The Enterprise.

GREENVILLE, S. C.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 18, 1870.

A Good Printing Press for Sale.

WE offer for sale a good PRINTING HAND PRESS, which is in excellent order The size of the Bed is 23—29 inches, and turns out as good work as can be desired. A bargain is offered to a cash *purchaser*. Addres this Office.

The Southern Baptist Convention.

This body met at Louisville, Ky, on the 5th May. Rev. W. D. THOMAS, of this place, gave his congregation in the Baptist Church last Sunday evening a brief account of the proceedings. He alluded to the fact of the separation of the Baptists North and South about 25 years ago, growing out of political causes. He explained the nature of the organization of the Southern General Convention, that it was a voluntary body of delegates from State conventions, associations and churches organized for three special objects: The promotion of Domestic Missions, Foreign Mission and Sunday Schools. The Convention claims no power to govern or discipline the churches or individuals or to prescribe rules or creeds, but is simply an agency to give effect to the general efforts of the constituent bodies in promoting the objects aimed at. Mr. THOMAS remarked that the separation of the General Baptist Convention in the United States into two distinct bodies, although deplored on many accounts, has been yet productive of good; more has been accomplished by the two than could have been by only one organization. The Southern churches had been badly crippled in monied resources during the war, as all knew, but they are now recovering. The Convention is getting out of debt. 22 thousand dollars were contributed last year for Home Missions, and an equal sum for Foreign, but the State and different local bodies had contributed much more than that for the home service. No more than the sum named had been contributed for Foreign Missions.

Mr. THOMAS stated that there was an interesting discussion on the subject of cooperating or re uniting with the Northern Baptist Convention. The discussion was conducted in a kind manner, and the conclusion arrived at was most decided, that for the present it would not be promotive of good to give up the Southern organizations and to re-unite with the Northern. No unkind spirit was manifested, and there was a general concurrence in the disposition and wish to cultivate fraternal relations and kind offices between the two great divisions of the Baptist family in the United States.

Mr. THOMAS stated that the Convention, although several of the able and eminent men who have appeared at some previous conventions were absent, was nevertheless an able assembly.

Dr. P. H. MELL, of Ga., was elected President of the Convention; J. R. HAWKINS of Ky., and E. C WILLIAMS, of Maryland, Secretaries; Dr. BOYCE, of this State was elected one of the Vice-Presidents, with three others.

The proceedings and recommendations of the Convention were most embodied in the reports of the different boards which were adopted. Dr. BOYCE as usual made an able exposition of the affairs of the Theological Seminary at this place, in an address before the Convention. The most lively interest was exhibited by all in the success of the Institution, and means contributed to that purpose.

Convention meets next year at St Louis, Missouri.

Air-Line Railroad.

The Committee appointed to prepare a scheme for raising the necessary contribution for Greenville, submitted their report to the Executive Committee, which met in the C. H., on last Monday evening, we give the report in full and congratulate our citizens on the brightening prospects of the road. Mr. MCADAMS, of Charlotte, N. C., happened to be present and made a few encouraging remarks. Charlotte and the County of Mecklenburg were fully alive to the matter, and he was rejoiced to find Greenville so much in earnest. The right of way would be freely granted in North Carolina and the vote of the people of Mecklenburg almost unanimous in sustaining the subscription of $200,000; 50 thousand dollars, besides were made up already by private subscription of stock in ten minutes effort. Dr. J. P. BOYCE, made a brief address, and gave some amusing reminiscences of the early railroad building in this State, showing that the business of the roads had far exceeded the first calculation. Mr. J. W. CARLISLE of Spartanburg, also made a few remarks, pledging the hearty co-operation of his town and County. J. P. REED, Esq., of Anderson, made a short address; he thought the road should pass through Anderson, Greenville, Spartanburg and Yorkville. Mr. REED said that Greenville was destined to become the largest city in the up country, he had no jealousies towards her, but thought the interest of the road and country would be subserved by its taking the route he had indicated. The committee adjourned to meet again on next Monday week, when a large attendance of citizens is expected.

Organization of Public Schools.

The School Trustees of Bates School District have established a school for white children at Traveler's Rest, near Col. H. E. LYNCH'S, and have chosen Miss MARY ROE, an estimable and capable young lady, as principal; this school is now in operation.

The same Trustees have also organized a school for colored children, near Mr. WM. GUEST'S, one mile from Marietta, the teacher has not yet been selected, but they desire to secure one at their next meeting, and will be pleased to receive applications for the position. This is likely to be a large one, as there are quite a number of children residing contiguously who will attend.

The above schools are the first, we believe, instituted under the new School Act. Trustees will oblige us by reporting all schools as they are put in operation.

The Circus.

Old JOHN ROBINSON'S Circus will pay Greenville a visit on Thursday, June 2d, the Agent and bill posters have been here for several days making their arrangements, and now parts of our City are illustrated with their pictures and streamers, which are beautiful and attractive.

The full and comprehensive advertisement will furnish ample information.

Those of our circus-going people who attend these exhibitions, will remember that there will be but one exhibition, which will be at 1 o'clock, P. M.

☞ To Mr. M. R. BENCO, of the City, we are indebted for the first specimen of Cherries of the season.

School Trustees for Greenville County.

The following named School Trustees were elected on the 6th May, 1870.

Dunklin School District, No. 1.—Failed to elect, and a new election ordered 30th May, 1870.

Oak Lawn, No. 2—Wm. H. Johnson, Dr. J. L. Woodside, John H. Stansell.

Fairview, No. 3—John T. Bennett, J. H Harrison, Dr. D. R. Anderson.

Grove, No. 4.—W. W. Tarrant, W. M. Lenderman, P. D. Huff.

Austin, No. 5—Robert League, D. W. Holland, Andy Forrester.

Gantt. No. 6.—L. W. Watson, James H. Lenderman, L. T. McWhite.

Butler, No. 7.—John A. Smith, T. E. Waddill, W. P. Grisham.

Greenville, No. 8.—Charles T. Hopkins, Richmond Williams, M. K. Robertson.

Chick's Springs, No. 9—W. B. Green, R. B. Gibson, R. G. Whitmire.

Paris Mountain, No. 10.—Martin Hunt, Jr., T. J. Farr, Wm. Wynn.

O'Neall, No. 11.—A. T. Reese, W. H. Goodlett, J. K. Dickson.

Bates, No. 12.—S. E. Mayes, Dr. M. L. West, S. S. Crittenden.

Highland, No. 13.—Benj. Stewart, A. C. Reid, James Odam.

Glassy Mountain, No. 14.—Jas. Gosnell, M. D. Dickey, J. M. Barton.

Saluda, No. 15.—Samuel Tinsley, W. C. Goodwin, Alford Stewart.

Cleveland, No. 16—Thomas Burns, Joseph Hardin, D. D. Davenport.

Court.

We annex a list of the most important cases disposed of up to Tuesday evening:

State *vs.* Abner Parkman, assault and battery; not guilty.

State *vs.* B. F. P. Turner, assault and battery; not guilty.

State *vs.* Henry Langley, petit larceny; guilty, sealed sentence.

State *vs.* L. Osborn and M. L. Morgan, obstructing public road; guilty, fined $10 each and costs of prosecution.

State *vs.* John Holder, grand larceny; guilty, one year in penitentiary and thirty days in jail. Recommended to mercy by jury.

State *vs.* Perry Hodges, grand larceny; guilty, one year in penitentiary.

State *vs.* Anthony Stewart, petit larceny; guilty, one year in penitentiary at hard labor.

State *vs.* Lewis Williams, petit larceny; guilty, two months imprisonment in jail, and to work the streets eight hours per day during the term.

State *vs.* Georgiana Rogers, receiving stolen goods; guilty, sealed sentence.

State *vs.* William Hughes, petit larceny; not guilty.

State *vs.* Mary M. Barton, murder; not guilty.

State *vs* Gilbert Mitchell, Charles Moore and Nelson Jenkins, arson; guilty; each to be imprisoned at hard labor fifteen years in penitentiary.

State *vs.* Gilbert Mitchell, Charles Moore and Nelson Jenkins, arson; plead guilty, and sentenced ten years at hard labor in penitentiary, to begin on termination of former sentence.

State *vs* Peggy Williams, forgery; plead guilty; three months imprisonment in County jail.

State *vs* Peggy Williams, forgery; three months imprisonment in County jail, after termination of former sentence.

Telegraph to Greenville.

We see it stated that the new *regime* of the Greenville and Columbia Railroad contemplate constructing a telegraph line along the entire Road, and that operations will be commenced very soon. We trust the report is altogether true, and that many more months will not elapse before we are connected with the outer world, and we hail the movement with delight and satisfaction.

$10,000.

Messrs. FOSTER & HUNTER have that many dollars worth of Goods, which they say must be sold, and we hope them good luck in their endeavors. If our people from above and from below, from the east and from the Pickens side, will say amen to their proposition, it will not be long before Mr. FOSTER will have to repeat his visit to the commercial metropolis. Their stock will well bear examination.

Nice and Beautiful Hams.

Who does not like nice hams? Messrs. MILLS & MCBRYER advertise some for sale, which are delightful to behold, being round and plump-like, besides they have been put up in white sugar, which will make them all the better to the taste. Call and examine them, even if you do not buy, and if you are not pleased, will give it up for once.

Have you Been There?

If not, bundle up at once and visit the store of Mr. H. C. MARK, who has opened a splendid stock of goods, at the old stand of Carr, on Main Street. This is a "one price" store, and that price is a low one, as Mr. M. is well aware that the times are hard and money extremely hard to get. His goods are of the first quality, and cannot fail to please our people. Remember the place—*Carr's old stand.*

Festival.

As will be seen by advertisement, the ladies of the Presbyterian Church will give a Festival in the Court House, on Wednesday next, 25th inst., the proceeds of which well be devoted to necessary repairs on their edifice, and they ask kindly the co-operation and patronage of the community. The delicacies of the season, supper, strawberries, iced lemonade, etc., etc., will be served at reasonable prices.

An Excellent Farm for Sale.

Especial attention is called to the advertisement of *Mrs. A. G. FEASTER*, who offers her farm for sale, nineteen miles above Greenville. A great deal of this land is river bottom, and is said to be one of the best places in Greenville County. Persons wishing a first class farm, should examine this one.

City House and Lot for Sale.

Mr. W. H. CAMMER offers his house and lot, situated one mile from the Court House, for sale. City property is in demand. See advertisement.

Murder Punished.

PAUL BROWN, a negro sentenced by the Court in Darlington for murder, was hung on Friday last. A large crowd was present.

Wilmington N. C., Morning Star.

We are pleased to observe that the above-named lively journal has treated itself to a new and handsome dress.

The Literary Club will meet at the residence of Prof. P. C. DOZIER on Friday, 20th. Essayist, Rev. S. A. WEBER; subject, Science of Religion.

It is stated that the Senate Pacific Railroad Committee had a prolonged meeting last night, and have completed the bill known as Kellogg's, with some amendments; among them, that the road shall be built of American iron; Eastern initial point to be Marshall, Texas; with branches to new Orleans, Vicksburg and Little Rock, and from some point West in California to San Francisco.

THE DISASTER AT RICHMOND.—The committee of citizens of Richmond who have prepared an address to the people of the United States, in behalf of the sufferers by the recent disaster in that city, state that the number of persons has been ascertained to be not less than 250 persons, of whom sixty-five have died and many are seriously injured.

FOR THE GREENVILLE ENTERPRISE.

Air-Line Railroad.

GREENVILLE, S. C., May 16th, 1870.

At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Air-Line Railroad, held this evening in the Court House, the following Report was received from the Sub Committee appointed at the last meeting:

REPORT.

GREENVILLE, S. C., May 16th, 1870.

The SubCommittee appointed at the last meeting of this Committee, and who were charged with the duty of reporting to this meeting "as to the best and most effectual means of raising the necessary aid required from this City and County to secure the construction of the Air Line Railroad through this State, and especially by this City, and if both the subscription of City and County should be made in their bonds, then to report their opinion as to the best and most effectual method of making them available to the Company," beg leave, respectively, to report,

That they have given the subject such consideration as their limited time, and their other engagements would permit; and that, whilst they submit herewith a scheme for the accomplishment of the desired result, they must confess, that the paramount importance of the enterprise, its influence upon the future destiny and prosperity of this City and County, and the great importance of suggesting a scheme at the beginning, which has in it the merit and wisdom to work out the desired result, induces them to appeal to the Committee and ask them to make any other suggestions that may present themselves as being wiser or more practical, looking to the accomplishment of the same desired result.

In the opinion of your Committee, no enterprise has ever been agitated in this community since its earliest settlement, of so much importance; certainly none which holds the destiny of both City and County so completely within its power and control. If its location should be diverted to other localities, in consequence of the failure of our people to give promptly such material aid as will insure its location by this City, and where the people in other localities are exceedingly anxious to secure it, and who promise the material aid required, and are only waiting for the first intimation of our failure, to step forward and secure it; then all our pride and boast of our beautiful Mountain City, built up and supported as it has been, in a great degree, by admirers attracted to it by its climate, its scenery and its society, will vanish away as a vapor, and we will be left to see other places more fortunate and wise, built up and take their places upon the line of the contemplated new road, with perhaps other connecting roads converging thereto, which will grow into great cities, whilst ours must continue to decline in population, wealth, business and other attractions.

On the other hand, if we act promptly, and render such aid as we are able to do, then there can be no doubt of the location of the Road by this City and its early completion. Its influence upon the material prosperity of the City and County, in the opinion of your Committee, cannot be measured by language, or imagined by the most sanguine. Your City, from its present population, will rapidly increase in numbers, and soon take its place among the larger inland cities of the country. Your water powers will be occupied by capitalists and artisans. Your farms will be subdivided into smaller ones, and cultivated in the highest style of the art. Your country will be densely populated by thrifty and industrious citizens who will be attracted to this country by its climate, its water power, its minerals and its wonderful resources. Citizens will come here with money and with muscle, and bring their families with them as "actual settlers," to link their destinies with us in this country. They come to improve their fortunes and to aid you in making the country a better one for them and for you; to help you to make the government a better one for all with each year, and to aid you in improving and perfecting your system of education. With this state of things, other railroad connections will be built as necessity may require, prompted from time to time, by the common prosperity of the country.

The information in possession of your Committee, convince them that the Air-Line Railroad will be built. A contract with responsible parties has been entered into with all the details arranged for that purpose—the only contingency being the contribution of a small portion of the money necessary to build it by the people along the line, and its location will be determined, in a great degree, by the contribution or aid given by the different localities.

Your Committee are of opinion, that it is reasonable to expect from the City and County of Greenville, in consideration of the foregoing facts, the sum of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars; and they respectfully recommend the following scheme, as in their judgment, the best and most practicable one for raising that sum, to wit: The County of Greenville to subscribe $200,000 to the Capital Stock of the Company, and issue their bonds for same amount. The City of Greenville to subscribe $50,000, and also to issue their bonds for same amount—both to carry interest at the rate of eight per cent. per annum, and to run for a series of years, say to mature in 12, 16, 20 and 24 years The interest or coupons upon them to be receivable for City and County taxes. The stock record by both the City and County in the Railroad Company for the above subscription, to be held by a trustee as security for the bondholders, and pledged for the redemption of the bonds at maturity. These subscriptions to be made solely on condition that the Road be located through the corporate limits of the City of Greenville.

The proportion of City and County subscription appears to your Committee to be about just and proportionate, taking into consideration the superior advantages the City may hope to gain by its location. The assessed value of real and personal property for taxable purposes, in both City and County, is $5,024,000, of which about $950,000 is owned within the corporate limits of the City. In the scheme proposed, the citizens of the City will be assessed and required to pay their proportionate share—being about one-fifth of the interest upon the County subscription of $200,000.—besides, they will have to pay the whole amount of the interest on the City subscription of $50,000 in addition.

To devise some scheme by which the money can be realized from the sale of these bonds, has been to your committee the most difficult question. To negotiate them in New York is considered hardly practicable; whilst in the West it is the common and constant practice to issue county and city bonds as subscriptions to railroads, and they are readily negotiated to capitalists in their principal cities, and even in Wall Street, New York, and are considered as good securities commanding good rates; still in the South it is a new thing and an experiment. The country and its resources are comparatively unknown, and the bonds as a security abroad would lack that confidence in them, and of the ability and good intention of the parties to pay them and the interest upon them at maturities, which is indispensable to their successful and satisfactory negotiation. Then we must rely upon our people at home. The interest which must naturally be felt in the enterprise by our own people, and the knowledge of the resources of the country, and the ability and good intention to pay the bonds at maturity and the interest as it accrues, should stimulate all who are at all able to do so to take as many of the bonds as they may feel able to do. In place of subscribing to the capital stock of the Company, and taking the stock in their own names, they should subscribe for and take an equal amount of the county and city bonds.—The terms of the contract, as your committee understand it, is that the subscription is payable in two years in equal quarterly payments; then by taking the bonds the holder has either county or city bonds in place of stock in the Company. The interest upon the bonds is receivable in payment of city and county taxes; and, besides, the principal is secured by the pledge of the stock in the Company for which they were issued, which makes the security ample, and the investment in the bonds a good and a safe one, and at the same time the holder has contributed an amount toward the construction of this great enterprise, equal to his investment in the bonds.

A liberal investment in these bonds cannot be too strongly urged upon the citizens of this community. Their prompt action in the matter secures the construction of the Road and its location by this City. A failure to do so, may lose the oportunity of doing so forever, and divert it to other localities.

The enhanced value of property, as a consequence of railroad communication through any community, is too well understood and appreciated at this late day, to require any argument to prove its truth.—A distinguished railroad man in South Carolina, said in his report to his stockholders a few days since, that no railroad, of fifty miles in length, had ever been constructed and operated for two years successfully, that had not more than compensated the people along its line for the cost of its construction, in the increased value of their property, which was traceable directly to the influence of the railroad upon it.

It is somewhat unfortunate for us, in this particular, that the contemplated line crosses our County at its narrowest part. If, on the contrary, it passed north and south through the County, it would traverse a much larger portion of it, and pass near many more of our citizens, and perhaps many more of the more wealthy class, might feel disposed to invest more liberally in the bonds than they may otherwise feel disposed to do. But your Committee are of opinion, that all portions of the County will almost alike feel its beneficial effects: as one portion of the County and City prospers, all other portions must feel and experience its effects. Your Committee have made some rough estimate of the advantages, that those living along the contemplated line, must derive, during its construction, from material which otherwise would be entirely valueless to them: such as standing timber, stone, &c, and are satisfied that it cannot fail short of $25,000.

Your Committee would recommend co-operation and conference with other localities along the line, and especially in the direction of Charlotte. This conference and co-operation, it is hoped, would contribute towards harmony of action between the sections and promote the general interests we all have in view.

The time has passed by when people, with any pretentions to intelligence, thrift and enterprise, are content to live in any country where they have not quick communication with the balance of the world, by both railroad and telegraph lines, and the best and only means of preventing our most worthy and enterprizing young men from leaving the country and going to where these advantages exist, is to provide them, as far as we can at home, by contributing of our means and time as we can, to their development.

When the Air Line Railroad is completed, it will be the shortest and most direct line between New York and New Orleans, and the shortest air-line that can ever be constructed south of the Alleghanies. Greenville will be as near New York as Columbia or Charleston, and thirty miles nearer Atlanta than Augusta is; the line will be shortened over the present one by the way of Columbia at least one hundred and twenty miles, which will naturally draw upon it all the through travel between New York and New Orleans, and points Southwest.

H. P. HAMMETT,
Chairman.

On motion of Dr. James P. Boyce, the Report was received and adopted.

On motion, the following Committees were appointed:

Committee of Three to confer with committees from the Board of County Commissioners and City Council—Hamlin Beattie, Chairman; Capt. W. E. Earle and Col. H. P. Hammett.

Committee of Five, to confer with the citizens of the counties and towns along the line of the proposed Road toward Charlotte, N. C.—Gen. W. K. Easley, Chairman; Dr. J. P Boyce, Col H. P. Hammett, Capt. W. E. Earle, T. Q. Donaldson, Esq.

Resolved, That the Report of the Sub-Committee be published in the newspapers of the Counties of Greenville, Spartanburg, York, Anderson and Oconee.

Committee adjourned

W. K. EASLEY, Chairman.
JAMES P. MOORE, Secretary.

"They sin, who tell us love can die," or that SUMTER BITTERS is not the best Tonic and Stomachic offered to the suffering.

MEMPHIS, May 13.—In the Methodist Conference, to-day, petitions for abolishing the office of presiding elder, were deprecated.—The proposition to strike the word "South" from the title of the church, was referred back to a committee. A long debate on the abolition of itinerancy and substitution of the pastoral system was unconcluded when they adjourned. It is believed a large majority will adhere to the old system, though Drs. Cotterell, of Alabama and Edwards of Virginia, will advocate the the change.

AN ounce of preventive is worth a pound of cure. To prevent chill and fever, take Simmons' Liver Regulator.

THE WEATHER AND CROPS.—In the immediate vicinity of Union C. H. the crops are suffering for rain. On Tuesday evening we had a slight shower, the first for nearly a month, which did but little more than moisten the surface of the soil, while the atmosphere became so cold that it is feared cotton is materially injured. Above and below this point we hear they have had good rains, but even there the cotton plant is suffering from cold nights. Corn grows very slow and looks sickly. Gardens are needing rain badly. The wheat and oats crops are looking very fine, and give prospect of more than ordinary yields.

[*Union Times.*

THE portion of fame which would intoxicate a vulgar mind, imparts little gratification to the true genius, whose views ever extend beyond reality, and who, by the very mental elevation which has won celebrity, discovers the insignificance of the acquisition. Such is the view held by the proprietors of the "OLD CAROLINA BITTERS," whose fame is known throughout the whole Southern country as the great cure for miasmatic diseases.

THE best "Worm Candy in use is Wineman's Crystalized Drops!

THE rise in the Mississippi River is in some places greater than has been since 1828, and is doing immense injury to crops, houses, gardens and stock.

AN IMPORTANT CONSIDERATION.—Dr. Tutt's Liver Pills are PURELY VEGETABLE and are adapted to young and old, male and female, and may be taken at all times, without restraint of occupation, without change of living, without diet and without the fear of taking cold during all kinds of weather, and in all climates; THEY CONTAIN NO MERCURY. May 11 51 2

GEN. LONGSTREET appeared in the procession gotten up by the negroes in New Orleans in honor of the passage of the fifteenth amendment.

ABOVE SUSPICION.—A number of the most prominent and influential citizens of the noble old commonwelth of Kentucky have united together to form and recommend to the people at large for patronage, a very attractive Prize Scheme; and we are glad to be able to say that the inducements are so great, and the security for the faithful performance of all promises so strong, that it places the whole thing entirely above suspision.

REASONS why you should use TUTT'S IMPROVED LIQUID HAIR DYE:
Because the Barbers say it is the best.
Because it imparts a natural color.
Because it does not injure the hair.
Because it leaves the hair soft and glossy.
Because it does not stain the skin or bed linen.
Because its application is simple and easy.
Because its effect is instantaneous.
Because it is the best in the world.
May 18 52 2

NEW YORK, May 16.

Cotton heavy; sales 1,500 bales; middling uplands 29¼; Orleans 25¾. Gold 14¼ @14¾.

BALTIMORE, May 16.

Cotton dull, and declined ¼c; middlings 23; sales 100 bales; receipts 122; stock 2,260.

AUGUSTA, May 16.

Cotton market closed dull and prices declined; sales 87 bales; receipts 67; middling 21¼.

CHARLESTON, May 16.

Cotton flat and nominal; middlings 22¼; sales 50 bales; receipts 641; stock 6,834.

PATRONIZE HOME ENTERPRISE.—Mr. P. P. Toale, whose advertisement appears in another column, has established on a firm basis, in Charleston, the largest and most complete manufactory of doors, sashes, blinds, &c., in the Southern States. Having advertised liberally during the past year, he has secured a large custom, extending as far west as Alabama, and he has thus been enabled to put forth a printed price list which defies competition. Every person who contemplates building or repairing should write at once for Mr. Toale's price list. Ap 27 49 4

Shaking and Burning.

It is not necessary to journey from the tropics to Alaska in order to experience the extremes of heat and cold. Thousands undergo all the inconveniences of this thermometrical change every day, or every other day, as the case may be, without the trouble of moving over the threshold. A word with these involuntary shakers. What are they doing to expedite their return to a medium temperature?—to break the chills and banish the fever? Are they dosing themselves with quinine, thereby imperiling the soundness of their bones and impairing the vigor of their brains and nervous system? Some of them are, no doubt, but not the majority of them, it is believed. The value of HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS as a harmless and certain specific for fever and ague is understood and appreciated in all parts of the country where intermittents prevail. The residents of such localities begin to take it early in the spring as a protection against the miasma by which they are surrounded; not all of them, perhaps, for a blind adherence to error is the specialty of some people, but the greater number.

If there is any fixed fact in therapeutics, it is this: that the Bitters are a far better safeguard against all the varieties of periodic maladies produced by unwholesome exhalations than any drug or compound in the materia medica of the profession. This assertion is made with all due respect to the faculty, but being an important truth, and one that nearly concerns the health of large settlements in various parts of the country, and indeed of the public at large, it is made fearlessly. Founded on ample and unimpeachable testimony, it defies disproval.

To break up chills and fevers, as well as ot prevent them, there is nothing so reliable as this wholesome vegetable restorative.
May 4 50 4

STRAWBERRY FESTIVAL.

THE LADIES of the Presbyterian Church propose to give a

STRAWBERRY FESTIVAL,

IN THE COURT HOUSE, ON WEDNESDAY, 25TH INST., 8 O'CLOCK, P. M.,

They hope to be able to supply all with Supper—Oysters, Strawberries, Ice Creams, Iced Lemonade, &c. &c.

ADMISSION—Adults.....25 cents,
CHILDREN, (under 12 years,).....15 cents.
SUPPER—Adults,.....50 cents:
CHILDREN, (under 12 years,).....25 cents.
May 18 52 2

United States Internal Revenue.

ASSESSOR'S OFFICE, 3D DIST., SO. CA.
Columbia, May 7th, 1870.

Mess. Dowie, Moise & Davis, Charleston, S. C.

GENTLEMEN—In consequence of my absence, your communication of the 25th ult, appealing from the decision of Assistant Assessor, Emerson in relation to the liability of dealers in "SUMTER BITTERS" was not received until a few days since.

The ground of your appeal has been *correctly taken*, and I therefore rule that inasmuch as SUMTER BITTERS is put up and sold as a medicine and *properly stamped* as such under "Schedule C," parties dealing in the same are *not* subject to Special Tax as Liquor Dealers

This ruling is in accordance with a letter of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, published in Internal Revenue Record of January 1st, 1870.

The above *reverses* the decision of Assistant Assessor Emerson, and he will be notified of the fact at once, and instructed to give publicity to the same for the information of all interested.

Respectfully,
C. H. BALDWIN, Assessor.
per MAULDIN, Clerk.
May 18 52 1

Marble Slab.

FOR SALE, a good new MARBLE SLAB, suitable for a tombstone. Apply at this office.
May 18 52 3

Gold Watch at Auction.

WILL be sold, on Monday, June 6th, Salesday, a fine GOLD WATCH, recommended as an excellent one by the City Jewelers.

JULIUS C. SMITH,
Auctioneer.
May 18 52 3

PHOTOGRAPHY.

CALL at my PHOTOGRAPHIC GALLERY, over the store of Mr. J. J. Roach, Buncombe Street, and procure an Ambrotype or Ferotype, as my prices are moderate. As my stay will continue for only two or three weeks, persons are advised to call at once.

Dentistry also attended to promptly at the same place, or to any address in the country.

J. M. ZACHARY.
May 18 52 3

Farm for Sale.

I OFFER for sale, my FARM, situated on South Saluda River, nineteen miles above the City of Greenville, and containing *Four Hundred and Sixty Acres.* There are two hundred and twenty-five acres in cultivation, one hundred and fifty of which is river bottom. The improvements are good, eight or ten acres of Clover.

For further particulars, apply to the undersigned. Mrs. A. G. FEASTER.
Greenville, S. C., May 17th, 1870. 52-4

Administrator's Sale.

ON Tuesday, June 7th, I will sell at the residence of the late HENRY R. WILLIAMS, deceased, on Pendleton Street, at 10 o'clock, the following property, consisting in part of

Bureaus, Sofas, Bedsteads
Chairs, Tables, Mattresses
Feather Beds, Cooking Stove, new Crockery
And other Household Goods
2 young Mules, well broke
1 fine Saddle and Harness Horse
1 extra fine Cow, pure stock
2 Sows and Pigs, Buggy
1 two-horse Wagon and Harness
Lot Wheat, Oats, &c.

JULIUS C. SMITH, Auctioneer.
May 18 52 3

Notice

IS hereby given to all whom it may concern, that I will apply to S. J. Douthit, Probate Judge of Greenville County, *on the 17th day of June next*, for a Final Discharge as Guardian of ELLEN E. AUSTIN.

D. M. PEDEN, Guardian.
May 16th, 1870. 52-5

Fine South Carolina HAMS.

ONE TIERCE HAMS, CURED WITH WHITE SUGAR FOR FAMILY USE.

The Finest in the United States.

ON RETAIL BY

Mills & McBrayer.

May 18 52 2

PRODIGIOUS EXCITEMENT!

IMMENSE

Sacrifice of Property.

TO SEE IS TO BELIEVE!

AT CARR'S OLD STAND.

HAVING OPENED THE LARGEST and Most Extensive Stock of

DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

HATS, SHIRTS,

WATCHES, JEWELRY,

And a great many articles too numerous to mention, all Purchased at the

TUMBLING DOWN PRICES FOR

CASH,

We intend to let them Slide at such astonishingly

LOW FIGURES

As to astound the

NATIVES.

Times are Hard, Money Scarce, and the

PEOPLE POOR,

And we intend to RELIEVE their

HEAVY BURDENS

By Offering

GOODS

TO

Size Their Piles.

Our Stock is very Extensive, our

DEMANDS URGENT,

And our Determination is

TO SELL,

And Sell we Will, and SELL we SHALL. Call one, call all, at

Carr's Old Stand,

As now is the time to Secure the

GREATEST BARGAINS

Ever Offered in this country.

H. C. MARK.

☞ Particular attention Paid, and Liberal Discount allowed to Wholesale Buyers.
Greenville, S. C., 17th May, 1870.
May 18 52 3m

Notice

IS hereby given to all whom it may concern, that I will apply to S. J. Douthit, Probate Judge of Greenville County, for a Final Discharge as Administrator of the Estate of EDWARD DILL, deceased, *on the 16th day of June next*: therefore all parties having claims against said Estate, must present them to me or the Probate Judge, on or before said day, or be debarred.

THOMAS A. CAMPBELL,
May 16th, 1870. Administrator.
May 18 52 5

Notice.

DEPUTY COLLECTOR'S OFFICE
Greenville, S. C., May 18, 1870.

I HAVE received the annual list for the year 1870 for Greenville, Anderson, Pickens and Oconee. I will be at Greenville Court House, Thursday, June 2d; at Anderson Court House, Monday, June 6th; at Walhalla, Tuesday, 7th; at Pendleton, Wednesday, 8th; at Anderson Court House, Thursday, 9th; at Williamston, Saturday, 25th; and at Greenville Court House, Wednesday and Thursday, 29th and 30th, for the purpose of collecting the Internal Revenue Taxes.

Parties are requested to come forward on the days above specified and make payments, thereby avoiding the penalty, which will be added as required by law.

Persons owing Taxes assessed on old Lists, would do well to settle at once, as I will be compelled to force payments just as soon as possible.

A. L. COBB,
Deputy Collector.
May 18 52 3

Iced Soda Water,

AT THE

DRUG STORE

Under the Mansion House.
May 11 51 tf

MUST BE SOLD!

Ten Thousand Dollars ($10,000)

WORTH OF DESIRABLE

GOODS

FOR

CASH.

WE INVITE OUR CUSTOMers and acquaintances to examine our Stock of

DRESS

AND

DRY GOODS.

White Goods, Cassimeres, Cloths and Linens; Straw, Fur and Silk Hats; Men's, Boy's and Ladies' Shoes, Boots, Gaiters, &c.; Fine Groceries, Teas, Sugars, Coffees, Soaps and Starch; Tobaccos, Hardware, Cutlery; Grain and Grass Blades, &c., &c.

All of the above Goods will be sold

During the Summer months for Currency or its equivalent in Gold.

FOSTER & HUNTER.
May 11 51 tf

NOW IS THE TIME TO GET GOOD GOODS

—:o:—

SULLIVAN & SON

Are Selling

CLOTHING DRY GOODS

&c., &c.,

CHEAPER THAN ANY STORE IN GREENVILLE.

—:o:—

Don't let this Opportunity slip you, Reader, but

GO AT ONCE TO THEIR STORE, AND GET GOODS.

While they are GOING AT SUCH LOW PRICES.

☞ *If you fail to purchase, you will Regret it.*

Remember the Store.

SULLIVAN & SON.

Greenville, S. C., April 6, 1870.