



THE PUBLIC WILL OUR GUIDE—THE PUBLIC GOOD OUR END.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY

BY JOHN CAMBRIDGE.

Terms.—THREE DOLLARS per annum, payable in advance; and in all cases where papers shall be delivered at the expense of the Editor, the price will be THREE DOLLARS and FIFTY CENTS. No paper discontinued, but at the option of the Editor, until all arrearages are paid. Advertisements not exceeding twelve lines, inserted three times for one dollar, and twenty-five cents for each continuation. If no directions are given with an Advertisement it will be continued till forbid.

Law.

HARRIS H. HICKMAN has taken the Office, recently occupied by JOHN BOYKIN, Jun. Esq. and tenders to the Public his professional services.
August 5. 73—

BOOKS

WILL be delivered to Members at the Library Room, by Mr. J. McEWEN, Librarian, on Thursday's and Saturday's, from 2 to 5 P. M.

J. REYNOLDS, Sec'y.
August 12. 74—

Latta & Kilgore,

HAVE just received a case of Philadelphia RIFLES.

—ALSO—
From Charleston and Philadelphia, a large and general assortment of **Dry Goods, Croceries, Hardware, Cutlery, &c. &c.**

all of which they will sell at reduced prices for cash, either by wholesale or retail.
Camden, August 5, 1819. 73-76—

An Estray.

CAPT. JOHN DUBOSE tolls before me a Sorrel Horse, about 14 hands high, 8 years old, blind of an eye, has no visible brand; appraised at ten dollars. Said horse has been in the neighbourhood since last fall, and is subject to fits.

Joseph Mickle, J. Q.
June 24. 67—tf

An Estray.

WILLIAM NEAL tolls before me, a small yellow Sorrel Mare, about 11 years old, 13 hands high, much marked with the saddle, but has no visible brand; appraised at fifteen dollars.

Joseph Mickle, J. Q.
Sawneys Creek, K. D. June 10. 67—tf

For Sale,

A LIGHT running Chataugee WAGON, with harness but little worn—it will be sold cheap by applying to the subscriber directly opposite the Masonic Hall.

Thomas Warren.
—ALSO—

On hand a variety of CABINET-FURNITURE, made of domestic wood, which will be disposed of low, to suit the times.
Camden, August 19, 1819 75-77—

For Sale.

20 Barrels Whiskey, A few barrels Cordial, 20 kegs best Gun-Powder, of Dupont's make, Carolina Indigo.

And a few sets of

Gig Harness, both plated and plain, best Philadelphia make, with a large assortment of dry goods, Hardware, Cutlery, Groceries, &c.

James Clark.
April 1.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT.

A large two story Frame Building, on Broad-street, a few doors above Decalbestreet, 50 by 25 feet, with a store in front, and with a kitchen and other out buildings. Any person disposed to purchase or rent, will call and view the premises; possession will be given immediately, apply to

James Clark.
April 1.

For Sale.

TEN Kegs best Virginia Manufactured Tobacco, one Hoghead Leaf ditto, fifty Gallons Havana Honey, one hundred Gallons Philadelphia Vinegar, a few Hogheads N. Rum, Gun Powder Tea in Caddies, Rifles and Shot Guns, &c.

James Clark.
June 24. 67—tf

FRESH AND CHEAP GOODS.

H. Levy & Co.

Have received in addition to their former Stock, the following articles:

Extra fine Cambric Prints, for ladies dresses,

Russia Drill, French Jeans,

Irish Linens, Diapers,

Dutch Rolls, Gingham,

Nankeens, blue and yellow,

Pal etto Hats,

Ladies black and colored Kid Shoes, with and without heels,

Do. Morocco do.

—ALSO—

A few tierces Rice,

do. boxes Ling Fish,

do. do. Spermaceti Candles,

Warranted Spanish Segars,

Best London Porter,

With a general assortment of

Groceries.

July 15, 1819. 70—

Bradford's Springs.

IT is a circumstance of no small importance to the citizens of this State to have a convenient and healthy situation, to which they can have access during the Summer and Autumnal months.

The Bradford Spring, at this time, exhibit such a situation. The buildings, here, are capacious and convenient; and are as well calculated for the accommodation of the delicate and infirm, as those who are in search of pleasure.

The situation is, probably, one of the most eligible that this country affords. The elevation is considerably above the common level of the surface. The rise and declivity of the hill is gradual and regular; and its summit smooth and unbroken. The Springs empty out of the basis of the hill, at different apertures, where it abruptly breaks off, in almost, a perpendicular descent.

The water is a strong mineral. It is transparent and palatable. The ingredients which form the composition of this mineral, have not yet been accurately ascertained by chymical analysis. A few individuals have annually visited those Springs, and those alone, can form an adequate idea of the advantage which results from attending them.

The ruinous condition of the buildings in all probability, and the want of accommodation has, hitherto, prevented a number of persons from attending these Springs. But the subscriber flatters himself that he is now, well prepared for the accommodation of a number of persons. And he pledges himself to spare no exertions to render the situation of all those who attend these Springs both comfortable and agreeable.

Horace W. Bronson.

April 22. 58—tf

Stephens Creek, Edgefield.

FOR Sale, a valuable tract of Land, consisting of 500 acres, more or less, situated as above, and bounded on land granted to Hugh Rose, Jacob Mott and Robert Starke, Esquires. The Title is unexceptionable, being from the original Grantee. For terms, apply to the Editor of the Camden Gazette.

The EDITOR of the Columbia Telescope and Augusta Chronicle, are desired to give the above 4 insertions, and send the bills to the Camden Gazette Office.

April 22. 58—tf

Committed

TO the Gaol of Kershaw District, a Negro Fellow, about 35 or 40 years of age; 5 feet 10 or 11 inches high, stout built, says his name is

SCIPIO

and belongs to William Bull in Barnwell District. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away.

William Love, G. K. D.

April 8

Printing,

Netly executed at the Gazette-Office, on low terms.

BOOK BINDING.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Camden and its vicinity, that he has just commenced the above branch of Business in the store opposite Col. Nixon's, where he will execute all kinds of Binding with promptness and precision, he has also an assortment of

Books and Stationary

For sale on very reasonable terms.

George Forbes.

January 7 tf

Notice.

AS the Subscriber intends removing to Charleston, as soon as his crop of Cotton can be gathered. He will sell the Lease of those Lands he now plants, for two years from 1st of July next. There is on the place about 145 acres of cleared land, 65 of which is prime River Swamp, the balance good Cotton land. He will also sell the stock of Cattle and Hogs, a good Gin of 30 Saws together with about 1000 bushels of Corn, all the fodder made on the place, Pease, &c. and all the Plantation Tools.

John Duhose.

August 6. 74—tf

NOTICE.

URIAH BLACKMAN.

Informs his friends and the public, he still continues to keep a HOUSE OPEN-TERTAINMENT, in Camden, lately under the firm of Blackman & Dye, and hopes by his assiduity and attention, to merit a share of public patronage.
March 11.

To Rent,

A Room in the Market-House, either the upper or lower one—For terms apply to

WILLIAM O'CAIN.

Camden, July 1, 1819. 68—

To Rent.

THE House belonging to Mr. BROADBENT, in the upper part of Camden, lately occupied by Mrs. RAY.—For terms apply to the Printer.
March 4.

For sale,

A PLANTATION, situated on Pine Tree Creek, seven miles from Camden, containing two hundred acres of LAND, twenty five acres of which is under fence; on which there is two excellent Springs of Water, and a very good young Apple and Peach Orchard. Possession to be given on the first of October next. For further particulars apply to

Peter Myres, or John Myres.

July 15, 1819. 70—

ORIGINAL PAGE(S) MUTILATED

AN ORDINANCE,

TO divide the Town of Camden into Fire Wards, and for other purposes therein mentioned.

BE it Ordained by the Intendant and Wardens of the Town of Camden, and it is hereby Ordained by the authority of the same, That the Town of Camden be, and the same is hereby divided into two Fire Wards—All that part of said Town which is south of York-street, shall constitute one Ward, and shall be distinguished as Ward number (1) one, and all that part of said Town which lies north of York-street, shall constitute one Ward, and shall be distinguished as Ward number (2) two.

Be it further Ordained by the authority aforesaid, That each Manager of a Fire Engine shall immediately after his appointment in each year, cause a roll to be made of all the able bodied male slaves above sixteen years of age living within his Ward, to be by him kept, and that each shall cause his Engine to be played off once in each month.

Be it further Ordained by the authority aforesaid, That the Town Marshall shall, when required by the Manager of an Engine, require, by note in writing to be served either personally or by leaving the same at the house of the owner or hirer, all the owners or hirers of slaves so enrolled as before provided, to cause his her or their slave or slaves so enrolled to appear at the time appointed therefore to the place directed, for the purpose of working or playing off such Engine—and for such service, said Marshall shall be entitled to One Dollar for each working of a company.

Be it further Ordained by the authority aforesaid, That each and every owner or hirer of a slave or slaves so enrolled as aforesaid, shall forfeit and pay for the use of the Town of Camden, Fifty Cents for each slave so owned or hired by him or her and so enrolled as aforesaid, for each and every default of appearance at the time and place so as aforesaid appointed for their appearance—Provided, That he or she have one day's notice at least of such time and place when and where said slaves are required to appear for the purposes aforesaid.

Be it further Ordained by the authority aforesaid, That a reward of Ten Dollars shall be given to the Officers and Company of that Engine, which in case of fire, shall first throw water with a full Engine on the same.

Be it further Ordained by the authority aforesaid, That all Ordinances or clauses of Ordinances of said Town repugnant to this Ordinance, be, and the same are hereby repealed.

Ratified in Town Council, tenth of August, one thousand eight hundred and nineteen, and forty fourth year of American Independence.

THOMAS SALMOND, Intendant.

Camden District.—In Equity.

JUNE TERM, 1819.

David George, vs. James Russell et al } BILL.

IT appearing to the Court that John Covington and Mary his wife, Samuel Evans and Martha his wife, and Sarah Russell defendants to the above suit, are without the limits of this State: It is ordered that the said Samuel Owens and Martha his wife, John Covington and Mary his wife, and Sarah Russell do appear to the bill filed in the above case, on or before the ninth day of October next, and do file their answer, plea or demur to the said bill, in thirty days from the said date, or the said bill will be taken pro confesso as to the said defendants.

J. CARTER, Com. Eq.

Camden, July 20, 1819. 72-81—

Regimental Order,

35th Regiment, Camden, July 12, 1819.

LIEUT. COL. ENGLISH, of the 35th Regiment of Infantry, having been promoted to the rank of Colonel, an election for a Major in, the second or lower Battalion, is hereby ordered to take place on Friday, the third of September next. The Captains, or Officers commanding Companies, will open a poll at their respective muster grounds, and in conjunction with two subaltern Officers, or other fit and proper persons, will hold and manage the same from 11 o'clock A. M. until 3 o'clock P. M. giving public notice forty days previous, at three places within their respective commands; and the said managers, are ordered to meet in Camden on the fourth of September, the day after the election, and count the votes, declare the election, and report the same to the Colonel. By order of Col. English. J. C. CARTER, Adjutant.

For the Alabama Courier. COTTON.

The rot has made its appearance in our cotton at an unusually early period—a circumstance that has induced an opinion among our planters that it will be more destructive to the present crop, than to any former one, since its first appearance among us. In a country where the soil and climate are so eminently adapted to the culture of cotton, and on which almost the whole force of the agriculturalist is employed, it is a subject of regret that so few experiments have been made by our practical planters, to ascertain the causes of this alarming and destructive disease. The rot made its appearance in India about the middle of the last century, and such were its destructive effects that whole fields were destroyed without scarcely a solitary bowl remaining uninjured. Although there are various hypothesis in the country respecting the causes of it, yet none of them, it is believed, have been brought to satisfactory results.—Among the most popular opinions respecting this disease, is one which supposes that it is produced by the intense heat of the sun's rays acting on the cotton bowl, until the sap becomes so hot as to destroy the vegetating principle, and that fermentation and decomposition follow; and another, which supposes it to be produced by continual rains, or an extremely humid atmosphere. But it is believe that neither of the above hypothesis have any foundation in fact. As to the first, it will be ascertained from the strictest observation, that the cotton bowls which grow partially, or entirely, in the shade, are quite as much affected by the disease as those constantly exposed to the sun's rays; and as to the second, it may be remarked, that in the summer of 1817 we had constant and continual rains, and that in 1818, while one part of the Territory suffered severely from a drought, in the other part the rain was abundant, and yet in both these years the rot, in every section of the country, was pretty general and equal. It might be further remarked, that if the disease be produced by the heat of the sun's rays, why is not the bowl always or generally most affected on the side most exposed to the sun? If it be the result of continual rains, why is not every part of the bowl equally affected? A third hypothesis, and which I think is entitled to great consideration, is, that the rot is occasioned by a small worm or bug. This hypothesis is not only strengthened by the improbability of the two first, but from the circumstance that in almost every instance, a small hole is found near the centre of the affected bowl. But whether this insect penetrates the bowl from the outside, or the egg is deposited in the blossom, (as is the case with the worm found in the apple and cherry,) are questions which are yet to be solved. It is supposed by some that the insect possesses a peculiarly poisonous sting or bill with which he merely punctures the outside of the bowl.—Will not a puncture with a pin or needle produce the same effects? This article is not written with a view of pointing out the causes of the disease in cotton, but for the purpose of exciting a spirit of inquiry. As the present is a very favorable time to make experiments and researches, it is hoped our practical planters will prosecute the inquiry with a spirit commensurate with the importance of the subject.

CINCINNATUS.