

CLASSIFIED COLUMN

WANT ADVERTISING RATES
Twenty-five words or less, One Time 25 cents, Three Times 50 cents, Six Times \$1.00.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Several 6 acre tracts of land on the P. & N. Railway, about two and a half miles out. Fine and level. Price right. See me at once if interested.

FOR SALE—Agricultural Lime. Apply now to your gardens at rate of from one to five tons per acre—it's cheap and there is not a garden in Anderson but that needs lime—it will correct blight and sweeten your soil and make your fertilizer readily available.

FOR SALE—One second hand one horse wagon. W. L. Brisse Lumber Co.

FOR SALE—Everything in the line of fresh fruits that are in season: pears, apples, bananas, grapes, oranges, lemons, coconuts, nuts of all kinds, and candies that make your mouth water, and at prices that don't make you sick either.

CAUTION the Gasoline Man on the corner of Main and Zerkle Sts., wants his friends and patrons to know that the paying work does not interfere with his gasoline business. Caution needs the business and is on the job at all times.

FOR SALE—Two good young milch cows. Furman Smith.

FOR SALE—Fine white headed lettuce, delivered any where in city. Phone 246. Mrs. J. W. Quattlebaum. 12-21-15.

FOR RENT

WANTED—Boarders, centrally located, 304 North McDuffie street. Telephone 308. Mrs. T. K. Roper. 12-17-15.

FOR RENT—Ten room house on acre lot two blocks from square, screened throughout, large screened sleeping porch. Has all conveniences, water, lights and gas. Rent reasonable. Apply to Mrs. W. C. Plant, 228 West Church St. Phone 440. 12-15-15.

MISCELLANEOUS

OUR COAL is the kind that turns all up, leaving but a few ashes. It is economy to burn that kind at higher price than the inferior grade at cheaper price. Phone 183 to Wyatt the Coal Man.

TO THE MERCHANT TRADE—One car cotton seed meal, car Snow Drift irrigated wheat flour. All kinds horse, mule and cow feeds. See G. E. Turner at P. & N. Depot.

TYPEWRITER—REPAIRING—Best equipped typewriter rebuilding in the south. Factory experts for all makes machines, your old machine can be made as good as new for a small amount. C. C. Dargatz, Hubbard Building. 10-29-201.

IN PLACING your fire insurance remember that Frank & DeCamp Realty Company represents only strong, old line companies. Your business will be appreciated. 16-7-12

WE ARE PAYING \$38 per ton for cotton seed, selling hulls at \$12.00 per ton and will exchange 3 tons hulls for 1 ton seed and 1 ton of cotton seed meal for ton of seed. Martin Wood & Coal Co.

COME TO The Luncheonette when you are hungry. We cook anything that is in season, and we cook it right. Ask the man who eats here. Short orders served quickly. Open any style. Next door to Union Station.

WANTS

WANTED—A good farm for one of our customers. If you have a farm for sale we will be glad to consider it. Linley & Watson, (Jnd. Linley—W. E. Watson).

TYPEWRITERS—Have just received a supply of New L. C. Smith No. 1 machines. These machines are the best work in typewriter construction combining the best features of all the other types with practicality and noiseless operation. Will be glad to make a demonstration in your office. C. C. Dargatz, Agent, Second Floor, Hubbard Building. 12-15-15.

MONEY TO LEND—A few hundred dollars to place on mortgage of farm property. Greene & Barre. 12-21-15.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

W. Y. QUARLES

Dentist

Office: Over Watson Drug Store Iva, S. C.

Quattlebaum & Cochran

Have Moved Their Office to THE BROWN BUILDING Over the Dime Savings Bank

Dr. HENRY R. WELLS DENTIST

Office F. & M. Building Office 527—Phone—Residence 62

Dr. C. Mack Sanders DENTIST

Office 304-5-6 Bleckley Building. Office Phone 429 Residence Phone 149

Hisholm, Trowbridge & Sapp DENTISTS

GADSDEN SAYRI Architect 401-405 Bleckley Building Anderson, S. C.

Recommended for Croup. Coughs, colds, croup, hoarseness, inflamed throat, bronchial troubles or sore chest are relieved by Foley's Honey and Tar which opens stopped air passages, soothes and heals inflamed surfaces, and restores normal breathing.

PIEDMONT & NORTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY



Table with columns for Arrivals and Departures, listing train numbers and times.

LOST—At Iva Saturday night one Hamilton double case gold watch. Notify Frank Bell, Iva Route 2. 12-21-15.

BOOKER T. WASHINGTON DEAD—Two memorial editions of his life; one written by Doctor Washington himself, price \$1.25; one by Frederick E. Drinkwater, price \$1. Each a complete story of his life. Our books contain a full report of his sickness, death, burial and memorial exercises held at Tuskegee Sunday, Dec. 12. We are in center of South. Can get books to you instantly by express prepaid. Credit given. Beautiful outfits that get the business. Agents wanted. Order outfit of your choice each fifteen cents or both thirty cents. R. L. Phillips Publishing Co., Atlanta, Ga.

ANNUAL STOCKHOLDERS MEETING

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of The Bank of Anderson, Anderson, S. C., will be held at its Banking House on Tuesday, January 4, 1916 at noon.

Strong and Well as Ever. Fred Smith, 325 Main St., Green Bay, Wis., says "I suffered a long time with a very weak back. Foley Kidney Pills completely relieved me of all soreness and pain and I now am strong and well as ever." Wisner aggravates symptoms of kidney trouble; cold weather makes aching joints, aches muscles, and irregular bladder action more unbearable. Foley Kidney Pills help the kidneys eliminate pain-causing poisons.

BRITISH DIPLOMATS DENY ENGLISH PROFIT, TRADE RESTRICTION

Washington, Dec. 20.—Further arguments and statistics in support of Great Britain's denial of statements that her merchants are profiting by British war restrictions upon commerce at the expense of American trade have been submitted to the state department by the British embassy in a memorandum, which was made public today with a letter of transmittal to Secretary Lansing from Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, the ambassador.

The memorandum, which is supplementary to a note on the same subject handed Ambassador Page last summer by the London foreign office, reiterates the assertion that increases in British trade with neutral countries have been infinitesimal compared with the growth of similar American trade. It draws particular attention to figures showing that the increase in exports from the port of New York to the Scandinavian countries during the first thirteen months of the war exactly balanced the falling off of New York's exports to Germany.

A report of the secretary of the treasury is quoted to prove that the war has improved rather than injured American commerce. The ambassador's letter follows: "Dear Mr. Secretary: I enclose herewith 'Statements have been widely circulated in this country to the effect that the trade of the United States has greatly suffered owing to the restrictive measures taken by the allies against German commerce and more especially that British merchants and shippers are profiting greatly by the war measures of the British government to the detriment of American trade.'"

"As these statements seem to be largely based upon a report emanating from an officer of your department who had not had access to the official statistics of the United States government, I think it may be useful, in the interest of a fair and just appreciation of the facts (which I am sure is your object) if I enclose a memorandum on the subject of these assertions which is supplementary to that already communicated to you by my government.

"It is not to be expected that the United States should be wholly untouched by such a world calamity as the present war, and in the case of the American civil war it will be in your recollection that the immediate effect on France and England was an unparalleled industrial crisis which resulted in untold suffering to the working classes of those countries, hundreds of thousands being rendered absolutely destitute. It is satisfactory to note from the recently published report of the secretary of the treasury, that wholly apart from war orders, the industrial situation in this country is on a firm, steady and healthy basis.

"With regard to the specific accusation against my government that while American trade with neutral countries has been diminished, British merchants have profited by the war measures to increase their export trade, I beg to recommend to your notice the figures given in the accompanying report, based on the official returns of American trade published by your government. You will see that while British trade which has suffered greatly in its general volume has increased to a slight extent in certain branches, American trade has increased to a vastly greater extent.

"It may be appropriate to point out that British trade does not compete with American trade in the neutral countries of Europe, as the products of America, sent to those countries are of a wholly different nature from those exported from Great Britain. "In some cases, which are explained in detail in the memorandum there has been an increase of the exports from England but the amount involved has been infinitesimal as compared with the volume of American trade in the same articles, and the increase of the exports from England is explained by accidental causes which involved no loss to the American exporter. I need only mention the case of cotton. The export from England of American cotton increased during the first seven months of the year by 114,000 bales, largely owing to cotton which was purchased by the British government in consequence of misapprehension as to the ownership and released to the Swedish consignees. In the same months the total exports from America increased by 2,292,000 bales.

"It is true that it will not be found among the enclosed memorandum which is not communicated in a controversial spirit, but merely in order to correct an impression which appears to have arisen from an imperfect appreciation of the facts. "I need only add in conclusion that if there comes to the knowledge of your department any specific instances in which the British government has made use of their restrictive trade measures for the purpose of unfairly discriminating between British and American trade, you will bring the facts to the knowledge of a government in order that they may cause an enquiry and remedy and justice.

"I am, dear Mr. Secretary, Yours sincerely, Cecil Spring-Rice." The memorandum in part follows: "The attention of His Britannic Majesty's embassy has been drawn to a report by the United States consul-general in London on the subject of trade in July, which was published in commerce report no. 303 of August 20th and the substance of which was widely reproduced in the press. "In the course of this report Mr. Skidmore states as follows: "It continues to be the case that many classes of goods, the exports of which from the United States to neutral countries is attended with great difficulties and hazards, are going forward freely from Great Britain to the same countries, and in some cases in largely increased quantities.

"The idea that British trade is taking advantage of the conditions arising out of the military situation in order to establish itself in neutral markets at the expense of American trade is one that has already been submitted by the United States consul-general in London in a previous report, and Sir Edward Grey, in a note to Mr. Page dated August 13th last, endeavored to show that the idea was founded upon a misapprehension of the facts. The sentence quoted above, however, and the publicity given it in the American press and to the figures adduced to support it, render a further explanation desirable.

"While British export trade has undergone a uniform decrease in practically all articles, the published figures of the United States, in spite of lack of shipping, the complete dislocation of normal conditions of commerce and the measures taken by the allied powers to restrict the trade of their enemies, and in spite of the export of actual munitions of war, has increased to a phenomenal extent, and this, not only in supplying the requirements of certain of the belligerent nations but in general trade with the very countries from whose markets it has been claimed that Great Britain was endeavoring to exclude American products. On the other hand British trade has probably suffered more from the embargoes on exports imposed owing to the necessities of war by the British government than has United States trade from the measures in restriction of neutral trade with the enemies of Great Britain.

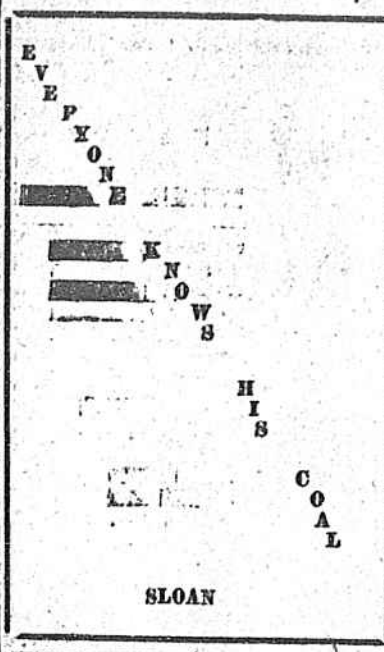
"Apart from this unprecedented volume of exports, American industry, which before the outbreak of the war had been suffering for over a year from general and widespread depression, has during the period of hostilities realized another benefit; the reduction in exports from the belligerent countries has supplied the opportunity for American industry to replace European products in the markets of South and Central America, the far east and even in neutral European countries, so that the practical cessation of direct traffic with Germany, Austria-Hungary, Belgium and Turkey is more than compensated by the opening up of new markets.

"The secretary of the treasury in his report for the year ending June 30, 1915, which has just been published, says: 'What extraordinary results have been achieved in the brief period since December 1914. During the year there has been a steady, healthy forward movement in every line of activity, until now prosperity has been established throughout the country. From all points of view therefore it appears that the European war has proved rather beneficial than otherwise to American trade and industry, while any suggestion that Great Britain is attempting to use the military situation for the purpose of capturing American trade is utterly refuted by the actual facts and figures.

"Among the British products all articles show a decrease in the total quantity exported with the few unimportant exceptions of malt, rice, lard, cocoanut oil and palm oil. "Any increase in British exports of cotton and woolen goods to these (Scandinavian) countries and to the allies of Great Britain is largely due to the fact that the French and Belgian textile industry districts are in German occupation while the output of the German industry itself is considerably curtailed by the lack of labour for other than war industries; these countries have therefore increased their imports from the nearest available source which is the United Kingdom.

"Then, tables are given showing that exports from New York to Norway, Sweden and Denmark during the first thirteen months of the war increased \$84,726,984 over the same period a year before, while exports to Germany decreased \$84,918,081. In this connection a commercial report of the United States is quoted as saying that customs returns of the Scandinavian countries all show a smaller volume of imports from America since the war began. The memorandum continues:

"Now if the customs returns of Norway, Sweden and Denmark show that imports from the United States have decreased since the war, while the official returns of the United States department of commerce show on the other hand that they have enormously increased, it is as legitimate, in the absence of any other explanation, to assume that the United States figures represent the amount of goods shipped from the United States to the Scandinavian countries and that the customs figures of the Scandinavian countries represent that proportion of the goods exported from the United States which paid duty and was entered for consumption in those countries. While the considerable difference represents the amount of goods exported from the United States which, on arrival in the Scandinavian countries, were re-shipped largely to Germany, Sweden and Denmark during the first 13 months of the war, exactly balances the decrease in shipments to Germany during the same period, it is extremely significant.



not suffered from the inevitable restrictions on neutral commerce derived from the state of war, and that there is no vestige of foundation for the insinuation that Great Britain has taken advantage of war conditions and of the measures necessitated by military considerations, in order to increase British exports to neutral countries at the expense of American trade."

MUSTANG

For Sprains, Lameness, Sores, Cuts, Rheumatism, Penetrates and Heals. Stops Pain At Once For Man and Beast 25c. 50c. \$1. At All Dealers.

LINIMENT

ANDERSON SCHOOLS WILL RECEIVE FUNDS

SUPT. FELTON IS ADVISED OF DISTRIBUTION OF MONEY

TOTAL OF \$1,482.00

Seven High Schools Will Be Benefitted By This Money From the State Department.

Table listing school names and amounts: J. B. Felton, county superintendent of education, yesterday morning received a letter from Mr. J. E. Swearingen, state superintendent, stating that seven high schools in Anderson county would share in the fund of \$1,482 which has been received from the state department of education.

Charleston & Western Carolina Railway

Augusta, Ga. To and From the NORTH, SOUTH, EAST, WEST Leaves: No. 22 6:08 A. M. No. 6 3:37 P. M. Arrives: No. 21 11:15 A. M. No. 5 3:07 P. M. Information, Schedules, rates, etc., promptly given.

FIRESTONE TIRES

A Personal Announcement for Holiday Buying. We have concentrated every effort and succeeded in getting together an formidable stock of merchandise as can be found. An unusual variety, splendid assortment of styles, most desirable qualities, stand out conspicuously and warrant calling to your attention our attractive stock of Diamonds, Silverware, Leather Goods, Watches, Flatware, Umbrellas, Jewelry, Hollow Ware, Brushes, Clocks, Glassware, Specialties. Our lines are all reliable and it will be our endeavor to please you. Marchbanks & Babb

THIRTY PER CENT PROFIT ON SPECULATION EVEN GREATER PROFIT ON INVESTMENT. We have a single tract of approximately 850 acres of rich, Chattahoochee river bottom land, situated in Stewart county Georgia, within twenty five miles of Columbus, which we will sell for SEVENTY per cent of what adjacent farm lands are selling for now. Of this entire plantation, there is one portion of about 300 acres which we would sell separately. Of this smaller tract there are 120 acres cleared, and under cultivation now; the balance—about 180 acres, is in woodland. On the entire plantation there are fifteen tenant houses, barns and necessary outbuildings, and one large eight room dwelling house. The Seaboard Airline railroad runs through this place, and there is a sidetrack on the farm. There are 40 acres of nut bearing Pecan trees on the plantation at present. This is a very desirable plantation, and to a practical farmer of grit, determination, some means; and who is not afraid of the work necessary in the management of such a plantation, this offers the opportunity of a lifetime. Our only reason for offering this magnificent plantation at such a tremendous sacrifice is strictly a personal one, and we will give it to all interested parties, privately. We will pay the expense of a trip to Stewart county if the investor, or his backers, buy the tract of land or any part of it. There are quite a few Anderson county people living in Stewart county Ga. now. Address "Stewart County, Ga." Care The Intelligencer, Anderson, S. C.

Christmas Groceries Fruits, Nuts, Candies, Etc.

Here, you will find us amply prepared to take care of your every want in fancy and staple groceries, fruits, nuts, candies, etc., etc., and we certainly will appreciate your orders. Among the many nice things to eat which we have prepared for you are: Oranges at 15c, 20c and 25c per doz., \$2.50 and \$2.75 per box. Apples in all varieties at, per peck and up 40c. Nuts of all kinds at, per lb. 25c. Also shelled nuts of all kinds. We have a splendid assortment of all kinds of candies, and all PURE. Best Chocolates at only, per lb. 40c. Peanut Candy at, per lb. 20c. Stick Candy, by the box at 30c. Fruit Cakes in all sizes from 1 to 5 lb at, per lb. 30c. Minerva Fruit Cakes. \$2.40. Celery, this Christmas will be fine, at only 15 cents, or two for 25c. Cranberries, 2 quarts for 25c. Malaga Grapes at, per lb. 20c. Dates at, per package 10c. Layer Raisins, 2 lbs for 25c. The BEST Cheese on Earth at, per lb. 25c. Best Macaroni at, 2 lbs for 25c. Olive Zest, per jar 15c. Antler Brand of Washed Figs, per lb. 10c. Mince Meat, (condensed), per package 10c. Heinz's Mince Meat, per can 20c. Coconuts, Guaranteed good, each 10c.

The Ideal Grocery Co. Phone 471 North Main, Next Door to Chamber of Commerce

"CABBAGE PLANTS" We have now ten million cabbage plants on hand ready for shipment. Our plants are grown close to the Sea Coast in the open air, and our seed are grown by the very best seedman on Long Island, N. Y. We have the following varieties: "THE EARLY JERSEY WATERS", "THE CHARLESTON WAKEFIELD", "THE SUCCESSION", "THE FLAT DUTCH". Our prices are: In lots from 1 to 5 thousand \$1.00 per thousand, 5 thousand and over 75c. per thousand P. O. B. here cash with order. We will make you a special price on larger orders. Give us your order and we will ship you plants that will give you the very best results. Yours very truly, THE ONLY PLANT CO., Maysville, S. C.

Represent the utmost service, safety, mileage and pleasure obtainable from an Auto-Vacation trip. TODD AUTO SHOP Opposite The Palmetto N. Main.