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BREAK WITH GERMANY IS NOT LIKELY

SITUATION BRIGHTENS UP ON RECEIPT AT WASHINGTON OF BERLIN NOTE

WAS NEAR CRISIS

Outlook Dark Prior to Reply of Germany—Official Text of Note Before Wilson Today

(By Associated Press.) Washington, May 5.—Germany's note has postponed if it actually has not averted a diplomatic break with the United States. President Wilson will make his decision after he receives the official text, which arrived from Berlin from Ambassador Gerard tonight. It should be before President Wilson tomorrow.

It was stated authoritatively after the cabinet meeting today that if the official text bore out the unofficial press version that Germany's assurances undoubtedly would be accepted. Before taking another step the United States would await the fulfillment of Germany's latest promises. In such a case the United States might not reply, but await evidences of Germany's abandonment of present methods of submarine warfare. President Wilson is described as being in a position where he cannot question Germany's good faith.

The German embassy views the note as all the United States asked for and signifies the return to "cruiser warfare" with the submarine exercising the right of visit and search.

Congress took the note quietly, the general sentiment seeming to favor leaving all to President Wilson. While cabinet members, who went over the unofficial version with the president today declined to discuss the note, they indicated that a break had been averted. The reflected the view that Germany would be accorded a test of time despite Germany's reference to the action she expects the United States to take against Great Britain's restraint of neutral trade.

At the state department after the cabinet meeting only two things were made clear. They were that the United States still holds to its determination that "mistakes" of submarine commanders are not admissible; also, the United States must continue to regard the discussion of conduct of other belligerents as irrelevant to the discussion of Germany's conduct. It stated also that the United States may ask Germany for the original orders given German submarine commanders to see how they compare with the order given in the note requiring commanders to visit and search ships which do not resist or do not try to escape.

"MOTHER'S DAY" WIRE FORMS IS THE LATEST WESTERN UNION PLAN

The Western Union Telegraph Company, never overlooking an opportunity to give the public improved service, as well as something new and pleasing, has now arranged to have telegrams delivered on May 14th, a week from tomorrow, upon blanks bearing an inscription at the top of the form which reads: "Mother's Day." The decorations encompassing the inscription are quite attractive, and with the telegram will be one to make glad the heart of a mother whose boy or girl is far away from home. Rates on these telegrams will be the same as charged on the regular service, and this is only done for the convenience of the public.

Manager Howard said yesterday that he had obtained a supply of the "Mother's Day" forms and would be prepared on the 14th to handle any number of messages sent out from Anderson.

PREPAREDNESS A CHRISTIAN DUTY

(By Associated Press.) Norfolk, May 5.—Speakers at the thirty-third congress of Episcopal church, Bishop Greer of New York, and Bishop Courtney of New York, advocated preparedness saying it is essentially the duty of Christian citizenship and compatible with Christianity.

COOPER SAYS HE WILL ANNOUNCE PLATFORM SOON

Candidate for Governor Makes Known Plans to Greenwood Friends

Greenwood, May 5.—Hon. Robert A. Cooper will announce his platform in his race for governor of South Carolina next week. While in Greenwood yesterday afternoon Mr. Cooper made this statement to a number of friends, but gave no intimation as to what would be the principal issues of his campaign. This announcement will be received with interest throughout the state since Mr. Cooper is the only one of the several candidates for gubernatorial honors who has not made his platform public. When he decided after a conference with a number of supporters in Greenwood several weeks ago to make the race he stated that his platform would be made known in due time.

Mr. Cooper was in Greenwood on his way to Scranton, Florence county, where tonight he will make the commencement address at the closing of the Scranton high school. He has engagements to make addresses at a number of other schools in the eastern and Piedmont sections. In fact, nearly all of his time will be occupied in addressing the people by special invitation before the state campaign opens in June.

Mr. Cooper stated yesterday that he was receiving most encouraging news of support from all sections of the state.

PRESIDENT LENDS HIS SUPPORT TO BRANDIES

(By Associated Press.) Washington, May 5.—President Wilson has written a letter to Senator Culberson, chairman of the Judiciary committee, supporting the nomination of Louis D. Brandeis for the supreme court. Since so much opposition has been developed to Brandeis Wilson has been urged to withdraw his nomination, but he refused to do so. The letter will be made public after it is read to committee.

WILL MAKE TRIP AUGUSTA TO N.Y. IN AN AEROPLANE

Manager of Wright School Will Probably Begin Journey Monday

Augusta, Ga., May 5.—All arrangements have been completed for H. R. Rinehart, manager of the Wright aviation school, to fly from Augusta to New York, and, with favorable weather conditions, he will undertake the feat next Monday, leaving Augusta at 5 a. m.

For several weeks Mr. Rinehart has been getting the big biplane, in which he will attempt the flight, in tip-top condition, and unless he encounters a squall he is confident that the flight will be made without accident or interruption of any kind.

If Mr. Rinehart succeeds in making the flight to New York without making a stop at an intermediate point he will have set a new record in this country for endurance, for never before has a continuous flight of such great length been attempted.

Holds In Savannah. Savannah, May 5.—The police this morning raided scores of stores and residences confiscating thousands of dollars worth of liquor, alleged to be held for sale. More than 100 warrants are issued for men thought to be engaged in the illicit sale of liquor.

Occupy Greek Town. Athens, May 5.—Much significance is attached by the Greeks generally to the occupation by the French of the Greek town of Florina, owing to its location which is only eighteen miles south of Monastir.

Blender Destroyed. London, May 5.—A Zeppelin raid on Saloniki during early hours this morning, according to a Reuters dispatch, the aircraft was subjected to heavy fire and reported destroyed.

IRISH PRESIDENT EXECUTED



Patrick J. H. Pearse.

Dublin, Wednesday, May 5.—Justice has been swift in the case of the leaders of the Sinn Fein rebellion. Three of the ring-leaders, signers of the proclamation of the short-lived Irish republic, paid the supreme sacrifice Wednesday morning. They were Patrick Pearse, the late president of the provisional government; Thomas MacDonagh and Thomas J. Clark. Their death sentences were pronounced by the field general court-martial and were duly confirmed by the highest authorities. Of the other signatories, James Connolly is lying in prison, wounded. Sean MacDiarmid, Eamonn Ceanann and Joseph Plunkett are somewhere in Ireland, whether free or captured is not publicly known.

THE GERMAN NOTE

—FULL TEXT—

Berlin, May 5.—(By Wireless Via Sayville, N. J.)—Following is the full text of the German note:

"The undersigned on behalf of the imperial German government has the honor to present to his excellency, Ambassador of the United States, James W. Gerard, following reply to a note of April 20, regarding the conduct of German submarine warfare.

"The German government handed over to the proper naval authorities for early investigation the evidence concerning the Sussex as communicated by the government of the United States. Judging by results that investigation has hitherto yielded the German government is all to possibility a ship mentioned in note of April 10 as having been torpedoed by German submarine is actually identical with the Sussex.

"The German government begs to reserve further communication on the matter until certain points are ascertained which are of decisive importance for establishing the facts of case.

"Should it turn out that the commander was wrong in assuming the vessel to be a man-of-war, the German government will not fail to draw consequence resulting therefrom.

"In connection with the case of the Sussex, the government of the United States made series of statements, the first of which is the assertion that the incident is to be considered but one of deliberate method or indiscriminate destruction of vessels of all sorts, nationalities and destinations by German submarine commanders.

"The German government must emphatically repudiate this assertion. The German government, however, thinks it of little avail to enter into details in the present state of affairs, more particularly as the government of the United States omitted to substantiate the assertion by reference to concrete facts. The German government will only state that it has imposed far-reaching restrictions upon use of its submarine weapon, solely in consideration of neutral interests in spite of the fact that these restrictions are necessarily of advantage to Germany's enemies. No such consideration has ever been shown the neutrals by Great Britain and her allies.

"German submarine forces have had, in fact, orders to conduct submarine warfare in accordance with the general principles of visit and search and the destruction of merchant vessels recognized by international law, the sole exception being the conduct of warfare against ene-

my trade carried on enemy freight ships encountered in the war zone surrounding Great Britain. With regard to these, no assurances have ever been given to the government of the United States. No such assurances are contained in the declaration of February 8, 1916.

"The German government cannot admit any doubt that these orders were given or were executed in good faith. The errors actually occurred. They can, in no kind of warfare, be avoided altogether. Allowances must be made in the conduct of naval warfare against an enemy resorting to all kinds of ruses, whether permissible or illicit.

"But apart from the possibility of errors, naval warfare, just like warfare on land, implies unavoidable dangers for neutral persons and goods entering the fighting zone. Even in cases where the naval action is confined to ordinary forms of cruiser warfare, neutral persons and goods repeatedly come to grief.

REBELLION HAS BROKEN OUT IN SANTO DOMINGO

(By Associated Press.) Santo Domingo, May 5.—Fighting brought about by the attempt of factional leaders to overthrow the administration of President Jimenes, was begun here today.

A Dominican gunboat bombarded the fort here. Marines were landed from the American covered cruiser Prairie early today for the protection of American legation. The American commander has already notified leaders that serious consequences would follow any damage to the legation.

"The German government has made several proposals to the government of the United States in order to reduce to a minimum for American travelers and goods the inherent dangers of naval warfare. Unfortunately the government of the United States decided not to accept the proposals. Had it accepted, the government of the United States would have been instrumental in preventing the greater part of the accidents that American citizens have met with in the meantime. The German government still stands by its offer to come to an agreement along these lines.

"As the German government repeatedly declared, it cannot dispense with the use of the submarine weapon in the conduct of warfare against enemy trade. The German government, however, has now decided to make a further concession, adopting methods of submarine war to the interests of neutrals.

"In reaching this decision, the German government is actuated by the considerations which are above the level of disputed question.

"The German government attaches no less importance to the sacred principles of humanity than does the government of the United States. It again fully takes into account that both governments for many years co-operated in developing international law in conformity with these principles, the ultimate object of which was to bring about a general peace.

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SAYS ALL LAW MAKING BODIES ARE A MENACE

HEAD OF L. & N. R. R. MAKES STARTLING STATEMENT TO COMMISSION

DANGEROUS LAWS

Smith Claims Railroads Are Forced to Protect Themselves at Times

(By Associated Press.) Washington, May 5.—Milton H. Smith, president of the Louisville & Nashville railroad, who finished his direct testimony before the Interstate Commerce commission's investigation of road's affairs today, declared all legislative bodies were a menace and in action a calamity. He said that most any legislator could introduce legislation dangerous to a railroad, and that railroads are forced at times to protect themselves. He gave his own definition of politics, pluckiness and property rights. He stated the commissioners by offering to propose a compromise to end the investigation. His counsel refused to allow him to do so. On advice of counsel, he also refused to answer a list of question asked him regarding the Louisville & Nashville's alleged political activities in various Southern states. He will be cross-examined tomorrow.

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WILL CONFER WITH FINANCIERS IN NORTH

ATLANTA PROMOTERS THINK NO DOUBT ABOUT RAILWAY PROJECT

GONE TO ATLANTA

Mr. Murphy Left Yesterday and Will Not Be Back Before Next Week

Mr. J. L. Murphy left Anderson yesterday for Atlanta, and will not return to this city before the latter part of next week. Before leaving Mr. Murphy stated that the capitalists in Atlanta who were backing the railroad proposition would go north on Monday to confer with the financiers and that he thought there was not the least doubt about the project going through.

Mr. Murphy is expecting the chamber of commerce and Anderson citizens to complete the subscription list here. There still remains a deficit in the subscriptions and this matter must be closed up in the next few days.

Mr. Murphy expressed the hope that Anderson would not fall short in the amount asked for, and that the same interest would be manifested here that had been shown in all the cities and sections of Georgia where the amounts have already been secured.

Committees of citizens will continue to work the subscription list in Anderson.

Women Raise Millions. Saratoga Springs, N. Y., May 5.—Women of the Methodist Episcopal church have raised \$3,432,505 during the last year for home missions, according to figures submitted to General Conference today. This is an increase of nearly \$100,000 over the preceding four years.

Bombs Dropped On A Hospital; 4 Dead, 5 Hurt

Austrian Aeroplanes Raid Brindisi—French Sink Torpedo Boat in Adriatic

(By Associated Press.) London, May 5.—The French submarine Bernouille sank an Austrian torpedo boat in the lower Adriatic, some officials announce. Also, five Austrian aeroplanes raided Brindisi, dropping bombs on a hospital. Four patients were killed, five injured.

On north hill No. 301, Germans gained a footing in French advance trenches and also occupied French positions west of Avocourt and several trenches southeast of Hancourt. The French attack west of Hancourt's Hill broke down. Weather is hampering action in the Verdun region.

Heavy fighting is reported between Austrians and Italians on the Adenello Ridge at Toluno Bridgehead and along Tyrol front.

Petrograd says a German attack near Olyka and along Tarnopol-Paserna railroad was repulsed. The Russians captured Turkish trenches near Erzingan, Turkish Armenia, and put down a Turkish attack in the region of Bitlis.

Two more Zeppelins have been destroyed. British cruisers destroyed one off the coast of Schleswig-Holstein and Entente fleet guns brought down the other at Saloniki. A Zeppelin recently went ashore on the coast of Norway and was blown up by Norwegian soldiers.

The Germans claim to have destroyed twenty-six allied aircraft in April.

PRESIDENT STILL CONSIDERING HIS CHARLOTTE VISIT

Definite Announcement as to Trip South Will Soon Be Made

Washington, May 5.—President Wilson is giving serious consideration to the invitation to speak in Charlotte May 20. A definite announcement from him will be made within ten days, and he will make the trip if he sees his way clear to do so.

Senators Simmons and Overman and Representative Webb had a long conference with him today and urged him to go. Upon leaving the White House all three of them felt that the president wants to visit Charlotte, that he will not have time to prepare an address of historic nature, he was informed that the people wanted to hear him on any subject he wants to present.

It is very likely the president will visit Columbia should he decide to come south.

LEAVES WILLIAMSTON; GOES TO ROCK HILL

Rev. W. D. Hammett Has Taken Up New Work—Pastors Have Been Called

The Rev. W. D. Hammett, who has been pastor of the First Street Baptist church in Williamston and Flat Rock church below the city, was in the city yesterday attending to a few matters before moving to Rock Hill where he has accepted the pastorate of the North Side Baptist church. All those who wish to write to Mr. Hammett will address their letters to him at Rock Hill.

Mr. Hammett has served the Flat Rock for two years and the church at Williamston one year. He has already entered upon his work at Rock Hill and stated yesterday that he was well pleased. He will devote his entire time to that one church.

The Rev. J. S. Graham has already accepted a call to the First Street church in Williamston and the Rev. W. J. Foster of Honea Path will serve the Flat Rock church.

Chance to Win. New York, May 5.—The possibility of victory for either Washington or Stanford in the intercollegiate Regatta at Poughkeepsie on June 17 is considered far greater, since Stanford gave a splendid exhibition of rowing skill and endurance in winning second place in the four mile race a year ago. Five of the eight veterans of that race are again in the shell. Although defeated by Washington recently in a three mile race, Eastern rowing authorities believe that either or both crews have a fine chance of finishing well up among the leaders if the trip to the Hudson is made as proposed.

Schooner Mars Burned. London, May 5.—The Norwegian schooner Mars, bound for England with pit props, was stopped and burned by a German cruiser, says a Copenhagen dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph company. The crew was saved.

VILLA LOCATED SAYS A REPORT FROM PERSHING

SAYS AMERICAN FORCES ARE CLOSE TO HIDING PLACE OF THE BANDIT

DRAW UP PROTOCOL

Oregon and Scott Will Meet Today to Complete Details of Agreement

(By Associated Press.) El Paso, May 5.—Funston's temporary headquarters here received word from Gen. Pershing that Villa had been located. The Pershing dispatch gave no details except to say that American troops are not a great distance from where the bandit leader is supposed to be.

It was said tonight that exchanges between Carranza and Obregon over the tentative plan for co-operation of Americans and Mexicans was completed. It is expected that Obregon and Scott will meet tomorrow to draw up a protocol covering the agreement.

PRESIDENT IS STILL AWAITING APPROVAL OF EL PASO AGREEMENT

(By Associated Press.) Washington, May 5.—President Wilson tonight still awaited word as to whether Carranza had approved the Scott-Obregon agreement for co-operation against the bandits in Mexico. The text of the agreement will not be given for publication until official approval by Carranza is received. If the border agreement is ratified it is understood Mexican diplomats will take up with the American government the question of removing the embargo from arms now on the border consigned to de facto troops.

British Vessel A Near Victim Of Submarines

Sixty Shots Were Poured Into Steamer at Close Range

(By Associated Press.) London, May 5.—British liner Clan McFadyen has arrived in Gravesend from Africa damaged by gunfire from two German submarines. The first attack was made in the Bay of Biscayne, when one submarine fired sixty shots at her at a range of fifty yards. The steamer returned the fire and hit the submersible several times, it is believed sinking it. Three hours later another submarine fired a torpedo but missed the steamer.

Pacific Coast Terven. New York, May 5.—There is a chance that a Pacific coast varsity football team may be seen in an inter-sectional game against one or more eastern eleven, either this fall or in 1917. A group of New York football men are endeavoring to arrange for such a game and stand ready to finance the trip in order to bring the seven of California, Washington or Washington Aggies to New York for a game with one of the leading eleven of the east, if the consent of the Western University faculties can be secured.

Caught Barefoot Burglar. Atlanta, Ga., May 5.—A. P. Chandler, Atlanta's famous barefoot burglar, who entered a dozen or more homes of rich Atlantians and stole thousands of dollars worth of diamonds and other jewelry before the police caught him and who pleaded guilty to eight separate cases yesterday was sentenced in one case to serve twenty years in the penitentiary. It is probable that the other cases will be nolle prossed.

Zeppelin Blown Up. Copenhagen, May 5.—Military authorities at Stavanger, Norway, blew up the Zeppelin L-30 yesterday, when it began spit dangerously in the wind. Soldiers fired upon the airship from sixty yards. The Zeppelin exploded with a great detonation and was burned.

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