NEWBERRY, S. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 9, 1865.

We would once more most respectfully call attention to the fact, that all work done at this office must be paid for on delivery, and all transient advertisements paid for before insersion. Regular town advertisers can settle for each advertisement as it appears, or by the month, at their option. Communications of a personal character, or premotive of individual or private interest, as well as all obituaries and marriage notices, will be received as advertisements, and must be a companied by the money to insure at-

Be so good, dear reader, you who come under the category, to bear in mind the promises made us a little while back to ray up early; we have done our part, now do yours. Money was scarce then, while provisions were low; then many promised to pay in provisions; now provisions are so high as scurce to be reached with a tenfoot pole, and currency a trifle down, you propose to pay with a little greenback figure 1. Stack to the rack gentleman, fodder or no fudder, and pay according to the then value.

#### A Word in Season.

We have been often tempted to say a word of Sunday visiting. Of all days in the week this should be the last, for common and indiscrimiarrangement thrown into derangement. Think greatly help to convince this class of the wrong community, by such an idle and pernicious

tive exertions to secure emigration to her territory. Offices are being opened in the North to furnish information and encourage emigration. And that the people of North Carolina are anxious to have the State filled with Northern settlers, and desire to have their resources fully developed. The feeling is very strong in favor of the new system of labor, and a large majority express gladness at the abolition of slavery. They offer for sale or lease large quantities of land, gold, iron and lead mines, and water-power, and offer liberal inducements to emigration, This is the first step of the kind taken by any

The Northern Press, commenting on the speech of Gov. Perry at Greenville, admires his frankness, but when he eulorizes General Lee as next to Washington; declares the abolition ofslavery a curse to the negro, and speaks of his repugnance to going back into the Union, his remarks excite the utmost indignation of the radical Republicans. The Tilling thinks the speech is a fair indication that South Carolina is not yet ripe for reconstruction. President Johnson, however, is said to be firm in the resolve that the State shall have the same chance as her Sonthern sisters.

Various reports are in circulation in regard to the health of Mr. Jefferson Davis. The Charleston Courier's correspondent says his condition is extremely bad, that he cannot survive long, and takes no exercise whatever, and that he is denied the privilege of all books except the bible. His sight is said to be failing. A Fortress Monroe correspondent says that he is in good health, that his evesight is not impaired, and his appetite remarkably good. No one is allowed to see him except Surgeon Craven and the guard.

To TRAVELERS -C. Y. Pool's hack line connects with the carsat Hope Station, immediately upon the arrival of the down train, and will convey passengers safely and securely to Columbia; it will also carry passengers from Columbia to Hope Station, in time to take the train the same day for Greenville.

The Postm, ster General has arranged the therefore want all rights. compensation and other preliminaries for resuming the transportation of the Southern mails at the earliest practicable period, and is gradually restoring the service in those States.

Over two hundred applications for pardons were filed in the office of the Attorney-General, on the 21st ult., and pardons were granted to about sixty applicants, all belonging to the 120,000 class.

The Mass Meeting of Saturday.

Agreeable to the suggestions of sundry citizens, and in accordance with the views of Gen. Van Wyck, a mass meeting of Freedmen, to which planters were invited, was held on Saturday, at Academy Grove. The purpose was to give a good, plain, sensible talk, to correct erroneous ideas and false notions, growing out of the new relation of affairs, and if possible, by this big talk, this general explanation, to obviate the necessity of the thousand daily and hourly little explanations and settlements, arising from the false notions which have crept into the heads of the negro, and the misconception in a few cases by the planter, as to his present relation. We are pleased to say that the General's talk was all, and pechaps more than was expected. He is a good speaker, clear, forcible, and is perfectly at home on the stump. Although a difficult mat ter to bring himself down to, and touch the dull understandings of the mass around him, yet he happily succeeded in doing so, and in fixing their attention, while in the plainest manner, yet positive and emphatic, all was explained and dwelt upon until the dullest mind must have been impressed. The speaker grew eloquent in expatiating upon the great boon which had been conferred upon them, who without effort of their own, in a moment as it were, stood in the broad sunlight of freedom, but he warned them not to abuse it, and to be worthy of the boon, for otherwise better had it not come. Each of the common abuses and errors were touched upon and or two against the too-common, and sinful habit explained, and the proper course pointed out. Idling, vagrancy, going off from the plantation without permission, laving down the hoe, refunate visiting. A volume might be spoken or sals to spin by the women; and to drive the carwritten on the subject. It should be a day of rest, riage by the men, impudent language or jaw. rest from the busy cares of the week, free from heglect in showing proper and customary respect all thought of worldly matters, for retirement to former masters, in fact to all persons, thieving, and meditation. To the christian man how re- lying, drinking, and many other offences, were freshing the thought, that in the midst of his shown to be wrong, and all of which must be family he can enjoy the calm delights of the corrected. Many, he said, had the false idea that Sabbath, and remember the day 'to keep it holy.' land and stock were to be divided among them But coming from the place of worship he finds, but they must get that of their heads at once a few particular friends, who having nothing else that by labor, industry and economy alone, can to do have stopped in to while away their idle- they ever hope to become possessors of proper ness. Of course they are invited to stay, to take tr; they must work, economise, save, and buy dinner or supper, and a little extra preparation these things as the poor white man does. By or cooking has to be done, servants having per- working faithfully now, by obedience, kind and haps finished what was to be done, are called up respectful deportment, they would have the love and made to 'fly around,' and the whole. Sunday and confidence of former masters, and be able to get work when their contracts were out, and of the topics too which are introduced and dis- those too must be sacredly observed. They are cussed, how often unimproving, unsatisfying and ignorant, but have minds and hearts capable of altogether unsuitable to the day. Sweet is the cultivation, and must study, and learn, not only day of rest. Let not the privilege be abused, the whole alphabet of freedom, but the A. B. C. fritter not the day away in idleness, frivolity and of every thing else. Those who were dissatissin. Think of it, Sunday visitors, make home fied with their present homes and employers, happy by staying at home and doing your duty must be patient and enduring, and wait till Jan there, and your neighbor the better for this act uary, and if then they could better themselves, of consideration, will think the more of you, that to do so, but now to remain close at home and he is able to sit down free from Sunday visitors. | work ; freedom did not mean idleness. Their A little wholesome advice from the pulpit, would old masters still loved them, and would keep them employed if faithful, otherwise there would they inflict on the right thinking portion of a be nothing to prevent their being turned out homeless wanderers. The planter was shown a few errors, likely to be committed, and which he trusted time and good sense would soften down, North Carolina, it is said, is making ac- that in the end good feeling and kindliness would be the sentiments of both classes. It is impossible to go over the whole ground covered by the General's able talk, suffice it it was good, to the point, and we hope happy in its results.

Other sections, as designated in published order, will be sisited by the General, and the same explanations made.

## The Fenian Brotherhood.

While Americans are calling for a republic in Mexico, the Irish are organizing for the liberty of Ireland. The Fenian Brotherhood, which has for its avowed object the overthrow of British nower in the Green Isle, number hundreds of thousands of members in this country, Canada and Ireland. Here they are being regularly drilled and prepared for war. The meetings which are held weekly, are enthusiastic and crowded to overflowing. I can best give you an idea of the sentiments of the Fenians by quoting from the recent speech of Mr. Morrisson, a disinguished orator; at an Irish meeting in St. Louis. The local papers say:

"Mr. Morrisson spoke at great length, and at times with an eloquence and earnestness that fired the hearts of his hearers, and awakened shouts and cheers that were heard half a mile distant. He portrayed the happy condition of Ireland in past times, before the treacherous Saxon had trampled her under his feet; dwelt with touching pathos upon the desolation that now spread a gloom over the Green Islo, and pictu ed the coming struggle, which he said was near at hand, when the green flag shall be unfurled on the Irish hills, and the crash of Irish musketry shall be heard on the shores of England. He said there were about four millions of Irishmen in America, and nearly nine millions of Irish des ent. In Ireland there are at least one hundred and twenty thousand men who had sworn to exterminate their, Saxon foes. There was a natural hatred between the Celt and the Saxon, and the two races could not live in peace together. The present Lord-Lieutenant of Ireland is the last who can reign there. There should be no more emigration from Ireland; every Irishman should remain at home and fight for his native land, and every exile should hold himself in readiness to rush to her aid when the signal is given and the fight begun."

The colored people of Vicksburg protest against the proclamation of the President appointing Judge Sharkey Governor of Mississippi, and non-extension of the elective franchise. They say they have been made free,

The Hudson River Railroad is complimented for cleverness in recently killing a whole family-father, mother and child-all at once, so that there was nobody left to bring an action for damages.

Military orders have been issued at Petersburg Va., to prevent the abuse of negroes by soldiers, and requiring negroes to be respectful and orderly on the streets,

LOCAL ITEMS.

Escapen -Mr. Rennolds, under military durance for shooting, made his escape from jail on Friday night last, and has not been heard of

Thanks are due the following gentlemen for late papers, viz: Orderly John Mead, of the 56th, Messrs. Carrington, J. S. Ring, and Capt. Wm. Kinard. The kindress and attention of these gentlemen are fully appreciated.

SALE DAY -The interesting occasion failed to bring out many, consequently the streets were only moderately lively. Too busy at "fodder pulling" will account for the absence of some, wagoning cotton to Augusta and other points for that of others. A few small sales of furniture came off.

THE PHENIX .- We are requested by the enterprising publisher of this paper to state, that Mr. Thos. Purse will visit Newberry this week, for the purpose of receiving subscriptions to the same, for which he is authorized to receipt. The Phonix we are pleased to see has been enlarged, and in a new and improved dress, presents a very neat and attractive appearance. We commend it to the public.

Our old friend, Dr. McKellar, we are glad to see, again at his old profession. His long experience, we are confident, will enable him to give entire satisfaction.

Voters of Newberry District will notice the homination, in another column, of candidates for the Convention, and act accordingly. See advertisement of Quartermaster Clements.

will prove interesting to all concerned.

The attention of Cotton and Produce dealers s invited to card of Adams, Frost & Co.,

DONT LIKE IT .- Or, as our friend who 'brings you music' used to say when there was nothing to 'wet his whistle' with, or in other words nothing to drink, we 'no like dese tings.' And who would, pray? Would you reader? If a man, a little man, no larger than yourself promised you a fine, large melon, and failed to come to time, would you be pleased? Would you not rather want to poke him under the fifth rib, as we intend doing, and put the lark-in such a fix as will stop him doing so in future.

APPRECIATIVE .- As an evidence of how well appreciated our paper is, we state that in one week the last our circulation was increased some two hundred copies, and the demand too was all in the town. This sp aks well for the community as a reading one, and one which is not afraid to patronise their town paper. 'Gentlemen, we are proud. You do us honor. Long may we have strength and ability to work for and accommodate you. We had almost forgotten to mention, that two thirds of the two hundred took it because of the Governor's proclamation, and there being nothing else in the paper they cared to see, did not think it worth paying for. Some few having no change promised to come back, on that few we base strong hopes. This week we intend issucing a large extra number, to meet the increas-

ON THE ROAD-SIDE .- Coming from the grove, after Gen. Van Wyck's talk on Saturday, we line. were surprised to hear the remarks of some of the darkies who stood within sound of his voice. "Book larning" can't convince them. One said, well he was glad de ginral said dev would hab de land and horses and mules, he thought so all de time." Another, "bless de ginral, for he says we can marry any body, now." Strange, too, that so soon after speaking of stealing, a soldier should have caught no less than fifteen of them on a certain plantation carrying on a wholesale depredation. For shame! colored population! what do you mean?

We understand that the Gen. being informed of this, lamented and mourned considerably at these instances of ignorance and delusion, and promised to talk more convincingly in future.

## COMMUNICATED.

Glimpses of the dawn of returning civilization appear in the proclamation of our Provisional Governor, informing us that an election will be had to elect members to a State Convention, the purpose of which is plainly indicated. Low that we have for sometime suffered many of the horrors peculiar to anarchy, it becomes us especially to embrace with joy and thankfulness, the present golden opportunity of rebuilding the strong bulwark of civil law, and that we may build advantageously let us be careful in the selection of minds, capable of divesting themselves of old prejudices. Men that can turn even a defeat to advantage, men that are willing to accept the issue as it is forced upon us, and to work for the good of the country, of our whole country. Prosperity and happiness at home, as well as respectability abroad, are still within our reach, It is not to be expected that affiliation between the North and South (although inevitable) can be brought about suddenly, but certainly policy, wisdom, humanity and Christianity demand that we should approximate that condition as closely as human prejudices will permit. Nearly the whole State has now subscribed to the oath of allegiance, if so, we will be very near guilty of perjury to cultivate a low spirit of revenge, or to hold ourselves adverse to the true interest of the Union. Tis true the war has not ended as we wished, far from it. But if we have by reason of overwhelming numbers, failed in war, let us show that in peace we can triumph at least over the uprisings of low revenge that characterize the savage. Let us not despair, for we may yet be great and happy in the relation that we are ranted as formerly.

about to assume to the Federal Government. By the Provisional Governor of the State One thing is certain, that we can be neither great nor happy, if left to ourselves opposed to the Union. And happily for us, we have for our aid the experience and wisdom of an able Provisional Governor, who is "the right man in the right place." Let us not elect to the convention political aspirants, for of that kind of men came all the evils we now endure. Let us elect men of clear heads, of pure hearts, with the good of the whole country for their aim, and men that have discretion enough to quit and come home when chosen by that portion of the people of said State the assigned work is done. PLANTER.

More than eighty vessels of burden are now upat the North for sailing or steaming to Southern po.ts. Lines of steamers are freighted or in progress for C arleston, from the several ports of New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Boston.

#### W. B. MCKELLAR. DENTIST.

70ULD most respectfully inform the community at large, that he has just received an extensive supply of Dental material of every description, and is now prepared to do all kinds of work in his profession; as cheap and as -good as any Dentist in the State.

Office on Main-st., in Dr. Kingsmore's old Daguerrean room. He will administer chloroform to all who desire it.

Newberry, S. C., Aug. 9, 33 5t

### Nominati ..

THE following candidates are respectfully nominated for a scat in the approaching State

REV. JNO. J. BRANTLY, CAPT. E. S. KEITT, HON. ROBT. MOORMAN.

MANY VOTERS.

# ADAMS, FROST & CO. CHARLESTON, S C.,

RE prepared to sell COTTON or PRODUCE. in Charleston, New York or Liverpool, as may be most advantageous; and to make liberal advances in goods or money on consignments to aug 9 33 3t

Office of A. A. Q. M.,

NEWBERRY, S. C., Aug. 7th, 1865. A NY persons having MEMORANDUM RE-CEIPTS, given for FORAGE by the Acting Quartermaster of the 1st Ohio Caralry, will present them to the Acting Quartermaster at Newberry, S. C., and get the proper vouchers August 9 2

THE undersigned will purchase, delivered at the Railroad Depot, at Newberry S. C.,

If possible to be BAILED, in order that the ACCURATE WEIGHT may be obtained of the

tained on application of the undersigned.

Lieut. & A. A. Q. M.

## Removal of Tin-Shop.

Have removed my Tin-Shop to the house recently occupied as a Ho-pital, on Main-st., where I will be glad to see all my old customers, and as many new ones as wish anything in my W. T. WRIGHT.

# NEWBERRY Female Collegiate School

Propose to enlarge the School heretofore taught by me, and to answer, so far as I may be able, the general wish for the establishment, at this place, of a Female School of high charac-

Thorough instruction will be given in all the studies of a complete English Course, and, whenever desired, in the ancient classics, and all the modern languages usually taught in the best schools. My terms will be from \$25 to \$30 for the English course; and \$25 additional for instruction in any one of the other languages. Board can, no doubt, be had for not more than \$15 per month, exclusive of lights and washing. After the current year. I hope to be able to make arrangements to take boarders in my own family. The Tuition fees must be paid in advance, in specie, or its equivalent in produce, at market rates when paid. A competent teacher of Music will be engaged. The Fall Session of the school will begin on the third Monday in September, (the 18th,) and end on the 9th February, 1866.

JNO. J. BHANTLY. Newberry, July 24, 1665.

## For Sale.

NEAT HOUSE, situated in Helena. On A the premises are a good well of water and a fine orchard. The lot contains over two acres. members. Let us elect men of sound practical For information apply to John Long, Helena, Newberry Dist., S. C. July 26 4t

## Strayed or Stolen.

N the night of the 9th inst., a Small Black Mare Mule, very fat when left home, and has left eve out, and a little scar on back and shoulders. Any information will be thankfully received, or a suitable reward will be given for the delivery of said Mule, in any portion of the O. H. BUZHARDT. State.

## The Misses Girardeau,

WILL open in Newberry, at the Session House of the Presbyterian Church, on the 1st Monday in September, a SCHOOL for YOUNG LADIES and CHILDREN, in which will be taught all the English Branches and French. Boys not over twelve years of age will be re-July 19

#### EDWARD S. BAILEY. Watchmaker and Jeweler.

HAS resumed business in the wooden building, (the old stand,) on Main-street, op-

posite Martin's Hotel. All work executed with despatch, and war-

WHEREAS His Excellency President Johnson has issued his proclamation, appointing me (Benjamin F. Perry) Provisional Governor in and for the State of South Carolina, with power to prescribe such rules and regulations as may be necessary and proper for convening a Convention of the State, composed of delegates to b who are loval to the United States, for the purpese of altering or amending the Constitution thereof; and with authority to exercise within the limits of the State all the powers necessary and proper to enable such loyal people to restore said State to its constitutional relations to the Federal Government, and to present such a Republican form of State Government as will entifie the State to the guarantee of the United States therefor, and its people to protection by the United States against invasion, insurrection and domastic violence.

Now, therefore, in obedience to the proclamation of his Excellency Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, L. BENJAMIN F. PERRY, Provisional Governor of the State of South Carolina, for the purpose of organizing a Provisional Government in South Carolina, reforming the State Constitution and restoring civil authority in said State; under the Constitution and laws of the United States, do hereby proclaim and declare that all civil officers in South Carollna, who were in office when the Civil Government of the State was suspended, in May last, (except those arrested or under prosecution for treason.) shall, on taking the oath of allegiance prescribed in the President's Amnesty Proclamation of the 29th day of May, 1865, resume the duties of their offices and continue to discharge them under the Provisional Government till further appointments

And I do further proclaim, declare and make known, that it is the duty of all loyal citizens of the State of South Carolina to promptly go forward and take the oath of allegiance to the United States, before some magistrate or military officer of the Federal Government, who may be qualified for administering outlier and such are hereby authorized to give certified copies thereof to the persons respectively by whom they were made. And such magistrates or officers are hereby required to transmit the originals of such oaths, at as early a day as may be convenient, to the Penartment of State, in the city of Washing-

ton, D. C. And I do further proclaim, declare and make known, that the Managers of Elections throughout the Sta'e of South Carolina will hold an election for members of a State Convention, at their respective precinets, on the FIRST MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER NEXT, ac ording to the laws of South Carolina in force before the secession of the State; and that each Election District in the State shall elect as many members of the Convention as the said District has members of the House of Representative-the basis & sentation being population and taxation. This will give one hundred and twenty-four members to the Convention-a number sufficiently large to refresent every portion of the State most fully, Every loyal cirizon who has taken the Annesty

outh and not within the excepted classes in the President's Proclamation, will be entitled to vote, provided he was a legal voter under the Constiturion as it stood prior to the seession of South Carolina. And all who are within the excepted classes must take the oath and an ivator a don, in order to entitle them to vote or become members of the Convention.

The members of the Convention thus elected on the first Monday in September next, are hereby required to convene in the city of Columbia, on WEDNESDAY, the 13th day of September, 1865, for the purpose of altering and amending the present Corstitution of South Carolina, or remodelling and making a new one, which will conform to the great changes which have taken place in the State, and be more in accordance with Republican principles and equality of repre-

And I do further proclaim and make known that the Constitution and all laws of force in South Carolina prior to the secession of the State. are hereby made of force under the Provisional Government, except wherein they may conflict with the provisions of this proclamation. And the Judges and Chancellors of the Statuare hereby required to exercise all the powers and perform all the duties which appertain to their respective offices, and especially in criminal cases. It will be expected of the Federal military anthorities now in South Carolina, to lend their anthority to the civil officers of the Provisional Government, for the purpose of enforcing the laws and preserving the peace and good order of

And I do further command and enjoin all good and lawful citizens of the State to unite in enforceing the laws and bringing to justice all disorderly persons, all plunderers, robbers and maranders, all vagrants and idle persons who are wandering about without employment or any visible means of supporting themselves.

It is also expected that all former owners of freed persons will be kind to them, and not surn off the children or aged to perish; and the freed men and women are earnestly enjoined to make contracts, just and fair, for remaining with their former owners.

In order to facilitate as much as possible, the application for pardons under the excepted sections of the President's Amnesty Proclamation, it is stated for information that all applications must be by petition, stating the exception, and accompanied with the oath prescribed. This petition must be first approved by the Provisional Governor, and then forwarded to the President. The headquarters of the Provisional Governor will be at Greenville, where all communications to him must be addressed

The newspapers of this State will publish this proclamation till the election for members of the

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and seal. Done at the town of fr. s. | Greenville, this 20th day of July, in the year of our Lord 1865, and of the independence of the United States the ninetieth.

B. F. PERRY. By the Previsional Governor: WILLIAM H. PERRY, Private Secretary.

# DURBEC & WALTER. AUCTION AND COMMISSION

Office on Assembly, between Plain and Washington streets, Columbia, S. C.

WILL give prompt attention to the Sale and. and Purchase of Real Estate, Stocks, Bonds, Personal Property, Merchandize or Pro-July 26 if | duce, at Public or Private Sale, July 19