The War in China.

The English and French papers by late arrivals are filled with details of the operations of their allied armies in China. The following will interest our readers:

On the 12th of October everything was prepared for the assault, or the occupation of Pekin. The siege guns and other artillery were in a position to bombard the town unless it should be surrendered by noon of the 13th. Just immediately before the period given for surrender would expire, Hang-chun came out and said our demands were acceded to, no resistance would be made, and the gate was at our disposal. Thereon the outer and inner gates were immediately taken possession of, and a portion of the allied force was quartered on the wall of Pekin.

Letters were found in the palace from San-ko-lin-sin to the Emperor, assuring him of his confidence in being able to annihilate us. The garrison of Pekin is reported to be 60,000 to 70,000 men. The pressure of the people is said to have had great weight in inducing the authorities to yield. The generals and staff, with the Punjaubees and 67th regiment, entered the outer and inner gates of Pekin, and ascended to the ramparts and took possession of the gate and a number of brass guns, and mounted our guns in their place. The English and French flags were then hoisted in token of our military occupation. The wall is 30 feet wide and paved, and the troops inside have their tents pitched on it. The only thing that the Chinese asked was that the Chinese coolies should not be allowed to enter the city. This was conceded.

The Emperor's summer palace was only occupied by 300 eunuchs, and 30 or 40 men in charge of the gardens. They made a slight show of resistence, when two were killed and two French officers wounded. The next day the palace was given us to indiscriminate pillage.

The following account is given of the pillage of the Emperor's palace, which consumed two days:—

The public reception hall, the state and private bedrooms, ante-rooms, boudoirs and every other apartment has been ransacked. Articles of value of native and foreign workmanship were taken, or broken if to large to be carried away. Ornamental lattice work, screens, jade stone ornaments, jars, clocks, watches and other pieces of machanism, curtains and furniture—none have escaped from destruction. There were extensive wardrobes of every article of dress—coats richly embroidered in silk and gold thread, in the Imperial dragon pattern; boots, head-dresses, fans, &c; in fact, rooms all but filled with them. There must have been seventy or eighty thousand pieces of silks in rolls, which at Canton cost twenty or thirty dollars each. Hundreds were thrown down and trampled on, and the floor covered thickly with them. Men were throwing them at each other, and all taking as many as they could carry. They were used instead of rope to secure the loading of carts filled with them. A treasury containing a large quantity of gold ingots and Sycee silver is under charge of a guard, and is to be divided among the English and French. The total value of property destroyed would amount to a large instalment of the indemnity claimed.

A party of the French went through the apartments breaking everything that remained—mirrors, screens, panels, &c—in revenge for the treatment the released prisoners; their countrymen, had received. Much dissatisfaction had been expressed at the decision of the Commander-in Chief, that only those of the troops who marched at the last halting place are to participate in the prize money, all the rest, those at the depot at Tang Chow and elsewhere, being excluded. The Commander-in Chief, and general officers have waived their right to share. A gold jug of great value was presented to the Commander-in-Chief by the army. A general order from the British Commander-in-Chief desired that all articles taken by all officers and men be sent in for sale by public auction for the benefit of the army, which was done. All were permitted to have the articles brought away by themselves valued, and have the option of taking or rejecting them. Many beautiful and curious souvenirs were thus obtained at a nominal price. The sale realized $32,000, which, with the value of the treasure, estimated at $61,000, is to be divided as prize money on the spot.

No description can give an idea of the splendor of this residence. The entrance or reception hall is paved with marble and painted with gold, azure and scarlet, in the most gorgeous style. The throne of the Emperor is of beautifully carved dark wood, and the cushions, embroidered with gold dragons, attracted general admiration; we likewise observed the gold crutch, supposed to have been used by the Emperor; every inner chamber and saloon were very handsomely fitted up, and the rolls of silk, satin and crape, all of splendid workmanship, speedily furnished cummerbands and puggerees for the French soldiers, who appear to have adopted one custom in this respect. The jade stone and China were of value, and some Sevres China of Louis Quatorze would have delighted the eye of many a curio-fancier, and a presentation sword with the English coat of arms studded with gems, and evidently of antiquity, gave rise to son especial tion.

The last treaty of Tientsin was also found, and the immense quantity of loot of all kinds made it almost impossible to know what to take away. Some idea of the quantity of silk may be given by the fact that bowls, old pots, &c., were wrapped in the most costly silks and satins.

SOUTH CAROLINA POSTAL SERVICE.—We find the following paragraphs going the rounds of the Northern papers:

Postmaster General Holt to-day ordered warrants to be drawn in favor of the mail contractors in South Carolina for about thirty-six thousand dollars, being the balance to the credit of the department deposited with the Assistant Treasurer at Charleston, thus securing to the postal service all accrued funds in that seceding State.

Postmaster General Holt will issue orders, on the first of the month, to the postmasters throughout the remaining States, to cease all postal intercourse with South Carolina, and not to make up any mail matter for the offices within her borders, on the ground that there are no postmasters there in the service of the United States.

Mail matter will be sent to Georgia through South Carolina, and if its transit is interfered with it will be a subject for the two States to settle between themselves.

English Efforts to Advance Cotton Culture Abroad.

We find in a New York contemporary some extracts from the proceedings of the British Cotton Supply Association, as contained in its third Annual Report. It may be known to our readers that this society has for its object the multiplication of the sources from which Great Britain may derive this important staple of her manufacturing interests. The sources of her supply, at different periods, have been as follows:

	1860, lbs.	1857, lbs.
United States	498,153,112	654,758,048
Brazil	33,299,982	29,910,832
Egyptian	18,931,114	24,812,744
West Indies	223,913	1,413,568
East Indies	118,872,712	250,388,144
All other places	2,093,698	7,986,160
Total	663,576,861	969,318,806

Through the influence of the British Consuls, the cultivation of cotton in Turkey has been commenced under great promise. The Home Minister in Greece has introduced it into many departments, and in the island of Cyprus an estate of eighty thousand acres has been devoted to it. Cotton seed has been distributed among the farmers of the fertile valley of the Meander, in Asia Minor, with full instructions for planting and gathering the crop. Of Egypt, the committee report, "that they expect to increase the growth from one hundred thousand bales to the large figure of one million." In Tunis the Bey is using exertions with his subjects to cultivate the "great staple." In Western Africa, at Sierra Leone and Sherbro, cotton-gins have been introduced, and a profitable trade in the native cotton commenced. In Liberia, and along the Gold Cost, every exertion is being made with the prospect of success. At Accra and Cape Coast Castle are Agricultural Societies which make cotton culture their speciality. A great quantity of cotton is raised in the adjacent countries. The Accra Agricultural Society have engaged with a Lincolnshire firm to purchase this cotton, which they buy in the seed at less than a cent a pound. This cotton, cleaned, is worth in Liverpool fourteen cents a pound.

From the interior an agent of the Association reports that a large trade export will soon be realized, and he found 70,000 people busy in its growing, spinning, and weaving. The prospect is, that in the numerous towns which stud the coast, cotton marts will soon be established, and furnish a large quantity. At Elmina, Benin, Old Calabar, and the Camaroone, a beginning has been made by distribution of seed and cotton gins. At Lagos a hopeful trade has been opened. Along the line of the river Niger it is proposed to establish trading stations. It is reported that immense quantities, which can be bought for six cents clean on the Niger, is worth sixteen cents in Liverpool. In South Africa, the Government of Natal is stimulating the cotton culture. Numerous farmers there are planting it, and as an illustration of their success, one of them reports "that he has on hand 100,000 pounds." In Eastern Africa, in the rich valley of the Shire, a European colony is being established for raising cotton. From the Feejee Islands the Committee have received the most wonderful specimens of cotton growing wild there, and reproducing for from ten to fifteen years. The samples are so valuable as to range from thirteen to twenty-four cents per pound; they say "that from no other part of the world has such a collection of graduated qualities been received." It is calculated that from half the area of these Islands might be raised four million bales per annum. Australia has entered into the cultivation, and will soon export freely." Samples of the best quality have been received. But the committee says that it is from India they are receiving the most flattering reports, and this year it is estimated that her exports will reach a million bales. In British Guiana the cultivation has also been undertaken with the most encouraging prospects. In Jamaica the "British Cotton Company" report considerable progress. In Havana, Cuba, great efforts are being made, and a new company has been established, called the "Anglo-Spanish Cotton Company," with a capital of $1,000,000, for raising cotton.

Dr. J. Bovee Dods'
IMPERIAL WINE
BITTERS,

ARE made from a pure and unadulterated Wine, which is about double the usual strength of other Wines, and is imported by only one house in the United States. Also, from the following valuable Roots, Herbs, &c., viz: Solomon's Seal, Spikenard, Comfrey, Camomile Flowers, Gentian, Wild Cherry Tree Bark, and Bayberry.

WE CHALLENGE
THE WORLD
TO PRODUCE
THEIR EQUAL!!

We do not profess to have discovered some roots unknown only to the Indians of South America, "and a cure for "all diseases which the flesh is heir to," but we claim to present to the public a truly valuable preparation, which every intelligent physician in the country will approve of and recommend. As a remedy for

INCIPIENT CONSUMPTION,

Weak Lungs, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Diseases of the Nervous System, Paralysis, Piles, Diseases peculiar to Females, Debility, and all cases requiring a Tonic, they are

UNSURPASSED!

For Sore Throat, so common among the Clergy, they are truly valuable.

For the aged and infirm, or for persons of a weak constitution—for Ministers of the Gospel, Lawyers, and all public speakers—for Book-Keepers, Tailors, seamstresses, Students, Artists, and all persons leading a sedentary life, they will prove truly beneficial.

As a Beverage, they are wholesome, innocent, and delicious to the taste. They produce all the exhilirating effects of Brandy or Wine, without intoxicating; and are a valuable remedy for persons addicted to excessive use of strong drink, and wish to refrain from it. They are pure and entirely free from the poisons contained in the adulterated Wines and Liquors with which the country is flooded.

These Bitters not only CURE, but PREVENT Disease, and should be used by all who live in a country where the water is bad, or where Chills and Fevers are prevalent. Being entirely innocent and harmless, they may be given freely to children and infants with impunity.

Physicians, Clergymen, and temperance advocates, as an act of humanity, should assist in spreading these truly valuable BITTERS over the land, and thereby essentially aid in banishing drunkenness and disease.

CHARLES WIDDIFIELD & CO.,
Proprietors,
78 William Street, New York.

Fisher & Heinitsh,
SPARTANBURG, S. C.
Aug 16 24 1y

Hostetter's Celebrated Stomach Bitters
FOR SALE at GOODGION'S.
Nov 1 35—tf

J. M. Elford,
MAGISTRATE, ATTORNEY AT LAW,
AND SOLICITOR IN EQUITY,

HAS removed his Office from Church Street to the office adjoining the Spartan Office, on the Public Square.

All business intrusted to his care will meet with prompt attention.
Feb 3 49 1y

REED & DUNCAN.
ATTORNEYS AT LAW AND
SOLICITORS IN EQUITY,

AT SPARTANBURG C. H. All business intrusted to them in Law and Equity will be promptly attended to. Office next door Hardy, Agnew & Co.

J. P. REED, D. R. DUNCAN
April 12 6 1y

SULLIVAN, ELFORD & WINSMITH,

HAVE associated themselves for the purpose of practising Law in the District of Spartanburg. Any business intrusted to their care will receive prompt attention.

Office on the Public Square, adjoining the *SPARTAN OFFICE.*

C. P. SULLIVAN, Laurens.
J. M. ELFORD, Spartanburg.
J. C. WINSMITH, Spartanburg.
Oct. 27 36 9m

T. O. P. VERNON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,

WILL PRACTICE in the Western Circuit. OFFICE—West corner of Col. W. W. HARRIS' brick building, over the store of Camp & Cannon, and opposite the Palmetto House. April 12 6 1y

Wright & Orr,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

Office in Maj. Legg's Brick Building, next door to Bobo & Edwards' law office, up stairs, Spartanburg, C. H.

J. D. WRIGHT, Spartanburg C. H
JAS. L. ORR, Anderson C. H.
Jan 3 45

Farrow & Whitner,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

WILL practice in the Courts of Spartanburg and adjoining Districts.

OFFICE AT SPARTANBURG C. H.
Oct 21 45 tf

WILLIAM F. JONES,
Attorney at Law.
LENOIR, CALDWELL, CO. N. C.

WILL be in attendance at all of the Courts, both County and Superior, held at Columbus, Polk county, and at Hendersonville, Henderson county, N. C., and will attend promptly to all business intrusted to his care in Western N. C.

REFERENCES.—Jas. Farrow, esq., Simpson Bobo, esq., John Bomar, esq., Spartanburg C. H., S. C.
March 1 52 1y

William Lockwood,
TAILOR,

HAS removed to Rooms over Foster & Judd's, opposite the Court House. Thanking for past favors, he asks a liberal patronage for the future.
July 7 18 tf

D. R. Hudson,
FASHIONABLE TAILOR.

WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of Spartanburg that he has opened a SHOP in Brick Range, on Church Street, where he will be pleased to see all who may favor him with their patronage.
Jan 24 47 1y

R. P. Owen,
FASHIONABLE TAILOR,

WOULD return his thanks for past favors and ask a continuance of the same.

He may be found over Hardy & Agnew's Hardware Store.
Jan 6

Dr. Wm. T. Russel

WILL practice MEDICINE and SURGERY (in connection with DENTISTRY, at the Office) in Spartanburg and its vicinity. Office on Church Street, No. 2, Brick Range, up stairs. Residence at Dr. L. C. Kennedy's.
March 24 4 1y

Dr. W. C. Bennett,
DENTIST,

OFFICE with Dr. J. J. VERNON, over Office of Dawkins, Choice & Evins, Church Street, Brick Range, Spartanburg C. H., S. C.
Jan 19 46 1y

DR. L. C. KENNEDY

HAS RETURNED, and has resumed the duties of his profession.
Jan 12 45 tf

Vernon & Fleming

WILL PRACTICE MEDICINE AND SURGERY in Spartanburg and its vicinity. Office, Main Street, opposite Palmetto House. Aug. 2-22-tf.

C. Bechtler & Son,
WATCH MAKERS,

AND Manufacturers of Jewelry. Repairers of Clocks, Watches, &c. All work intrusted to them will meet with promptness and despatch.
March 18 4 tf

MATTRESSES.

AT JOE'S BARBER SHOP, over Hardy's Hardware Store, can always be found a large lot of superior MATTRESSES, of all sizes, made of excellent materials, and at moderate prices.
Feb 16 39 tf

Bagging & Rope.

EXTRA HEAVY GUNNY BAGGING,
Prime Manilla Rope,
HEMP ROPE.

FOR SALE BY
Hardy, Agnew & Co.,
Sept 6 tf Sign of the Anvil.

OLD BUTLER.

OLD BUTLER will stand the present season at Bivingsville on Mondays and Tuesdays in each week, and on other days at his own stable, on the north side of Fair Forest, near P. J. Ormand's Mills. He will serve mares at $12 to insure foal.

Butler is a deep sorel, full fifteen hands high.
JOHN C. BEARDEN.
Sept. 13 37 tf

LANES, BOYCE & CO.,
LATE WM. G. LANE & CO.
IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF
Staple & Fancy Dry Goods
194 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
March 15 2 1y

M. T. McKINNEY,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
GROCERS,
SECOND DOOR EAST OF THE COURT HOUSE,
SPARTANBURG, S. C.
Sept. 20, '59. 31 1y

E. Quenu's Cod Liver Oil Jelly.

PREPARED from the pure White Cod Liver Oil. The jellifying of Cod Liver Oil enables the most delicate stomach to receive and retain this great remedy. For sale at
Nov 14 5—tf J. E. GOODGION'S.

WOOD, EDDY & CO.
DELAWARE AND MISSOURI STATE LOTTERIES
CAPITAL PRIZE
$70,000!
Wood, Eddy & Co., Managers.

The Managers' Office are located at Wilmington, Delaware, and St. Louis, Missouri.

The following magnificent schemes will be drawn in public, under the superintendence of Sworn Commissioners, appointed by the Governor.

Wood, Eddy & Co's Lottery,
CLASS No. 550
Draws on Saturday, November 17th, 1860.
78 NUMBERS—13 DRAWN BALLOTS.

1 GRAND CAPITAL PRIZE OF
$70,000!!

1 Prize of	$30,000	65 Prizes of	$140	
1 "	20,000	65 "	125	
1 "	15,000	65 "	80	
15 "	5,000	65 "	50	
1 "	3,475	4,810 "	40	
100 "	1,000	27,040 "	20	
166 "	600			
32,396 Prizes amounting to			$1,171,950	

NEARLY 1 PRIZE TO EVERY 2 TICKETS
Whole Tickets $20; Halves $10; Quarters $5

Certificates of packages in the above Scheme will be sold at the following rates, which is the risk:

Certificate of package of 26 whole tickets		$299 00
" " "	26 half	149 50
" " "	26 quarter	74 75
" " "	26 eighth	37 37

SPLENDID SCHEME!
TO BE DRAWN
EACH WEDNESDAY IN NOVEMBER.
Class 552 draws November 7, 1860.
Class 544 draws November, 14, 1860.
Class 556 draws November 21, 1860.
Class 508 draws November 28, 1860.
NEARLY ONE PRIZE TO EVERY TWO
TICKETS!
78 NUMBERS—14 DRAWN BALLOTS.

1 Capital Prize of $35,000.

1	" 6,000	64	"	75
1	" 4,077	64	"	65
1	Prize of $15,000	64	"	$100
10	" 1,500	64	"	50
10	" 1,200	64	"	30
20	" 1,000	5,504	"	20
50	" 200	28,224	"	10
200	" 150			

34,412 Prizes Amounting to $578,667

Whole tickets $10—Halves $5—Quarters $2.50.

Certificates of packages in the above Scheme, to be drawn each Wednesday, will be sold at the following rates, which is the risk—

Certificate of packages of 26 whole tickets			141 00
" " "	26 half	"	70 50
" " "	26 quarter	"	35 25

IN ORDERING TICKETS OR CERTIFICATES.

Enclose the amount of money to our address for what you wish to purchase; name the Lottery in which you wish it invested, and whether you wish Halves, Wholes or Quarters, on receipt of which we send what is ordered, by first mail, together with the scheme.

Immediately after the drawing, a printed drawing, certified to by the Commissioners, will be sent, with an explanation.

☞ Purchasers will please write their signatures plain, and give their Post Office, County and State.

All communications strictly confidential.

☞ All prizes of $1,000 and under paid immediately after the drawing—other prizes at the usual time of 40 days.

Our Single Number Lotteries, Capital Prize $50,000, draw every Saturday

Whole tickets $10—Halves $5—Quarters $2½.

Orders for Tickets or Certificates to be addressed to

WOOD, EDDY & CO., Wilmington, Del.
or, WOOD, EDDY & CO., St. Louis, Missouri

☞ The drawings of Wood, Eddy & Co's Lotteries are published in the New York Herald, New York Times, New Yorker Staats Zeitung, New York Express and New York News.
Nov. 1 35 tf

GOLD! GOLD! GOLD!
NO BLANKS!!!
GRAND ALL-PRIZE SCHEME FOR
OCTOBER, 1860!
GEORGIA STATE LOTTERY,
McKINNEY & CO., MANAGERS.
Authorized by special Act of the Legislature.
EVERY TICKET A PRIZE.
CAPITAL PRIZE $60,000!
Tickets Only $10.

Halves, Quarters and Eighths in Proportion.

To be drawn each Saturday in 1860, in the city of Savannah, Georgia.

Class 92, to be drawn October 6, 1860.
Class 93, to be drawn October 13, 1860.
Class 94, to be drawn October 20, 1860.
Class 95, to be drawn October 27, 1860.

MAGNIFICENT SCHEME.

1 Prize of	$60,000 is		$60,000
1 "	10,000 is		10,000
1 "	9,000 is		9,000
1 "	5,000 is		5,000
1 "	4,000 is		4,000
1 "	3,000 is		3,000
1 "	2,000 is		2,000
1 "	1,500 is		1,500
25,000 Prizes of	$8		$200,000
25,000 Prizes of	$2		50,000
50,350 Prizes amounting to			$375,000

WILL BE DRAWN THIS MONTH.

Certificates of Packages will be sold at the following rates, which is the risk:

Certificate of Packages 10 Whole Tickets		$80
" " 10 Half	"	40
" " 10 Quarter	"	20
" " 10 Eighth	"	10

THE GOLD MINE!!
ALL PRIZES AND NO BLANKS ON
The Three Number Plan!
Which takes place every Wednesday and Saturday in 1860.
78 NUMBERS—13 DRAWN BALLOTS!

1 prize of		$25,000
1 Prize of		6,000
1 Prize of		4,000
1 Prize of		2,256
40 Prizes of 175 are		7,000
40 Prize of 125 are		5,000
40 Prizes of 112.50 are		4,500
162 Prizes of 100 are		16,200
65 Prizes of 25 are		1,625
65 Prizes of 20 are		1,300
65 Prizes of 15 are		975
65 Prizes of 10 are		650
4,810 Prizes of 9 are		43,290
27,040 Prizes of 5 are		135,200
43,680 Prizes of 1		43,680
76,076 Prizes amounting to		$296,696.00

WHOLE TICKETS $5. SHARES IN PROPORTION.

IN ORDERING TICKETS OR CERTIFICATES.

Enclose the money to our address for the tickets ordered, on receipt of which they will be forwarded by first mail. Purchasers can have tickets ending in any figure they may designate.

The list of drawn numbers and prizes will be sent to purchasers immediately after the drawing.

All communications strictly confidential.

Orders for Tickets or Certificates, by Mail or Express, to be directed to

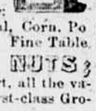
McKINNEY & Co.,
Savannah, Ga.
Oct. 11 32 tf.

NEW GROCERY STORE!!
IN BRICK RANGE,
Opposite the Court House.
J. M. BOST,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public that he has opened

A New Grocery Store

at the above location, where he has in store and is daily receiving a choice stock of Groceries, to which he invites attention—consisting of SUGARS—Brown, Clarified and Crushed; COFFEES—Rio, Laguayra, and Java; BACON—Hams, Sides, and Shoulders; MOLASSES—New Orleans and Cuba; Teas; Rice; Preserved, Dried, and



Brandied Fruits;
Pickles; Mustard; Pepper; Spice; Mackerel and Salmon; Flour, Meal, Corn, Potatoes; Salt—Liverpool Sacks and Fine Table.
CANDIES, RAISINS, NUTS;
Cheese, Butter and Eggs—in short, all the various articles usually found in a first-class Grocery.

Intending to conduct a strictly
CASH BUSINESS,
he pledges himself to sell as low as any other house in Spartanburg, and therefore asks a trial.

J. M. B. will give the highest market price of Flour and Corn, and barter for all sorts of country produce.
March 15 2 1y

New Tin Shop.

THE UNDERSIGNED has opened in Spartanburg the above business, which he intends carrying on in its various branches, and he hopes by

Strict attention to Business,

both in punctuality and workmanship, to merit their patronage. Give him a call.

ROOFING AND GUTTERING
PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
R. T. Smith,
OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE, AND NEXT
TO MR. ARCHER'S SADDLERY SHOP.
Oct. 13 33 tf

AYER'S
Ague Cure,
FOR THE SPEEDY CURE OF

Intermittent Fever, or Fever and Ague, Remittent Fever, Chill Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical Headache, or Bilious Headache, and Bilious Fevers, indeed for the whole class of diseases originating in biliary derangement, caused by the Malaria of miasmatic countries.

No one remedy is louder called for by the necessities of the American people than a sure and safe cure for Fever and Ague. Such we are now enabled to offer, with a perfect certainty that it will eradicate the disease, and with assurance, founded on proof, that no harm can arise from its use in any quantity.

That which protects from or prevents this disorder must be of immense service in the communities where it prevails. *Prevention* is better than cure, for the patient escapes the risk which he must run in violent attacks of this baleful distemper. This "Cure" expels the miasmatic poison of FEVER AND AGUE from the system and prevents the development of the disease, if taken on the first approach of its premonitory symptoms. It is not only the best remedy ever yet discovered for this class of complaints, but also the cheapest. The large quantity we supply for a dollar brings it within the reach of every body; and in bilious districts, where FEVER AND AGUE prevails, every body should have it and use it freely both for cure and protection. It is hoped this price will place it within the reach of all—the poor as well as the rich. A great superiority of this remedy over any other ever discovered for the speedy and certain cure of Intermittents is, that it contains no Quinine or mineral, consequently it produces no quinism or other injurious effects whatever upon the constitution. Those cured by it are left as healthy as if they had never had the disease.

Fever and Ague is not alone the consequence of the miasmatic poison. A great variety of disorders arise from its irritation, among which are Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Gout, Headache, Blindness, Toothache, Earache, Catarrh, Asthma, Palpitation, Painful Affection of the Spleen, Hysterics, Pain in the Bowels, Colic, Paralysis, and Derangement of the Stomach, all of which, when originating in this cause, put on the intermittent type, or become periodical. This "Cure" expels the poison from the blood, and consequently cures them all alike. It is an invaluable protection to immigrants and persons travelling or temporarily residing in the malarious districts. If taken occasionally or daily while exposed to the infection, that will be exerted from the system, and cannot accumulate in sufficient quantity to ripen into disease. Hence it is even more valuable for protection than cure, and few will ever suffer from Intermittents, if they avail themselves of the protection this remedy affords.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,
FOR ALL THE PURPOSES OF A FAMILY PHYSIC,

are so compounded that disease within the range of their action can rarely withstand or evade them. Their powerful properties search, and cleanse, and invigorate every portion of the human organism, correcting its diseased action, and restoring its healthy vitalities. As a consequence of these properties, the invalid who is bowed down with pain or physical debility is astonished to find his health or energy restored by a remedy at once so simple and inviting.

Not only do they cure the every-day complaints of every body, but also many formidable and dangerous diseases. The agent below named is pleased to furnish gratis my American Almanac, containing certificates of their cures and directions for their use in the following complaints: *Costiveness, Heartburn, Headache arising from disordered Stomach, Nausea, Indigestion, Pain in and Morbid Inaction of the Bowels, Flatulency, Loss of Appetite, Jaundice*, and other kindred complaints, arising from a low state of the body or obstruction of its functions. They are an excellent alterative for the renovation of the blood and the restoration of tone and strength to the system debilitated by disease.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,
FOR THE RAPID CURE OF

Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced stages of the disease.

So wide is the field of its usefulness and so numerous are the cases of its cures, that almost every section of country abounds in persons publicly known, who have been restored from alarming and even desperate diseases of the lungs by its use. When once tried, its superiority over every other medicine of its kind is too apparent to escape observation, and where its virtues are known, the public no longer hesitate what antidote to employ for the distressing and dangerous affections of the pulmonary organs that are incident to our climate. While many inferior remedies thrust upon the community have failed and been discarded, this has gained friends by every trial, conferred benefits on the afflicted they can never forget, and produced cures too numerous and too remarkable to be forgotten.

PREPARED BY
DR. J. C. AYER & CO.
LOWELL, MASS.
HAVILAND, STEVESON & CO.,
Charleston, Wholesale Agents.
Jan 3 43 tf

McKenzie's
CONFECTIONERY,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
136 *Main Street, Columbia, S. C.*

Confectioneries of all kinds manufactured daily.

Cakes, Iced and Ornamental, to order, and packed to carry any distance.

A large variety of Toys, and Fancy Goods of all descriptions. Dec 15 42 1y

Headquarters.

CHARLESTON, January 5, 1861.

THE following gentlemen have been appointed Aids-de-Camp to his Excellency Gov. PICKENS, with the rank of Lieut Colonel, and will be obeyed and respected accordingly:

A. L. DOZIER,
H. WALKER ADAMS,
JAMES C. CALHOUN,
MORDECAI CLOVER,
W. HARRISON,
E. MOSES, Jr.

By order: S. R. GIST,
Jan 10 2t Acting Adj. and Insp. Gen'l.

Headquarters.

CHARLESTON, S. C., January 5, 1860.

GENERAL ORDER NO. 6.

WHEREAS the Convention of the People of South Carolina, by a Resolution adopted on the 2d day of January, 1861, authorized the Governor to receive into the service of the State for a period not exceeding *six months*, such Volunteer Companies as might tender their services:

And whereas the Convention have since declared that the above Resolution was designed to aid, and not to supersede, the provisions of the 2d section of an Act "to provide an armed force," passed December, 1850:

It is therefore, now ordered, that General Order No. 5 be countermanded, and General Order No. 4, calling for a Company of Volunteers from each Battalion in the State, in accordance with the 2d section of said Act, is hereby reissued, and prompt and strict obedience enjoined thereto.

By order: STATES R. GIST,
Jan 10 2t Adjutant and Inspector Gen'l.

HEADQUARTERS.

CHARLESTON, DECEMBER 31, 1860.

GENERAL ORDERS, NO.

THE following gentlemen have been appointed Aids-de-Camp to his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, with the rank of Lieut. Colonel, and will be obeyed and respected accordingly, viz:

J. JONES CHAPMAN LUCAS, Esq.
PAUL TRAPIER, Esq.
R. B. JOHNSTON, Esq.
F. W. MCMASTER, Esq.
R. S. DUNCAN, Esq.
ABRAM J. GENIN, Esq.
JOHN F. GRIMKE, Esq.

By order: R. M. DUNOVANT,
Jan 10 Adjutant and Inspector General. 1t

LOOK OUT.

THE GOODS, WARES and MERCHANDIZE of

Isadore H. Adler

having been assigned for the benefit of his creditors, I will proceed to sell the same, commencing on

Monday Morning,
AT COST.

All who desire to save money, had better call quick.

His Notes and Accounts have also been assigned, and are now in my hands. All who desire to save cost, had better pay up at once, as I shall have to proceed quite soon to collect, and will give no time, as I am working for the benefit of others, by whom I am employed.

J. M. ELFORD, Att'y for Assignees.
Jan 3 43 2w

I have also the Books of
J. J. VERNON,
MILLER & GARRETT, and
J. W. GARRET,
THEILE & SCHOPPAUL,
J. W. KERR,
FOWLER & KERR,

and other NOTES AND ACCOUNTS of which I have given written notice to many, and which if not paid for quite soon, I shall have to *sue*, on unpleasant as it may be. I have waited long with many, to my own injury. I can now wait no longer.

☞ *Friends, pay up and save cost.*

J. M. ELFORD, Att'y and Mag'st.
Jan 3 43 2w

Headquarters.
SURGEON-GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT,
CHARLESTON, December 28, 1860.

ORDER No. 1.

THE Surgeon-General's Department is this day organized. Military Surgeons and Assistant Surgeons will report forthwith to the Department here, until further orders. They are required to see that all the members of companies coming into the service of the State be vaccinated.

By order of Governor Pickens.
R. W. GIBBES, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon-General
Dec 3 43 1t

Piles, Fistula, Tumors, permatorrhœa, Venereal, &c.

DR. J. A. CLOPTON respectfully informs the public that he has returned to his home in HUNTSVILLE, ALA., after an absence of several months in Mobile, and tenders his professional services to the afflicted. Dr. C. refers to the hundreds of cures he has effected within the last few years as proof of his skill in the treatment of these diseases.

Huntsville, April 28, 1860. June 7-14-1y

Jellified Castor Oil.

ALL the unpleasant effects of Castor Oil are obviated in this preparation. It is regarded as one of the most useful improvements in Pharmacy. Children take it without any objection. For sale by

FISHER & HEINITSH.
Nov 1 35—tf Pharmaceutists.

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN, that I will not pay any debt, however small—even for *necessaries*—contracted by JNO. HENRY FITZSIMMONS POOLE, without my written order or consent.

JAMES H. GOSS,

C. P. PELHAM, Columbia, S. C.
Nov 29 39—4t

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA,
In the Court of Common Pleas.

D. I. & L. TWITTY, vs. E. M. LANE. } Attachment.

Reed, Vernon & Duncan, Pl'ff's Att'ys.

WHEREAS the plaintiffs did, on the 16th day of April, file their declaration against the defendant, who (as it is said) is absent from and without the limits of this State, and has neither wife nor attorney known within the same upon whom a copy of the said declaration might be served:

It is therefore ordered, That the said defendant do appear and plead to the said declaration, on or before the 17th day of April next, which will be in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one; otherwise final and absolute judgment will then be given and awarded against him.

J. B. TOLLESON, C. C. P.
April 10 7 4q

The State of South Carolina.
In the Court of Common Pleas.

G. W. MOORE, vs. ROBT. WYNNE. } Attachment.

Bobo, Edwards & Carlisle, Pl'ff's Att'y.

WHEREAS the plaintiff did, on the 25th day of October, file his declaration against the defendant, who (as it is said) is absent from and without the limits of this State, and has neither wife nor attorney known within the same upon whom a copy of the said declaration might be served:

It is therefore ordered, That the said defendant do appear and plead to the said declaration, on or before the 26th day of October next, which will be in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one; otherwise final and absolute judgment will then be given and awarded against him.

J. B. TOLLESON, C. C. P.
Oct. 25 34 4q

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA
In the Court of Common Pleas.

D. I. & L. TWITTY, Assignees, vs. H. F. VERNON. } Attachment.

Bobo, Edwards & Carlisle, Pl'ff's Att'y.

WHEREAS the plaintiff did, on the 25th day of October, file his declaration against the defendant, who (as it is said) is absent from and without the limits of this State, and has neither wife nor attorney known within the same upon whom a copy of the said declaration might be served:

It is therefore ordered, That the said defendant do appear and plead to the said declaration, on or before the 26th day of October next, which will be in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one; otherwise final and absolute judgment will then be given and awarded against him.

J. B. TOLLESON, C. C. P.
Oct. 25 34 4q

The World Outdone!

THE MEDICINE called "**Inflammatory Extirpator,**" which has effected so many cures, and about which there is so much excitement, is now on sale by *JOEL E. GOODGION*, in this place.

For Kidney and Lung Diseases, Piles, Neuralgia, Dyspepsia, and Rheumatism, it has already effected some most astonishing cures here. For Colds, Coughs, all affections of the bowels, Headache, Toothache, Earache, Sprains, Cuts, Bruises, &c., it acts as if by the touch of magic. I have travelled more or less, for the past seven years with this remedy, and nowhere have I found anything like its equal. It is a vegetable preparation, wholly of my own discovery, and perfectly safe to use according to the directions which accompany each bottle.

For sale by JOEL E GOODGION
G. W. DAVIS, Proprietor
Box 4520, New York Post Office.
March 29 4 tf

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the late firm of DEAN & GOODGION, either by Note or Account, are hereby notified to make immediate payment, or they will be transferred to an Officer for collection.
Oct 11 32—tf

Know Ye Not!

THAT a general assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Seeds, Perfumery, Brushes, Paints, Oils, &c, may be found at

FISHER & HEINITSH'S
August 2 22 tf

NOTICE.

HAVING determined to leave Spartanburg, I offer for sale my HOUSE AND LOT lying on Laurens Street, containing 2½ acres, well improved. Also, one BRICK BUILDING on Church Street. Any person can refer to my father, A. E. Smith, for particulars, as I shall be absent for a short time. Terms reasonable.

LEE L. SMITH.
August 30 26 tf

Strayed or Stolen

FROM the Subscriber, on Sunday morning, the 25th inst., a bright SORREL HORSE, hip-shot on the left side—back sore midway the saddle—age and height unknown. Any information concerning said horse will be thankfully received, and suitably rewarded by the undersigned, or J. C. Lanford, Woodruff's P. O., S. C.

Nov 29 39—tf W. C. SEXTON.

A PAGODA.

A MINIATURE WOOD