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out 1980 giralcoling missag wor slies Devoted to Tews. Politics, at Intelligence, and the Improvement of the State and Country.

JOHN C. BAILEY, EDITOR & PRO'R.

GREENVILLE. SOUTH CAROLINA, APRIL 24. 1872: odd of feelbook to able tentions off and stone bequal of at all

R. R. R. A Shall Radway's Ready Relief In from One to Twenty Minutes.

NOT ONE HOUR
after reading this advertisement need any
one suffer with pain.
Radway's Ready Relief is a cure for every
pain. It was the first and is THE ONLY PAIN R MEDY that instantly stops the most exeruciating pains, allays imflamations, and cures con-gestions, whether of the lung; stomach, bowels, or other glands or organs, by one

bowels, or other glands or orgens, by one application.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF
Will afford instant ease. Inflammation of the Kidneys, inflammation of the Bladder, inflammation of the Bladder, inflammation of the Bowels, Conjustion of the Laures, Sore Throat, Difficult Breathing, Palpitation of the Heart, Byster es, Croup, Diphtheria, Catarrh, Influenza, Headache, Tooothache, Neuralgia, Rheuma ism, Cold Chills, Ague Chills.

The application of the Beady Relief to the part or parts where the pain or difficulty exists will afford ease and comfort.

Twenty drops in half a tumblet of water will in a few moments cure Cramps, Spasma, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Sick Readache. Diarrhea, Dysentery, Colle, wind in the Bowels, and all Internal Pains.

Travelers should always carry a bottle of

Travelerationed always carry a bottle of Radway's Brady Relief with them. A few drops in water will prevent sickness or pains from change of water. It is better than French Brandy or Bitters as a stimu-

FEVER AND AGUE. Fever and Ague cured for fifty cents.— There is not a remedial agent in this world that will cure Fever and Ague, and all oth er Malarious, Bilous, Scarlet, Typhoid, Yellow, and other Fevers (aided by Rad-way's Pills) so quick as Radway's Ready Relief. Fifty cents per bottle.

HEALTH! BEAUTY!! Strong and Pure Rich Blood-Increase of Flesh and Weight-Clear Skiu and beautiful Complexion se-cured to all.

DR. RADWAY'S SARSAPA-

RILLIAN RESOLVENT Not only does the Sarsaparillian Resolvent excel all known remedial agents in the cure of Chronic, Serofulous, Constitutional. and Skin diseases; but it is the valv positive cure for Kidney and Bladder complaints, Urinery and Womb diseases Gravel, Diabetes, Dropsy, Stoppage of Water,
Incontinence of Urine, Bright's Disease,
Albumhuria, and in all cases where there
are brick dust deposits, or the water is
thick, cloudy, mixed with substances like
the white of an egg or threads like white the white of an egg, or threads like white silk, or where is a morbid, dark, i i lous ap pearance, and white bone dust deposits, and when there is a pricking, burning sensation when passing water, and pain in the Small of the Back and along the Loins,

Dr. Radway's Perfect Purgative Pills, Perfectly tax cless, elegantly could with sweet gum, purge, regulate purity cleans and strengthen. Radway's Pills, for the and strengthen. Radway's Pills, for the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous diseases, Headache, Constipation, Co-tiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Bittonsness Bilions Fever, Inflamation of the Bowels, I iles, and sail Decangements of the Internal Viscera, Warranted to effect a positive cur. Purselly Vegetable, constitute to the Constitution of the Constitution of the Internal Viscera, Warranted to effect a positive cur. ly Vegetable, containing no mercury, min-erals, or deleterious drugs.

Observe the following symptoms resulting from Disorders of the Digestive Organs, Constipation, Inward Piles, Fillness of the Blood in the Head. Ac dity of the Stone sch, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust of Facel Fullness or Weight in the Stom ch, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Flutterin; at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Hend, Hurried and Difficult Breathing.

A few does of Radway's this will frethe system from all the above named disorders. Price, 25 cents per Box. Sold b.

ter stamp to RADWAY & CO., No. 87 Man den Lane, New York. Information worthhousands will be rent you.

July 26 12 1v



ROPERTIES & A PLEASANT DRINK . These Bitters are positively invaluable in

ALESKIN DISEASES & ERUPTIONS . They purify the system, and will cure DYSPEPSIA & GENERAL DEBILITY. NERVOUS DISEASES LIVER COMPLAINT

and are a preventive of Chills and Fever. SES OF THE KIDNEY& BLADDER All yield to their powerful efficacy.

ARE GOOD FORTHE MENTAL ORGANIZATION Are an antidote to change of Water and Diet. THEY WILL RESTORE YOUTHFUL VICO to the wasted frame, and correct all RREGULARITY OF THE BOWELS.
Will save days of suffering to the seek, and LEVER WELL PEOP The grand Panacea for all the ills of life,





MANUFACTURER, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL Liquor Dealer, Oct 18 COLUMBIA, S. C.

SUBSCRIPTION Two Dollars per annum.

ADVERTISHENTS inserted at the rates of one dollar per square of twelve Minion lines (this size i type) or less for the first insertion, fifty cents each for the second and third insertions, and twenty-five cents for subsequent insertions. Yearly contracts will be made.

All advertisements must have the number of insertions marked on them, or they will be inserted till ordered out, and charged for.

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Oblitary notices, and all matters intring to the benefit of any one, are regarded as Advertisements.

BURT & GRAY. ATTORNEYS AT LAW

SOLICITORS IN EQUITY, GREENVILLE. S. C., Will Practice in the Courts of this State and the United States.

OFFICE.—Rear room of New Court House Mar 20, 1872.

C. C. Stephens. attorney at law. Greenville, s. c. OFFICE IN REAR OF BEATTIE'S STORE. Prompt attention given to Collec-

Jan 31, 1872. 39 E. P. JONES.

ATTORIVEY AT LAW, WILL PRACTICE IN ALL

COURTS OF THIS STATE IN THE UNITED STATES COURTS. Office at Greenville C. H., S. C. July 1, 1869.

BUTLER & McBEE. Attorneys and Counsellors at Law and in Equity,

GREENVILLE, S. C., Will Practice in the Courts of the State and of the United States.

G. G. WELLS.

EASLEY & WELLS.

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DRACTICE in the Courts of the State and of the United States, and give especial attention to cases in Bankruptcy.



the Stomach and Liver as to make Constipation and Billiousness impossible; reinforces the System so it can tide over bad results of changing climate, water, &c., and better endure the demands often unexpectedly made on its Force and Energy. Ladies in delicate health, aged persons, and all emacia ated and weak after sickness, will exhibit astrengthen by (Shape of the Bottle) rapidly strengthen by

MONEY CANNOT BUY IT: FOR SIGHT IS PRICELESS!! BUT THE DIAMOND SPECTA CLES WILL PRESERVE IT.



If You Value Your Eyesigh USE THESE

PERFECT LENSES. ROUND FROM MINUTE CRYSTAL PEBBLES. Melted together, and derive their name Diamond on account of their Hardnes-d Brilliancy. They will last many year-without change, and are warranted superi-r to all others, manufactured by LE. SPENSER & CO., N. Y.

CAUTION - None genuine unless stamped J. C. C. TURNER, Sole Agent

From whom they can only be obtained .. Peplers employed. May 10

Edmonds T. Brown



48 HAYNE STREET. OPPOSITE CHARLESTON HOTEL CHARLESTON, S. C. off error True Ball says the

Tue New York pictorials still team with what purports to belong a vings of Lowery in a cotton factory, owned by a might be difficult to find experts to murder and his gang, lucluding H. B.'s widow.

REMINISCENCES

PUBLIC MEN.

BY EX GOVERNOR B. F. PERRY. nd Marshal Derrom not being per

[CONTINUED FROM LAST WEEK.] WILLIAM BATES.

This remarkable man, and most worthy and estimable gentleman, is entitled to a place in my "Re miniscences of Greenville;" but as they have been suspended for the present, I will give him a place amongst the public men, whom I

have been remembering.
Although not a public man, for he never filled, or aspired to any of-ficial station, William Bates contri-buted far more to the material prosperity of his country, than thousands who have filled public offices and gained great distinction. He was one of the pioneers in the manufacture of cotton in the South. ern States, and with great skill, energy and industry, he mainly assisted in building up cotton factories in Spartanburg, Laurens and Greenville Districts. These factories ries have given employment to hundreds and thousands of poor families since the year 1819, when he entered the Weaver Facory, on Tyger River, in Spartan burg District, a poor and friend-less boy. These factories have likewise contributed largely to the wealth and convenience of the whole upper country. They have also encouraged the erection of others in the middle districts, and in Georgia, North Carolina, Ten-

nessee and other States. Mr. Bates was born in Ruode Island, in the year 1800, and was seventy two years old at his death, a week or two since. His father was a farmer, living twenty ordinary indeed this great machinmiles west of Providence, and at the early age of eight years, he and clever talker, and the owner was placed in the cotton factory of ot a large fortune, made by his Messis. Green, of Rhode Island. which was the second establishment, of the kind, ever operated in the United States. The first, being that of the Stater's, I cated in Pawtucket, Rhode Island, or what is now known as North I rovi dence. Mr. Bates visite i this factory in 1865, and was much interry and woven by the women on

Atter working three years in ted De Wolf, well known as a United States Senator and slave trader. He had many vessels enust before this most nefarious busmess was prohibited by the Fed eral constitution. Again Mr. Bates changed his factory, and worked in that of Sprague's, the grandiather of the present United States Senator, from Rhode Island, and the largest cotton manufactur

this time in the U ited States .-The demand for cotton goods during the war of 1812, was so great, said Mr. Bates, that the factory was run day and night, and never stopped even on Sunday. It would seem that a change had come over the puritanic spirit of New En gland, from the time they fined a man for kissing his wife on the Sabbath, and whipped their beer barrels for working on Sunday.

In 1819, as I have already said, Mr. Bates come to the Weaver factory, near Cross Anchor, the only factory at that time in South Carolina, propelled by water-pow-He started from Rhode Isand with \$17 in his pockets, all old. When he landed in Charles ton, he had only two dollars to pay his way to Spartanburg. This was very soon exhausted, and on his way to Columbia, ne sord tris over coat for seven dollars, to the stage driver, which cost him twenty one ful. dollars. With this increase of his funds, he made his way to what is now known as the Burrit Factory in Spartanburg. After working there two years, for which he never received a cent, he went into the factory of Hill and Clark, on the Tyger River. There he stayed two or three years, saved five or six bundred dollars, and mar

returned again to South Carolina, and bought John Weaver's facto-ry at Sheriff's sale, in the upper part of Greenville district. Thence he moved to Lester's factory, and formed a partnership with Kilgore and Laster ... Then he exchanged his interest in Lester's factory for Kilgore's property on Rocky Creek, where he founded "Bates ville," and in partnership with Messre, Cox and Hammett, carried ou a most successful business for many years. During the late civil war, Batesville was sold by the proprietors for three hundred and forty thousand dollars, to a company organized in Charleston, of which the Hon. George Tren-holm was the principal capitalist.

as a beautiful little village. If he stops to see the cotton factory, be will find everything constructed with skill and taste, with all the improvements of the present time. The large sum for which Bates ville was sold, was mostly invested in lands in Greenville and Southwestern Georgia.

I have said Mr. Bates was a remarkable man. Indeed he was. versed well, spoke correctly, and had, as I have said, a most extra ordinary mechanical talent. He kitchen and dining room were all was a practical and successful farmer after he disposed of the Batesville factory. In politics, he always seemed well posted. And yet strange to say, and most extraist, successful farmer, wise man own honest industry, could neither read nor write. It is true that he could sign his name mechanically, could only clasp the waiting angel but not another word could he to my bosom, thus showing to her write.

I knew Mr. Bates well for forty

years past, and we were fast triends during all that time. He was a man of great integrity of ested in examining its machinery, character, and most worthy and and comparing it with the improvent of the present day. The factories of the Slater's and Green's which would be likely to attract at that time, 1808, made only notice in a crowd of strangers, for parns. There were no power its intelligence and probity. He yarns were sold through the coun man. And for a half century, a member of the Methodis: Church, which he joined in North Caroli na. His memory deserves to be Green's factory, Mr. Bates become cherished as that of a public benean operator in that of the celebra- factor. His life and success in life, is a telling illustration of what in dustry, energy and honesty will do in the business of the world. It gaged in the African slave trade, is an example worthy of all imptation. He was unfortunate in first setting out in life, by losing all compensation for two years' services. He was again unfortunate in his partnership in the Rabuns Creek tactory, But instead of drowning cares in spirits, and iding away his time as a loafer,

he went to Work again, and finally achieved success by his indomitable energy and perseverance. No man who is industrious and sober need fear success in life, and with out these virtues few, very few, can succeed in any business.

That Mr. Lintes should have been born and brought up in New England, where education is almost universal, without being sent to school at all, is very surpleing. Inat he should not have acquired the rudiments of education in after hit, with his great intelligence, industry, energy and souriety, is still more remarkable. I was not aware of this fact, fill after the death of Mr. Bates, although, as I have stated, we were fast friends for upwards of forty years. And I doubt whether it was known generally by his friends and acqualitances. This only makes his success in life the more wonder-

CONTINUED NEXT WEEK. THAT bulwark of liberty, trial by jury, appears to be in danger, if not of sociltion, at least of considerable modification. The absurdity of selecting twelve ignorant asea to decide upod the merite of an intricate commercial transaction, or a dozen vagabonds to drbitrate a pass of murder, is at last making itself feit in the proper places, and has ried his wife, who now survives brought the whole system into discredit. As him. His next move was to Lau at present exercised, the right of trial by jury partnership with Col. Downs and oftener invoked to defeat the ends of justice Hugh Wilson, in erecting a facto- than to promote them. It is now, proposed, ry on Rahuns Creek, which proved that in all cases requiring special knowledge ry on Rahuns Creck, which proved that is allowed sequiring special knowledge disastrious, and lost him all the money he had carned at Hill and Clark's factory. From Laurens, good one and is more in conformity with the Original ideas of Juries than the custom at North Carolina, and there engaged present in vegue, though in some communities. Mesers. Hoke and Bivings. He care. M. O. Phon.

M alife's Brightest Hour, me'al Not long since I met a gentle a million. Silver was in his hair, eare upon his brow, and he stooped beneath his burden of wealth.
We were speaking of that period of life when he had realized the most period entered the period that period the life when he had realized the lington Land Joint Stock and most perfect enjoyment, or, rather, when he had found the happi-

ness nearest to be unalloyed. I'll

kitchen door and was-in Heav en! The table was set against the wall-the evening meal was ready -prepared by the hands of her who had come to be my belpmeet in deed as well as in name-and and loving face stood my wite.—
I tried to speak, but could not. I

years-and worldly wealth has flowed in upon me, and I am honored and envied; but, as true as heaven, I would give it all-every dollar-for the joy of the hour of that June evening in the long, long ago."-New York Ledger. A circular from the U. S. Post Master Louis in the United States. . he was a good man, and a religious General requests everybody, in directing property, on such terms and conditions as, Towles be, and well as the usual local direction. Sp much mail matter passing and similarly named offices in the same and in different States. render this absolutely necessary for facilitating prompt delivery by the department Govern yourself accordingly, Fractional currency may be sent to the Treasury for redemption at the expense of the Department by Adams Express Compa-

ny, or any of the other express companies nentioned below, in sums of five dollars and upwards. Legal-tender notes may he sent in like manner in sums of fifty dollars and upwards. Parties remitting currency for redemption, and especially officers of the Department, are, however, requested to make their remittances as large as practicable, and when possible to remit in sums of \$1,000 or an even multiple there of. Remittances of fifty dollars and upwards may be composed in part of fractional currency and in part of legal-tender notes.

William Cullen Bryant, on his recent visit to Mexico, found a hearty welcome from the officials, and was treated with much courtsey by every one connected with the Government. He stated to a correspondent that he had interviews, with President Jaarez, Secretary Romero and other high fuctionaries of the country, and that they all believe, or pretend to believe, the revolution to be almost at an Two wretches are to be hung in Kentucky, and the Courier Journal asks : "Why dosen't the State hire a big circus tent, make the hanging "private," and charge the Christian thousands twenty-five cents per bead for admusion? The banging would then be not only

> expenses of an extra session of the Legisla-SALT LAKE, April 13. Elder A. M. Musser, the Mormon telegraph superintendent, said that rather than surrender one single principle of their religion, the Mormons would make a Moseow of Salt Lake City, tear up the railroads, break down the telegraph lines, and destroy in illions of other property. He spoke of Judge McKean as a dried up and corrupt old dog," and of the

President as " Useless Grant," and stigmatiz-

ed him and others as a corrupt set. He included also the President's wife in his attack. BALLOU'S MAGAZINE FOR MAY .- The May number of Ballou's Magazine is out, and a capital number it is, filled with good stoles, choice poetry, and some excellent enrens district, where he formed it is one only valuable to the law-breaker, and is gravings of interest. We know of no Magazine that will compare with this for real worth, when the price is taken into consideration. Think of a hundred pages of choice matter for the small som of 16 sould afford so much tor the sake of the pleasure which Ballou's Magazine venily in parts. For sale at every periodical depot 69 Congress Street, Boston.

Laws of the State. Acts of the General Assembly of South

AN ACT TO INCORPORATE THE DARLINGTON LAND JOINT STOCK AND
LOAN ASSOCIATION, OF DARLINGTON, SOUTH CAROLINA.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and
House of Representatives of the State of South
Carolina, now met and sitting in General Assembly, and by the authority of the same:

That Richard H. Humbert, T. C. Cox, S. J.

Tourney 1st, 1872; the committee may administer any onth to any person, party or officer.

Sec. 3. That if upon the aforesaid investigation it shall be found that the County Com-

tell you," said the millionaire,
"when was the happiest hour of my
life. At the age of one and-twenty
I had saved up \$800. I was earning \$500 a year, and my father
did not take it from me, only re-"when was the happiest hour of my life. At the age of one and-twenty. I had saved up \$800. I was earning \$500 a year, and my father did not take it from me, only requiring that I should pay for my board. At the age of twenty-two I had secured a meeting cattern. holm was the principal capitalist.

Mr. Bates was a great machin ist, and could make a large portion of the machinery used in a cotton factory. "Batesville" is a proud monument to his memory, erected under his own supervision, and by his own skill, energy and industry. It will strike a traveler as a beautiful little village. If he rich in the wealth of her womanhood. The Sabbath and the Sabbath night we passed beneath my
father's roof, and on Monday
morning I went to my work, leaving my mether and sister to help
in preparing my home. On Monin preparing my home. On Mon- soon as two thousand shares shall have been the County Commissioners of Darlington day evening when the labors of subscribed thereto, the said association shall the day were done, I went not to the paternal shelter, as in the past, but to my own house—my own home. The holy atmosphere said association shall continue: the said shares markable man. Indeed he was. own home. The holy atmosphere to be held, transferred, assigned and pledged, and the holders thereof to be subject to such fines, penalties and forfeitures, for default in gence and good sense about all the opened the door of my cottage their payments, as the regulations and by laws of the said association may prescribe.

Sec. 2. That the said association shall have number and succession of officers and memkitchen and dining room were all bors as shall be ordained and chosen, accordone then. I pushed open the ing to the rules and by-laws made, or to be made, by them for their government ; and shall have power and authority, from time to time, and at all times, to make such rules and bylaws as are not repugnant to the Constitution and the laws of the land; to have and keep a common seal, and to alter the same at will : to sue and be sued, implead and be impleaded, by the table, with a throbbing, in any court of law or equity in this State; expectant look upon her lovely and shall have and enjoy every right and privilege incident and belonging to corporate bodies, according to the laws of the land.

Sec. 3. That the funds of the said association shall be invested either in the purchase of real estate, in the county of Darlington, South the ecstatic burden of my heart. Carolina, or in any county or sub-division of The years have passed-long, long the State of South Carolina, which shall be rented out or leased, or sold and conveyed, to the members and stockholders of said association upon such terms and conditions as, from time to time, may be prescribed by its rules and by-laws, or be loaned out and advanced to the members and stockholders thereof, upestate in the ocunty of Darlington, or any other sub-division of the State, aforesaid, or same : bonds, stocks or choses in action on personal That W. C. Garity, F. W. Towles and D. H. rules and by-laws aforesaid. And it shall and may be lawful for the said association to hold and enjoy, for the mutual benefit of its members and stockholders, all such lands, tenements and hereditaments, as may be bona fide, purchased by, and conveyed to it; or as may be mortgaged to it, by way of security, upon its loans and advances; or as may be purchased by or transferred and conveyed to it, at sales under judgments or decrees, at law or equity, for securing, or recovering, or in compromise settlement of any debt or debts due to it; and to sell, alien, barter, exchange, con-

vey, mortgage, or otherwise dispose of the same, from time to time, and whenever deemed expedient. Sec. 4. That if any of the funds of the said sseciation shall remain unproductive, or uninvested and unneeded, or uncalled for, for the space of two munths, by its own members and stockholders, it shall be lawful for the said association to lend out what moneys may be on hand to others than stockholders, at such rates of interest (on such security, whether of mortgage or real estate, choses in action, or other personal property) as may be agreed on, to be sately invested, to be repaid within one

Sec. 5. That whenever the funds and assets of the said assets of the said association shall have accumulated to such an amount that, upon a fair division thereof, such stockholders, for each and every share of stock held by him or her, shall have received, or be entitled to eccive, the sum of two hundred dollars, or the value thereof in property or assets, and such value thereof in property or assets, and such division and distribution shall have been made, then the said association shall cease and determine: Provided, however, That in case the said association shall not have closed its operations and affairs, as above provided for, within a shorter period, then this act shall not continue in force beyond twenty years.

See, 6. That it any officer or sub-officer of the said association, shall use the moneys of said association, other than those prescribed by this set, he shall, on proof thereof, be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and santeneed to a measure of economy, but a course of revonue, which would go far toward paying the

of this act, no shall, on proof thereof, be deem-ed guilty of a misdemeanor, and sentenced to pay a fine of twice the amount of money so ap-propriated, and imprisonment for a term of not less than six months.

Sec. 7. This act shall be deemed a public act, and be given and received in evidence without being specially pleaded.

Approved March 13, 1872.

AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR THE PAY-MENT OF THE PAST INDEBTEDNESS OF DARLINGTON COUNTY, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and louse of Representatives of the State of South Carolina, now met and sitting in General Assembly, and by the authority of the

That B. F. Whittemore, Elibu C. Baker, J. S. Fillebrown and James M. Brown be and they are hereby constituted a committee to examine any and all accounts presented to said committee, by any end all parties who hold of choice matter for the small sum of 16 cents, and twelve numbers in a year for only \$1.50. Every family in the country June 1868, and before Jaquary 1st, 1872: Previded, That said committee receive ne com-

penation for their services.
Sec. 2. That to cuable the said committee to in the country, or address Thomes & Palbot, investigate as to the correctness of the indebt- the Bouth Ceroling Railroad. edness of the county of Darlington, se report

VOLUME XVIII-NO. 51

ed by the County Commissioners of said county to the General Assembly of 1871 '72, they are hereby authorized and empowered to give public notice for fifteen days to all persons and parties holding any demands against said county, to present the same for examination

tion it shall be found that the County Commissioners of Darlington county have misspplied the public moneys of the county by pay. ing claims not authorised by law, or have negleeted their duty by refusing to pay claims authorized by law, or have need for their own private purpose any of the public funds of the county, or have najustly discriminated among the creditors of the county, in paying out the moneys of the county; or done any other act, or neglected to do any act, in violation of law, in reference to the public funds or property of the county, the said committee shall forthwith furnish said information to the Circuit Soliciter of the county, who shall forwith proceed by action, or indictment, or both, against said Commissioners in the Circuit Court. And if said Commissioners shall be found guilty they shall, in addition to the penalties now provided by law, be immediately removed from

Sec. 4. That it is hereby made the duty of county to draw their warrants on the County Treasurer against any funds in his hands, including the money now in Bank, which was appropriated for building a Court House, for the payment and liquidation of the past indebtedness of the county; and the County Treasurer on presentation of said warrant, shall pay the same.

Sec. 5. Immediately on and after the passage of this Act the committee herein appionted, shall enter upon the duties assigned them, and no warrant on the funds specified in Section 4, shall be drawn on the County Treasurer by the County Commissioners until the examination herein authorized shall have been completed.

Sec. 6. The Auditor and County Commislioners be, and, they are hereby authorized and empowered to cause to be levied on the taxable property of the said county for the year 1872, two mills on the dollar, and to continue the same each succeeding year, until the sum of eighteen thousand dollars shall have been collected, and the said sum as collected. shall not be used in any manner except for the purpose of building a Court House at Darlington, for the county of Darlington. Approved March 9, 1872.

AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE AND EMPOW ER W. C. GARITY, F. W. TOWLES AND D. H. TOWLES TO ESTABLISH A WHARF AT MARTIN'S POINT, WAD-MALAW ISLAND, SOUTH CAROLINA.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of on the security and by hypothecation of real South Carolina, now met and sitting in General Assembly, and by the authority of the

powered toerect and build a wharf, and colleet the usual rate of wharfage on the same, at Martin's Point, Wadmalaw Island, South Carolina, and to extend the same as far towards the channel of the river as may be necessary

for commercial purposes. Sec. 2. That the franchise berein granted shall be rested in the said W. C. Garity, F. W. Towles and D. H. Towles, their boirs, executors, administrators and assigns, for the term of ninety-nine years.

Sec. 3. All Act, or parts of Acts, inconsisent with this Act, are hereby repealed. Approved March 13, 1872.

AN ACT TO INCORPORATE THE PROS-RENS COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA. Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of South

House of Representatives of the State of South Carolina, now met and sitting in General Assembly, and by the authority of the same:

That from and immediately after the passage of this act, all persons who now are, who hereafter shall or may become, members of said society, shall be, and they are hereby, incorporated, and are hereby declared to be a body corporate, by the name and style of the Prospect Baptist Church," and by the said name shall have succession of officers and members, and have a common seal.

Sec. 2. That the said corporation shall have power to purchase, receive and possess any real or personal estate, not exceeding in value the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars, or to

the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars, or to sell the same, and by its corporate name to sue and be sued in any Court of this State, and to make such rules and bylaws, (not repugnant to law,) as may be thought expe-

See 3. That this act be deemed a public act, and shall continue in force until repealed Approved March 13, 1872.

AN ACT TO EXEMPT THE REEPERS. EMPLOYEES AND OTHER OFFICERS OF THE SOUTH CAROLINA PENI-TENTIARY AND LUNATIC ASYLUM FROM MILITARY AND OTHER DU-

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and Iouse of Representatives of the State of South Carolina, now met and sitting in General Assembly, and by the authority of

the same : That on and after the passage of this act, all guards, keepers, employees and other officers that are now, or may hereafter be, employed at the South Carolina Penitentiary and Lunstie Acylum shall be exempted from serving on juries, and from military, road and street duty.

Approved March 13, 1872. AN ACT TO RE-OPEN A PUBLIC HIGH.

WAY IN RICHLAND COUNTY. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of South Caroline; now met and sitting in General Assembly. and by the authority of the same ;

That the county commissioners of the county of Richland be, and they are hereby, authorized to cause to be resopened the old Gadeden road, commencing at a point near Jones' Crossing, on the McCord Ferry Road, and ending at the Gadeden depot, on

Approved March 19, 1979.