

CALLED HER FAMILY TO HER BEDSIDE

Six Years Ago, Thinking She Might Die, Says Texas Lady, But Now She Is a Well, Strong Woman and Praises Cardui For Her Recovery.

Royse City, Tex.—Mrs. Mary Kilman, of this place, says: "After the birth of my little girl... my side commenced to hurt me. I had to go back to bed. We called the doctor. He treated me... but I got no better. I got worse and worse until the misery was unbearable... I was in bed for three months and suffered such agony that I was just drawn up in a knot... I told my husband if he would get me a bottle of Cardui I would try it... I commenced taking it, however, that evening I called my family about me... for I knew I could not last many days unless I had a change for

the better. That was six years ago and I am still here and am a well, strong woman, and I owe my life to Cardui. I had only taken half the bottle when I began to feel better. The misery in my side got less... I continued right on taking the Cardui until I had taken three bottles and I did not need any more for I was well and never felt better in my life... I have never had any trouble from that day to this." Do you suffer from headache, backache, pains in sides, or other discomforts, each month? Or do you feel weak, nervous and fagged-out? If so, give Cardui, the woman's tonic, a trial. J. 71

TRADE STILL GROWS.

Prospects for Fall Are Encouraging, Said Bradstreet Saturday

New York, Sept. 15.—Bradstreet, today said.

Trade grows. Prospects for fall are encouraging and industrial outputs are generally only limited by lack of labor but repression is created in some channels by past or possible future price fixing, by uncertainty over taxation on excess profits, by the hardening of rates for money and the husbanding of resources to take care of the forthcoming government loan. Still the wants a numerous, mill employed people, plus the enormous needs of a wealthy nation at war have made for a forward movement and while the government buying looks largest the more important markets have been visited by numerous merchants who have taken staple articles rather freely. It is undeniable however, that high prices tend to deter free buying and moreover those who control credit reins are

disposed to discourage the locking up of too much capital in high price merchandise, especially as it is a foregone conclusion that the government's needs for money must receive precedence. Aside from the uplift in house trade, which is manifest for dry goods and kindred lines, indeed frosty weather in parts of the country the forepart of the week greatly stimulated retailing quality and to some extent the quantities of late unmaturing crops. Bank clearings \$5,751,183,000.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

DR. J. REECE FUNDERBURK, Dental Surgeon. Office Hours: 8:30 to 12:30 A. M. 2:00 to 6:00 P. M. And by Appointment. Office, 160. Residence, 16. Office over B. C. Hough.

OUR NEW "SOLDIERS OF FREEDOM."

(Continued from page 2)

line experience on duty at each camp as advisers, and unusual opportunity for lecture courses will be presented.

"Don't Worry About Your Boy," is the heading given by the Chicago Tribune to an editorial it quotes from the Galesburg (Ill.) Mail, in which warning is issued against the false impression that enlistment or conscription means the probable death of the soldier in battle. As a matter of fact, the death rate in the Allied Army on the Western front is only about four times that of men of the same age in civil life. The Mail avers, and reminds us that there are many occupations of peace which are no less hazardous than the occupation of making war, so—"Don't worry about your son, your brother, or your sweetheart who is in the army. He may perhaps be killed or hurt, but there are ninety-six chances out of a hundred that he will come back to you—and in the great majority of cases he will be better physically, mentally, and morally for his experience."

The Cincinnati Post tells us of the Dallas father who said in reply to the question, "Why should we send our boys to fight in a foreign land?" that he would rather have his son "go to heaven in France than go to hell in America." The Post commends him heartily, and says that if Germany should win the war in France "she will use little time in transporting her own peculiar va-

riety of hell to America." As to the government's right to draft men to fight either here or abroad, we have an authoritative opinion from former Justice of the Supreme Court, Charles Evans Hughes, who addressed the American Bar Association on "War Powers Under the Constitution." Mr. Hughes announced that we have "a fighting Constitution" as well as a peacetime Constitution, and he said in part:

"Upon every citizen lies the duty of aiding in the common defense. In exercising its Constitutional power to raise armies the Congress may enforce this duty. The Congress may call any one to service who is able to serve. The question who may be called, or in what order, is simply one for the judgment of the national legislature. The power vested in Congress is not to raise armies simply by calling for volunteers, but to raise armies by whatever method Congress deems best, and hence must be deemed to embrace conscription. To the framers of the Constitution the draft was a familiar mode of raising armies, as it had been resorted to by the Colonies to fill up their quotas in the Revolutionary War. The draft was put in force both by the Union and by the Confederacy during the Civil War, and its validity was sustained by the courts in both North South.

"There is no doubt of the Constitutional authority to employ our forces on the battlefields of Europe in the war that we are now waging for the safety of the United States and to conquer an enduring peace

that the liberties of free peoples throughout the world may forever be secured from the aggression of an unscrupulous military power." And in the Providence Journal we read:

"The battle-cry 'Avanti Savoia!' is striking terror into the Austrian Army, over forty miles of fighting country between Tolmino and Trieste. It is heard at Vienna, which delayed four days after the Italians had planted the tricolor on Monte Sano before acknowledging the fall of that northern fortification.

"With the thrill of a momentous Italian victory in the air, curiosity may be aroused over the silence of Rome on the operations directly toward Trieste. The last information, early in the week, indicated that Trieste would fall into the hands of the Italians when they deemed the time had come to apply the "nippers". The battle-bulletins since then have related almost exclusively to the fighting in the north, in the direction of those Austrian positions which constitute the far outposts of Vienna.

"The Second Italian Army, which daringly crossed the Isonzo River, stormed Monte Sano, and now has occupied the Bainsizza Plateau, which clears the way to the 'impregnable' Austrian position at Tolmino, is fighting far north, beyond the country that belongs to Italia Irredenta. Outside observers may only guess at the ultimate objective of this unexpected movement. The immediate one would seem to be to break the Austrian Army apart, a feat which is the ambition of ev-

ery army commander, but which has been accomplished on a major scale only once—by Mackensen when he tore through the betrayed Roumanians; and at that he did not succeed in isolating and capturing more than a fragment of the scattered army. The Italian operations are on a far broader scale than any one has supposed necessary to secure Trieste. Has General Cardona undertaken a much more stupendous task, with an objective much more splendid even than the recovery of Italia Irredenta?"

"Whether or not Trieste falls, whether or not Vienna is threatened, the military failure of Austria is fairly complete," thinks the Philadelphia Public Ledger, which goes on to say:

"By nothing short of a miracle could the Austrian troops resume the offensive. The best they could hope for would be a lingering defense, a retirement as costly as possible to the enemy. But there are other things to be considered. All accounts agree that the internal condition of the Empire is terrible. It is doubted if the people could survive another winter of privation. There is something akin to despair among the loyal adherents of the House of Hapsburg, something akin to revolution among the Slav subjects of that house. The revolt in Bohemia has been checked, not crushed. The Government can not trust many of its own soldiers to fight against their brothers in blood. Resentment at German dictation is growing among all classes. Austria has been staunch to her ally, but at fearful cost. She has been held partly by honor, partly by fear. But the first motive can weigh little now in view of the wholly selfish policy which Germany has pursued toward her; and the second must weigh less than it did before Germany herself began to show signs of falling power. There is every reason why Austria should make a separate peace."

Charter No. 7858,

RESERVE DISTRICT No. 5

REPORT OF CONDITION OF THE

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

At Lancaster, in the State of South Carolina, at the close of business on Sept. 11, 1917.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts (except those shown on b and c)	\$228,191.37	
Total loans	\$228,191.37	
Deduct:		
Notes and bills rediscounted (other than bank acceptances sold) (see Item 53a)	25,000.00	203,191.37
Overdrafts unsecured		9.09
U. S. Bonds (other than Liberty Bonds of 1917):		
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)	50,000.00	
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness pledged to secure U. S. deposits (par value)	17,500.00	
Total U. S. bonds (other than Liberty Bonds) and certificates of indebtedness		67,500.00
Liberty Loan Bonds, pledged to secure U. S. and other deposits	12,500.00	12,500.00
Securities other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks) owned unpledged	26,913.33	
Total bonds, securities, etc.		26,913.33
Stocks, other than Federal Reserve Bank stock	4,728.00	
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (50 per cent of subscription)	2,250.00	
Furniture and fixtures	3,500.00	
Real estate owned other than banking house	6,000.00	
Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank	11,343.79	
Cash in vault and net amounts due from national banks	20,911.51	
Net amounts due from banks and bankers, and trust companies other than included in Item 13, 14, and 15		15,003.94
Checks on other banks in the same city or town as reporting bank (other than Item 17)		509.14
Total of Items 14, 15, 16, 17 and 18		36,424.59
Checks on banks located outside of city or town of reporting bank and other cash items		2,521.28
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer		2,500.00
Total		379,381.45

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		50,000.00
Surplus fund		25,000.00
Undivided profits	4,022.63	
Less current expenses, interest, and taxes paid	2,848.85	1,173.78
Circulating notes outstanding		50,000.00
Net amount due to National banks		6,050.00
Total of Items 28, 29 and 30		6,050.00
Demand deposits subject to Reserve (deposits payable within 30 days):		
Individual deposits subject to check		90,454.25
Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days (other than for money borrowed)		3,362.35
Cashier's checks outstanding		853.13
Deposits requiring notice but less than 30 days		5,003.28
Total demand deposits subject to Reserve, Items 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37 and 38		99,663.92
Time deposits subject to Reserve (payable after 30 days, or subject to 30 days or more notice):		
Certificates of deposit (other than for money borrowed)		60,870.50
Other time deposits		46,377.41
Total of time deposits subject to Reserve, Items 39, 40, 41 and 42		107,247.91
United States deposits (other than postal savings), including deposits of U. S. disbursing officers		15,236.75
Bills payable, other than with Federal Reserve Bank, including all obligations representing money borrowed, other than rediscounts		25,000.00
Total		379,381.45
Liabilities for rediscounts, including those with Federal Reserve Bank (see Item 1d)		25,000.00
Total contingent liabilities		25,000.00

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, County of Lancaster—ss.

I, E. M. Croxton, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

E. M. CROXTON, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 19th day of Sept., 1917.

W. T. WILLIAMS, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:

IRA B. JONES, Jr., JNO. A. COOK, W. F. LANEY, Directors.

Directors.

Swellings of the flesh caused by inflammation, cold, fractures of the bone, toothache, neuralgia or rheumatism can be relieved by applying BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT. It should be well rubbed in over the part affected. Its great healing and penetrating power eases the pain, reduces swelling and restores natural conditions. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by all dealers in medicine.—Adv.

Wanted an Escort.

A little boy had a birthday party, his guests being around the ages of five and six years. After having spent a pleasant afternoon they all started for home at about five o'clock. After a while the little boy's mother noticed two little girls sitting on the steps and said: "You better go home, little girls, before it gets dark." One spoke up and said: "I want a boy to take me home."

FEED OUT YOUR HOGS SIX WEEKS EARLIER.

In every lot of hogs on feed two or three fatten quickly and actually eat less than others. If all would fatten like these, the entire drove would be ready for the market six weeks earlier and to save six weeks feed is an item that you fully understand.

The hog that fattens easily must be in prime physical condition. The B. A. Thomas Hog Powder is a conditioner for hogs. It keeps their system clean and healthy and enables them to fatten quickly without falling a prey to the usual diseases of hogs. The B. A. Thomas Hog Powder is not stock food. It's straight medicine, and we took the agency because it enables you to feed out your hogs much earlier.

LANCASTER MERCANTILE CO.

Wood's Seeds

Rosen Rye

The most vigorous growing and productive of Seed Ryes. Stools out better, superior quality of grain, and destined, in our opinion, to take the place of all other Rye.

Wood's Fall Catalog

Gives full description and information, and also tells about the best

SEED WHEAT, OATS, RYE, and Other Seeds for Fall Sowing. . . .

Write for Catalog and prices of any Seeds required.

T. W. WOOD & SONS, SEEDSMEN, - Richmond, Va.

WE WILL BE GLAD To Have YOU

CALL and INSPECT

our

NEW LINE OF UP-TO-DATE STYLES

in

LADIES' COAT SUITS, COATS AND MILLINERY.

HIRSCH'S BUSY BEE