the votes and declare the election, giving no time to writing to the persons voted.

Sec. 23. That the said election shall be held in some convenient public place in said town, from six o'clock in the morning till four o'clock in the evening; and when the polls shall be closed, the informers shall forthwith count the votes and declare the election, giving no time to writing to the persons voted.

Sec. 24. That the said election shall be held in some convenient public place in said town, from six o'clock in the morning till four o'clock in the evening; and when the polls shall be closed, the informers shall forthwith count the votes and declare the election, giving no time to writing to the persons voted.

Sec. 25. That the said election shall be held in some convenient public place in said town, from six o'clock in the morning till four o'clock in the evening; and when the polls shall be closed, the informers shall forthwith count the votes and declare the election, giving no time to writing to the persons voted.

Sec. 26. That the said election shall be held in some convenient public place in said town, from six o'clock in the morning till four o'clock in the evening; and when the polls shall be closed, the informers shall forthwith count the votes and declare the election, giving no time to writing to the persons voted.

Sec. 27. That the said election shall be held in some convenient public place in said town, from six o'clock in the morning till four o'clock in the evening; and when the polls shall be closed, the informers shall forthwith count the votes and declare the election, giving no time to writing to the persons voted.

Sec. 28. That the said election shall be held in some convenient public place in said town, from six o'clock in the morning till four o'clock in the evening; and when the polls shall be closed, the informers shall forthwith count the votes and declare the election, giving no time to writing to the persons voted.

Sec. 29. That the said election shall be held in some convenient public place in said town, from six o'clock in the morning till four o'clock in the evening; and when the polls shall be closed, the informers shall forthwith count the votes and declare the election, giving no time to writing to the persons voted.

Sec. 30. That the said election shall be held in some convenient public place in said town, from six o'clock in the morning till four o'clock in the evening; and when the polls shall be closed, the informers shall forthwith count the votes and declare the election, giving no time to writing to the persons voted.

Sec. 31. That the said election shall be held in some convenient public place in said town, from six o'clock in the morning till four o'clock in the evening; and when the polls shall be closed, the informers shall forthwith count the votes and declare the election, giving no time to writing to the persons voted.

Sec. 32. That the said election shall be held in some convenient public place in said town, from six o'clock in the morning till four o'clock in the evening; and when the polls shall be closed, the informers shall forthwith count the votes and declare the election, giving no time to writing to the persons voted.

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Sec. 36. That the said election shall be held in some convenient public place in said town, from six o'clock in the morning till four o'clock in the evening; and when the polls shall be closed, the informers shall forthwith count the votes and declare the election, giving no time to writing to the persons voted.

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Sec. 38. That the said election shall be held in some convenient public place in said town, from six o'clock in the morning till four o'clock in the evening; and when the polls shall be closed, the informers shall forthwith count the votes and declare the election, giving no time to writing to the persons voted.

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Sec. 51. That the said election shall be held in some convenient public place in said town, from six o'clock in the morning till four o'clock in the evening; and when the polls shall be closed, the informers shall forthwith count the votes and declare the election, giving no time to writing to the persons voted.

Sec. 52. That the said election shall be held in some convenient public place in said town, from six o'clock in the morning till four o'clock in the evening; and when the polls shall be closed, the informers shall forthwith count the votes and declare the election, giving no time to writing to the persons voted.

Sec. 53. That the said election shall be held in some convenient public place in said town, from six o'clock in the morning till four o'clock in the evening; and when the polls shall be closed