"When the Farmer or Planter, shall fail to deliver his Taxes in Kind as required by law, he is required to pay five times the estimated takes of the portion not delivered, to be collected in the manner according to the Act provided."

As many persons in this District have failed to return their Tax in Kind, or to report thereon and many who have not signed their original report to assessors, notice is hereby given, on failure to do so early, the law will be rig-My enforced against them.

T. O. P. VERNON. J. B. CLEVELAND, J. M. ELFORD,

Assessors P. S. Any person knowing of any one in his beighborhood was have failed to make a true report of any article of Tax in Kind, either one of the assessors would be glad to hear from them. As it is but just that all should pay

May 5

We take pleasure in announcing that the Episcopal Church is our town is about to be completed, and we understand, will be consecrated on Tuesday hext, at 104 o'clock. The legislative assembly of that Church will also meet in it on the day following, and seligious services will be continued during the

Speech of Mr. Long, of Ohio. We pablish this week extracts from this bold and vigorous speed , as delivered in the Fe !coal Congress. It is refreshing to see the truth so fearlessly proclaimed and to read sentiments es catholic in spirit and redulent of a sound fodgment and elevated appreciation of the true condition of things. It is no superficial scaming of passing events or their future results. With a philosophic eye he surveys the past and present history of this bloody war, logically sums up its fearful consequences and with a moral heroism unsurpassed, enunciates his solcan convictions of their truth. No wonder it atlared the bile of the Black Republicans. We shot ere not astonished that it fell like a thunderbelt among them. Not surprised that they erowded his heelstlike hungry curs. Not amazed at their weiggings, agitations and tergivientions. The vote of censure which they passed, was a shift which they alone would resort to under the stinging sensations which its truth and bold delivery produced. Instead of meeting manly argument by argument, they hed recourse to a vote of expulsion first and thereafter, to a vote of censure which cvinces in its result that the spir.t of truth still holds a slight dominion over the Congress of Abraham Lincoln. The most pleasing feature in the speech, seide from the severe thrusts which Kentucky received, is the reception by his of the truth that no party can favor reconstruction, that we mus: acknowledge the independence of the South or exterminate the whole rice. This is the true doctrine. Let the North and West say so-and we are content War democracy is as objectionable as Black Republicanism. Both have the same ends in view, though the means proposed are differ-

Sugar.

est. We like Mr. Long as a democrat.

A friend writing frem Clinton to the Guar dian on business adds the following interesting suggestion: "I have found that exposing Sorghe Syrup in very shallow vessels to the sir causes it to crystalize, or form sugar. This bage plants, or sweet potatoe drawers - possible moment of the next session, which, has been done in a small way only. When I have carried the experiment further, I may rethat are left on the potatoe. If you wish that are left on the potatoe. If you wish the sharks who have been previous upon ers might be trying the experiment. Success would be a great achievement just now."

Black Substitutes.

The Yankees are not to be out-done in mean. sees and dirty work, while we are at war with them. The New York Herald, of a late date, cays in many instances, the Yankoes are coming into our border States, and purchasing with a little gold and a few green backs, negro men, taking them North, and putting them into the Tankee army as substitutes.

REMOVAL OF THE TREASURY NOTE DIVISION. -No are requested to state for general infor-mation that the removal of the Treasury Note Division, of the Confederates States Treasury Department, to Columbia, South Carolina, will delay for two or three weeks the issues of new notes. About ninety ladies, attached to this division, will leave to morrow morning - Rich-mond E. juirer, 26th April.

Datros, April 20.—A large force of the ene-my, consisting of infantry, cavalry and artillery, attacked our pickets on the Ringgold road this morning, capturing ten and wounding several. The pickets retreated nearly to Tunnell Hill. when they met reinforcements, turned upon the Yankees, and after a sharp engagement drove the enemy back. Loss on either side small. The affair is regarded simply as a reconnoiwas also reported moving out slowly from Cleveland yesterday in the direction of Red

Banks has been defeated the second time. and utterly routed by Kirby Smith. His loss is heavy. Gen. Price has whipped Steele at Little Rocks and driven him back to the Mis-

It is stated that an everwhelming majority the Republican members of both branches of Congress are opposed to the re-election of Lin-

A sherp skirmish took place a few days since at Watauqu Bridge, East Tennessee. A large force of Yankees attacked General W. A JACKSON, and were repulsed with considerable

A hundred more Yankee officers captured at Plymouth are expected daily at the Libby

Prison.

The cancellation of the old currency is progressing at the fate of \$80,000,000 per menth.

All the hespitals in and near Richmond have

been lately cleaned out.

Four men belonging to the "Iron Clad Minstrela," lately playing in Richmond, were cap-tured in Gloucester county, making their way to the enemy's lines with forged British papers. Have any readers of the Spartan tried the Sorgho meal for bread? It has been tried

and approved. The Yankees Congress has passed a resolu tion directing the committee on the Conduct of the War to impaire into the truth of the ramors atlending the recent attack upon Fort Pillow, and, whether Fort Pillow could have been reinforced; and that they report the facts as soon as possible.

Mr. Alexander Ricings, of Forsythe county. N C, committed sufficient on the 14th instant by hanging himself. He leaves a wife and

FROM PLYMOUTH N. C.

JUE BECENT FIGHT. PLYMOUTH, N. C., April 21, 1864. I embrace this early opportunity to send you a brief account of the attack and capture of this place, and some of the actions of the boys of the Old Ceckade.

Our Paper.

From or and after the last of January 1864

Gas subscription to the "Spartau" will be five deliver.

TAX IN KIND:

"When the Farmer or Planter, shall fail to deliver his Taxes in Kind as required by law, businessession of it, with the Confederate banner. tory to the right, and we are now in the quiet possession of it, with the Confederate banner flying from the ramparts of the fort. Twenty-three hundred prisoners, with the Brigadier General commanding (Wessel.) large quantities of quartermaster, commissary and

quantities of quartermaster, commissary and quantities of quartermaster, commissary and sutter's stores and about twenty-five or thirty pieces of artillary, fell into our possession. Our loss is small when w consider the terri ble assault our forces had to make on the works

of the enemy. We have to mourn the loss of some brave men and officers.

The town is surrounded by immense fortifications with a large square fort immediately in front, commanding all the roads, and containing five large guns. To the left of the town, approaching it, is situated another fort, with two guns commanding the country for a mile around. All the trees have been cut down, and there remains an op n plain to the range of their gans. Through this our boys had to charge, capturing fort after fort in detail, and being exposed to the raking fire of their guns. The attack was well planned and as well executed, and reflects great credit upon Gen. Hoke, who has already won for himself a reputation in the army of Northern Virginia, and the capin the army of Northern Virginia, and the cap-ture of Plymouth adds are for feather to his war plume. The strack elemenced Sunday evening, the 17th instant, and ended Wednes-day morning the 20th at Too clock. Thus you see we had something to do General Wessel, who commanded the Yankees, stubbornly resisted, fighting from fort to fort, and after the town was captured, retreated into Fort Willams, and only surrendered amid the booming

of our guns.

The attack on the fown was made by the The attack of the fown was made by the Brigade of General Entreon, on yesterday aroung the 20, at day light, and all joined in the praise of its gillantry and saccess, as they had to charge, work, and fight hand to hand in the streets as they drove the enemy before them into their large stronghold, Fort

The Branch Field Artillery from your city (now Pegram's Battery) conducted itse f nobly and suffered from the terr fic five of the forts in the open field eight hundred yards distant in the open nedgeted numbers, and stant. I send you a list of the wounded, ted in number, and I am happy to say it had no men killed. Eight of the norses were kill d and seven wounded. The destruction of property in the up, dead horses and men till up the streets, and the place is completely righted by canuon

But before I close this desultory letter. I must do justice to the Navy, which so ably performed the particussigned to it. Capt. Cook, with his ironclad Alberta ... out fought himself. He cleaned out the river, sinking the gunboat Southfield, mounting six guns, and disabling two others, which finally escaped, besides capturing several tug boats and light

I am sorry to state that Light Col. Branch who commanded the artiflery, was seriously injured by is horse falling into a ditch, and breaking his l g b-law the knee, after the town had been surrendered. This accident is much to be regretted, as he is a gallant officer and has distinguished himself for the able and etfective manner in which he handled his com The loss of his services will be serious ly felt at this juncture of our affairs, but I sincerely hope he may be soon rest red to

He led the artillery charge for more than ; mile on horseback, and only had stopped when a victory had perched upon our banner. CLAUDE.

Propogation by Cuttings. In view of the searcity of seeds of all kinds, let me suggest to your readers an easy mode of propogating Irish potatoes and tomatous; I mean by cuttings. When the potatoes have come out of the earth three or four inches, on a rainy day or after a shower take up all the roots except the one which is to remain, and set them out as you would tomatoes or cabthem out as if they had roots to them. They will grow readily, and will bear potatoes later than the others. Cuttings of

the tomatoes also grow very readily. In transplanting cabbages, tomatoes and other plants liable to destruction by the grub or cut worm, a bit of paper wrapped around the stem previous to planting, and extending an inch or more above the spring especially. This simple process, requiring very little additional trou ble, will save much disappointment and labor of replanting. The paper can remain until its rots away.

THE CONFESSION OF AN ABOLITIONIST. -ln "A Trip to Cuba," written by ... II. Dana, Jr., of Beston, an out and out Abolitionists, he is forced by being brought into contact with the negro, to make this

"The negro of the North is an ideal negro; it is the negro refined by white culture, elevated by white blood, instructed even by white iniquity. The negro among an old san from near Satartia-Col Har negroes is a course, grinning, flat-footed, the laziest of brutes, chiefly ambitious to and, after shooting them seven bus be of no use to anybody in the world. He knocked them in the head and has but the tangeble instincts of all crea- Such har arities as these are being the tures-love of life, of ease, of offspring. For all else he must go to school to the white race, and his discipline must be long and laborious. Nassau and all we saw suggested to us the unwe come question wheth er compulsory be better than none."

Lincoln has appointed Commissioners to seh land in the rebel States, and the following is the result as far as we have heard you've got your organs, where s your mor from :

In South Carolina, 103,574 acres of land were sold for \$27,399; in Virginia 6400 acres were sold for \$110,407; in Florida 124 acres for \$16,002; in Tennessee lan s were sold for \$52,500. The expenses in the District of South Carolina are \$15,805; Florida, \$14,460; in Virginia, \$6061; in Tennessee, \$7122.

THE MARIETTA PAPER MILLS, though among the very best in the Confederacy. and though the Government and newspapers are clamorous for paper, are not work ing up to their full capacity. The cause of this is the wint of hands, some of their best paper makers having been conser bed into the service. This ought not sa to be. Government should unhesitatingly deeight children. Cause, fenr of being made to enter the service. He was one of those who in the Confederacy at work to its full capacity.

Are Correspondence of the sa annah Republican.

Highly interesting and important intel-ligence has been received here from the Gen Grant's campaign in Virginia. * It is reported and believed that his movement upon Richmond will be by three columns -anyhow by two. One of these columns, atarting from his present lines on the Ean. starting from his present lines on the Rap | pah mock, he will lead himself. The sec- our larges, under the command of Gen-

I do not feel at liberty to mention the source from which this information was obtained, nor the channel through which it to Crant's projected Virginia campaign.

From th Rapidan the news is also im portant. Grant is certainly esucentrating his forces in front of Lee, as Sherman is concentrating his in front of Johnston. As the ser and towns on the Hississippt and in Turks, we and Kentucky have nearly all been struct of their garrisons for the reinforcement of the latter; so have those in Maryland, on the consistor Virginia and North Carolina, and perhaps some even of those on the coasts of South Carolina, and Georgia and Florida, been deprived of their forces for the reinforcement for the former. Indeed, the enemy may be said to have only three armies now in the is d -that under Grant, that under Sherman, and that under Banks, high there is reason to believe has become extricably entangled in the network of rivers, bayous awamps and canebreaks by which the va'ley of Red river is reticulated. In adoj ting this po icy, the enemy give up in one month, in a measure, all they have mined in three years. But their necessities leave

Playing Opossum. A very remarkable case of cure of a stiff oint was recently effected by the surgeons in one of the hospitals of this city. The knee joint of a soldier had been for several months altogether unbendable, and he had been for that reason assigned to post outy. The Surgeon of the Post, for some reason was led to believe that a cure could be atfeeted, and he directed one of his assist ance to put the man under the influence of Chioroform. The opportunity was taken when the subject was found asleep, and an instantaneous bending of the joint was the esult. In order that the patient might have no doubt of the perfectness of his cure when he shou return to consciousness, the leg was drawn up and tied with a handkerchief. Upon coming to his sen ses, and to a realization of his condition. the patient struggled manfully to straighten and stiffen his leg, but it was "no go. His limb was sound, and up to the aron he went. He has played his trick er successfully that we are assured that some of his comrades who have been associated with him for months, honestly believe that it was the Chlorotorm that himbered his leg. Chattanooga Rebel.

A MOST EXCELLENT MEASURE -- A he proposes to introduce at the earliest DIAN.] to increase your Irish potatoe crop still on the sharks who have been preying upon more, when the bush commences to branch the wants and nece sities of the people out ent or break a number of these bran- The bill provides that every one shall be ches from four to six inches long, and set | compel ed, under oath, to report the amount of the sales and the per cent. profit he has made, and that all profit beyond what is just and reasonable shall be regarded as a tax collected for the Government, and good over to the Government. Those who raised their prices upon the passage of the currency bill to cover the depreciation of the money, and continued the same prices after the one third was deducted, are p.rthe surface of the soil, will effectually ticularly provided for. Such a law is badprotect them. All farmers or gardners ly needed, and we believe would tend to a know what ravages they can commit, in greater extent to reduce the present exhorbitant prices than anything that could be divised - Marietta Rebit.

> BARBARITY OF NEGRO SOLDIERS .- We visit of the Yankees to that city:

We dreaded very much to see them come on account of the negroes. Most of the ing worn out his energies in the service of men were negroes. They, as soldiers, are the most ferocious and unrelenting of human beings. We dreaded their coming as of wild bessts. On last week they took ris-and best him to death with a fence thick skull creatures as Caliban, lazy, as rail. They captured two of our scores committed.

KNAPSACKS DISCARDED - Knapsacks have failen into gene al disuse and discred it in the Confederate armies, and in dension of them the soldiers call them "hand organs," Whenever a company or regiment is seen marching with "knapsacks slung," the taunt is sure to follow : 1 say, keys? You left them behind, expressing to find bigger and better monkeys down here.

A blanket and oileloth, twisted into the shape of a boa constrictor, and slung along the shoulders, is the light equipment heavy, rapid marching, now.

The Hon. Alexander Long. who delivered the speech in Congress which created such a flutter among the Reput leans, is a representative rom the county and my of Cincinnatti. He is about forty y ars of age, florid complexion, quiet in his manners and exceedingly temperate in his hab-

that Gen. Lee would not venture on an of- turn without the tobacco. fensive movement. The Tribune's special 40,000 ttrong.

The Capture Plymouth

We have some additional particulars of the capture of Plymouth by Gen. Hoke. ligence has been received here from the north side of the Potomac in relation to Hoke's brigade, commanded by Col. Mercer, of the 21st Ga, Ramom's brigade, commanded by Gen. Ransem, and Kem-

On Sunday afternoon, about 4 o'clock, ond will move under Burnside on the Hoke, arrived in front of Plymouth, the south side of James river, and will seek to fortifications being plainty visible through cut our communications at Weldon or Per the trees behind which the Confederates sucd Mosby, re-capturing four horses and tersburg; and the third will move up the were drawn up. The 1st Virginia regi- taking prisoner Licut. Hunter, command introduced the command and wounding Licut. Nel Peninsula from Fortress Monroe under ment, commanded by Major Norton, was Beast Butler. Should there he any error through forward as skirmishers, and the in this statement, it consists in placing enemy's pickets retired behind their foras the information to hand leaves it some a white object was seen in the field in front, what in doubt whether he will operate which was surposed to be a flag of truce, against our lines of communication in that but which proved on inspection to be a direction, or march up the Peninsula. In target planted there thy the Yankees for the latter event, the enemy will come at artillery practice. In the same field there us in two columns, each one starting from were several targets planted, and by prea different point and having a distinct vious practice the enemy had gotten a pertect tange of all the approaches to their works. The Yankees opened on the skirmishers with the large guns in the fort which they were approaching, in which oners expected last week Members of was communicated; but for the present was mounted a 100 po nder l'arrott and 8 you may rest assured that you have the key | meh Columbiad. No assault was made on Sunday afternoon, though the skirmishers were kept out.

During the afternoon a gunboar came out from behind the town and started up the river with a pleasure party on board. Our artillery opened on her, but, though struck, she proceeded on up the river, anded her passengers, and that night atcompled to drop down to the town. She was ag in attacked by the artillery, and by some sharpshooters posted on the banks for the purpose, but without stopping her.

On Monday our forces held the position assumed Sunday evening, the enemy sheland us farrously at times. By this shelhave heard, occurred in the1st Virginia regiment : De ava e McMinn, wounded in the side, supposed mortaly per Frank Josephs, ankie crushed; Theo. J. Robertson, in eight places, all slight; Lieutenant 'ayne, face, slight.

On Tuesday, it seems, heavy fighting ccurred, with varied success, and on We nesday morning the place was carried by issault, lioke's brigade entering and charging with the bayonet up the principal streets. Col. Mercer who led them, ras killed. During Tuesday our artidery, meluding the Fayette Artiflery, of Richmond, was planted within 150 yards of the ette Artiflery, it is stated, suffered heavily from the enemy's fire.

The ganboat which went out of the Rooke it is said made short work of the shipping in front of the town.

Sunday morning our cavalry pickets ound a negro spy coming into our lines caring the dress of a field Land, and having a red handkerchief tied around his head. Under this dress was found the late Proclamation on the subject. The detull uniform of a Yankee soidier. The negro was hung on the spot.

uth, i a North Carolina, who went to Virginia as a Lieu count in the First regi ment which left North Carolina under the command of the gallant and distinguished ien. D. H. Hill. This legiment gave Bear Butler a blow he no doubt will re member all his days, for he has never since ut himself within gun shot of our lines General Hoke has fit ed successively every grade, from Licutement to Major General. it may now be said that he has the satisfaction of having struck the first and last, member of Congress from Tonnessee has and long to be remembered blows the enenow in his pocket the draft of a bill which | my has received in this war .- EDS. GUAR-

Quick Work.

Buckland, in his Curiosities of Natural History, says:

When in Paris I paid a visit to the horse slaughtering place at Montfaucon; there I told that sometimes they say double that nun ber. The horse being killed and the kin being taken off, the careass is cut up with hatchets and thrown in a huge tub. ig enough to contain the bodies of several horses; when it is full, the top is fixed on and steam turned into it. Alter a time the lid is taken off, and it is found that the steam has quite separated ail flesh from the bones, which are beautifully white. The bones are then picked out and placed in stacks; the flesh is thrown out by shovels, and spread out widely on the floors, to which the air has free access. It soon becomes quite hard and dry, and are permitted (says the Southern Obs. rr. is then sent off in sacks to the chem st er) to make the following extract from a who, operating on it, soon c nverts it into letter, written by a lady in Yazoo City to prussiate of potash, and this again into a friend in Alabama, relative to the recent Prussian blue. The bones are ground up in a mill for manure ; so that in a comparatively short space of time, the horse hav man, is converted, one-half into Prussian blue, the other into loaves of bread, through the me lium of the wheat which absorbs his powdered skeleton. Thus the French man practically carries out the threathis orge, who, when he smelt the Englishman, pronounced the following and hema acainst him :

be to tum;

I smell the blood of an Englishman : Be he alive or be he dead. I'll grind his benes to make my bread.

RATHER OF A RICH RESOLUTION .- In e Federal Senate, on the 7th instant, Ir. SAULSBURY offered the following : RESOLVED. That the chaplain of the enate be respectfully requested, hereafter, pray and supplicate Almighty God in ur behalf, and not lecture Him, it forming Il m w' at to do, or state to Him under pretence of prayer, his (the said chaplain's) opion in reference to His duty as the Almighty; and that the said chaplain be further requested, as aforesaid, not, under the prayer, to lecture the Senate in rethan to the questions before the dy.
The resolution was objected to by sor

of the Black Regublican members, who thought the prayers of the reverends about the table

New York, April 27.—The steamer the initials, "J. W," which rested near the wreath, was as bright as though just River and ordered down the French ves- from the jeweller. sels which went to City Point about two Sr. Louis, April 25.-It is believed weeks ago. It is expected they will re-

Gen. Foster has applied for a command despatch says the ninth army corps is now in the field. He will probably be assigned to Burnside's corps.

ORANGE II., April 27.—Two describers from the New York 2d dorps entered our lines to day. They say Grant and Meade reviewed that corps on Friday list. and that orders to more this week with five days ractons had been issued to the

prised a picket post of forty men in Hun-ter's Wood, Fairfax county, on Sunday last, capturing eighteen men. The rest escaped. During the day the enemy pursued Mosby, re-capturing four horses and ing company A, and wounding Lieut. Nelson of the same company. A fight be-tween Mosby and the Xankees occurred at Lewisburg on Monday week, in which the Yankees lost three killed and revel wounded. Our loss was one man woundd. All the Nankees have left the valley, Most of them are coming to re-inforce Meade. Averill has gone to Southwest Virginia on a raid. Monde was receiving conforcements, over the Alexandria Railroad:

RICHMOND, April 27.—No sign yet of flag of truce boat with the returned pris-Congress are arriving slowly, and it is beli ved that not more than half a quorum will be here on Monday The President's message will be quire short. The city is very quiet to day, no news or rumors. We ther clear and warm with indications of a storm

THE LATE EXPEDITION INTO FLORI-DA .- The committee appointed by the Yankee Congress to inquire into the facts of the late expedition into Florida have made their report. Most of the facts set forth in the report have already been substantially made known. The committee laid to make it appear that the object of the expedition was to "ent off a r.ch source of the enemy's supplies," "give an outlet for cotton," and "open a favorable field for the engistment of negro troops." But the real object of the expedition is best told by the tollowing letter from Old Abe, which was brought to light by the investieration:

EXECUTIVE MANSION. Washington, January 13, 1864. Major General Gillmore :

I understand an effort is being in de by some worthy gentlemen to reconstrue legal State Government in Fiorida. Fior ide is in your department, and it is not unfikely that you may be there in person. I have given Mr. Hay a commis ion of Mafortifications and opened are. The Fay jor and sent him to you with some blank books and other blanks, to aid in the reconstruction He will explain as to the manner of using the blank, and also my general views on the subject. It is desira ble for all to co-operate, but if irreconcila ble differences of opinion shall arise, you are master. I wish the thing done in the most speedy way as possible, so that hen done it may be within the range of the tail labor will, of course, have to be done by others, but I shall be greatly obliged it Major General Hoke, the hero of Ply- you will give it such general supervision as you can consistent with your more strictly military duties.

[Signed] A. LINCOLN.
As might be expected, the committee gives as the cause of the disaster of the expedition the same did convenient excusehat "the rebels greatly out; umbered them, and had greatly the advantage of post-

PERSEVERANCE UNDER DIFFICULTIES

illustrating what can to accomplished towards making the country self supporting, even in the midst of a desolating war, Governor Vance, of North Carolina, (who, by the by, u derstands that the mission overnor has as much to do with the ma terial weitare of his people, as with the writing of politicometaphysical messages,) in a recent speech, narrated an instance that came un ser his immediate observation, saw from fifteen to twenty horses, tied up the eldest meapable of taking care of the youngest, cuitivated, last year, a patch of rented ground with the assistance of a littie steer not much larger than a call. Afraid to leave her little on s at home in here doin, she would take them daily to the field, build for them a small pen, cover it with leaves to protect them from the sun, and when she had plowed a distance from her little brood, would move the pen to a more convenient spot, that she might watch over them and nurs her babe at the end of a weary row. She raised three hundred and sixty seven bushels of corn, had plenty to support herself and children, and soul to her neighbors.

"The brow of that woman (continued his Excellency) is worthy the proudest laurels that ever rewarded the virtue of the patriot or testified to the endurance of the hero."

AN ANICDOTE OF GOV. VANCE .- A our spongent of the Livingston Messenger relates the following incident of Governor. Vance's recent address to the North Carolina troops of Lee's army: tien. Lee arrived after the speaking be-

gan, and be Governor paused till he should be conduced to a seat on the platform. There had been no cheering previously, but as the old here stepped up where the crowd count see and recognize him. a spon taneous and hearty shoul arst forth to acknowledge the gratiacation it gave to see him there. Vance resumed with a smile and the remark-Pardon me, fellow sildiers, for not joining in your cheer. My heart was in it, I assure you, but I expect to need all my breath before I'm done talk-

HENRY CLAY'S REMAINS .- We learn from the Lexington (Ky) Observer that the remains of Henry Clay, after an interment of twelve years, were removed last week, upon the death of his wife, and placed side by side with hers, beneath the beautiful monument erected to his memory the Lexington Cemetary. Connected with this event we may be permitted to allude to a single tact. The wreath of immortelles placed upon his coffin by his friend, the gifted poetess, Mrs. Ann F. Stephens, prior to the removal of the body right in tone and color, and it was laid on from Washington, was found to be in an almost perfect state of preservation, being but little faded, whilst a gold ring bearing

> An obituary in the Commbus (Ohio) Crisis states that a lady on her death bed, recently was approached, and told that she could not go to. Heaven unless she was and roll be properly rewarded. willing to accept the negro as her equal.

On Sunday morning last by Bile Req., Mit. CHARLES OFFILIDATE BAILLY BIOMOP, all of this Distant.

Died of a segestive chill, near Richard, V. March 20th, 1866, Elias B. Meadest, third as of Benjaman and Catharins Meadest, third as of Benjaman and Catharins Meadest, ag 27 years 8 month 24 days. The fourth at last one, of the brothers which have all dismandiately after going into Highlie, I was member of company (K.) Ist Regimes was member of company (K.) Ist Regimes Engineer. He had presented himself twiffer field service, but being rejected by it Medical Board, owing to the feebleness of health, he afterwards attatched himself to the health, he afterwards attatched himself to the Engineer Company, to metat in his country cause as much as he could. He me below of his officers and country desired faithful soldier of heountry as well as the Cross. He stack November the 15th, 1860, he was a world member and premised, useful to there are community. Elias from a child has ever he very steady and sobor, and in campe he ne lected not his pious traits, but was alwas found trying to do junice so that and affections and loging brothers, a devoted and affections humand and a kind and indepent father. Be now sleeps his last sleep to rise again the Judgment mays, with all the saints (foot, cosed in white robes for elemity, laves an affectional wife, a tend r bade, loving sister, with vant circle of relatives as kind friends to mourn his loss, but we mound as those without hope; for we believ that he is in Heaven now with the redectast rest. at rest.

Far in the old dominion now
He like file other brothers sleep
nd he in Carolina left.
Kindred and friends to mourn and weep.

Sickning and dying there be lay, His loving wife was far away; He now sleeps in a boldiers grave There in the dust with fallen brave

But when the last loud trumpet sounds. To wake the nations under ground;
He with the sainted sons of Ged
Will shout free grace and dying love
A FRIEND.

CANDIDATES FOR THE LEGISLATURE. We are authorized to announce Major M. C. MILLER, as a candidate for the Legislatus at the next ensuing election.

We are authorized to announce SIMPSON BOBO, Esq., as a candidate for the Legislature, at the next ensuing election. We are authorized to announce Lie

H H THOMSON, as a cand date for the Logslature, at the next ensuing election. We are authorized to announce Capt. JOHN W. EVINS, as a candidate for the Legislature,

at the next ensuing election. We are authorized to announce Cok . 30 WALKER as a candidate for the Legislature, at the next ensuing election.

We are authorized to announce Col. WM. SHIVER, as a candulate for the Legislature, at the next ensuing election.

We are authorized to announce Maj. J. W. WEBBEll, as a candidate for the Legislature, at the next ensuing election.

We are authorized to announce Maj. WM M. FOSTER, as a candidate for the Legislature, at the hex' ensuing election.

Notice to Soidiers Board of Relief. The Commissioners of the Soldiers' Board Relief will meet at Spartanburg Court House, on the 2d Monday in May next.

GEO. W. H. LEGG, Sec ry. & Treas. Young Men Wanted.

SULLIVAN'S ISLAND, April 7th, 1864 Young men under the age of eighteen (18) will be received in Captain Sparks' cavalry, company D, attached to the twentieth (20th) Regiment, S. C. V., a certificate showing that the consent of the parents has been given is necessary ; which certificate will also serve as a passport to the company. Each member fur-

(21) dollars per month. The company is armed with Naval Repeaters. The place is very healthy and but little probability of leaving. Mr Ward, at Pacelet Depot, will give any information respecting he company.

Notice.

I will give WYATT LIPSCOMBE notice, that after the lat of November, I will no longer join feaces with him may longer. Each man must make his own fence, and give seven feet from the line. This the 26th of April, DAVID LIPSCOMB.

To Rent.

A COMFORTABLE Cottage containing four Rooms, situated on Church Street, all new and well enclosed. Apply for particulars to J. M. ELFORD.

March 17 48 4t

Found

I N the Streets of Spartanburg, on Salesday last, a small amount of money, which the owner can have by identifying the same and paying for this advertisement. Call at this Mar 10

Lime! Lime! Lime!! A T the kilns, Fresh Lime is now on hand of the best quality, for exchange only for provisions, leather, iron etc.. from the produ-sers. Exchange only on the old rries on both sides. W. CURTIS.

Watch Lost.

OST at Mrs M. B. WALKER'S on the night of the 20th instant, a medium sized LaulEs' WATCH, Chatelaine and Key stached. Maker J. R. Losoda, London, Me. 2618. When lost the watch was without orystal and not running. Any person leaving it at this office or giving any information leading to its recovery will be liberally rewarded. Feb 25

S. AND U. RAILROAD.

O FREIGHTS will be delivered from the Depot at Spartanburg until all charges are paid. Storage will be charged in overy instance, when it remains in the depot more than seven days. Goods shipped to the core of the Express Company, must be consigned to a Factor in Columbia.

JOHN W. HARDY, Agent.

For Sale.

A few good substantial Car-riages and Buggies will be sold at a reasonble price to be paid for in any kind or provisions. For further particuars apply to.

M A. HARVEY. Dental Notice.

WILL be in my office only three days in the week, MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY.

C. LER, D. D. S. Lost

CAPTAIN'S Military Cap trimmed with der will be properly rewarded.