

He heeds not their sorrow-he feels not the storm

Of strife au-l of battle; his soul is at rest Where trouble and pain shall no more fill hi

breast-No fife call to duty ! no drum beat alarm ! No reveille rob his sweet dreams of their t charm!

He is sleeping so sweetly-Oh! friends, weep

not now Remember that glory and love crown his brow;

Dispel the dark anguish which bides with you still.

And sweeps o'er your heart-stings with piti less thrill.

Anothur star beams above in the bright band To guide you in safety to that happy land. To thee, age i sire, whose silver locks tell That Heaven is not distant-there thou shall soon dwell:

To the faithful mother, whose sad, breaking heart -

Now feels that the degrest and best must de

To the brother-sisters-may God send his love

To comfort you here and to lead you above WESTON FLORIDA, Augus: 81, 1864.

(Stray Leaf from a Lady's Portfolio.)

MY IDEA ...

A WOULD BE "LADY KILLER." Somebody's loves Are just like his gloves,

Which he puts on and off at pleasure : He can chapsodize O'er auy one's eves. And flatter and court beyond measure.

He's tall and he's straight. (With a straggering gail,) And sometimes tall elen to the floor. While his beauti of a

ber.

ber. Beech Springs, Monday, 19th September. Holly Springs, Tuesday, 20th September. Cannon's Store, Wednesday 21 September. Fingersville, Thursday 22 September. Walls Mill, Friday, 23 September. Spartanburg C. II, Saturday, 24 Septem-

ber. Pollards Mill, Monday, 26 September. Thorns, Tuesday, 27 Septent. er. Cowpens (Ezells Store,) Wednesday, 28

September. McKelveys, Thurday, 29 September. Cherokee Springs, Friday, 80 September. Spatanburg C. H., Saturday, 1st October. Roifing Mill, Monday, 8 October.

Maconisons Store, Tuesday, 4 October. Grassey Pond, Wednesday, 5 October. Limestone Springs, Thursday, 6 October. Gurrisons, Friday, 7 October. Spartanburg, Saturday, 8 October. Bivingsville, Monday, 10 October. Packolet, Tuesday, 11 October.

Rich Hill, Wedn.sday, 12 October. All persons are required to render in on

with the amount of wheat, Oats, Sheaf Oats, Rye, eured Hay, and Wool raised and gathered in 1864. . And notice is hereby given that the time of Assessment allowed is short, and

il must be punctual in giving in the above interes at first call or they will be habie aictautters.

All the above must be returned according to the weight allo ed pr Bashel, viz : Oats, 32 lbs; Rye, 56 lbs; Wheat, 60 lbs L. M. GENTRY, Assessor,

For Tax in Kind, for 27 Col District. Spartanburg, August, 1864.

> A PROCLAMATION. EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT. COLUMBIA, September 5, 1861.

To the Citizens of South Carolina THE gallant army of Tenuessee has compell. ed by numbers to exacute A lanta White ed by numbers to evacuate A lanta. Whilst

arris, J. G. Jr. orton, Joel A 'illis, A P rifin, John M 'illiams, W B saves, Green rown, D R eller, J A embree. Robt ammett, W T oster, J. H.	Lipscombe W E Johnson, Jas Duncan, J M Pettit, Henry Young, Wm. H. Hobby, Jas. A. Hamm, Thos, P Smith, Edward Paine, Isaiah Petty, Joseph
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## Enrolling Office,

SPARTANBURG C. H., S. C. August 8, 1864. COMPLAINTS have been made to me that Contrain persons, who have been detailed of grounds of public necessity, are charging unreasonable prices for the products of their labor. The necessity for the detail of a man censes, whenever his neighbor's determine that his prices are unreasonable. All such persons will certainly be sent to the army. Tanners, Millers, Shoemakers, Blacksmibs, Mill wrights &c., take warning You are de-tailed for the henefit of your neighbors, and not opany other grounds

J. H. MARSHALL, Lieut, and Enrolling Officer. Aug 11

Enrolling Office,

SPARTANBURG, S. C., August 19, 1864. CEVERAL - Deserters have recently sont messages to me, inquiring if I would is them, or place them under guard, if they would voluntarily report to me. I will state for the benefit of all soldiers who are improp-erly absent from their commands, that I will not punish or place under guard any one who will voluntarily report to me within a reason-able time from this date. I will furnish them insportation, and I trust that many will embrace this opportunity to return to their duty, and thus wipe out the stigma of desertion from their names.

J. H. MARSHALL, Lieut, and Enrolling Odger. 17. tf August 25

## COMMITTED

FETO JAIL on Saturday 234 instant, a NE orall MAN, who says his name is Rich-and that he belongs to David Lamb, of a District. So. Ca Richard is about it, years old, about five feet high-badly Pox The owner will come forward, prove

Aug 4

course of my life, and must continue to do so to its end. The existence of more than one Govern

ment over the region which once owned our flag is incompatible with the peace, the power, and the happiness of the peo-

The preservation of our Union was the sole avowed o ject for which the war was commenced. It should have been conducted for that object only, and in accordance with those principles which I took occasion to declare when in active service.

Thus conducted, the work of reconcilia tion would have been easy, and we might have reaped the benefits of our many victories on land and sea

The Union was originally formed by the exercise of a spirit of conciliation and com promise. To res ore and preserve it, the same spirit must prevail in our councils and in the hearts of the people. 'I he re establishment of the Union in all its integrity is, and must continue to be, the indispensable condit on of any settlement So soon as it is clear, or even probable, that our present adversaries are ready for peace upon the basis of the Union, we should exhaust all the resources of states manship practiced by civilized nations, and taught by the traditions of the American people, consistent with the houser and in crest of the country, to sceure such cace, re establish the Union, and guarantee for the future the constitutional rights of ev ery State. The Union is the one condition

of peace; we ask no more Let me add, what I doubt not was although unexpressed, the sentiment of the Convention, as it is of the people they represent, that when any one state is willing to the Union, it should be received at once. with a full guarantee of all its constitution al rights.

It a trank, carnest and persistent effort to obtain these objects should fail, the responsibility for ulterior consequences will tail upon those who remain in arms against

find ourselves carried into the winter, when our campaign must necessarily close? Can we afford that now? But who believes the rebels will vol: ntarily come back into the Union, and give up those very ideas for which they have suffered the horrors of a bing and blocdy war, especially if we are to acknowledge, by asking an armistice, that we are unable to conquer them? Can we coax them back? If we try that

we shall have to agree to pay their war debt, to give a pension to their widows and orphaus and maimed soldiers; we shall have to pay the damage that has been done to the Southern States during the war; and, more than all, we will have to engraft into our Constitution the doctrine of secession. Suppose we succeed. When we come to voting money to pay the war debt of the South, or to pensi a their soldiers, or to reimburse them for damages, aboution Massachusettes, abolition Ohio, abolition Wisconsin, will teil us, "We did not want an armissice, we wanted to fight this war out; but as you have acknowledged secession in your Constitution, we will quietly walk out." In this way the Union would go to pieces, and the country we tried to save be roken up by the very compromise that We can make was intended to preserve it no compromise but what will break up the Government. The only way to get out of the war is to fight it out. [Applause.] But these peace men say the North is exhausted. Are we exhausted? The cost of this war is not one-half of the profits of the country. We have never been as wealthy as now, and there are three mil-lions of men in the North who have not

yet shouldered a musket in this war. Are we exhausted ? General Grant has the rebellion by the throat in front of Richmond, and the General has told a United States Senator that he would not let go his hold even if New York, Philadelphia and Washingtoa should be burned. Sherman is all right at Atlanta, and we will crush this rebellion if we are not pulled off by the trai-

het oes" may occasionally be seen fitting past the open windows of certain rooms in this city, and that, after midnight, they give themselves an airing on our principal streets.

Something must be done to fill up our armies, "that is per." Lincoln has al-ready knocked off two thirds of his 500,-000 draft and intimates that many of the remaining 300,000 will be needed to re-place the 100 days and three years' men, whose term are about to expire. But Grant declares he wants only 100,000, and we can readily see that such an addition to the Yankee armies will require at least half that number to be added to our own armies. This is no time for trifling or delay; the crisis is upon us, and the State, executives and the people must assist the Government in meeting it promptly. We await with some anxiety the result

we await with some anxiety the result of the Yankee draft, which was put in force day before yesterday. The fall of Atlanta, however, will be an effectual quietus to any opposition. Still, as a London paper well argues, all those who have had even a three months' taste of the warnothing of the three years' men-will use every artifice to escape, and resort to vielence if a good chance occur. Her British Majesty's late order in re-

gard to prizes carried into her ports is not so unfavorable for the Confederates as was at first supposed. The right to transfer captured property from an armed cruiser into a blockade ranner is of special impertance.

All seems quiet in the armies hereabouts. Whother Early has retreated this side of Winchester, we know not certainly. A fierce struggle for the Southside road 18 ex-

peoted daily. In justice to the purchasing agent of the Department, alluded to in a letter, I must add 5 pounds of bacon to his other stores for each of the buyers-which makes quite a different showing in the account.

We have had much wet, and it has clear-

In these scrapes of his, Grows brilliant as he doth impiore.

He's a friend of the vine. Drinks, Oh ! how much wine-101 V 111 Oft empties a bottle at dirner And Brandy and Grog And favorite Egg nogg; Oh : damsels beware of this sinner.

He sighs and He smiles. Has many sweet wiles, To gain of your heart a large port on ; But, ladies beware, Don't give him your hair For of keeping it he's no not o

He'll put it in rings And such silly things, 7 12 Mar 19 19 While Byron so sweetly repeating, Returning the tress Feel nought of distress. But prove quite voracious in eating.

He's oft on a bender, Saying things tender, And forgets all fhat's happened next day; He'd open his eves In wildest surprise, Were you to tell him half he did say.

### CANDIDATES FOR THE LEGISLATURE.

The friends of Major O. P. McArthur, announce hin as a candidate to represent Spar a nburg District, in the next Legislature.

Ma. Boiros : Please announce Gen. B. B. FOSTER, cudidate to represent Spartanburg District in the Legislature, at its next session, and much oblige many FRIENDS.

We are authorized to sanounce Capt. A. B. WOODRUFF as a candidate for a seat in the mext Legislature.

We are authorized to announce J. W. BOBO. Esq!, as a candidate for a seat in the next Leg. felsture toornet

We are authorized to announce WOOD-WARD ALLEN as a candidate to represent Spartan sury District in the next Legislature.

We are authorized to announce Lieutenant H. H. THOMSON, as a candidate for the Legfelature, at the next ensuing election.

We are authorized to announce Capt. JOHN W. EVINS, as a candidate for the Legislature, at the next ensping election.

We are authorized to announce Col. JOS WALKER, as a candidate for the Legislature, at the next ensuing election.

We are authorized to announce Maj. J. W. WEBBER, as a candidate for the Legislature, at the next ensuing election.

We are authorized to announce Maj. WM' M. FOSTER, as a candidate for the Legislature, at the next, ensuing election.

We are anthorized to announce Dr. James H Sherbs, as a condidate for the Legislature, the noti ensuing election.

+25.

In Considerate authorities will doubless do t. eir duty, through the a. my and the State re-serves new organized and in the field, under brig Gen - Le-nut towards the defence of the State State, the present military condition of the country requires that every man who can wield a weapon should be in some organization for the attainment of the same object. The annexed orders provide for such organ-

izations as the Excentive is authorized to re quire, under the law, and it is expected that every one who is liable will, without excuse rally to the colors of the State in his appropri-

ate organization. But the force now most useful for all our military purposes is a mounted force; and that (it can only be voluntary) I conjure the yeomanry of the State, by every consideration of

interest and patriotism, at once to organize. Let it be formed without reference to age Many a man over fifty will mak as efficient a mounted soldier as others half his years. In 1851, the State, then looking to the possible conflict which is now upon us, could boast as inted soldier as others half his years. In gallant a body of mounted men - many of them now over fifty - as ever flashed a sabre in the face of a foe. Many of these are doing good service in the field. Let these at home unite with their younger fellow citizens in organizing companies for mounted service. Each man sount and equip himself, except as to a carbine, which, of the most approved kind, the State will furnish. The horses, (one to each otheer and man.) upon being registered with the captains of companies, as also he equip-ments, which (the horse and equipments) shall be used for military purposes, will be exempt from impressment, seizure, distress and execu-

tion. If in a regiment or district enough do not unite to form a company, let them organize with from fifteen to thirty, electing a lieu enant, ment or district, so as to make up a company, and selecting a captain, determine the rank of their lieutenants by lot or otherwise Upon the organization of companies having in the aggregate, including four commissioned and eight non commissioned officers, not less than sixty-eight, they will be received and armed and when the number of companies is suffici ent, will be organized into battalions and regi ments by the election of field . ficers.

All persons liable to service, who do not at-tach themselves to a mounted company, will be organized in one of the two classes en ed in the annexed orders from the Adjutant and Inspector General's office. Citizens of South Carolina ! You entered this

contest resolved to live free or perish. Your brothers, sons and fathers of the army and state reserves are already in the field Place ourselves by their sides, and make good your ermination that no foul minion of the pot Lincoln should ever place, with imponity, s unhallowed foot-print on the soil of your State. Make them rue the day they attempted to efface you from your heritage and give it to others. The ray of hope which some sanguine persons supposed they saw in the Chicago Convention has gone out in darkness. Be aut deluded. There is no prospect of pence from that quarter. Peace is to be obtained alone, under the blessing of God. through your forti under the blessing of the starting of the starting arms. Given under my hand and the seal of the State, at Columbia, this fifth day of September, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and sixty four. M. L. BONHAM. WM. R HUNT, Secretary of State. four.

Sep 8 19 19 1t B. All papers in the State will publish this and General Orders No. 10, till Mon lay, the 12th inst.

10

**Dental** Notice M. Law Office. C. LEB, D. D. S. 1 and

\$100 REWARD. R UNAWAY about six weeks since, my ne-gro boy PINK. Said boy is about 23 Said boy is about 25 ars old-mulatto-5 feet 8 inches hig , and eights about 140 pounds. Pink is supposed o be lurking about the neighborhood of Campobello, in this District. The above reward will be paid for his apprehension and lodg meat in jail. II. H. THOMSON, lodge-21 July 21

## ESTRAY.

41

WESTLEY LANFORD tolls before me large BAY MARE, sixteen or seventeen s high, about sixteen years old, both hind feet white, one up to the paster joint ; her right hind ankle is enlarged, she has been appraised at one hundred and sixty dollars. The owner can find her 8 mile above Spar-

tanburg C. II., near Cherokee Springs. ELIAS WALL, Magistrate. June 6, 1864.

# Pròf. E. Falk

WILL rive to a builted number of pupils. private learnes in instrumental and vocal music, at college charges, payable invari ably in a lannee

beret of these chastesire to fit themselves for the president of Teachers and Gov-ernne-s, a separa relass will be formed for instruction in theory and Lyrmony of music. Early apple alons are requested. July 14 11 tf

### \$50 Reward!

RUNAWAY from the subscriber on the 4th inst., my negro Boy, Giles. He is about 5 feet 9 inclies high; copper color, about 19 years of age; had on when he left a blue Jeans coat, besides taking other clothes with

I will give a reward of Fifty Dollars for his apprehension and lodgment in any jail so that I can get him.

MRS. JUNIUS THOMSON. June 16

# TAX IN KIND.

PRODUCERS will take notice that after the 1st September next, all estimates for the crop of 1863, unpaid in whole or part, will be transferred to the District Collector.

In all cases where the preducer holds a re-ce pt on account of Tax in Kind for the year 1863, given by Army Quartermasters or Com-

missaries, purchasing officers or bonded agents. Officers in command of troops, bonded agents in charge of public animals, or persons speci-ally authorized to collect Tax in Kind, such cipts will be taken up by the District Post Quartermaster, or his agents and credited on Assessors estimates; but in all cases, where proof is required that the producer was delivered as Tax in Kind, the estimate will be trans ferred to the District Collector, before whom the proof will be taken as provided for in structions from Commissioner of Taxes. J. W. HARDY,

A. H. KIRBY, Agents for Post Quartermaster, 5th C. D., S. C. August 25 17 3t August 25

Lime! Lime! Lime!! A T the kilns, Fresh Lime is now on hand of the best quality, for exchange only for provisions, leather, ison etc., from the produers. Exchange only on the old prices on W. CURTIS. 44 Eab 18

#### **Dental Notice.**

SATURDAY.

the Union; but the Union must be preser ved at all hezards.

I could not look in the face of my gallant comrades of the army and navy, who have survived so many bloody batties, and tell them that their labors and the sacrifice ot so wany of our slain and wounded brechren had been in vain-that we had abandoned that Union for which we have so of ten periled our lives. A vast majority of our people, whether in the army and navy or at home, would, as I would, hail with unbounded joy the permanent restoration of peace in the basis of the Union, under the Constitution, without the effusion of another drop of blood But no peace can be perman nt without union.

As to the other subjects presented in the resolutions of the Convention, I need only say that I should seek in the Constitution of the United States, and the laws framed in accordance therewith, the rule of my duty and the limitations of executive power; endeavor to restore economy in the public expenditures, re establish the supremacy of law, and, by the operation of a more vigorous nationality, resume our commanding position among the nations of the earth.

The condition of our finances, the depreciation of the paper money and the burden thereby imposed on labor and capital, show the necessity of a return to a sound financial system; while the rights of citizens and the rights of States, and the binding authority of law over President, army and people, are subjects of not iess vital importance in war than in peace. Believing that the views here 'expressed are those of the Convention an . the people you repre-

sent, Laccept the nomination. I realize the weight of the responsibility to be borne should the pe ple ratify your choice. Conscious of my own weakness, I

can only only seek fervently the guidance of the Euler of the Universe, and, relying on His all-powerful aid, do my best to re store ution and peace to a suffering people, and to establish and guard their liberties and rights.

I am, gentlemen, very respectfully, your obedient servant.

GEORGE B. MCCLELLAN. HON. HORATIO SEYMOUR and others, Committee.

The Yankees claim that two hundred of the prisoners captured at Fort Gaines have expressed a willingness to take the oath of allegiance to to the Federal Government.

A wife's tears, shed too often, harden the husband instead of softening him. The cyewater becomes a petrifying water.

NOTICE TO TRESPASSERS. W E HEREBY give notice that we will prosecule according to law, any and

WILL be in my office only three days in every person, who may hereafter tre-pass on the week, MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and onr hand situated near the town of Spartan-

tors of the North

FORREST'S MEN .- It does a Confederate good, says the Mobile Advertiser & Regis ter, to look at Forrest's men, and we mus confess we have enjoyed the sight and the study of these hardy riders. Rough in exterior, there is a manly devil may care air about them that bespeaks men who have followed their great leader in many a foray and charge, carrying terror to the ranks of their enemies. They are, too, the happiest and most cheerful soldiers we have ever looked apos. Disdaining sabres, the rifle (most of them Sharpe's) and six-shooter are the arms they delight in. Every one speaks of the alacrity and crder of their movements. Horses, artillery and baggage were removed from the cars on th ir arrival, in the time it usually takes a passenger train to empty itself, and it was remarked by a gentleman who saw their arrival, that they would have been ready to fight in twenty

minutes after the car stopped. When we saw them, knots of them were cleaning their rifles and revolvers, as if they were the principal objects of their solicitude. These manly patriots look altogether worthy of their great leader, and the rough and brilliant military school in which they have been trained. Hurrah for Forrest's men, and all honor to their peerless chief-

The following order has just been pro-

mulgated at Vicksburg by General Dana : Speculators in staple articles of food have nonopolized the supply, and are grinding the faces of the poor.

tain !

Do they expect to be permitted either to starve the needy, or to compel a generous Government to feed them, while the few who have money are pouring wealth into their laps?

Flour will not be sold within this district at a higher tate than sixteen dollars per barrel, or nine cents per pound; pork, fifty seven dollars per barrel, or thirty two cents per pound; ham, forty cents per pound; bacon, thirty three cents per pound; salt, four cents per pound.

Any trader, storekceper, speculator, merchant, sutler or citizen, having these supplies on hand, is hereby ordered to sell them, when called for, at the above rates; the purchaser having the option of determining the quantity within the limit of twenty pounds of each for each person.

The Provost Marshal will see to the chforcement of this order, will encourage complaints for its violation, and will punish guilty parties for the first offence by a fine of \$100; for the second by a fine of \$100 and imprisonment for ten days, and for the third by coufi cation of stock and imprisonment, at discretion. ...

### The Yankees are arresting and carrying off all the male citizens of Loudon county, Va., without regard to age. They are also destroying all the crops, hogs and cuttle in corner of brick range is a military po the county, and taking away all the hor- another body says it is a post of observes. CAMERON & CO. the county, and faking away

A Big Scare in Memphis. A despatch from Memphis to the Chicago Tribune admits the ludierous scare the Yankees hat from Forrest dashing into Memphis. It says:

The scene on Tuesday morning was scarcely less terrible than t<sup>1</sup> at of Monday. day. With no rebels within fifteen miles of us, thousands of men, women and children and, sad to say, officers, chaplains and coldiers, rushed to the fort, and in many instances behaved with great cowardice. I learn that Genera! Forrest has sent in word to General Washburne that he regretted taking his clothes without his be them, and that if he would send him grey cloth enough for a suit, he would return the General's wardrobe.

The General replied that if he would return his clothes he would do so, if General Forrest would designate some sate place for the clothes to be deposited : so I sup-pose our General will get his clothes. His watch was stolen from under his pillow. The thieving rebel lost it opposite headquarters and an orderly found it. The General now looks upon his watch as a trophy.

#### Negro Impressments.

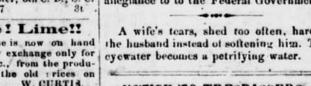
The following from the Louisville Journal shows how the Yankees get up "recruits" for their army in Kentucky :

The colored population were slightly excited yesterday and the day before.

The military authorities concluded to clear the streets of the idle. losfers, and the patrol guard was instructed to arrest all of the African citizeus, free, slave or contraband, found idling about the city, On Tuesday evening two hundred of said Africans were collected by the guard and furnished quarters for the night at Bar-racks No. 1. They were turned over to Captain Hewett yesterday morning to be placed at work on the fortifications of the city. The patrols were still after the colored population yesterday, and numerous stragglers were picked up and furnished

with something to do. The "contrabands"-that is Slaves from Southern States made free by the President's proclamation-are given a chance to volunteer into the army, and become members of the Corps d'e frique. If they are not patriotic enough to volunteer, by some peculiar process they are drafted into the ranks. It requires but a suit of blue and a musket to to transform the worthless con-traband into a brave. defender of the Union. The "free American citizens," natives of Africa and descendants of Ham, are placed into the fatigue corps, furnished with "bosses," a pick, and a spade, and a place to dig. Sec.

Somebody says that the little post at the



C. LEE, D. D. S. | May 26