

# The News and Herald.

PUBLISHED SEMI-WEEKLY.

WINNSBORO, S. C., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 1901.

ESTABLISHED 184

## Obear's Dyspepsia Tablets

### CURES

## Indigestion :: and :: Dyspepsia.

### SO SAY THE FOLKS AT HOME.

#### An Official Letter.

Mr. J. J. Obear, Winnsboro, S. C.  
Dear Sir:--I have been suffering from dyspepsia for several years and in that time have tried many things but your tablets did me more good than anything else. Yours truly,  
A. D. Hood,  
County Supervisor.

#### An Appreciative Letter.

Mr. J. J. Obear, Winnsboro, S. C.  
Dear Sir:--My daughter had been a sufferer from chronic dyspepsia for more than two years. I had tried every kind of medicine without any benefit. I bought three boxes of your Dyspepsia Tablets and they cured her entirely. I can recommend them to anyone with pleasure. Yours truly,  
Jennings, S. C. J. D. Leitner.

#### Two Letters of Interest.

Mr. J. J. Obear, Winnsboro, S. C.  
Dear Sir:--I have used your tablets and found that they greatly benefited me. Yours truly,  
White Oak, S. C. R. A. Patrick.  
Mr. J. J. Obear, Winnsboro, S. C.  
Dear Sir:--I have used your dyspepsia tablets for dyspepsia and take pleasure in recommending them. Very truly yours,  
Rabb, S. C. J. R. Harvey.

#### A Grateful Testimony.

Mr. J. J. Obear, Winnsboro, S. C.  
Dear Sir:--I have been suffering for years with dyspepsia and have tried every known medicine for it, but without any effect. I tried your dyspepsia tablets and three boxes of them entirely cured me, and I cheerfully recommend them to all sufferers. Yours truly,  
A. Langley.

#### A Magistrate's Testimony.

Mr. J. J. Obear, Winnsboro, S. C.  
I have tried your dyspepsia tablets and they greatly benefited me.  
Yours truly,  
C. A. Robinson,  
Magistrate at Floreb.

#### A Mill Letter.

Mr. J. J. Obear, Winnsboro, S. C.  
Dear Sir:--I have been suffering for several years from dyspepsia and have tried many different things, but had nothing to do me any good till I tried a box of your tablets which cured me.  
L. L. Wagner,  
Fairfield Cotton Mills.

FOR SALE BY

## OBEAR DRUG COMPANY.

#### TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND

The House has Voted \$200,000 for the Veterans of South Carolina

The house of representatives yesterday morning decided to double the fund appropriated for the assistance of needy Confederate soldiers and their widows. The appropriation when first made was \$100,000. Later it was increased to \$100,000. Yesterday Col. J. H. Brooks' bill to increase the fund to \$150,000 was taken up, but instead of passing it at that amount, the house, on motion of Mr. Rucker, decided to increase the pension appropriation to \$200,000.

In years past Confederate veterans who were members of the house have had to plead for the pension appropriation. Yesterday, however, the gallant old "Rebs" were called upon merely to thank the sons of veterans for passing the bill. The bill passed second reading without serious trouble.

Gen. J. Hampton Brooks called for the special order for the day, his bill to increase the pension fund from \$100,000 to \$150,000.

Gen. W. E. James of Darlington, for the committee, fully explained the bill and in a business-like manner went over the whole situation. The general classes of pensioners have gotten the following amounts: 1889, \$33.40; 1890, \$24.26; 1891, \$23.00; 1892, \$23.00; 1893, \$22.00; 1895, \$21.75; 1896, class C, \$19.40; 1897, class C, \$16.35; 1900, class C, \$12.30.

Gen. James paid a high tribute to the gallant old soldiers and how the lists were now increasing.

Mr. Rucker of Anderson wanted the appropriation raised to \$200,000. He did not believe any county would object to the increase and it was needed. In Georgia the pension fund has been \$494,000 and recently it was raised to \$694,000. He urged eloquently that the house adopt the amendment which he presented.

Mr. McMaster made an eloquent speech. The people of South Carolina never hesitated at the cost when the State seceded. Now in the prosperity of the State, should the old soldiers be neglected for cost? He referred beautifully to the author of the bill, Mr. Brooks, who when wounded and dying on the battlefield begged that his body be placed upon the ramparts to protect his comrades.

Mr. Eford said that the taxable property in the State is \$179,000,000. The levy of 5 mills will bring about \$895,000. The house has already given \$50,000 to the Charleston exposition. If the increase be granted the question will be whether or not to increase the levy. He moved to adjourn debate until the appropriation bill is acted upon in order that the house might see how much it could appropriate to the needy old soldiers. This was voted down.

Mr. Dean of Spartanburg, a gallant Confederate soldier, spoke in eulogy of the services of the Confederate soldier. He spoke in words of fire in reference to Mr. Eford's position.

Mr. Eford disclaimed saying one

word against the soldiers of the Confederacy, and he would cheerfully vote for the appropriation if it would not increase the levy.

Mr. Wilson said that he had intended to speak at length upon the bill, but as the young men of the house are going to favor the bill he would stand on the sidewalk and see the grand old train go by. And why should not the young men of the house pass the bill? Nearly every one of them represents a noble father, dead or living, who followed the destiny of the Southern Confederacy. This is a tribute to the needy--though not all the deserving Confederate--for all were deserving.

Mr. Galluchat of Clarendon was glad that Mr. Eford had called attention to the figures, for it had brought out the fire in the old Confederate (Mr. Dean). He spoke of the need of Confederate survivors as a more pressing demand than to keep the tax levy within its recent scope.

Mr. Srom said he would be unworthy of a Confederate sire if he did not favor the bill. He would favor the increase tax levy for any one of three purposes--public schools, good roads or pensions.

Mr. Nicholas wanted the house to give the appropriation with one voice in order that the outside world might see what the sons of veterans think of the cause of their gallant sires.

Mr. Beaunard as a son of a Confederate soldier wanted to see the old soldiers eased down to their graves. He favored the bill.

Mr. R. B. A. Robinson said that during the past year six of his old company had died. The time will come here when we can do nothing for the Confederate soldiers as they will all be gone.

Capt. Brooks, author of the bill, declined to make a speech, but he thanked the members of the house, especially the young men who had rallied to the support of the bill. He thanked God for the young manhood of the State.

Capt. Banks, a Confederate soldier who had shed blood himself and had lost a brother in the war, favored the \$200,000 appropriation individually but feared that it was not acceptable to the senate and would jeopardize the bill.

Mr. Henry B. Richardson gave a beautiful tribute to the Confederate soldiers.

Mr. Crum, a veteran, hoped that the sons of veterans would always freely vote a bill appropriation to the needy veterans.

Mr. Prince, the son of a private, said the State owes a debt of gratitude to the Confederate soldier. We should take off our hats to them. But the question is shall the appropriation be \$150,000 or \$200,000? The appropriation had first been \$50,000 then \$100,000. The question is shall we take two steps or one step, make it \$200,000 or \$150,000. He favored the latter. Try it for a year, and if it is not enough increase it next session.

Mr. Hill of Colleton made a strong appeal for the bill. He had been approached by a Confederate soldier in his county and appealed to for help. Mr. Richardson of Kershaw stated that he had always voted on the side of

strictest economy, but he would vote in this matter to give the Confederate soldier what he needs.

Mr. Cooper in reply to Mr. Prince stated that if South Carolina had been tardy in taking proper steps to take care of the Confederate veterans, it is time to take two steps. There will never be more needy Confederate soldiers than there are now, and why wait another year to make the appropriation \$200,000.

Mr. Bacon warmly supported the bill.

By a vote of 91 to 24 the house adopted Mr. Rucker's amendment and the bill as amended then passed second reading--The State, Feb. 6th.

#### A VALUABLE TABLET

Mr. John B. Cleveland of Spartanburg is about to present to the State of South Carolina a tablet of blue marble with a copper plate center which will be one of the most valuable and interesting ones in the walls of the capitol. It is in honor of James Glen, who was former governor of this State over 150 years ago. The handsome tablet arrived here yesterday and is now in the office of the secretary of State. It is about three by five feet in size.

Out in the marble is the following above the copper centerpiece:

"James Glen, Esq., Governor of South Carolina, 1738-1755"

"He found them in ashes and left them fair, fortified and flourishing."

Below the plate are the words: "The copper plate was found several years ago in the grave of Governor Glen at Lindlbow, Scotland. A plate with the same inscription is upon the inner wooden casket containing his remains. Presented to the State of South Carolina by John B. Cleveland, 1901."

The inscription on the copper plate reads thus:

James Glen Esq.  
"of Longcroft."  
"Late Governor of South Carolina."  
"Obit 18th July, 1777."  
Aetat 76."

Mr. Cleveland has consulted with Gov. McSweeney and Prof. R. Means Davis, and arrangements are being perfected for the presentation exercise to be held in the hall of the house of representatives on Monday evening next. Gov. McSweeney will preside on this occasion and Prof. Davis will deliver the presentation address as on behalf of Mr. Cleveland.--The State.

#### For Over Fifty Years.

Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children; while teaching, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

#### INSURANCE ON THE KING

Now that the policies on the late Queen are in process of settlement, insurance on the life of King Edward VII is the most interesting risk that British underwriters have taken since the King is nearing his age-limit for insurance, being now in his 60th year, the proposition is unlike ordinary applications, being governed by altogether different rules. A physical examination being out of the question, the companies must rely on such statements concerning the King's health as the Court physicians are willing to make, and base their calculations accordingly. While it is certain the King will take the best possible care of himself, living, perhaps, for many years beyond the ordinary life expectancy, the risk will bring "handsome rates" because of the speculative features involved.

Insurance on the King will not be taken out, American fashion, for the benefit of his relatives, but by persons who would suffer pecuniary and business loss by reason of his death. Theatrical managers and others interested in ventures which would be wrecked by another period of mourning have a legitimate insurable interest which will probably be protected by the companies at a cost of something like 5 per cent of the amount insured. That would yield considerable revenue, and since such policies run scarcely more than a year, the immediate risk would not be great. With merchants the situation is much the same, the possibility of commercial disaster offering the incentive in most instances. Then, too, the stock market demand represents every variety of risk, such as insurance against loss from collapse of some important deal which could never be put through during the period of uncertainty following a king's death. Besides these are the purely speculative risks covered by insurance at Lloyd's, London, where underwriters are found willing to take almost any sort of chance if the premium offered is sufficiently large. Then the question becomes little less than gambling, with its liability not always clearly defined.

While the companies have been sometimes governed by motives of patriotism in writing this class of insurance, the heavy loss entailed by the Queen's death may force strict adherence to accepted standards as the only safe basis for continuing such business. Rates are pretty sure to be advanced as a result of the Queen's death, although the companies have probably cleared a handsome profit considering the aggregate of premiums paid during all the years her life has been insured.

This may operate to modify hasty action in the matter, although with \$5,000,000 or so to pay out on a single loss, future applications for "Court patronage insurance" will probably be scrutinized with unusual care. The business has never appealed to American companies, who still adhere to the physical examination as the real test or accepting life risks, and in instances where such protection has been

applied for the requests have been turned down or prohibitive rates quoted.--N. Y. Evening Post.

The most soothing, healing and antiseptic application ever devised is Dr. Witt's Witch Hazel Salve. It relieves at once and cures piles, sores, eczema and skin diseases. Beware of imitations. McMaster Co.

#### GEORGE D. TILLMAN

Greenville News. In the death of George D. Tillman Saturday one of the strongest men the

South lost a giant. He had naturally a bright and active mind, and he had cultivated it to a high degree. There was scarcely any subject of interest to the scholar or the ordinary man of affairs with which he was not acquainted, and his acquaintance was not simply a smattering of knowledge, but was thorough and accurate. He read a great deal and assimilated readily whatever he read.

Mr. Tillman was one of the most entertaining men because he was original. While in congress his speeches always commanded attention because he had something to say when he spoke and said it well. Whether in congress or on the hustings his speeches evidenced the thinker and scholar; they were strong, logical, elegant in expression and without apparent effort, models of style. We have heard him on several occasions on the stump and on more formal occasions in speeches of an hour or more in length, which if taken down precisely as delivered would have needed no change or emendation before going to the printer.

Mr. Tillman was about seventy years of age. He was a brother of United States Senator Tillman and father of Lieut. Governor James H. Tillman. He spent many years of his life in the service of the State going through the Civil war as a private soldier and serving several terms in congress, besides holding other positions of honor and trust. His last appearance in public life was as a member of the constitutional convention in 1895.

A great many South Carolinians will hear with profound regret of the death of him whom they had become accustomed to designate affectionately as "Uncle George" Tillman. Peace to his ashes.

#### Story of a Slave.

To be bound hand and foot for years by the chains of disease is the worst form of slavery. George D. Williams, of Manchester, Mich., tells how such a slave was made free. He says: "My wife has been so helpless for five years that she could not turn over in bed alone. After using two bottles of Electric Bitters, she is wonderfully improved and able to do her own work." This supreme remedy for female diseases quickly cures nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, headache, backache, fainting and dizzy spells. This miracle working medicine is a godsend to weak, sickly, rundown people. Every bottle guaranteed. Only 50 cents. Sold by McMaster Co., druggists.

There are a great many stories that have no foundation. But when it comes to building houses, the more stories the better the foundation must be. Pepsin preparations often fail to relieve indigestion because they can digest only albuminous foods. There is one preparation that digests all classes of food, and that is Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. It cures the worst cases of indigestion and gives instant relief, for it digests what you eat. McMaster Co.