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NOTE OF DENIAL WON'T CLARIFY THE SITUATION

UNITED STATES WILL TAKE FIRM STAND WITH GER- MAN GOVERNMENT

DISCLAIMER TODAY

Ambassador is Expecting to Re-
ceive Note From Berlin at
Any Time.

(By Associated Press.)
Washington, April 10.—The United States government has determined that the grave submarine situation cannot be cleared up by a German note denying that Germany's submarine torpedoed the British channel steamer Sussex, and disclaiming blame for attacks on other ships. This conclusion was reached from an investigation by the United States of recent attacks on unarmed merchantmen, which developed convincing evidence pointing to illegal submarine operations.

An official announcement was made today that Ambassador Gerard would receive Germany's disclaimer tomorrow. It is expected that Germany's note and data from American foreign representatives on the recent submarine attacks will reach the United States in time for a cabinet meeting Friday. Then, it is admitted, definite action will doubtless be taken. No diplomatic rupture is likely, but should such a crisis arise the president will go before congress.

DORSEY TO OPEN HIS CAMPAIGN IN COUNTY WHERE FRANK KILLED

Atlanta, April 10.—The gubernatorial boom of Hugh Dorsey, whose claims to public recognition rest on his prosecution of Leo M. Frank, will be launched in Cobb county, where Leo M. Frank was lynched, by the organization of a "Hugh Dorsey club," the members of which, according to report, will pledge themselves in writing to vote for Dorsey as governor and will contribute \$1 each to a Dorsey campaign fund.

The plan, according to private information, is for the movement to be taken up in counties adjoining Cobb county, and after that for the movement to spread over the state, if it can be made to spread.

It is stated that details of the plan have been carefully worked out, that the machinery is tuned up and ready to start when the psychological moment arrives.

It is further stated that on the receipt of "information" that the Cobb county Hugh Dorsey club has been organized, and that other clubs have been organized, or will shortly be organized, and on receipt of copies of resolutions adopted, names of voters pledged, amounts subscribed to campaign expenses, etc., Mr. Dorsey, it is understood, will yield to what appears to be a widespread demand for him to make the race, and will announce himself a candidate.

This announcement, according to present plans, will not be forthcoming until after the democratic convention in Macon May 3rd for the election of delegates to the national convention at St. Louis.

The launching of the Cobb county "boom" will be so timed that Mr. Dorsey's announcement will be given to the public about a week or ten days after the Macon convention.

The supposed political advantage of launching the Dorsey "boom" in Cobb county are obvious. It was in Cobb county that Mary Phagan, Leo Frank's alleged victim, lived before her family moved to Atlanta. It was in Cobb county that feeling in the Frank case ran highest. It was to Cobb county that the mob took Frank and lynched him.

Whether political theories along this line will prove out when actually tested remains to be seen.

A prominent Cobb county lawyer and politician, who was in the state capitol Saturday on business, was asked to state his opinion. He said: "Cobb county folks will turn out to vote at Hugh Dorsey as a curiosity. Whether they will vote for him for governor is something else."

Editor Lancaster News.
Lancaster, S. C., April 10.—Luther Ellison, for some time secretary of the Lancaster chamber of commerce, has been elected editor of The Lancaster News.

Led Troops Who Killed 30 Villistas



Colonel W. C. Brown.

Colonel W. C. Brown of the Tenth Cavalry led the American troopers who came upon a camp of Villa followers at Aguascalientes, and killed thirty of them. He led his men on a twenty mile dash to catch the Mexicans at dinner. They were surprised that they fled without killing an American.

FARMER JIM SMITH LEFT A WILL AND IT MAY SOON "TURN UP"

GEORGIAN MADE STATE- MENT THAT HE WITNESSED DOCUMENT AT MIL- LIONAIRE'S HOME

STORY OF THE WILL

Henry Heard Tells of Going to Smith Home at Night to Act As Witness.

Macon, Ga., April 10.—James M. Smith, late of Smithonia, Oglethorpe county, did not die intestate—unless he changed his mind shortly before he died, destroyed his will and said nothing about it to his friends and those whom he had witnesses to the document.

Despite the fact that the United States district court is engaged extensively in trying to decide who properly are the heirs to approximately \$3,000,000 worth of property left by Farmer "Jim" Smith, the man who accumulated the property decided for himself, long before he died, what disposition he wanted made of his estate, and set out his desires in legal, and in conformity with the thoroughness of his business methods, which had marked him as one of the most remarkable men of his time in Georgia.

James M. Smith made a will, which was witnessed by Henry Heard, of Union Point, Ga., and Heard's brother-in-law, Jesse Turnell. Whether or not there was a third witness is not known at this time, but the impression gathered in recital of the fact is that there was. Who the third witness was, if three people witnessed Mr. Smith's signature, can not be ascertained. One of the two known witnesses is dead; the other is living at Union Point, and recalls distinctly the incident surrounding the making of the will by Mr. Smith, and conversations with Mr. Smith about the will on more than one occasion.

What eventually has become of the will, however, is a mystery. The remaining living witness—or, the only one known—expresses the belief that it will "turn up" sooner or later, that its existence must be known of by somebody—interested in the pending litigation and finally, his opinion is, if the courts do not determine the case in a way more beneficial to such beneficiaries as are named in the will, it will be brought forth.

When the Will Was Made
About fifteen years ago Mr. Henry Heard was employed by Farmer Jones M. Smith, as a millwright and me-

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THE DIAZ FORCES GROW

ABLEST OF HUERTA GENER- ALS SAID TO HAVE CROS- SED INTO MEXICO

RAISES ARMY TO OPPOSE MEXICANS AND AMERICANS

Salazar Will Join Diaz—Gavira Says Carranza Forces Able to Handle Villa.

(By Associated Press.)

El Paso, April 10.—General Gavira, Carranza commander at Juarez, announced tonight that the Carranza forces are in position to take immediate control of the Villa situation if American troops are withdrawn. His statement was made in connection with the announcement of Major General Scott, American chief of staff, that the purpose of the expedition would be considered accomplished when the Villa bands are dispersed, or as soon as Carranza is able to re-assert the American in the work.

It is reported here that General Salazar, former Huerta leader, who has been living here, has crossed the border near El Paso to raise an army to oppose both the Americans and Carranza. Salazar, said to be the ablest of Mexican generals, will join Felix Diaz, it was reported.

DECLARES SYMPATHIZERS OF VILLA OVERRUNNING NORTHERN PART MEXICO

(By Associated Press.)

Washington, April 10.—Senator Fall, of New Mexico, who went to the border at the request of the republicans immediately after the Columbus raid to investigate conditions, declared in a letter received by Senator Gallagher today that the Carranza troops are not co-operating with the Americans.

Senator Fall complained that the border patrol is not being conducted with adequate force and said an unguarded gap of nine miles made the Columbus raid possible. Fall asserted that Villa sympathizers are overrunning northern Mexico and Villa could easily capture Chihuahua City because the garrison there is friendly to him.

REPORT OF "DEAD LINE" FIXED BY CARRANZA DENIED AT WASHINGTON

(By Associated Press.)

Washington, April 10.—Such marked improvement in border conditions has been reported by General Funston that the war department is considering drawing upon troops stationed in Texas to strengthen the expedition's line of communication. Officers here tonight said that from now on infantry would be used to reinforce communication lines. Cavalry will be used for actual work of running down Villa. Part of the twenty-fourth infantry, negroes, was withdrawn from Del Rio, Texas, after a private was killed by a ranger attempting to arrest him. Officially announced today that the reports that Carranza had fixed a "dead line" beyond which the American troops could not go, were untrue. It was stated also that no date upon which the troops would be withdrawn was set. Latest advices from Pershing were dated last Saturday, and tend to show that the Americans have not been engaged with Villa's troops for over a week.

\$5,000 GIVEN BY MASONS TO AUGUSTA

(By Associated Press.)

Reno, Nevada, April 10.—J. Patnam Stephens, imperial potentate of the Mysic Shriners, announced tonight that he has ordered that five thousand dollars be taken from the relief fund of the order and donated to sufferers from the recent fire at Augusta, Ga.

PLAYING AN ERRORLESS GAME, HARVARD DEFEATS WORLD CHAMPIONS 1 TO 0

Boston, April 10.—Fielding more brilliantly than the Boston Americans, Harvard today defeated the world champions one to 0. Harvard played an errorless game.

Boston made four errors. Boston, five hits. Harvard four. Batteries: Harvard; Mahan, Garrett and Hart; Boston; Gregg, McHale and Agnew.

President Has Cold.

Washington, April 10.—President Wilson is suffering from a troublesome cold. He has cancelled all engagements and will remain in the White House.

New Cabinet Woman Dislikes Society



Mrs. Newton D. Baker.

Mrs. Newton D. Baker, of the new secretary of war, has gone to Washington from her Cleveland home.

TILLMAN FAVORS A MUTUAL COMPANY TO PROTECT COTTON

LANEY-ODOM LAW BEEN HELD UP

Judge Gary Grants Order Block- ing Enforcement of New Insurance Statute.

Columbia, S. C., April 10.—Attorney General Peoples and Insurance Commissioner Mettler were served today with an injunction restraining them from enforcing the anti-contract insurance law. The temporary order was granted by Chief Justice of Supreme Court Gary at Abbeville Saturday on the petition of David E. Henderson, a Charleston insurance man. It alleges the law is discriminatory. A hearing will be held April 17.

THE "POOK BARREL" CHARGES NO AVAIL

Rivers and Harbor Bill Approved With Forty Million Ap- propriation.

Washington, April 10.—The long debate on the rivers and harbors bill was virtually completed in the house today. Leaders expect the measure to pass tomorrow. The bill, carrying an appropriation of about forty million dollars, has been approved practically as framed by the committee. Efforts of the republicans to cut down the total, charging "Pook Barrel" methods, has been unavailing.

The senate made rapid progress on the sugar bill and was about to pass it when Senator Works announced that he wished to offer an amendment tomorrow. The bill is a substitute for the house resolution repealing the free sugar clause of the present tariff law.

BASEBALL RESULTS

- At Athens: Georgia 4;
- Michigan 0.
- At Charlottesville: Virginia 4;
- Cornell 1.
- At Greenville: Furman 15;
- Citadel 4.

SENATOR URGES PLAN TO SAFEGUARD STAPLE HELD IN WAREHOUSES OF THE STATE

REPUTABLE PEOPLE

He Would Bar From the Organi- zation Any Except Men of Good Character and Reputation.

Washington, April 10.—Senator Den Tillman says he would like to see a mutual organization formed among the people of South Carolina to guarantee holders of cotton in the warehouses of that state against losses by fire or other calamities. Since the question of insurance is one of the biggest problems connected with the warehousing system at the present time he believed the plan he suggested would both afford protection and merit popular approval.

"I would be in favor of a mutual company of some sort in which the members could agree among themselves to make them good. Let it be formed by people who know each other, and who may be depended upon. Let nobody in it but men of good character."

"Such a mutual arrangement should be made strong enough," he said, "so, if a big fire comes, as in Augusta and other places, it wouldn't wipe everything out of business."

"The members, knowing each other, and having confidence in each other, ought to be able to work out some system that would be a safeguard to their interests and the interests of those whose cotton is stored away in the warehouses."

Senator Tillman is not inclined strongly to insurance of the warehouses by the state, although he gave no definite statement to the effect that he would oppose such a plan if the state cared to go into it. He is rather inclined to doubt the feasibility and advisability of the state entering on such a venture, preferring that the capital of business men or others throughout the state be interested if possible. He stressed the point that they should be men who have confidence in each other—"those who know each other."

He suggests that the state should have the power of regulating such a plan in order that absolute guarantee of strength may be had. He was

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SEGREGATION OF RACES GOES TO SUPREME COURT

FINDING ON THIS PROBLEM OF VITAL IMPORTANCE TO SOUTH

LOUISVILLE CASE

Kentucky City's Ordinance Sepa- rating Blacks and Whites Now Being Tested.

(By Associated Press.)
Washington, April 10.—The question whether cities may enact laws to separate white and negro inhabitants was put before the United States supreme court today.

The court was told that its finding on the race segregation problem would be of vital importance to the south. The case before the court is that of the Louisville ordinance, which makes it unlawful for a negro to occupy a residence in a block where a majority of the residents are white. Similar provisions were made for the whites where the majority are negroes. The decision on the constitutionality of this ordinance, it was stated, would settle the validity of like measures pending in Richmond, Baltimore, St. Louis, Atlanta and other southern cities. Louisville's city attorney defended the ordinance as necessary to preserve the race integrity. They contended it showed no discrimination against other race.

Clayton B. Blakley, of Louisville, and Moorfield Storey of Boston, argued that the statute is a violation of the equal rights privilege of the negro.

1ST SOUTH CAROLINA AUTO SHOW BE HELD COLUMBIA 18 TO 22

(Special to The Intelligencer.)

Columbia, S. C., April 10.—Organized for the purpose of educating the public in the relative merits of various cars, the first automobile show to be staged in South Carolina will be held in Columbia from April 18th to April 22, inclusive. The exhibition will be held at Craven hall, on Washington street.

While the show has been originated by and will be held under the auspices of the Columbia Auto Dealers' association, yet it is to be open to the public at large—an exhibition of the latest models in automobiles and automobiles accessories. Entries already have been made by companies selling the principal models in this state, and practically the same exhibits that were on display in the automobile shows by New York and Chicago will be shown here.

Carrying out the idea of the educative features of the show, experts will be on hand to explain the marvelous development in both automobiles and their accessories, that owners and prospective buyers will become cognizant with the intricacies of automobile engineering and the relative merits of various makes.

One of the features of the automobile show will be opening games of the South Atlantic league, to be played in this city between the Columbia and Augusta baseball teams.

GREENVILLE MAN RUN DOWN BY AUTO IS IN CRITICAL CONDITION

Greenville, April 10.—With his head badly lacerated and his body thoroughly sore from bruises, Andrew Webb, aged 50, lies in a critical condition at his home on Sixth street, Woodside mill village, having been run down by an automobile on Augusta street Saturday afternoon. The automobile was driven by Mr. Vinson, who is employed by Paul Traynham, public auto service.

Aero-Defense Company.

Washington, April 10.—A company of United States marines, stationed in high altitude gunnery, has been attached to the advance Base Brigade of the United States marine corps, and will be known as the Anti-Aircraft Gun company.

Huge German Losses.

London, April 10.—German losses today total over 2,700,000, the newspapers here figure by adding the German official casualty lists. Of these over 681,000 have been killed.