# THURSDAY, OCTOBER 16, 1856.

We are requested to state that Dr. Smith will deliver an address before the Young Ladies' Litarary Society, in the Chapel of the Female College, this (Thursday) evening, 16th instant. The public are luvited to attend.

DANCING.

Attention is directed to the Card of Madam Leonard, who is now ready to organize her second class in dancing. Her tirst gave general satisfaction.

# TURMPS.

We return our thanks to Mrs. J. W. Maxwell for a basket of fine large turnips, the growth of the present season. They are superior to any we have seen this fail.

## THE ELECTIONS.

We are compelled to go to press with our paper, so as to save the Columbia mail, without the returns -so slow do they come in. Enough is known, however, to render reasonably certain the election of the following members to the Legislature, viz: Messrs, J. W. Miller, O. E. Edwards, J. Winemith, O. P. Earle, Jos. Farrow.

Col. Orr, of course, has been chosen to Congress, as he has no opposition.

## NEW GOODS.

What does it all mean-where are the purchas ers to come from -and who is to find the money ? These were the excited words addressed to us by one of our old fogies, when conversing upon the immense stocks of new goods shelved in the stores of Bennett & Goss, Major Kirby, Foster & Judd. L. Bloomberg & Bro., Tolleson & Wingo, et id genus omne. And truly the alarm and excitement of an old inhabitant are neways absurd, if we judge by the past. It is no longer plains, kerseys, and domestics-prints, delaines, and merines. Of a truth these are there; but only to flank the centre of a host of brocades, silks, shalleys, and rich Parisienne dress goods, fit to grace the court of Eugenia or the coronation of the Autocrat of all the Russias. We suppose, however, that we old greasy. cuffed fogice may take it out in grumbling. The two colleges have introduced new manners, and new men and women, who will assert their vonth and its enjoyments. Pashions are coming amongst us-milliners are weaving boquets for ladies heads at the expense of men's hearts and purses, and retundity of person, more in accord with fashion than nature, must exhibit equal elaboration of ornament. Well, well; go your ways, buy what liketh you, and be grateful to God that he has given you the means of gratifying those desires of the eye, whose indulgence is not sinful when the heart is set on him su-

## THE RAILROAD.

The reader will find in another column the proceedings of the Stockholders of the Spartanburg and Union Railroad, at their meeting on the Sth and 9th instant, at Unionville, and will rejoice to know that, in the judgment of those most cornpetent to decide in such matters, something deci sive has at last been effected in the matter of raising money. Animated by sincere desire to perfeet some plan to build the road, the stockholders labored ardnously at several protracted sessions. After various suggestions fifteen or more wealthy stockholders, together with nearly all the directors, offered their private endorsements of bonds to the amount of \$100,000-the whole of which sum, when realized, to be applied to the completion of the road, and not to the liquidation of any debt. These bonds, thus secured, must rendily command sale at or near par, as they will rove a good investment. The creditors of the company, whether judgment or otherwise, have consented to receive the bonds of the company, unendorsed—thus relieving the road of a most signal subject of embartic subject subject of embartic subject atters which we have not entered into as they in way affect the facts stated. We have strong and carnest hope that the public spirit that dictated these measures will realize success, and that the unti- Jack. ring efforts of Mr. President Young will be crown- mated flesh is heir to, would soon be their portion, ed with such a result as his indomitable perseverance merits.

We are happy to learn that the Bridge is conpleted, and the trestle in such forwardness as to permit the trains to pass the river in a few weeks. Under the impetus of the late meeting we indulge belief that another year will find the road near our limits.

South Carolina Agriculturist, the Farmer and Planter, and the North Carolina Cultivator. Each

By-the-way, what has become of that independenble and ever-welcome exchange, The Soil of the South?

Blackwood for September,-Messrs, L. Scott & Co., New York, publishers. The contents are-1. The Scot Abroad-the Man of Diplomacy. 2. Sketches of the Way to Stockholm; 3. The Atheling, or the Three Gitts, part 4: 4. Sea Side Studies, part 2; 5. A Chapter on Peninsular Dogs; 6. Old Tower, a Brookside Di dogue; 7. The Poetry of Christian Art; 8. Macauley is truculent, questioning his historical accuracy in describing Scottish character and manners.

The Southern Light for October. This magazine, edited by E. L. Whatley, Edgefield, is growing in ability. If the publishers would only show equal improvement, we doubt not it would soon prove an attractive religious visitor to many a ocutre table.

# W. W. BOYCE.

This faithful and talented Representative from the middle district of this State addressed his constituents in Columbia, on Friday last, gave great entisfaction, and won anew the confidence of the people. Like Col. Orr he is for resistance in the event of the election of str. Fremont. Here is his

"If Fremont is elected, what are we to do? Shall we submit? I cannot speak for you, but for myself, I say ws Must Not. [Applause.] These people have abused and malignel us, and said that we are afraid to seadle. I trust in God there will be resistence made. If we are to become provinces, let us be so; but do not let us calculy submit to the degradation which Fremont's election would impose

[Applause.]
But I believe that when the South does rebel against the election of Fremont, the whole North will change its front. There are many who sup-port the freesoil candida e who are under the impression that we will take it easily and quietly, as they have been told by the politicians, who say our threats of disunon are humong, who, when they see we are really in corner, will change their tune immediately. They love freesoil, but they do not love it at the expense of their pockets. They will say, "you have deceived us; the South are in earn-

to justify differences." BLUE RINGE RAILROAD .- The Pickens Courier,

of Oct. 4, says:
"The people of the State generally will be interested to learn that the track of this road is being bid at the Anderson terminos. We also under that the road to Pendisson will be completed at the english period possible; any first of May next. We tward het the "fron horse" takes his way."

DISSOLUTION OF THE UNION

As the theught of dissolution occupies, at this time, the minds of most men, and widely different views are entertained of its practicability and the nodes of effecting such a result, we give the folowing communication from a correspondent of the Columbia Times -which that paper says comes from the pen of a gentleman of position and sterling integrity to the South and her institutions."

Vie repose very little confidence in specifics of any sart, whether designed to free animal life from disease and suffering, or the body politic from alse humors and dangerous excreseences. Difficulties may enter into the question of separation good or ill to grow out of the step is of but secon-Quincy Adams, we are content to do right, and and opinious. "leave consequences to God." M n who play the Stake of freedom or vassalage should suffer no consequences to clog their march. Animated by the neither am I a Fremont nor a Fillmore man, I

influence upon the issue.

It is not to be doubted that the disintegration of in every path of life. We partake not in the notion of peaceful separation. It cannot be, and those who ndulge this tancy hug delusion. The master secion possesses the power to embarrass and retard executed. And when did power ever voluntarily abdiente its prerogatives? The path we shall have to trend is one of difficulty and danger; but, once entered upon, half of these are surmounted. Let but the conflict come with a united South to breast the storm, and the hardy defenders of principle and of right will and must triumph over all opposition.

Many, however, entertain contrary views, and believe that a peaceful separation can be easily effected. To those we submit the plan below-and

all can medidate upon it with profit: MR Entron: In the event of Fremont's elec tion disunion may be considered as a fixed fact. Yet some persons tremble, or affect to tremble, at the prospect of so glorious a consummation. my mind the process is simple, and unattended with danger, provided the South will move simple. As soon, then, as the fact is known, o the triumph of the Black Republican candidate, le e Legislatures of all the slaveholding States b called together-let these Legislatures appoint or provide for the appointment of Delegates to a Cor vention to meet at some central point, say Milledge-ville, in Georgia—let this Convention proceed at once to form a Constitution for the Southern Con-federacy, taking as a basis the present Constitution of the United States, with such modifications and of the United States, with such amountain-amendments as will suit our changed or amstanees. All this can be done in sixty days. Let members to the Congress of the Sorthern Confed eracy be immediately elected. Let this Congress assumble at once and chaose a temporary President except to the power of the sword? of this Southern Confederacy, to hold office only until the muchinery of government can get under way, and the people can, in the regular mode, choose their President—let this Congress sho appoint a Commission to meet a similar Commission from the North to divide the public property, (the territories, forts, navel vessels. &c ) and apportion to each their share of the public debt. In the event of the refusal of the North todo this peaceably, let this t engrees throw upon the North the public debt, keep the territories, forts, dock vards, &c. in the South, and let us commence de novo, out of debt, entirely. This I think more desirable than to divide the navy, &c., and essume half of the public

Let this Congress also provide the nucleus of a standing army, around which, if necessary, the mil-itia can rally; let them also reorganize the militia, and provide for the reception of volunteers if any

should be needed. When it is remembered that the South can bring When it is remembered that the South can bring into the field half a million of fighting men, and men that will fight, without any domination of our agricultural resources; and that the raw material of the South, that will command money in the markets of the world, amounts annually, speaking in the south of the bounds of dollars. It is this not self evident from the history of the part? while that of the North does not exceed exity, and Who thought eight years ago that the abolitionists has thus stated its preference for pure Democracy while that of the North does not exceed exity, and that based mostly upon the raw material of the South, manufactured at the North, it will be seen at once, how great is our advantage and how cerer victory than to confine an army of Northern men in the swamps of the low country. Yellew-Jack, bilious tevers, and all the ills that unaccli-

So far as foreign and being turnshed the North is concerned, the idea is ridiculous. England, for nstance, and the North are rivals; both are manufacturing countries; while the South is purely agri-cultural, and miscs what both need, and which nether can do without. Take away our cotton, and he starving millions of operatives will overturn the British government in three months. They must be sed, and without cotton to manufacture, they will not have wherewith to buy meal, meat or pota-PERIODICALS.

tors. A starving man is a dangerous man, and starving millions step not in their manness at triffes. This the great statesmen of England know,

and they will never endanger their own safety-t use a vulgar phrase, "cut off their nose to spite their face." So far from this, if the South will form of these publications is valuable, and \$1 will insure with England a favorable commercial treaty, admit her goods at a less duty than those of the North, ill agree to fight our naval battles for us, and you and I perhaps may have the glarious pleasure of seeing Yankee ships whipped by British cruisers upon our own waters, and Yankee prizes brought

But, Mr. Editor, the separation, if the South will o in a body, must be peaceable. The capitalists f the North will not permit the receion to engage a war, which must be traitless of results, a Of the future of the South, and a separate Con ederacy, it were idle to talk. With two hundred millions worth of raw material, free trade and oper ports, no people on the face of this broad earth, in twenty years, could compare with us in wealth greatness and glosy. No imagination can conceive much less paint the picture.

In charity we can only suppose the purpose of lious. fanaticism to persevere in the election of Fremont, and abolitionists in Pennsylvania should carry that so that the section of the South may become a ne- State for Frement, or if Kentucky, Tennessee, an cossity without possible retreat. We hope in God that the Union, as now constituted, may not survive throw the election in the House, and secure Freshy one day the certainty of Fremont's election to

estin their threats of dismoon," and in three weeks forward most cheeringly. Their uniforms have upon the true doctrines, and based upon their knees begging been already ordered, and drill every Wednesday upon the true principles of our government; and if these men would be down on their knees begging been already ordered, and drill every Wednesday they had been recognised and acted upon years

sions docket of that district embraces about fifty tion and political jugglery. The constitution of the cases, charging certain individuals with all the Union, with the rights of the States preserved, would crimes, save murder, mentioned in the Decalogue. | now exist unsuffed, and continue for centuries to I derly community of Anderson I

The following iet ... from a gentleman State to a relative in Mississippi, has fallen into our hands, and, while we cannot entirely yield our judgment to all the epinions expressed, yet there is so much to reflect upon in the present crisis of na-

so much to reflect upon in the present crisis of national affairs, that we give it place most cheerfully:

I have been anxious to learn if you were still a "Know Nothing," and thought that in all probability, like the most of that party, you had receded or disappeared from under that cognomen, and would soon be visible in some other form."

\*\* We would not take an oath to pass whatever law the people desired, gave the first stroke to the downfail of this republic. Following this precedent was the tariff compromise of 1832; and then, to cap the climax of rum, was Donglass's Compromise of 1850, all of which treated the constitution as a mere thing of straw, to be blown about as the wind listed, provided it could wait some favorite doughfaced sychophant into power. Against all this Mr. alhoun and his party have fought from the beginning, and tional affairs, that we give it place most cheerfully: bility, like the most of that party, you had receded or disappeared from under that cognomen, and would

soon be visible in some other form," . My aim in politics, as in every thing else, is to culties may enter into the question of separation wholly unanticipated; but these should exert no lieve most calculated to promote the best interests of have been bunished from public estimation. But, marked influence upon it. The resort to such my country; and I beg you now to hunt up my old remedy must be a controlling necessity, and the etters, and with this, preserve them, and you will see ten years from now, if you live, that I have heredary importance. In the language of the late John | tofore been, and am now, right in my p edictions

spirit which animated our Revolutionary sires, we am a Sauthern man, with Southern feelings and should dare every peril, and wield every engine of sentiments, and as I have always told you, or at least for the last six years, I don't care the toss of a copper who is elected President of these United the confederacy will cause widespread convulsion States. He cannot after the inevitable tendency of things-he may hasten or retard it, as his proclivities to tree soilism or slavery predominate. Mark what I tell you, one of three things must take place in less than ten years from this date: First, either each step, and has nearly all to lose if the plan be the abolitionists and freesoilers must recede from their positions and give up their religion, (or rather fanaticism,) which is the entire abolition of slavery: or second, the South must agree to give up the slaves, and with them their independence and prosperity as a people; or, third, this Union must be

Now, in my humble judgment it is perfectly idie and absurd to say, after the experience of the last fore years that one or the other of these three things will not take place. In the very nature of things it cannot be avoided. It is a proposition the very statement of which proves itself-a political axiom which needs no other guaranty of its proof, han a continuance of the slar system; Which then is most likely to take place? Will the abolitionsts and fresoilers at audon their ground? Will they give up their religion, their morals, and their consentious scruples on the subject of African slavery! Would you or I were we among, and one of, them? We would not; and will you expect othes to do what your own sense of religion, honor and morality alse though it may be, would not allow you to dol Why, sir, they cannot do it-they would be torever disgraced and degraded in their own and the vorld's estimation if they were to abandon their higher law and anti-slavery sentiments and designs. In fact, was fanaticism ever known to yield

The first alternative then is impossible. Yes, sir norally, religiously and politically impossible !hink of that!-except by force, which is revolution

Well, then, will the South give up their slaves? and with them their bonsted institutions, glorious independence, and unparalleled prosperity and har piness? I ask the question, will they do it? Ought hey do? The question "ought they do it" in my mind is easily answered in the negative. The question "will they do it" is not so easily solved. There is a possibility that they might be forced to consent to it, but it is a bare possibility; which possibility, however, is increased to a probability every year, yes every month, they remain in this Union. The longe we remain in the Union as it is, the nearer does the possibility that the South will consent to a gradua; didate for the Presidency in 1856. It any did, it That of Black Republic many bold and daring indventurer, and an abolitionist, ready to attempt the wildest scheme of fanaticism. which proves how deeply seated is the abolition sen-

timent in the Northern mind.

But if the South refuse to give up their slaves, is Pect.' suppose that the wolf and the lamb would be down peace together, or that fire and powder could be axed without combustion. It is utlerly, yea, matu

Then, my dear brother, tell me, if you please. low can the election of Follmore "save the Union: Does he possess a supernatural power to chang the nature of the abiditionsis, and of the slaveholders, so as to make them unite in the faithful exe-

Sales which guaragtes slavery?

I grant you that Folimere is a good man, and an honest man; but do you believe there are any hopes of his election? And if there were, is he sufficient ly identified in feeling and sentiment with the axes himists to conclude and control, so as to restra-them, in their familieal efforts to abolish slavery, the South, and with the Democratic party, to pulsawn by force their lawless efforts, and thus has forever the fanatic cry of "freedom to the Africant" Ko, sir, neither he nor Buchanan, nor no othe man, can do it? And before God, Thebeve that nothe retard it, might postpone it four years; but prev it they never can. It is as certain as that you and I live, and I have no doubt the election of Fremont will hasten it; and the only question in my mind whether it would be best for it to take place not TO BE REGRETTED.

One of the editors of the Due West Telescope, with the initial H., (Rev. W. R. Hemphill,) after endorsing the plan of dissolving the Union to which we refer in another place, puts forward the following declaration of submission to free soil rule:

"Rest for our real result is a first would be best for it to take place now, four, or eight years hence. I honestly believe the sconer the better for all concerned. The more likely the two sections would be to agree upon some ameable terms of separation. Put it off, and feelings will become more and more embattered, and the difficulty of a settlement would necessarily necesse. That it would be best for it to take place now, four, or eight years hence. I honestly believe the sconer the better for all concerned. The more likely the two sections would be to agree upon some ameable terms of separation. Put it off, and feelings will become more and more embattered, and the difficulty of a settlement would necessarily necesse.

That it would be best for it to take place now, four, or eight years hence. I honestly believe the sconer the better for all concerned. The more likely the two sections would be to agree upon some ameable terms of separation. Put it off, and feelings will become more and more embattered, and the difficulty of a settlement would necessarily a cross. "But for our part we would be willing to try our triends at the North would be getting weaker. Fremont archite. If things did not work right under his rule the Southern Confederacy could be mont, yet I declare to you, I believe it would be a commenced at any day that we were ready, just as well as on the 3d of March, and Fremont could be sing to the South if he were elected because it would unite our people and lasten distanton, which is the only salvation to the South and her institu-

this conclusion to be a blind, to induce Northern I have no doubt, however, but what Buchanan a million. the Presidency, get a single State without a coalition of whi abolitionists, know nothings, et id owne gen NEW MILITARY COMPANY —The Laurensville Herald says a new uniformed company has been organized in that place, called the State Guards. We are glad to see such organizations springing up. They indicate a proper military spirit, and promise efficient and intelligent service. promise efficient and intelligent service.

The Morgan Rules, of our own town, are moving forward most cheeringly. Their uniforms have evening to perfect themselves in the rehoof of the soldier and company.

The Andersia True Garolinian says that the see-

We copy from the Unionville Journal the pro eedings of the meeting of the Stockholders in the partanhors and Union Bailrond, held in that vit. Webbers,

To the Stockholders of the Spartanburg and Union Railroad Company.

Gentlemen: The object of calling you together is for the purpose of laying before you the condition of our Company, which appears to our mind to be of a serious character. At our annual meeting in August, our monetary affairs were brought fully to your attention. They were referred to a commityour attention. They were referred to a committee, who recommended a plan, by which it was expected we could relieve the Company of their debts, in their present shape, as well as raise funds to continue the construction of the road. The resolution was adopted with great unanimity. It reads and his party have fought from the beginning, and like the good and virtuous Roman Senator Metellus, have been bonished from public estimation. But, thank God, like Metellus again, the people at the as follows:
"Kesoiged, That the Direction be authorized to Thorns, South, at least, will recall them to the head of affairs, and that at no distant day. The time is coming.

Connecticut Election .- New York, Oct. 11. -Returns from the local election in Connecticut how that the Democrats are considerably aboad. FLORIDA ELECTIONS -- MOBILE, Oct. 10 .-- Reurns from Madison, Columbia, Jackson, Hamilton. Walton, and other counties of Middle Florida, give urity offered to you is undoubtedly good; for in arge American majorities, and whether Demo rats or Americans have carried the State is mut er of great doubt. Private despatches, however

KENTUCKY .- LOUISVILLE, Oct. 8 .- The Execu ve American Committee has completed a register of the votes of the State, and pronounced the re-

sult as certain for Fillmore. MASSACHUZETTS.-SPRINGFIELD, Oct 9 -Th Buchanan, Fillmore, and Whig parties coalesced here to-day upon the county and Congressional nominations. Wm. C. Fowler, a bunker Whig, was nominated for Congress.

onfidently assert that it has gone for the Deme

try, the ambition of a Henry Chry, who sought rather

to please the people than to adhere to principle, brought about the abominable Missouri Compromise, which, like the policy of Caius Marius, the Roman

Consul, that expelled every member from the Sen-ate who would not take an eath to pass whatever law

and is even now upon us, when Mr. Calhoun's State Right- doctrines will be regarded as the true

not be an old man before all these things will co

POLITICAL MATTERS.

PENNSYLVANIA. - An immease gathering of the riends of Fillmore took place in Philadelphia on the 9th. The friends of this candidate boldly claim the electoral vote of Pennsylvania, which we do no admit, unless by coalition with Fremont.

On the 8th instant a Democratic meeting was seld in Lancaster, Pa., the home of Jas. Buchanan at which 30,000 persons were present.

MARYLAND - An election for Mayor and cor il came off in Baltimore on the 8th. The Ameri ean candidate-Thomas Swann-beat his Demo eratic opponent, it is reported. American vote in 17 wards 12,627; Democratic vote 11,600. The Sth ward has a reported majority for Swann of 100. Scenes of mob violence and bloodshed, s mon in Baltimore, marked this election.

DELAWARE .- A local election for inspectors as sessors took place on the 7th. The returns indiate the Democrats largely in the ascendant,

Onto. -Stupendous efforts are concentrated of is State. Meetings and demonstrations are everywhere being held, and foreign orators of a hades of sentiment are baranguing the people. Ex-Gov. Chase, abolitionist, whether sincerely or no nunot be known here, writes to a gentleman in New York: "Unless men and money in abun ance are sent us, the State is lost "

KANSAS -The St. Louis Republican says the Free State party of Kansas run no ticket for Congrees or the Territorial Legislature.

## FRENCH PREFERENCE.

It will be granfying to the frends of constitution il liberty at the South to learn that the Courier des Etate Unis, an note French journal published in New York, has abandoned its neutral position in retion to the Presidency, and in an elaborate arricle over lastard Republicanism, hoisting at the same

In fact, the Democratic party is the only one of those how existing which has been provat, and from which we know what we have to ex-

there any other alternative but distinued. Do you need any other testimony that abolitousin and shavery cannot dwell together in unity and peace, than Laurens, tired of waiting the co-operation of Spair tanburg, have appropriated \$750 to build a bridge

intere to Lourens.

The bark Panchita, a slaver, was seized at New York on the 8th.

ention of the present Constitution of the United in Such a display was never before seen in the

at Harrisburg, Pa., to effect a fusion. The cheat being discovered, the fusion failed.

A boxed up negro was discovered recently on board the steamer Rosnoke, at New York from Riemmond. The vessel dropped into the stream and put the mative on board a Richmond packet.

In a difficulty between two South Carolinians, at | then Lecompton, Aug. 25, Frank O. Wells shot Geo. himself up to justice.

Gov. Adams offers a reward of \$250 for the ar-

occurred at Orangeburg, on the 3d instant. The it's tree-sory that we raise money. How is to be

been detected in forging the names of Ph lps.

Dodge, & Co., to the extent of \$30,000. Other torgeries are rumored in Wall Street to nearly half a milhon.

The analysis of the interpret to its completion. We appeal to the sound, precised common sense of every stockholder, for the necessity of a final decision. Shall we have the money, or shall we make an assignment JOHN L. YOUNG, Pres't.

Cleveland, Ohio; Rockingham, Va.; and in the mountains of North Carolina.

position to join the Direction in guaranteeing the payment of Bonds to the amount of \$100,000; Thos. Lyles, Dr. P. M. Wallace, W. J. Allston, mountains of North Carolina.

A hog was exhibited at Chilocothe, Ohio, two

The Mobile Register recommends that in the event of Fremont's election, the Southern member, of Congress, instead of going to Washingtons W. Parr, D. Gondelock, A. W. Thomson. should repair to their respective State capitals, and

In the Episcopal Convention a resolution was introduced to reform church music. Dr. Hawkes warmly seconded the movement, and said he had sometimes passed out of church to the sound of very well for a lively march. Nor GULLY -On the 9th instant at Union

Court, Judge Wahers presiding, James Ison, ir., was tried for the murder of Geo. Clark. The jury returned a verdiet of not guilty.

RAILKOAD MEETING.

lage on the 8th instant:

Greens,

Bivingsville

G. Springs

Johnson's,

Cross Anchor

Rolling Mill,

Lanhams, Limestone Springs,

For Congress-JAMES

issue \$500,000 in Bonds of \$500 each, payable Gentrys, \$150,000 in 10 years, and the remainder in 20, 22 Grassy F state of the separate property of the Company be given to secure the payment of the same. And that they be sold to stockholders and oreditors, (except those who contracted to take Bands at par,) at this time Vernonville, Union doctrines, a departure from which will be seen to be the prime cause of the dissolution of this Union. Mark what I say, Time is the best teacher, and proves all things, and if you live you will at 80 cents on the dollar."

This proposition, on the part of the Company to the stockholders, was thought at the time to be a beral one. It was offering a per cent, for the loan, which is much higher than an average made on your other investments. It goes further; it is calculated to benefit you in every way, in the enhanced value of your lands—the enhanced value of your stock—and the advantages of a Railroad. The sedependent of the whole capital stock, already in-vested, the ionn itself is to be invested on the road,

and will become your security.
Subscription papers were made out, and given to ommittees appointed for the purpose of canvassing he Districts. The report of a majority of them eads us to believe that the lean will not be taken the stockholders! We asked you in August for

loan of \$100,000, for the following reasons:
It was thought that this amount added, to the cash assets then at our command, would be suffi-ment to purch se iron to bring it to Unionville, a ont where it might command a freight and pas-enger traffic sufficient to pay all expenses, as well a the interest on the Bonds. In the meantime, while we were building the road to this place, the debts due the Company might be collected or con-verted into requisitions, which would reduce our debt, comparatively speaking, to a small amount. This amount could have been converted int Bonds. Thus the finances of our Company would have been placed in a sound and healthy condition, ud its credit re established.

Viewed in this light, no one can doubt the im-

ortance of the measure, for the interest of the tockholder-a failure to advance promptly the dle to hope, in our present situation, that we can succeed in negotiating Bonds to strangers, until we have proven to them that we have confidence in the investment. That proof must be afforded by a lib-

eral subscription on our part.
It is difficult, in a report, to meet the many oboctions urged by the stockholders, why they do not take our Bonds. The length of time they have o tun was the principal objection at our annual neeting. It is a great mistake, to say that those who invest their money in Bonds will have to was en, twenty or twenty-two years, before they can get heir money. There is no reason why they should not pass from hand to hand, in the same way as cank notes! On our part, we only request that til we are able to dispose of our issue. The amount you might feel it your interest to take would circuite among you in the same manner as large bank otes, with security equally good, and better that

fl, we must have your confidence; if you have con lenee, you can ruse us the money!

When the road is finished to Unionville, (40

niles,) we might safely say, that we should not have a larger dubt than \$250,000, all a bonded lebt, on which we should have to pay \$17,500 in-

rmp tent to pay double this arrount.

The \$250,000 of our bonds remaining on band could be ample to build the road to Spartanburg. and piece on it the necessary equipment and work-shops. We would be able at once to give you all the advantages resulting from a well built and well equipped road. Would pay you the interest on time the Buchanan and Brecking alge flag:

"Between the three banners our choice is fixed. That of Black Republic mism is the symbol of intestine strike, and carries por haps distance in its folds. That of Know Northerson has adopted as its motion, lights and carries por haps distance in its folds. That of Know Northerson has adopted as its motion, lights and carries and harred or the foreigner. The Demogratic hanner, on the contrary, at the safeguard of the folds respectively.

May, 1856, but we were at their meeting; our reed lection is that it was an increase over the perceding year. If the G. and C. R. R. can make these

Herald thinks all the benefits of this bridge will which was asked for in August, to carry out the views already presented, induces us to call you to gether, to ascertain your determination. We think now, that we shall not be able to make the same York on the 8th.

The National Agricultural Fair opened at Philadelphia on the 7th. Over 100,000 persons visited it. Such a display was never before seen in the Philadelphia on the 7th. Over 100,000 persons visited it. Such a display was never before seen in the Philadelphia of the Courts of Common Pleus, at Spartansetings of the Courts of Common Pleus, at Spartansetings of the Courts of Common Pleus, at Spartansetings of the Courts of Common Pleus, at Spartansetings. By translatent notice the Fremont and Fillmore
Size Committees were part ally brought together

Committees were part ally brought together

At that time it was understood that arrange meats could be made with a large proportion of the debts saed on, to take our bouds; our information much more as our strength will allow us W. King. He died the next day. Wells gave who have such as and while se are paying others,

Gov. Adams offers a reward of \$250 for the ar-rest of the murderer of James A. McGrew, which build the road, or shall we aband in it? If we build

This week we must make a united effort and George W. Johnson, a Mississippi planter, lately deceased, manumitted, for Liberia, 200 slaves.

The Astor, Globe, and International Insurance to place the ban—a failure to do so will reader it necessary for us to ask of you permission to carry out a promise when are the ban and to many of our creditors, to place then on an equality with those who are The Astor, Gi-be, and International Insurance to place them on an equality with those who are Companies, of New York, have suspended, with Proposed of resumption.

Proof and Botts, of Richmond, who went to Maryland to fight a dark, were arrested on the ground and escorted back to Richmond.

Charles B. Huttington, a New York broker, has

On the 1st October snow fell in Chicago, Illinois. The following stockholders accorded to the pro-A hog was exhibited at Chiliscothe, Ohio, two years and three months old, weighing 1,135 pounds.

The Mobile Register recommends that in the

A portion of the ereditors expressed in writing their willingness to receive the bonds of the Com pany in payment or part payment of their debts, and the Board of Directors were instructed to car-

contemplated arrangement between the creditors of the Company, and the gazrantics of the bends of upon the true principles of our government; and if sometimes passed out of church to the sound of the Company, to the amount on one hundred thousand, both North and South such a thing we are strains (rom the organ that would have answered sand dollars, failing to be effected by the President and Directors of the Company, that the President is hereby authorized to confess a judgment for the benefit of all the creditors.

Elections were held on Tuesday in Penusylvania, Ohio, and Indiana. The returns, when they reach verify a pretty condition of things in the usually orderly community of Anderson 1

The tax returns of North Corolina for the fiscal
year just ended show an aggregate of \$363,804—
will store in the Presidential election on the 4th of
the States and the peace and happeness of the counan increase of \$70,509 on the former year.

November. ns, will afford some index of the way those States

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The following, the London			OBITUARY.				
COMPANY SALES AND							

of Heaven."

Globe says, was posted-up and extensively circul at the recent Wilmslow races in England :

Returns of the Election for the Logislature, hold October Il

"John Fletcher, King's Head Inn, feels grea "John Fletcher, King's Head Inn, feels great pleasure in announcing to his numerous friends and visitors to Wilmslow Races, that he has secured the services of John Smath, of Dudley, the executioner of the late William Palmer at Stafford; and also been fortunate, through a friend, of procuring from Liverpool a cast of his face and features, forming an exact model of the culprit, dressed in corresponding clothes as he appeared on the morning of execution. There will be scaffold and beam, with a company of trained officials, who will perform and go through the ceremony of hanging twice each morning of the he ceremony of hanging twice each morning of th races, performance commencing at 10 and 12 o'clock. Admission 1s each, 6d to be returned in

This reminds us of a recent incident near home when, during the hanging of a fellow erenture some scamp announced to the public, through written notices, that shortly after the execution he would afford them an opportunity of seeing the grand sport of bear-bating.

IMPORTANT FROM KANSAS.—The latest news we ave received from Kansas, via Chicago, up to the 5th instant, states that private advices received there from Kansas mention a rumor that Governor Rob ed under Harvey, at Hickory Point, have all beer

committed on the charge of murder.

Every stage and conveyance into the Territory crowded with settlers returning to their claim m which they were driven by Lane. Governor Geary is discharging his duty with

A letter published in the St. Louis Democrat dated Lawrence, Oct. 4th, says a convention has been called at Topeka, on the 30th to form a re ng the strength of the party. If the ticket is elected, and Kansas should be admitted as a State December, the Electors will ask seats in the Electoral College. The pro-slavery party are expected to nominate Fillmore and Buel ral tickets .- Carolina Times.

NICARAGUA,-In a private letter, received by th Ast arrival, from an intelligent friend a starrival, from an intelligent friends. Grenada, we note the following passages: "Most emphatically, Gen Walker should be called the man of silence. He sees everything, hears everything, reads everything, and, if what everybody says is to be credited, knows everything

but says nothing.
"Everything is quiet here. Since the execution of Salazir, the temper of Leon and elsewhere onewhat lowered. It is the general impression here, and I think not without foundation, that there will be no more fighting within the State. No urrivals of troops to sufficient numbers from the United States will, I feel sure, by the trump that will he rald the inv sion of Costa Rea and the States. The season is getting quite healthy. "Mr. Soule has purch sed a haccenda, at

tends living here. I think he will be made S cretary State. This plone speaks volumes for march is onward." - New Orleans True Delta.

IMPORTANT UKASE .- The Chir has signal foundation for great reforms. The following nodal for all who took part, directly or indirectly a the war. Freedom from military service for tour years throughout the empire. A most equipple as sessment of the poll tax. The Empirer accords in amuesty to the polycal offenders of 1826 and 1831 All the Jews of the empire are freed from the spe ind burdens of the recomment that still appressed from. The children of soldiers that were brought up by the State, and as such formed part hithered the army, in which they were bound to serve as

Hotts and Pryor have been held to bail at Rich

BUNNETS, RIBBONS, AND FLOWERS. MRS. M. C. WALTER has returned from the North, with a full and rich assertment of

Millinery, consisting of White and Colored STRAW, Solk Velvet and Satin BONNETS, all of the most fash ionable Styles. Clara Kean Headdress's, Brida the Hair, Har Braids for back and front. All to had on the most reasonable terms.

Corsets made to order. 137 RICHARDSON STREET. Columbia, S. C. 34 2mos

## ACARD. J. POREST GOWAN.

DAGUERREOTYPE, AMBROTYPE and PROTO GRAPHIC Artist, from Charleston, S. C. WOULD inform the citizens of Spartanba that he will be here on the first day of NO VEMBER, for the purpose of practicing the above

Apparatus, superfine chemicals and original process, he leels assured that he can produce most artistic effects. Persons in want a faithful and life-like pinture are requested to wait his arrival,

PHOTOGRAPHS, which no other Artist can possibly produce, unless by the aid of Mr. Gowan's Receipts, will be taken t moderate rates for such as wish them. Should ie people give him their patronage he will intro

NEW STYLE OF PICTURE, which only two other Artists are able to Daguerreotypes taken by the COLLODION PROCESS

BROTYPES taken upon TIN. GLASS. OR WOOD. The patronage of Spartanburg is very respectfully solleited. Oct. 16 34 tf.

never before heard of in America, and will no

therefore be believed until proven. Also, AM-

In EQUITY-Spartanburg. Wm. A Young and others, vs. Lucinda Parham

Bill for Partition. IN Obedience to an order of the Court in this case, I will sell at Spartanburg, C. H., on Salesday next, all that tract of Land, whereon Parmelia Parham formerly lived, adjoining lands of Wm. A. Young, and others, containing ninety acres, more or less, together with two negro then John and Sampson, formerly belonging to Golding Tinsley, doo'd

Terms of sale, one third cash, and the remainder at twelve months, with interest from date; costs of papers to be paid down.
THO, O. P. VERNON,

Ont 16 34 th

Died, on the 30th September, ELIZABETH ANGELITA, second daughter of G. A. and A. F. Smith, aged 3 years and 10 months.

"Jesus said, Suffer little children to come unto me, and forbid them not, for of such is the kingdom.

## COMMERCIAL.

Review of the Columbia Market, for the week ending Oct. 11, '58, by Barkuiso & Waidell, Cotton Factors, Columbia, S. C. COTTON.—There has been an animated demand

or this article during the week, ending with a better supply on the market. Sales have amor 1,520 bales. Prices have advanced an h a 2 over our last quotations, the market closing firmly at middling 10 a 11, Fair 11 a 12; Good Middling 11 a 11; choice 12 a 12; none of the lower grades offered.

Export from the United States to Oct. 8th Same time '55,

ne '55, Export from 1st to 30th Sept. 1856. Cotton, bales, 8,208 Bacon.-We have no quotable change to notin the Bacon market, the market is steady and

quiet, at sides clear 12 a 124, ribbed 114 a 114; houlders 91 a 10. Hams 12 a 124. FLOUR.-The market continues well supplied with Flour, and the sales of the week under r. va w have been made at figures noticed in our circular of the 4th inst., viz fine family in sacks ut \$3.25 a 362.

and in barrels at \$7.25 a 7.75. Conn.-The market continues firm at our former quotations of 90 a 95 per bushel, and a few choice lots have changed hands at \$1.00 per bushel. We note sale in New Orleans of 1500 sacks at 68 a 70c, and in New York of 115,000 bushels, at for Prime Western Mixed 65 a 66; for white Southern

70 a 76; for Yellow do 70 a 71. PEAS-We have no transactions of consequen note in this article, and continue to quote 50 a 55

OATS-Are in fair demand, at 60 a 62 pe ushel Bagging-Gunny .- The sales of Bugging have een large, and the market closed film at 22c per

ard. Rope 124 a 15e per lb. Sugan .- C. Yellow 9 a 101; Crushed 124 a 15c Molastes, W. L. 45 a 48c; N. Orleans 65c per gal-

lon. Salt \$1,50 a 1,60 per sack. on. Salt \$1.50 a 1.60 per sack.

CHARLESTON MARKET — Cetton—Sales of the work \$50 latter, at an advance of \$ a 4 — midding upland 12 a 124 — Fair 124. Corn in bulk 68 a 75; bags 75 a 80. Wheat at a stand and not queable, as there are neither sales nor arrivals. Four olic as there are nother sales nor arrivals. Flour of a 74-bag s32 a 34. Mola-ses-N. O. 58 a 6 -Cuba 40 a 41. Cuba Sugar 94 a 94. Salt 85 and 90.

### LIMESTONE SPRINGS FEMALE HIGH SCHOOL.

CONCERT -A Concert well be given by the Pup Is and Music Teachers of this Institution on THURSDAY, the 23d inst., to which the friends at the School, are respectfully invited. To comnence at 7 o'clock, P. M. Oet 16 34 1t

### M DAME LEONARD'S Second Session will commence on Saturday, October 25. All those wishing to attend will please hand in their names as soon as possible. Hours for Ladies 4, P. M.

DANCING! DANCING!

Gents 8, P. M. J. S. LEONARD, Oct 16 34 H Director. ANOTHER LETTER FROM TEXAS. TRAVIS, Co., TEXAS, Aug. 15, 1854. Messrs. Fleming Brothers .- Dear Sirs :- There vere several cases of Chills and Fever in my mothr's family at the time we received the M'Lane's Liver Pills ordered in my letter of June 12th,

and a few doses administered in each case produced the desired effect, thus demonstrating the efficiency of these celebrated Pitts in that disease. Mother has not been troubled with the sick headche since she has commenced taking these Pills, and as we have but few of them left, you will please

send us another dollar's worth. Direct, as before, to Austin, Texas. Respectfully yours. MEREDITH W. HENRY. Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS. manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pirrs-BURGH, PA. There are other Pills purporting to be Liver Pill- now before the public. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Liver Pills, also his celebrated Vermifuge. can now be had at all respectable drug stores.

### [27] Oct. 16 34 1t FLEMING BROS. SUPERIOR PIANOS.

None genuine without the signature of

The Undersigned, Professor of Music, etc., at he Sparianburg Female College, respectfully informs the Public, that he is the agent of LIGHTB, NEWTON. & BRADBURY'S PIANOS which rank now among the very best. Warranted, and furnished at the factory price. Some Specimens can be seen at the Female Col-

E. M. EDWARDY. 31 Sept. 25

Ambrotypins. L. A. GREEN has just returned to his Daguer rean Rooms, on Church Street, and is prepared to take AMBROTYPES, or pictures on glass-a new feature in the Daguerrean art-in the most approved style. They are taken in a moment of time, clear or cloudy, early or late. The impression is imperishable, not affected by water, light, or the touch. They are far superior to Daguerreotypes. Call and see them. I will remain in town some two or three weeks longer, and if any one wishes to earn the new art, I can learn them much quicker

## than Daguerreotyping. May 15 12 APPLICATION FOR CHARTER,

Notice is hereby given that the Philadelphi Baptist Church, Spartanburg district, will apply at the next session of the Legislature of South Caro-

hna for an act of incorporation.
Aug. 14 25 Aug. 14