Affairs at Washington.

Regular Correspondence.

WASHINGTON D. C., Sept. 13, 1868.

Before this letter reaches you, the result of the election which comes off tomorrow in Maine will have been known all over the Union. The most intense anxiety on this important event pervades the public mind. Here as elsewhere, no doubt exists among Republicans that we will carry the State by a majority larger than at the last election; but it is highly desirable that it should be *so much* larger that the most inveterate and bat-eyed copperheads will not fail to see in it a sure indication of future Republican triumphs in the States whose elections come off next month—Nebraska on the 6th, and Ohio, Pennsylvania, Indiana and Illinois on the 13th.

The country will be glad to hear that on yesterday the President replied favorably to the State authorities of Tennessee, represented by a committee from that State, and that orders have been issued by the War Department to the General commanding the Department which includes Tennessee, to sustain the civil authorities. Andrew Johnson will be going back to his old home for good in a few months, and it is reasonable to suppose that he is anxious to start well with the people in his county, a large majority of whom are Republicans.

The charges preferred by Mr. John M. Blackburn against Mr. Rollins, Commissioner of Internal Revenue, and Mr. Thomas Harland, his first Deputy, are well understood here to each of all parties, to be a mere shotgunning design. The copperheads are daily growing more desperate, and will stop at no crime, even murder, which promises success to their expiring cause. I have, so often had occasion to speak in laudatory terms of the capacity, industry, and sterling integrity of Mr. Rollins, and his generalship for the important position which he holds, that I can add nothing now to what has already expressed my opinion of him as a man and a public officer—the opinion, also, held by almost every intelligent man in Washington, Republican or Democrat, who is familiar with the official career of this distinguished public servant.

Mr. Blackburn has made his case so strong against Mr. Harland, that I wonder he has not published to the world charging Hon. Thomas Harland, Deputy Commissioner, with being a conspirator with Mr. Rollins to defraud the government. Every intelligent man who knows Mr. Harland, and his very marked individuality, laughs at the idea of his being in anything but a purely patriotic, good or bad. In or out of the Internal Revenue Department, there cannot be found three men in Washington who know him who would not pronounce him to be ingenuous, uncourtious, ungracious, a man to company with another man under any circumstances. There must be a certain amount of sociability and good fellowship, however small, in the character of a man who co-operates with others; and in these qualities Mr. Harland is absolutely deficient. If he had been charged with habitual boorishness, and with gratuitously, although perhaps unconsciously, insulting persons employed in, or having business with, the Internal Revenue Department, to the extent, even, of prejudicing the public interest, many persons who have frequently met him would readily believe that such a charge might be well founded; and some would be glad to hear of such a charge, and rejoice at his removal, for Mr. Harland, as may be readily conceived from what I have said of him above, is anything but a popular man. But those who dislike him most, and have known him longest, all concur in the belief that there is not a dishonest hair in his head, and no man dare approach him with a dishonest proposition. Mr. Harland was advanced to his present position, step by step, from a $1,200 clerkship, because he was found by his superiors, on each occasion of his promotion, to be better qualified for the duties of his new post than any other may they could find. He had no political influence, and is not the kind of a man to make any. He was recommended for, and holds his present position, simply because, besides being a sound general lawyer and a thoroughly educated man, he is more familiar with Internal Revenue Law, the many changes that have been made in it, and the numerous decisions under it, than any other man in America; also, because he is a matter-of-fact, laborious man, of prodigious memory, who likes and devotes himself exclusively and usefully to the Internal Revenue Department. I have not given the opinion of Mr. Harland's friends. I should not know where to look for them. I have given the opinion of persons whose feelings he has outraged several times—some of them his subordinates—but who nevertheless concede him to be as able and honest a public servant as there is in the civil service of the government, and feel, therefore, indignant at this attack upon the unworthy by Mr. Bansby Blackley.

A. F. BOYLE.

Democratic Policy to secure Colored Votes.

Mr. Editor:—On the evening of the 14th inst., at a meeting of the Democratic club of Ward No 5, a motion was made to admit the Negro Democrats to occupy the Hall then being used by their friends of the same political faith. On the night following this, Mr Devereaux said that the Negro Democrats should *not be allowed* to hold their meetings in the same hall that the whites used for that purpose. Another gentleman said, that if you want to use the Negroes, you must grant them permission to use the same hall that is used by us.

After some discussion, as a matter of policy, it was deemed best to allow the colored Club to occupy the hall, probably on the supposition that "Negro Democrats" would leave no ill odors to infect the sacred place. These are our best friends. What will they do for us, when they no longer wish to use us for our votes?

A SOI-DISANT DEMOCRAT.

THE AMERICAN LEGISLATURE OF GEORGIA.—The Richmond (Va.) *News Notes* commenting upon the action of the Georgia Legislature in relation to the eligibility of colored men to office, says very pertinently:

"If colored men are not eligible to hold offices, how is it that they are eligible to vote? Thus, the proposition is preposterous. To say that a man is free and not free—that a man is a citizen, and not a citizen—that a man has rights, and has no rights—that a freeman can vote for others, and not be voted for himself, is as illogical and paradoxical as to talk of red hot frozen iron, or a crooked straight stick."

THE COLORED MAN'S FRIEND.—Gen. Forrest threatens the colored voters of the South to stand by the men who raised them, who nursed them when they were sick, and took care of them when they were little children," who are their best friends, and will do as much for them as anybody can do. But Gov. Swann assures the freedmen that they have no friends at all in the South, and as soon as military protection is removed their sun will go down in darkness and oppression."

THE INDICATIONS OF A GREAT REPUBLICAN TRIUMPH IN THE NEXT PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION.—The State elections in Vermont and Maine clearly indicate the strong current of Republicanism which is destined to sweep through the country. The Vermont election, with a Republican majority of 27,000, has been followed by Maine, which doubles her Republican majority of last year, giving, as far as returns are received, a majority of 21,000. The men who fought with Grant, in the conflict with the great rebellion, are with him still, and are bound with him to win the victory in the coming election.

THE REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.—This convention recently held in Columbia, appointed as Chairman of the State Central Executive Committee—Hon. B. F. Randolph, Hon. A. J. Ransier as Vice President, Geo. W. Seegers Secretary, and Hon. Reuben Tomlinson Treasurer.

Chairmen of the First Congressional District, Julius K. Jillson; Second District, Jeremiah B. Dennis; Third District, Lemuel Boozer; Fourth District, Liberty Wimbush.—For Electors at President and Vice President—D. H. Chamberlain, General Charles J. Stolbrand, gentlemen at Large; First District, S. A. Swails; Second District, A. J. Ransier; Third District, B. F. Randolph; Fourth District, J. M. Allen.

CONGRESSIONAL NOMINATIONS.—The following named gentlemen have been nominated, in caucus, viz.: First Congressional District.—Hon. B. F. Whittemore. Third Congressional District—A. S. Wallace. Fourth Congressional District—Hon. S. L. Hoge.

No nomination has yet been made for the Second District. The candidates are, Hon. C. C. Bowen, Hon. J. H. Jenks, and J. P. M. Epping. A committee to prepare an address to the people of this State: Messrs Chamberlain, Bowen, Swails, Whipper and Wiley.

CARPET BAGGERS.—The N. Y. *Tribune* says:

"It is very little wonder that Northern men going South should take no more than a carpet-bag, since they stand so slight a chance of seeing their baggage again or even of returning. However, some 1,200,000 carpet-baggers, under General Grant, contrived to stay South as long as they cared to, and some eight or ten thousand, under Butler, were kindly entertained by the Rebels at their own expense. After such illustrations, who can complain of Southern hospitality?"

CIRCLE OF FRIENDS.—Mr MALLORY, the ex confederate Secretary of the Navy, has come out for Seymour. He came out against Grant some six years ago. Mr. Mallory had the honor to commission Semmes, who preyed so liberally on the commerce of the State to which Mr. Seymour belongs. All that is needed now is that those Southerners who were engaged in the plots to burn the city of New York and introduce pestilence there should give in their adhesion to Seymour. This would make the circle of his "friends" complete.

THE CAMP-MEETING FOR ORANGEBURG CIRCUIT.—The camp-meeting which was previously noticed to be held at Shady Grove in Oct. has been deferred, and will commence, D. V., at that place, on the 11th of November. Bro. T. Phillips writes us that he is still having great prosperity on the Orangeburg circuit.

POLITICAL AND SOCIAL EQUALITY.—The *Helena Sentinel* (Arkansas), in reply to the charge that the meats are certain Democratic barbecue were to be poisoned, says: "As the infamous lie is in circulation that the meats for colored persons will be poisoned, we nail that radical ticket to the counter by offering choice of tables to our colored friends, or we will divide places with them." Is not the new devotion of the crewhile slaveholder to his late chattel something remarkable?

INFLUENCE OF DRESS. The *Detroit Tribune* says: "Frank Blair has boasted that his business throughout this canvass was to tell the truth, without fear or favor, regardless of self or party. After reading his speeches, we conclude that he has not yet commenced the truth-telling business—or else failed."

DEMOCRATIC TRUTHS.—*The Hartford Post* says, that the only luck the Democrats ever had in Vermont, was when they carried St. Albans during the war. That time they came in from Canada.

Proclamation.

By the Governor of the State of South Carolina.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
COLUMBIA, S. C., August 31, 1868.

Information having been communicated to this department of proceedings calculated to disturb tranquillity of the State, I deem it my duty to earnestly appeal to my fellow citizens to refrain from and discountenance all demonstrations whereby the public peace may be endangered.

It is alleged that armed organizations exist, which are regularly officered and drilled, and pledged to act by authority. There is not only no authority for armed or military organization in South Carolina, but they are in direct violation of the United States. They must, therefore, be at once disbanded.

I have also been informed of the surreptitious introduction into the State of firearms and ammunition of the most improved description which, it is reported, are to be used for partisan purposes. Although not so openly in conflict with the law, this is equally dangerous and threatening to the public peace. Deadly weapons in the hands of inconsiderate persons, inflamed by political excitement, may lead to the most deplorable results, and all good citizens who can foresee the frightful consequences of a collision should earnestly and promptly throw the whole weight of their moral influence against a policy which would place life and property at the mercy of a mob.

The right of every political party to assemble and deliberate for the common good is undeniable, and any interruption of such proceedings or molestation of individuals in attendance is utterly unjustifiable. Inflammatory and threatening language at public meetings and in the newspapers should be avoided and discountenanced, because it unnecessarily aggravates the excitement incident to the present political canvass. The right of every voter to advocate such political principles and support such candidates as commend themselves to his judgment, must be secured to him without restraint or intimidation. It is the distinguishing feature of a republican government that it is based upon the consent of the governed. Its policy is controlled by the will of the majority as legitimately expressed through the ballot box. To thwart or subvert that will; to interfere with this sacred right of opinion—the basis of free institutions—by threat or violence, is to substitute force for law. The power which exalts one party to-day, may give to its antagonist the control to morrow, and the end will be anarchy, ruin and despotism.

As the Chief Magistrate of the State, it is my duty to execute the laws, preserve the public peace, and to ensure domestic tranquillity. It is my determination to exert all the influence I possess, and all the authority empowered in me by the constitution, for that purpose.

I therefore earnestly and respectfully appeal to all good citizens, and especially to those whose position and character enable them to exercise a salutary influence upon public opinion, to aid me in my efforts to maintain the supremacy of the laws, and preserve the peace and dignity of the commonwealth.

ROBERT K. SCOTT, Governor.

Special Notice.

BAKER THEOLOGICAL INSTITUTE

The fall term of this school, will commence at No 14, Lynch st. *Tuesday* November 3d, as this is a month later than our usual time, it is hoped every student will be present in attendance on the day of opening. E. WILLARD LEWIS Prest.

Aug 29—3t

THE GRAHAMESTON LAND COMPANY.

The attention of the Shareholders are Respectfully called to the following Resolution adopted at a special meeting of the Board of Directors held on the 31st. day of July 1868.

Resolved, That all Shareholders indebted to the Company are hereby notified to make payment in full on or before the 15th of October next.

Should such Shareholders fail to make payment up to the time specified, they will forfeit all claims and benefits of the said Company. The Treasurer will receive as usual the dues of the Shareholders on every Thursday Evening at the Hall.

JOHN L. SCANLAN, *President*.
JAS. G. SPENCER, *Sec & Treas*.

Aug. 15—3t.

PROPOSALS

FOR REBUILDING AN ORDER LIGHT-HOUSE AND KEEPER'S DWELLING, AT OR NEAR ST. SIMON'S, GEORGIA.

Sealed proposals will be received at this Office until one o'clock p. m. on the day, the 25th day of September, 1868, for furnishing the materials and labor of all kinds necessary to construct, erect, and complete a third order light-house and keeper's dwelling at or near St. Simons, Georgia, in accordance with plans and specifications which may be obtained upon application to this office.

W. B. SHUBRICK,
Chairman.

Treasury Department,
Office Light-House Board,
Washington City, August 31, 1868.
Sept. 5th 3 ws.

THE STAFF OF LIFE.

At Hamilton & Logan's BAKERY at No. 1 Reed Street near America, you can be furnished with a good article of well baked Bread delivered in any part of the city, on reasonable terms. sep. 5—4t.

Cases in Bankruptcy.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

In the matter of ALBERT BARUCH. } Bankrupt.

By whom a Petition for Adjudication of Bankruptcy was filed on the 8th day of Sept. A. D. 1868, in said Court, in Bankruptcy.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, That on the 16th day of Sept. A. D. 1868, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the Estate of Albert Baruch of Charleston, in the District of Charleston and State of South Carolina, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own Petition; that the payment of any Debts and Delivery of any Property belonging to said Bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any Property by him are forbidden by Law; that a meeting of the Creditors of the said Bankrupt, to Prove their Debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of his Estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 72 Broad street Charleston S. C. before R. B. Carpenter, Register on the 19th day of Nov. A. D. 1868, at 9 o'clock A. M.

J. P. M. EPPING,
U. S. Marshal as Messenger.

sept. 19—2t. 213

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

In the matter of OWEN P. FITZSIMONS. } Bankrupt.

By whom a Petition for Adjudication of Bankruptcy was filed on the 26th day of May A. D. 1868, in said Court. In Bankruptcy.

THIS IS TO GIVE notice, That on the 26th day of Aug. A. D. 1868, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the Estate of Owen P. Fitzsimons of Edisto Island, in the District of Charleston and State of South Carolina, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt, on his own Petition; that the payment of any Debts and Delivery of any Property belonging to said Bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any Property by him are forbidden by law, that a meeting of the Creditors of the said Bankrupt to Prove their Debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of his Estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 72 Broad Street Charleston S. C. before R. B. Carpenter register, on the 16th day of Nov. A. D. 1868, at 9 o'clock A. M.

J. P. M. EPPING,
U. S. Marshal as Messenger.

Sept. 12—2t. 212

Bells! Bells! Bells!

GREAT IMPROVEMENT IN QUALITY OF TONE AND DURABILITY,

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Musical Hand Bells in sets, from one to seven octaves.

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All our Bells that are mounted with our patent mountings are warranted for Two years. The warrantee of all other bell-founders is for one year only.

We have the only reliable Self-rotary Yoke ever applied to the ringing of bells.

Our best Bronze Bells are made from the best English bronze metal, composed of pure Copper and Tin (without alloy) or we forfeit the price of the bell.

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HARRISON & DAVIS,
66 Warren-street, New York.

sept 19 4t

THE

N. Y. Tribune!

TO THE FRIENDS OF

Grant and Colfax!

THE October elections! Are we ready? Do we think of a desperate struggle? Do we know that victory is not always on the side of the more of resolute effort will be here a bright season of tranquility and safety.

We must not be beaten. The patriot blood poured out like water on a hundred bloody fields, cries aloud to us to press on to the glorious consummation for which so much has joyfully been sacrificed. The election of GRANT and COLFAX secures the ascendancy of Liberty, Justice, and Peace. It is the Appomattox of civil conflict. It insures that ours shall henceforth be a land of Equal Rights and Equal Laws. It makes our recent history coherent and logical. It demonstrates that the dismemberment of the Rebellion was no blunder and no accident, but the triumph of principle and an added proof that God reigns.

We are doing well in the canvass, but we ought to do better; for there are still thousands who would read Republican papers who have them not, and hence are not imbued with ardor and enthusiasm for the success of our candidate and our cause. You must help us to reach some thousands more of these. And, to incite you to do so, we propose to send

THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE

to clubs, by mail, for twelve weeks, commencing August 26, at the following rates:

Five copies to one address,	$1 80
Nine copies to one address,	3 00
Twenty copies to one address	6 00
Fifty copies to one address,	14 00
One hundred copies to one address,	25 00

—the papers in all cases to be sent to one address. If the papers are to be sent to names of subscribers, ten cents per copy in addition must be sent. Payable always in advance. Subscriptions are respectfully solicited.

Address THE TRIBUNE, New York City.

Sept 19 4t

The Merchants' Protective Union

Mercantile Reference Register.

THE Merchants' Protective Union organized to promote and protect trade, by enabling its subscribers to attain facility and safety in the granting of credits, and the recovery of claims at all points, have to announce that they will, in September, 1868, publish in one large quarto volume,

The Merchants' Protective Union Mercantile Reference Register,

containing, among other things, the Names, Nature of Business, Amount of Capital, Financial Standing and Rating as to Credit of over

400,000

of the principal merchants, traders, bankers, manufacturers, and public companies, in more than 30,000 of the cities, towns, villages, and settlements throughout the United States, their territories, and the British Provinces of North America; and, embracing the most important information attainable and necessary to enable the merchant to ascertain at a glance the Capital, Character, and Degree of Credit of such of his customers as are deemed worthy of any gradation of credit, comprising, also,

A Newspaper Directory,

containing the title, character, price, and place of publication, with full particulars relative to each journal, being a complete guide to the press of every county in the United States.

The reports and information will be confined to those deemed worthy of some line of credit; and as the same will be based, so far as practicable, upon the written statements of the parties themselves, revised and corrected by well known and reliable legal correspondents, whose character will prove a guarantee of the correctness of the information furnished by them, it is believed that the reports will prove more truthful and complete, and, therefore, superior to, and of greater value, than any previously issued.

By aid of the *Mercantile Reference Register*, business men will be enabled to ascertain, at a glance, the capital and gradation of credit, as compared with financial worth, of nearly every merchant, manufacturer, trader, and banker, within the above-named territorial limits.

On or about the first of each month, subscribers will also receive the *Monthly Chronicle*, containing, among other things, a record of such important changes in the name and condition of firms, throughout the country, as may occur subsequent to the publication of each half-early volume of the Mercantile Reference Register.

Price of *The Merchants' Union Mercantile Reference Register*, Fifty Dollars ($50), for which it will be forwarded to any address in the United States, transportation paid.

Holders of five shares of the Capital Stock, in addition to participating in the profits, will receive one copy of the Mercantile Reference Register free of charge; holders of ten shares will be entitled to two copies; and no more than ten shares of the Capital Stock will be allotted to any one applicant.

All remittances, orders, or communications relative to the book should be addressed to the Merchants' Protective Union, in the American Exchange Bank Building, No. 128 Broadway, (Box 2,565.) New York.

sept 19 6m.

ECLECTIC MEDICAL COLLEGE OF PENNSYLVANIA.

This College holds three sessions each year. The first session commences October 5th, and continues until the end of January; the second session commences February 1st, and continues until the beginning of May; the third session continues throughout the summer months.

It has an able corps of twelve Professors, and every Department of Medicine and Surgery is thoroughly taught.

Every facility in the way of illustrations, morbid specimens, herbarium, chemical and philosophical apparatus, microscopes, instrument of the latest invention for physical examination and diagnosis will be provided.

Splendid Hospital and Clinical Instruction are offered: free tickets to all our City Hospitals are provided: Dissecting Material abundant at a nominal cost.

Perpetual Scholarships are sold for $30.

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may 16 1 year

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New Railway Newspaper Press

specially designed to supply Newspapers of moderate circulation with a Press that is serviceable, Efficient, and MODERATE in price, and one capable of doing all the Job Work of every description. It can be run easily by one man at a speed of 500 impressions per hour, and by steam will give 1000 or 1200 per hour, with out noise or jar. It occupies space of 5 12 by 10 feet, and can be worked in a room seven feet high. Weight, boxed, 3,500 pounds. Their Single Large Cylinder

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Or Country Press, is also a convenient and durable Printing Machine, capable of doing the entire work of an out-town office. It is designed to run by hand at a speed of 800 per hour. Each machine is warranted, and will not fail to give entire satisfaction.

We manufacture almost every article required for Letter Press, Lithographic, or Copper Plate Printing, Book Binding, Electrotyping and Stereotyping, and furnish outfits complete for each.

We would call attention to our Sectional Stereotype blocks, Mechanical Quoins, Patent Lined Galleys, New Compositors' Stands, Cabinets, of new designs, and all sizes, Standing Galleys, Patent Pocket Rules, Printers' Knives, &c., Blanketing and Type of our own importation, and made expressly for our Newspaper and Cylinder Printing Machines.

Estimates in detail furnished. A new Catalogue, containing cuts and descriptions of many new machines, not before shown in their book, with, directions for putting up, working, &c., and other useful information, is just completed and can be had on application.

R. HOE & CO.,
New York, and Boston, Mass.

Publishers of Newspapers are at liberty to insert this advertisement, displayed as above, three times in their Weekly Paper with this note, but not without, any time previous to January, 1869, but, not later, provided they purchase Type or Materials of our manufacture for four times the amount of their bill which will be allowed in settlement of ours, on receipt of a copy of their paper containing the advertisement.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES,
FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

In the matter of JOHN S. BRADLEY. } Bankrupt.

By whom a Petition for Adjudication of Bankruptcy was filed on the 16th day of May A. D. 1868 in said Court, in Bankruptcy.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, That on the 17th day of Aug., A. D. 1868, a warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the Estate of John S. Bradley of Sumter, District and State of South Carolina, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt, on his own Petition; that the payment of any Debts, and Delivery of any Property belonging to said Bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by Law; that a meeting of the Creditors of the said Bankrupt to Prove their Debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of his Estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 72 Broad Street, Charleston, S. C., before R. B. Carpenter Register on the 2nd day of Nov., A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock M.

J. P. M. EPPING,
U. S. Marshal as Messenger.

aug 22 200

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

In the matter of THOMAS PYE.—Bankrupt.

By whom a Petition for Adjudication of Bankruptcy was filed on the 20th day of May A. D. 1868, in said Court, in Bankruptcy.

THIS is to give notice, That on the 17th day of August A. D. 1868, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the Estate of Thomas Pye of Colleton, District and State of South Carolina, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own Petition; that the payment of any Debts and Delivery of any Property belonging to said Bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any Property by him are forbidden by Law; that a meeting of the Creditors of the said Bankrupt, to Prove their Debts and to choose one or more Assignees of his Estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 72 Broad street Charleston S. C. before R. B. Carpenter, Register, on the 2nd day of November, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

J. P. M. EPPING,
U. S. Marshal as Messenger.

aug 22 198

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

In the matter of LAWRENCE N. FISHBURNE,—Bankrupt.

By whom a Petition for Adjudication of Bankruptcy was filed on the 20th day of May A. D. 1868, in said Court, in Bankruptcy.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, That on the 21st day of Aug., A. D. 1868, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the Estate of Lawrence N. Fishburne of Winterborough, in the District of Colleton and State of South Carolina, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own Petition; that the payment of any Debts and Delivery of any Property belonging to said Bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any Property by him are forbidden by Law; that a meeting of the Creditors of the said Bankrupt, to Prove their Debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of his Estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 72 Broad Street, Charleston S. C., before R. B. Carpenter, Register, on the 4th day of Nov., A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock M.

J. P. M. EPPING,
U. S. Marshal as Messenger.

aug 29 210

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

In the matter of SILAS EAVES, Bankrupt.

By whom a Petition for Adjudication of Bankruptcy was filed on the 27th day of May A. D. 1868, in said Court, in Bankruptcy.

This is to give notice That on the 24st day of Aug. A. D. 1868, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the Estate of Silas Eaves of Blackville, in the District of Barnwell and State of South Carolina, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt, on his own Petition; that the payment of any Debts and Delivery of any Property belonging to said Bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any Property by him are forbidden by law, that a meeting of the Creditors of the said Bankrupt, to Prove their Debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of his Estate, will be held at a court of Bankruptcy to be holden at No. 72 Broad Street Charleston S. C. before R. B. Carpenter Register, on the 4th day of Nov. A. D. 1868 at 9 o'clock A. M.

J. P. M. EPPING,
U. S. Marshal as Messenger.

aug 29 209

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

In the matter of EDWARD F. DAVIS. } Bankrupt.

By whom a Petition for Adjudication of Bankruptcy was filed on the 20th day of May A. D. 1868 in said Court, in Bankruptcy.

This is to give notice, That on the 21st day of Aug. A. D. 1868, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the Estates of Edward F. Davis of Colleton, District and State of South Carolina who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own Petition, that the payment of any Debts and Delivery of any Property belonging to said Bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any Property by him are forbidden by law, that a meeting of the Creditors of the said Bankrupts to Prove their Debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of his Estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 72 Broad Street Charleston S. C. before R. B. Carpenter, Register, on the 4th day of Nov. A. D. 1868 at 11 o'clock, A. M.

J. P. M. EPPING,
U. S. Marshal as Messenger.

aug 29 207