# HE CAROLINA SPARTAN

WM. H. TRIMMIER.

Devoted to Southern Rights, Polities, Agriculture, und Miscellanu.

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THE CAROLINA SPARTAN.

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THE SPARTAN proulates largely over this and
adjoining districts, and offers an admirable medium to our friends to reacuroustomers.

CORINTH.

This celebrated place will hereafter, have no special interest over other localities, where great armies for a time have congregated and then departed. Our telegrams say that it is evacuated, and that General Beauregard has fallen back to some point on the Mobile, and Ohio Railroad. The reasons for a movement so unexpected to the unskilled in military science, and who have watched with breathless interest for tidings from the renewned Gen. in command are given by the correspondent to the Savannah Republican, as follows:

The soil around Corinth is of that peculiar character which is very wet in winter and very dry in su uner. As was stated in a former letter, I saw a mule drowned in a small branch, near the town, where, two weeks afterwards, there was not a drop of water to be of May; but the supply in the disterns was In the neighborhood of Pea Ridg, the locality of the energy's chief encumphent, the water is better and the supply more abun-

But it was not the gant of an ad quate supply of water alone that render d it necessary for our army to refire from Corinch. Our encomponent was bounded on three sides by Bridg Creek and a dense swamp in front, on Bridge Creek and a dense swamp—in front, on the right, and in the rear—and our breast; works were just behind the swamp and ran pursuit of the stage, and took it on foot through the mul. After a run of thirteen which we had placed formulable butteries to can off hill approach by the reads. Is would now appear van the sum of this processed by four or five roads, next would now appear van the sum of this processed by four or five roads, next would now appear van the sum of this processed by four or five roads. Is would now appear van the sum of this processed by four or five roads, next would now appear van the sum of the swamp on the other side, thrown up breastworks and posted heavy siege guns, which not only command the roads leading out from our conty command the roads land to a conty command the roads land of the road so thrown up stoog works near Farmington never marked for a demerit during his specified and of expelling the enemy and Pes Rolge, in I creeted heavy butteries at commanding points along the several resizes to the rear. Indeed, the Federal works are super 1846, the same in which McClellan grad. If this policy should be adopted, the South ripr to ours, and the position equally strong. if not stronger, while their force is one-fourth, if not anythird, g enter.

# What Means Subjugation.

the author in his swift flight from the scene of actuated in dustenameing and supporting this HANNESS, TENNESSEE, April 27, 1862.

or eighteen inties. We are expecting a hard contested battle, as we learn the rebels are in harge force. Well, when that time comes up we will make the rebels feel the right and power of our seei I have seen many of the matrices of this country. They present a weetlest tives of this country. They present a wee-beadvantages of an education. I noticed some of the women's dresses. You ought to be here to take one gaze at their huge appearance. Their hoops are made of grapevine and white cak splits. I feel sorry for the poor ignorant things. Well, we will teach from in a few days, how to do without white cak and grapevine hoops. They are now the same as conquered, and one more blow and the country is ours. I have my eye on a fine situation, and how happy we will live when we get our Southern When we get possossion of the land we can make the men raise cotton and corn, and the women carract lit the capacity of domestic a grade above the negro, and we can live like kings. My love to all the neighbours. Kiss all the children for me, and sell them pa will come back again. Adieu, my dearest Sue. JAMES DONELY.

Mrs. Sur Dosguy, Mount Vernen, Illinois. By the politeness of Mr. Allen.

kee denomination.

and we congratulate him, for the conduct caught napping nor whipped when he in that direction we have no means of as of his servants is conclusive evidence that is wide awake. The rapidity of his certaining, but the exact locality of the public, and burutthe bridge. He then went he is a good master, as well as that his marches is something portentons. He battle is known to have been five miles servants are faithful and wise men.

great credit upon those who rightly claim because they see he is a great soldier.

them as property - Charlotte Bulletin Richmond Dispute

Memoir of Gen. T. J. Jackson.

A friend of this illustrious warrier, whose deeds are now recounding from one end of the Confederate States to the other, has enabled us to give the following sketch of tory of the country.

while it was raining exceedingly hard, he burst suddenly into his office, the rain he must give him a lotter to Mr. Hayes, rights, stall hazards, and at every cost. . at that time representative in Congress wards, there was not a drop of water to be seen. The consequence was, at the time of my departure, both the troops and horses were suffering for water to an extent you can hardly finagine. The chief supply was obtained from the standing pools in the beds of exhausted arreams. Steps had been taken to be a number of wells, but it was ascertained that there was no rope or tools to be had in the town, and that it would be necessary to send to Columbus, Miss., for the particular kind of rope desired. The rope had not here received up the 26th, and, but for timely showers which renewed the supply in the watercourses, and the wells dug by the iden in low. Jump places, the army could not have remained there as long as it had. The citizens use rain water, caught in cisterns, from the first of May; but the supply in the eisterns was from the Lewis district. Upon being seeing that he was very deficient in education, and would, therefore, probably not be our cause while Jackson, Price, and Mortuna and Mort that very evening borrowed a horse, under to follow our flag to victory. The great promise to send him back by a boy whom chiefs of our armies, Johnston and Beaureto carried with him, and rode to Clarks. gard, are not the sole hope and reliance burg to take the stage. it had been rain. of the Southern people. Nor do all their ing for weeks as it can only rain in that hopes of success centre in the issue of one country, the roads were muchly and worse or two battles to be fought by the splendid than we eyer we heard of. Jackson ar. armies those able Generals command. The rived in time; but on account of the muddy confidence of the Southern people in even roads, the postmester had furnished the tual success springs from that enthusiasm mailtan hour before time, and the stage which has made heroes of the three gallant was already gone. With characteristic leaders first named. It springs from a fidelity to his promise, Jackson sent the consciousness that such men will not be

What Means subjugation.

Valley of the Rio Grande. He arrive!

after the battles of Palo Alto, Reside do la Palma, and Montrey, and before that of Buena Vista was ordered to join General to field near Cortath, which was left behind by this latter place he commanded a battery, infamous spirit of savage vandalism with and attracted attention by his collness and which they have descerated everything conflict. Its contents serve to show the spirit the judgment with which he worked his sacred in the South, but in the stern spirit by which the agrarian hordes of the North are | guns, and was promoted first | heutenant | of just retribution for their crimes, For his conduct at Cerro Gordo he was brevetted captain. He was in all Scott's battles to the city of Mexico, and behaved My Dear Sir: I wrote to you a few days since. Fearing, however, that it has been miscarried or intercepted. I write again. We are at this place, and expect to move forward in a short time on Corinth aditance of sixteen in a short time on Corinth aditance of sixteen in a short time on Corinth aditance of sixteen in a short time on Corinth aditance of sixteen in a short time on Corinth aditance of sixteen in a short time on Corinth aditance of sixteen in a short time on Corinth aditance of sixteen in the city of Mexico, and behaved says:

So well that he was brevetted major for last services. On one occasion he communication with the services of the city of Mexico, and behaved says:

So well that he was brevetted major for last services. On one occasion he communication with the services of the city of Mexico, and behaved says: the enemy was so severe that more than, ties before Richmond, the Yankee forces ment has tirus far advanced them one dol half his troops, were raw, incontinently have been evacuating Norfolk and Ports lar per acre for what they have planted ran. Jackson was advised to retreat; but mouth, and descriping the public property which is all the money they have received in the could get a reinforcement of and works at those places, with a view of fifty regulars, he would take the enemy's reinforcing McCicilan's army on the Chick-lit determined what they shall receive, or is his regiment for their bravery and their already stormed the obnoxious battery.

remarkable for his moral as he has proved embarked ere this on transports for their himself to be for his fighting ou lities- destination. being a perfectly conscientions aman, just servants. The women are very ignrant only in all his ways, and irreproachable in his tion of Richmond by McClellan was read of a hurricane of bullets as he was in the worth field exclaims, "Methinks there are pew of his church at Lexington, when he six Richmonds in the field. Five have I was professor of the Institute. He appears already slain!" &c. VALUABLE NEGROES-FAITHFUL to be a man of almost superhuman endu-SERVANTS .- We learn that two men ser, rance. Neither heat or cold makes the vants Miles and John, (the property of sightest impression upon him. He cares with his sword. Mr. J. F. Butt, of Norfolk, Va.,) who re- nothing for good quarters, and dainty fare. mained in the city when it was taken pos-session of by Lincoln's troops uhexpected self down on the ground anywhere, and ly, kept possession of their master's car- sleeps as soundly as though he were in a fested a noble degree of facility for giving riage and horses, made their escape to palace. He lives as the soldiers lives, and names to the various battle-field, and the Suffolk, and have arrived in Charlotte, endures all the fatigue and all the suffer. Southern newspapers assimilar facility for preferring to serve their legal master than ing they may endure. His vigilance is adopting them. The recent two days' enenjoy the name of free men under Yan something marvellous. He never seems gagement before Richmond has been de-Mr. Butt is now a resident of Charlotte, personal scrutiny. He can neither be Whother there in a spot so mand or not

Richmond Dispatch

SPARTANBURG, S. C., THURSDAY, JUNE 19, 1862. From the Augusta Constitutionalist

Jackson, Price and Morgan. These distinguished leaders have won a place in the popular heart which the most renowned Generals might envy, and which no rivalry can eclipes. They constitute a his life, previously to his acceptance of a trio of stars of the first magnitude, looming command in the Confederate army. Since above teo horizon, and shedding a cheering that time it has become a part of the his- light over the clouds and gloom that have gathered around our cause. Their gallant tory of the country.

He was born in Clarksburg, in the country of Lewis, in the year 1825, of highly respectable, prents, both whom died during his infanty leaving him without a cent is the world. During his carly childhood he world with his uncle, whose name we did not not and at the age of sixteen he conducted himself so well, and produced such a favorable increasion is in attack. But in headlong design in and produced such a favorable impression as in attack. But in headlong daring, in sisters throughout the South with tears we which one we could not learn. of his energy and integrity, that he was vehement dash, in iron edetermination to chosen constable of the county. In the succeed when the word onward, is given, "in consideration of the defenceless women they have shone out most conspicuous. The have shone out most conspicuous. The not leave your women this district to West Point, who declined These traits have uniformly given them to the mercy of this merciless foe! Would to go. Jackson immediately conceived victory against most formidable odds in it not have been better for New Orleans the idea of filling the place he had left every encounter. They are true types of to have been laid in ruins, and we buried vacant. Our informant says that one day, Southern character, in all its noble elements of chivairous courage, enthusiastic love of independence, and fierce determastreaming from his clothes, and told him tion to succeed in this struggle for their

We look with cheerful hope to the trinmph of our arms at Richmond and Corinth, in the great battles there impending. But white success there may do much to hasten our redemption from Yankee invasion, and achieve the final triumph of gan are in the field. While such men live to raise an arm in its behalf, that cause will live, and thousand like them will stand forth in every part of our beleaguered and The young graduate was ordered off in its success, if the invading columns were

## Evacuation of Nortella. The Richmond Examiner of Tuesday

We have learned from what we consider reliable authority that, since the late but the ground. The fortifications on Crancy

Our informant states that the occupa-

McClellan has demolished more with his pen than Richard claimed to have done

THE LOCALITY OF THE LATE BATTLE. The Northern newspapers have mani-

Richmond Enquirer

A Touching Appeal.

We need not enumend to the attention of our readers the fallowing simple, touching, beautiful, appeal of the lovely daughters of New Orleans. We could add nothing to its melting pathos. "Every soldier our ferces and those of the enemy was in of the South" who reads it will pant for an opportunity to avenge the wrongs and insults so touchingly portrayed :

AN APPEAL TO EVERY SOUTHERN SOL-

We turn to you in mute agony! Be hold our wrongs! | Fathers! husbands brothers! sons! wa know these bitter, wrongs will be fully avenged, never did Southern woman appeal in vain for protection from insult! But for the sakes of our emplore you not to surrender your cities, and children." De not leave your women beneath the mass, than that we would be mand. Our infantry forces marched out month. subjected to these untold sufferings ? life so princeless a boon, that for the preservation of it no sperifice is too great? Ah no ! ah no ! Rather let us die with gather up to a late hour last night. ou, oh our fathers | Rather, like Virginus, plunge your own swords into our

THE DAUGHTERS OF NEW ORLEANS. NEW ORLEANS, May 24, 1862.

The Yankees at Port Roya'. The Yankees are not getting on very

smoothly in their "cotton growing" at Port Royal. Family jars have sprung up among themselves, and the negroes refuse to work for their new "masters." respondent of a Boston paper writes from few more regiments were expected. Port Royal :

Mr. Pierce, government agent over the otton plantations, and Col. Noble, cotton agent, have not been on the best of terms, and a controversy as regards the right of Col. Noble to a horse and saddle on one of the plantations under Mr. Pierce's charge, neighborhood of Stono river about nine o'and which Col Noble sent for, but Mr. Piece clock Tuesday night gives us the following dishked by his soldiers. refused to deliver, has led some hard words. he finale of which was, Cul. Noble knocked the Cahawba to New York. Col. Noble, thinking to evade the order, left for Beaufort in a small sail boat on her day of sail. Stono river, behind which several of the hawba while becence small steamer and

charged with sponging the government quality, thus vielding a revenue of a out \$560,000, hesides the vegetables and corn, supposed sufficient to supply this vicinity The negroes, under their former masters, fight also kept up a continual shelling of son is now doing. That, we hope, will has usually one quarter of an acre to plant for themselves. Uncle Sam allows them one and a quarter, or even more, 'if they wish, sometimes Rations are served out to them of sometimes bread, hominy, no lasses and some meat, but only a portion

battery opposed to him, instead of aban-shominy. The dry dock at the na-doning his own. He sent for the named my yard had been completely destroyed. It is difficult to make them work, or inreinforcement, but before it came he had and the government work shops razed to duce them to if that sounds better North Jackson's health was so much shattered Island, Sewell's Point and Pig's Point were sa Lincoln, and seem to think they are not by this campaign that he was compelled all blown up and levelled with the earth "free niggers" if they work. So they of to resign. He accepted a professorship at We lean further that the track of the North ten take a day, or several lays to themsel the Military Institute, where he continued folk and Petersburg milroad was torn to ves, when their services are, perhaps, most until the secession of Virginia. In height sixteen miles south of Suffolk and Ports needed, and go to Hilton Head, or Beau he is about six feet, with a weigh of about mouth are said to namber, between eight fort. For instance, some ground had been one hundred and eighty. He is quite as and ten thousand, and supposed to have prepared for ploughing and planting, but ust as they were needed the few men who understand that part went off for two days without the least notice, thus delaying the dealings with his fellow men. It is said to the force his in a fatalist, as Nepoleon was, and has no fear that he can be killed before his time comes. He is as oalm in the midst of a hurricane of bullets as he was in the worth field exclaims, "Methiaks there are value and uses of money are about as vague as young children's, and investments while necessary garments are forgotten.

### More Particulars of the Battles in Western Virginia.

The following dispatch was received in Richmond yesterday:

attacked Fremont near Cross Keys, five eight o clock to night the camonading wase for two or three minutes to dress the miles from Port Republic. Fremont was has recommenced and continues steadily. Interind charge from to the next line. epulsed with considerable loss.

On Monday Jackson grossed the North Branch of the Shemundosh, above Port Rein phrasit of Shields, who was encamped is heard of by the enemy at one point, and from Richmond the distance varying slight. at Lewiston, two miles below Port Republic Another Cast. Mr. M. Potter, in before they can make up their minds to ly of course with the movements of the on the east side of the Shenandeah. He the Confederric service, residing in the follow him he is off at another. His men two armies—and was chiefly conducted on attacked him at surrise, and after a terri-Eastern part of North Carolina, invaded by the Yankees, lost all his slaves, as he ly as he can without enoumbrance. He supposed, but the entire gang made their keeps so constantly in motion that he nersupposed, but the entire gang made their keeps so constantly in motion that he never can be compared and conveyed word to their master to meet them at a certain point, where they rejoined him and came on to Charter and the control of the enemy on the latter. What name they rejoined him and came on to Charter and the control of the enemy on the latter. What name they rejoined him and came on to Charter and the control of the master of some ren or twelve of the greys were already upon them, and in the enemy on the latter. What name they rejoined him and came on to Charter and the control of the master of some ren or twelve of the greys were already upon them, and in the enemy on the latter. What name they rejoined him and came on to Charter and the control of the muskers of some ren or twelve of the greys were already upon them, and in the enemy on the latter. What name they rejoined him and came on to Charter and the control of the muskers of some ren or twelve of the greys were already upon them, and in the enemy on the latter. What name they rejoined him and came on to Charter and the control of the muskers of some ren or twelve of the greys were already upon them, and the control of the muskers of some ren or twelve of the greys were already upon them. Shields had about 0.000 men, and the control of the muskers of some ren or twelve of the greys were already upon them. lotte. These servants -- men, women secret of his great success. His men adore which should not be left to the fancy of was reinforced, and en Menday appeared and children - are hired in this community, him, because he requires them to do noth the enemy. Every spot which may here on the west bank of the Senandeah, but Such negroes cannot be seduced from ing which he does not do himself, because after be pointed out on Southern soil to could not get over to aid Shields, as the the lines to day. An engagement at an their wasters, and their conduct reflects he constantly leads them to victory, and mark a place sacred to Southern glory de-bridge had been bucht. Fremont is still early day decided not improbable. Weath serves its name from Southern lips alone, there, and Jackson is on the opposite side of clear and cool for the season. No news a few miles bove

The News from James' Island.

musketry firing on James' Island, commencing Tuesday forenoon, and continued in the afte noon to about eight o'clock, gave evidence that an engagement between progress. The smoke and flashes of the enemy's guns from their gun-boats, and the explosion of their shells, could be plainly scen from the lower part of the city.

Information reached the city that a portion of our troops had left camp and at- at Cedar Creek; that they were stretched tacked the enemy, who also advanced to along the road between Middletown and meet us. A sharp fight ensued, and the enemy were forced back with considerable

We barn that the casualties on our side Our forces engaged were a Georgia

ment, Preston's Light Artillery, Col. La. or 400. mar's command, the Washington Artillery, (Louisiana Battalion,) and others. The fighting, we are informed, was hard while it lasted. Gen. W. D. Smith was in comabout 11 a. m. The arrillery on our side became engaged about one o'clock. These were the only particulars we could

Col. Lamar, commanding the artillery at breasts, saying. "This is all we can give on the enemy's loats and on his land camp, our daughters?" On Monday last a shot from one of Col. bled boat aftav.

River, just west and above Eattery Island, in number about sixteen regiments, accord ing to the evidence of another prisoner ta-A cor. ken Monday night, who also said that a

> They are no doubt entrenching themselves, and expect soon to make their position the base of their operations against

LATER .- A gentleman who left the account: A severe fight between the enemy and a small portion of our forces, under Ir. Pierce over, and General Hunter the command of Gen. W. D. Smith, took nemy's gun boats were lying.
The right wing of our force was deploy-

The cotton agents becate the Pierce party torce met with a body of the enemy, who, as abolitionists, while they in turn are after a short fight, retreated to their gun-

great impetnosity, and withdrew only when but little upwards of 100 in killed and appreaching darkness and the continued wounded. reinforcements of the enemy compelled. In this sketch we omit all mention of them to retire. The gun boats during the what the telegraph is telling us that Jack the woods beyond the forces engaged; de- make up another chapter of fame for the signed to prevent the arrival of reinforce | untiring hero.

The fight lasted about four hours. The casualties were thirty or forty of our men following from the Richmond Disputch : wounded by the fire of the enemy's infant ry. Captun Williams, of the forty-seventh

gallant bearing during the action.

Our informant, who saw Col. Williams after the action, heard him say that a large number of the enemy were killed and wounded in the engagement.

The place where the fight took place is about three miles from the lines of our en-

Heavy firing was kept up to a late hour last night. It is supposed the enemy were engaged in shelling the woods while land-

# The Fint on James' Island.

vague as young children's, and investments ty. The enemy occupied a very strong closed upon the scene, they slept in the cuin hoops kirts and jewelry are indulged, position, flanked on every side ty mar- emy's camp, at least one mile turther down

than ours. He was protected by folled trees. Bying for, and the slunders of the South The following dispatch was received in After our troops retreated, the enemy kept shelling the field, preventing us from respectively.

Starnon, June 11.—On Sunday covering our killed and badly wounded, the tents of the Massachusetts. The key found shelfer for the night in the tents of the South part of Jackson's, No firing has been heard to day, but at advance was a steady that the only pauses.

"Oh! that's the reason," he gried in Ewell's command, with a part of Jackson's, No firing has been heard to day, but at advance was so stondy that the only pauses

in front of their pickets. They mexpectedly killed and wendled come within range and under cover of a Vankee Among the incides outpost, when one of the Greys perceived one of their sentinels taking "dead nim" at him. As

cannons ling and picket skirmishing along them the Valley.

.

From the Richmond Enquirer. A heavy cannonading and continued Jackson's Achievements - What He Did -- Fnisehoods of the Northern Press.

In his official report of his disaster and flight, General Banks states that he lost fif ty wagous. A gentleman of our acquaintance, who

has held aeresponsible post in Jackson's army for twelve months, assures us that at least 100 captured wagons were driven out from Newton; that he himself counted 40 Newtown, a distance of five miles, there being one in every 50 or a hundred yards; that Banks arent thirty wagons with commissiry stores below Newtown; that he were principally in a Georgia regiment, left many between Winchester and his crossing place on the Potomac, and that his whole loss in wagons was not less than 300

The gentleman above referred to fully confirms what has been heretofore reported in our paper respecting the achieve ments of Jackson's army within the last

There is no truth in the report that the prisoners at Front Royal had been re captured by the enemy. All the prisoners were brought off, except a few of the wounded. A company of the 12th Geor-Secessionville, also kept up a constant fire gia regiment fell into the enemy's hands, by some blunder on the part of an officer. On Monday last a shot from one of Col.

About 3,000 prisoners were secured as the container's guns struck the mast of a Yankee placeller and took it out of her, when another steamer came up and towed the disa value of the medical scores taken at Windows chester at from \$75,000 to \$100,000 .-The Lie coln troops have landed in force The stores embrace almost everything useon the James' Island side of the Stone ful and valuable in the medical department, including a very large quantity of opium.
The value of all the articles secured to the Confederacy is estimated at several millions. The loss to the enemy is admitted, by one of Banks' Chief Commissaries, who is now a prisoner, to be almost incalculable.

The gentleman above alluded to, states on authority which he thought entitled to credit, that General Banks put stolen negroes into his wagons and made his tired and eight propellers off this port Tuesday. soldiers walk-for which, and for other al leged bad sets, he is severely denounced by some of the prisoners. He seems to be

Jackson did not go into Maryimas, have ported. Some of his cavalry may have the river, and probably did. They burnt one or two bridges on the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, and tore up the track

for some distance.
In the period of 22 days Jackson march ed from Stannton to McDowell, where, in brought the regieant cotton agent back, and under command of Col Hagood. This roy; thence to Franklin, 30 miles distant; conjunction with Johnson, he whipped Milthence to l'arrisonburg, 95 miles, over Shenandoah mountain, "a real Jordan road." egiment. Col. Williams' force with great ton, 26 miles. In his expedition he fought The young graduate was ordered if for in its success, if the invading columns were mediately, with the rank of second ficutes. Commanded by Jackson, Price, and Mor thousand seres of corn, potatoes and vege whelming force of the enemy, estimated at of the enemy, took 3000 prisoners, secured tables, and five thousand with cotton—as nearly four times their number.

near as can be estimated. The average The enemy were also protected by a very strong abattis. The gallant 47th, how- Virginia, and across the Potomac. All ever, charged the enemy several times with this he did in 22 days, and with a loss of

COL. JENKINS' COMMAND .- We get the

Col. Jenkins, commanding brigade, led treorgia regiment, we regrat to learn, was Shurp Shooters) and the 6th South Carolina regiment, and having flanked the enemy on their right, changed front and drove dwn the r lines, meeting and ronting five linesof fresh troops, consisting of the following regiments : 10th Pennsylvania, 52d Penn sylvania, 10th Massachusetts, 56th New York, 100th New York, 11th Maine, and 1st Kentucky, as was ascertained from their wounded and prisoners. The advance was begun about 21 p. m., and the last fire given at 20 minutes to 8 p. m., driving through four camps, over three abattis of fallen timber, over two batteries, to six hundred yards across the Williamsburg road, routing in ing reinforcements.—Charieston Courier, every case the enemy. These being advanced upon down the Williamsburg road, front at seventy-five yards, a charge was though our troops fought gallantly, they were repulsed, with a loss of about seventy. The enemy occupied a very strong closed upon the scene, they slept in the caging ship; but he seemed not to mind-hip The Forty seventh Georgia regiment bal advanced in the fight. Our exhaust grieving cryhere the brunt of the fight. Company K. sed men refreshed themselves with the fine suffereds everely. The enemy loss was less heavily and hones left in the camps of the

BIT THE MITO ON West readly, the Right mond Greys, high, and a company from the woods in front of their pickets. They mext generally like the color companies forty were companied from the respective to the color companies forty were companied from the respective to the color companies forty were companied from the wild boy, one within a meaning and the color companies forty were companies and companies forty were companies fo

Among the inergents of the late battle may be mantioned the fact that one bompany of Colonel Jenkins' First Regiment of

Richard Lagricer captured three regimental colors, together with one rad flag. This latter was taken by Captain Walton, acting on General R. captured three regimental colors, together gove t with one rad flag. This latter was taken ever-H. Anderson's staff, and presented to the regiment in the hottest of the fight.

> All the reports from Europe are highly entistactory for the Confederate States.

From Bichmond.

NO. 15

The Examiner of Saturday says;

On Thursday a detachment of the Richmond Blues had a skirmish beyond the Chickshowiny, on the right wing of the army, with a body of Yankee infantry. The fire of the Blues killed six of the Federals, and placed several hors du combat when they retreated. We heard of no consulities on our side. conquities on our side.

On the evening of the same day a party of Confederate scouts, consisting of a cap-tain and four privates, who volunteered for the purpose, went out eight miles on the Charles City road, but discovered as Yankeen.
It is believed that the obstructions in

James river below Drury's Bluff bave been made stronger by the freshet in the river washing down the send and refuse against

Early yesterday morning it was made evident to our pickets that the enemy had erceted rifle pens near the woods on Dr. creeted rifle pens near the woods on Dr. Garnett's tarm. Two of our pickets were wounded by their sharp-shooters. Captain Kirkpatrick's artillery, from Lynchburg, was ordered up within range, and soon cleared the woods and pens of the Yazkees by rapid discharges or shot and shell amongst them, but with what damage to the enemy was unknown. No one was injured among the artilleriate.

jured among the artillerists.

Several days since a couple of pickets of a Texas regiment, on duty on the Chickahominy, saw a short distance in advance of them what appeared to be a scrub tree moving in the bushes. One of them fired and the tree fell! Isside of it a dead Yankee was found. He had strapped the green branches about his person, and, in his leaf accourrements, was stealing about the woods, making observations on the

Confederate lines.

It was said yesterday that McClellan was concentrating troops in the vicinity of the battle-ground of the 1st instant, beyond the Nine Mile road. There was no more-ment along the lines that we can notice.

Extraordinary Memory.

The learned Bishop Jewel, who died in 1571, was blessed with a most wonderful memory. He could exactly repeat what ever he had writen at any former perio they, after a few minutes, imprinted on his mind, that he used to say, that if ten thou-sand people were fighting and quarrelline, all the while he was preaching, they coals not confuse him. To put him to a fu There are about ten thousand contrabands, including all clauses, on the islands of St. Helena, Port Royal, Ladies, Pawfus.

The left wing advanced under the command of Col. Williams, with the 47th Ga chester, 20 miles; thence beyond Charles be could find in a calendar; and Bishop to 26 miles. In his could find in a calendar; and Bishop to 26 miles. of Gloucester, gave him firty Welsh, Irish, and foreign words, and after once or twice reading, and a little recollec-tion, he repeated them all backward and forward. In the year 1563, Sir Nicholas Bacon, Lord Keeper of the Great Seal, having read to him from Erasmus' paraphrase, the last clauses of ten lines, con-

> and covering his head with his hand, he rehearsed all the broken parts the right way, and the contrary, without hesitation. He professed to teach this art to others. and so instructed his tutor, Dr. Parkhurst, at Zurich, that within twenty-eight days, by giving only one hour each day to the subject, he learned all the twenty-eight chapters of the Gospel of Matthew so perfectly, that he could repeat any verse, telling what went before and what follow-

> > MY MOTHER.

fused and imperfect, with the view of more fully trying his gift, sitting silent awhile,

The influence of a christian mother's pure, unselfish love upon her child is never lost. Worldly pursuits may cover it from air tolove, warm and passionate, seem to burn it from the heart, but with subtle gentleness it still exerts its hellowed power. Many a dying bed has borne such testimony as the following :

"If I could only see my mother!" Again and again was that yearing cry repeated-

"If I could only see my mother!" The vessels rocked, and the waters, cha-It was not bodily constort—his eyes looked far away -and ever and auon broke forth that

An old sailor sat by, the Bible is his hand, from which he had been reading.

anguish. " I nearly broke her heart, and bare every thing from her wild boy, and

"My son, when you come to die you will remember all this."

"O! It I could only see my mother!" He never eaw his mother. He died Palmetto Sharp Shoeters, Company E, Captain Colclough, captured one hundred and thirty prisoners by themselves. They were deployed as a kirmishers at the time.

The 5th South Carolina, Colonel Giles, captured three regimental colors, together

> The Mobile Tribune is informed the Camp Moure, to which our troops to forces on the 2d inst., it was supposed had gone to Vicksburg.