



THE PUBLIC WILL OUR GUIDE—THE PUBLIC GOOD OUR END.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY

BY JOHN CAMBRIDGE.

Terms.—THREE DOLLARS per annum, payable in advance; and in all cases where papers shall be delivered at the expense of the Editor, the price will be THREE DOLLARS and FIFTY CENTS. No paper discontinued, but at the option of the Editor, until all arrearages are paid. Advertisements not exceeding twelve lines, inserted three times for one dollar, and twenty-five cents for each continuation. If no directions are given with an Advertisement it will be continued till forbid.

To the Patrons of the Gazette.

The establishment of the CAMDEN GAZETTE having been transferred by the late proprietor, is now under the superintendence of its new proprietor and Editor.

It has been usual on similar occasions, to sketch an outline of the principles by which the Editor would be governed.

In compliance with that usage, and in performance of what we deem a duty, we submit to the public an avowal of the sentiments which will influence us in the discharge of our functions.

Political economy and the administration of National affairs, are the most important subjects on which the columns of a newspaper embody and disseminate opinions and information, and although in our happy country and by our admirable Constitution an unrestrained liberty of the Press is guaranteed, effusions on those subjects may have sometimes degenerated into licentiousness and been productive of mischief, yet we humbly presume it will be universally conceded that the evil resulting from the freedom of the Press has been more than counterbalanced by the good.

Perhaps this licentiousness has, more than any other cause, contributed to produce and fan the flame of faction and party spirit which has impaired the lustre of the annals of our country; but the effect of that spirit when restrained within reasonable limits, is to produce and preserve a vigilance over the motives and tendencies of public measures, calculated to maintain the liberties of the Country.

In the distinctions of party which have arisen, we have uniformly professed ourselves attached to that denominated Republican, and we certainly see no cause in the vigilant, just, able and patriotic policy of our present political Chief, to change our principles or opinion.

But indeed party distinctions may be said to have almost ceased to exist. The tempest of faction, and the conflicting billows of political dissension, have subsided into a peaceful calm. The wisdom of our public functionaries, and the virtuous energies of our people, have procured for our country an exalted character in the family of nations. Peace, security, liberty, prosperity and happiness at home, respect and esteem abroad, are our portion, acquired by enlightened counsels supported by an enlightened population.

The Chiefs of five successive administrations have witnessed, the happy destinies of America. Adams, Jefferson, Madison and Monroe, still live to honor and be honored by their country. The first, during whose administration political parties became completely organized, has been himself the warm advocate and supporter of the measures of the three last. Political delusions have been dissipated, faction prostrated, what is emphatically styled the "Era of good feelings" is arrived, and we may exclaim in the language of the sage of Monticello, "we are all Federalists, we are all Republicans."

With these sentiments the Editor tenders to the patrons and friends of his establishment, his services. From Scientific and Literary gentlemen, communications for his columns are respectfully solicited and will be gratefully received; but he pledges himself to the public, that nothing personal and calculated to excite the angry and vindictive feelings of man towards his fellow-man, shall be permitted to tarnish his paper.

JOHN CAMBRIDGE.

For Sale.

20 Barrels Whiskey, A few barrels Cordial, 20 kegs best Gun-Powder, of Dupont's make, Carolina Indigo.

And a few sets of

Gig Harness, both plated and plain, best Philadelphia make, with a large assortment of dry goods, Hardware, Cutlery, Groceries, &c.

James Clark.

April 1.

Bradford's Springs, S

It is a circumstance of no small importance to the citizens of this State to have a convenient and healthy situation, to which they can have access during the Summer and Autumnal months.

The Bradford Springs, at this time, exhibit such a situation. The buildings here are capacious and convenient; and are as well calculated for the accommodation of the delicate and infirm, as those who are in search of pleasure.

The situation is, probably, one of the most eligible that this country affords. The elevation is considerably above the common level of the surface. The rise and declivity of the hill is gradual and regular; and its summit smooth and unbroken. The Springs empty out of the basis of the hill, at different apertures, where it abruptly breaks off, in almost a perpendicular descent.

The water is a strong mineral. It is transparent and palatable. The ingredients which form the composition of the mineral, have not yet been accurately ascertained by chymical analysis. A few individuals have annually visited those Springs, and those alone, can form an adequate idea of the advantage which results from attending them.

The ruinous condition of the buildings in all probability, and the want of accommodation has, hitherto, prevented a number of persons from attending these Springs. But the subscriber flatters himself that he is now, well prepared for the accommodation of a number of persons. And he pledges himself to spare no exertions to render the situation of all those who attend these Springs both comfortable and agreeable.

Horace W. Bronson.

April

NOTICE.

URIAH BLACKMAN.

Informs his friends and the public, he still continues to keep a HOUSE OF ENTERTAINMENT, in Camden, lately under the firm of Blackman & Dye, and hopes by his assiduity and attention; to merit a share of public patronage.

March 11.

Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the late concern of GOOCH, CUNNINGHAM & Co. are requested to call at Liberty Hill and settle their accounts with Mr. James Duren, (as his receipts only will be good against the Books of the concern,) arrangements of the Notes and accounts are daily making, payments alone will prevent suits. Those having demands, are advised to shew them without delay.

John Gooch,
Joseph Cunningham,
Joseph McD. Garlick.

Liberty Hill, May 19. 63—8

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber having Administered on the estate of DANIEL DUREN deceased; he hereby notifies all persons, having any property belonging to the said Daniel Duren, to deliver it to him, on or before the first day of August next, in order that he may make a settlement with the creditors of said deceased. All persons having demands, are required to render them in properly attested, and all indebted, are requested to make prompt payment.

M. C. WIGGINS, Adm'r.

June 3.

Attention Riflemen!

SUCH Members of the Camden Rifle company as failed to attend at the late General Review, are required to attend a Court Martial in Camden, on the last Friday in this month, to account for their delinquency.

By order of
Capt. Kennedy,
Eli Bradley, O. S.

June 10.

BOOK BINDING.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Camden and its vicinity, that he has just commenced the above branch of Business in the store opposite Col. Nixon's, where he will execute all kinds of binding with promptness and precision, he has also an assortment of

Books and Stationary

For sale on very reasonable terms.

George Forbes.

January 7

Committed

TO the Gaol of Kershaw District, a Negro Fellow of a dark complexion, about 5 feet 6 inches high, 22 or 23 years of age, has been very much burnt, so that he is lame in one hand and one foot, with a large scar on his breast and one arm. He says his name is JOHN, and that he belongs to Reubin Pickett of Fairfield District. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, defray expenses and take him away.

William Love, G. K. D.

June 17

66—tf

Committed

TO the Gaol of Kershaw District, a Negro Fellow, about 35 or 40 years of age; 5 feet 10 or 11 inches high, stout built, says his name is

SCIPIO

and belongs to William Bull in Barnwell District. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away.

William Love, G. K. D.

April 8

To Rent.

THE House belonging to Mr. BROADBEN, in the upper part of Camden, lately occupied by Mrs. RAY. For terms apply to the Printer.

March 4.

TO RENT.

A Store Room with back Rooms belonging to the house that Mrs. Rebecca Ballard now occupies. For terms apply to

Charles J. Shannon.

April 8.

56—tf

Stephens Creek, Edgfield.

FOR Sale, a valuable tract of Land, consisting of 500 acres, more or less, situated as above, and bounded on land granted to Hugh Rose, Jacob Mott and Robert Starke, Esquires. The Title is unexceptionable, being from the original Grant. For terms, apply to the Editor of the Camden Gazette.

The EDITOR of the Columbia Telescope and Augusta Chronicle, are desired to give the above 4 insertions, and send the bills to the Camden Gazette Office.

April 22.

58—tf

Tobacco.

Prime Chewing Tobacco.

—ALSO—

370 Pieces of the Edgfield made Stone Ware, consisting of

Water Pitchers from 2 quarts to 3 gallons.
Pickling Jars from 2 do. to 6 do.
Jugs from 2 do. to 5 do.
Churns from 2 gallons to 3 do.

The first of the kind, (and superior in quality to any) ever offered here, for sale by

HENRY ABBOTT.

May 13,

61—t

NOTICE.

THIS is to notify all persons from trading for a Note of Hand, for Fifty Dollars drawn in favor of ANDREW DUREN of North-Carolina; which Note, I protest the payment of, this 15th May, 1819.

J. S. BOSSARD.

June 3.

64—7

FOR SALE OR TO RENT.

A large two story Frame Building, on Broad-street, a few doors above Decalib-street, 50 by 25 feet with a store in front, and with a kitchen and other out buildings. Any person disposed to purchase or rent, will call and view the premises; possession will be given immediately, apply to

James Clark

April 1.

BLANKS

For sale at this Office.

Notice.

ALL persons who are indebted to the firm of SAMUEL LOPEZ & Co. either by note or open account for last year, are requested to come forward immediately and make payment, or their Notes or Accounts will be deposited in the hands of JOHN C. CARTER, Esq. Attorney at law, by the first of August next, for collection.

Samuel Lopez & Co.

June 10.

65—70

Notice.

I do hereby forewarn all persons from trading or purchasing a Note of Hand drawn in favor of THOMAS TWITTY, for the sum of Sixty Dollars, payable the first day of January 1820. As the sum was given for a Nag, which proved to be unsound. I do protest it.

Daniel Joyner.

June 17.

66—8

Wanted.

THIRTY BLACK MEN, accustomed to work in Boats on the lower rivers—who are strong and active. To such I will give twenty dollars per month during the Summer and Fall months. They are wanted for clearing out obstructions in the Congaree, from Granby to the Santee, and on the Wateree, from Camden down to the same place.—Gentlemen having such men to hire will please give information at Columbia, to

M. Barbour.

June 17.

66—8

Attention Artillery.

YOU will attend in Camden on Monday, the fifth of July, for the purpose of electing a First Lieutenant.—The poles will be opened at ten o'clock at the Court-House.—There will on the same day be a Dinner prepared at Mr. Blackman's Tavern, where the Company will dine.

By Order,

William M'Willie, Captain.

June 17.

Sheriff Sales.

By virtue of sundry executions to me directed, will be sold before the Court-House in Camden, on the first Monday and the day following, in July next, within the legal hours of sale.

A Negro Slave named Isaac, levied on as the property of Lewis Cook, at the separate suits of Francis A. Dellesselle and others. Condition of sale cash, purchasers paying for Sheriff's Titles.

M. C. Wiggins, S. K. D.

June 17.

66—8

Sheriff Sales.

By virtue of an order from the Honorable RICHARD GANTT, will be sold before the Court-House in Camden, within the legal hours of sale, on the first Monday and the day following, in July next, on a credit till the first of Nov.

Boots, Shoes and Shoe-Makers Tools, attached as the property of John W. Jones, at the separate suits of Hodges & M'Ca, and Charles J. Shannon.

—ALSO—

Paints, Paint Brushes, and one Trunk of old Cloth, attached as the property of Arthur Booker, at the suit of Doctor A. De Leon. Purchasers giving good personal security for the purchase money.

M. C. Wiggins, S. K. D.

June 17.

66—8

JUST RECEIVED,

And for Sale by

H. LEVY, & CO.

Pickled Salmon, do. Herring, Rice, Soap, Best London Porter, French Brandy, Jamaica Rum, N. E. Rum, Whiskey, Molasses, &c. &c.

May 6

Strayed

FROM the Subscriber, on the 30th ult. a large BAY MARE, with a bell on, black mane and tail; a reasonable reward will be given to any person who will deliver her to

John Wells.

Jamesville, June 10.

65—7

FOREIGN.

FROM A LONDON PAPER.

The Origin of Paper Money.
The invention of paper money is much more ancient than the establishment of the earliest Banks. The Bank of St. George, of Genoa, the most ancient we know, was founded in 1407; but before the end of the thirteenth century, Koblai, grandson of Genghis Khan, the Tartar conqueror, introduced paper money into China, and his example was at once followed by his cousin, Kaigston, the Sultan of Persia; both were obliged to abolish it, on account of the great disorders it produced in their extensive dominions.

Since this epoch, the Chinese Government has again established paper money; and in Russia they can now shew a "Chinese assignat."

In Turkey also, the collectors of certain taxes deliver receipts to those who pay them, and these papers have the currency of money.

It is not pretended that paper money was first invented by the Mongols; on the contrary, its invention was every where as easy as its use was obvious; and particularly attractive for all governments, for its temporary advantage in a crisis of difficulty.

The idea of substituting a token, or promissory obligation for a present intrinsic value, could occur even to a simple or barbarous people, of which there are many examples.

Aristotle, in his economics, tells us that Denis the Tyrant of Syracuse, coined money of tin, which he declared to be legal and equivalent to silver!

Timotheus, the general of the Athenians, in a moment of difficulty coined brass money, and assured his murmuring soldiers, that he would receive it, in the purchase of the spoils he was to make. We have heard much of the leathern money used by the Carthagenians.

It is true, none of these are paper money, but resemble it, as merely "tokens of value;" the money of confidence; the I. O. U.

We read also of the iron money of Byzantium, and of some of the ancient cities of Greece.

In England, our copper money is only a token or sign, current for nearly double its value as metal.

In Russia, skins and furs have been used for money, but their inconvenient bulk gave rise, in early time, to an ingenious representative of their natural coins, which was small pieces of leather stamped, which were used as money, to be liquidated by furs and skins as expressed. This leather coin was used in some parts as the factions of the silver copeck, down to the year 1700.

Among the simple Hindoos, whose wants are few, and the produce of the earth acquired with little labor, gold and silver, or even copper or iron, are of no great value in comparison, and their small money, is cowry shells, collected on the shores of Ceylon, and of the Maldiva islands; these shells have been current money of the Mongols of Bengal and Botan, as well as of Guinea. On the discovery of America, grains of Cacao served for money. In Abyssinia their merchandizes are valued by salt and pepper; at Newfoundland by codfish; in Virginia by tobacco; in Iceland, by a sort of wool; pieces of nankeen serve for money of comparison, in the exchanges between the Chinese and the Russians, at Kiakto; among the Greeks of the lower empire, pieces