

# The Intelligencer

VOLUME II.

ANDERSON, S. C., FRIDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 17, 1915.

NUMBER 290.

## UNITED STATES WILL INSIST ON NOTE SENT

### UNOFFICIAL VERSIONS OF AUSTRIAN REPLY NOT SATISFACTORY

### OFFICIAL REPLY EXPECTED SOON

#### Persistence of Austria-Hungary in Course Would Sever Diplomatic Relations.

Washington, Dec. 16.—The United States will regard Austria's reply to the American note regarding the Ancona affair as unsatisfactory and unacceptable, should the official text be identical with the unofficial versions in the London and Amsterdam press dispatches. The reply is momentarily expected at the state department tonight.

The persistence of Austria-Hungary in the course she apparently has determined to pursue would result in a severance of diplomatic relations between the United States and Vienna governments. This action would not be taken by the United States, it was authoritatively stated tonight, without one more communication being dispatched by Vienna.

The United States is described as being prepared to insist that Austria-Hungary promptly comply with the demands for disavowal, punishment of the submarine commander and reparation by payment of indemnity for the Americans killed or injured. Making a clear failure will mean an immediate break in relations.

The second note, it is said, would renew the original demands without a discussion of an exchange of views and be more insistent.

## DISPATCH REPORTS FEELING IN VIENNA

London, Dec. 16.—An Exchange telegraph Amsterdam dispatch quotes a Vienna telegram saying that the feeling there is that the United States will ask for the recall of the Austrian ambassador, as the American Ancona note is not couched in such terms that such step is considered unavoidable.

It is said that the note was submitted to the German ambassador before presentation to Ambassador Penfield, says the dispatch, and that Dr. Dumba recalled ambassador to the United States, took a hand in drafting the document.

## VERSION OF REPLY AS PUBLISHED

London, Dec. 16.—The Austrian reply to the American note states that Austria-Hungary is prepared in principle to enter into an exchange of opinion with the American government and leaves it to the Washington cabinet to draw up individual legal maxims which the commander of the submarine that sunk the Ancona is alleged to have violated. The government expresses sympathy with the American victims. This is the version given by the Reuters' Amsterdam correspondent who says the answer was handed to Ambassador Penfield Tuesday.

The correspondent quotes the note as follows in part: "From the sharpness with which the United States believed it ought to ensure the commander of the submarine, and from the firmness with which its demands, addressed to the Austro-Hungarian government, appear to have been brought forward, it could be expected that the American government would clearly give the actual circumstances upon which it relies. As can be clearly recognized, representations of the circumstances contained in the note allows numerous doubts, and gives (not at all sufficient) reasons for claiming the commander of the submarine and the Austro-Hungarian government, when it the representations prove correct in all points, and judgment in the case to be based upon the most rigorous legal interpretation."

Further on the note is quoted: "The Austro-Hungarian government is less able to follow the Washington cabinet in its unusual attitude as it is in no way possessed of knowledge of all the correspondence having reference to it."

"The Austro-Hungarian government also is not of the opinion that this knowledge could be sufficient for the present case, according to its own information, is materially different from the case to which the American government apparently is referring."

## New Mexican Ambassador to Washington



Ambassador Eliseo Arredondo.

Eliseo Arredondo, former chief of the Washington junta of the Carranzistas, has just been appointed ambassador to this country from Mexico.

Ambassador Arredondo is a first cousin of General Carranza on his mother's side and is a native of the state of Coahuila where the Carranza family has lived for years. Before the revolution he was a federal district judge, and later, when Madero came into power, was a member of the lower house of the Mexican congress. After that he was secretary of the government of Coahuila, a position that corresponds to that of secretary of state in one of our states. Before he came to Washington, Mr. Arredondo was sub-secretary of the interior of the Carranza cabinet.

## CHARLESTON MEET HEARS ADDRESSES

### Varying Advice Given to Delegates on Many Various Subjects Yesterday.

Charleston, Dec. 16.—Dr. J. W. Jones, professor of government in the New York University, told the delegates to the southern Commercial congress today that Germany's success in Latin-American trade was due to her training salesmen for that special work.

D. N. Harley, a member of the Federal Trade commission, urged "mobilization of American forces," because, he said, competition for Latin-American business at the close of the war would be "fierce." Pleas also were made for the creation of a national chamber of agriculture, a national system of rural credits and an enlarged merchant marine.

## MOBILIZATION PLAN WAS BEFORE COMMONS

London, Dec. 16.—An inquiry in the house of commons today caused Reginald McKenna, chancellor of the exchequer, to announce that the plan for the mobilization and purchase of American and Canadian securities would provide that the control of Canadian railroads would pass into the hands of Americans. He said that the mobilization scheme had the approval of the dominion government, and it was hoped the good will of the American government.

Hunted to Death. Charlotte, Dec. 16.—M. M. Colharpe a traveling man from Fort Mill, S. C., was hunted to death in a fire that destroyed a boarding house at Monroe, N. C.

## KILLED BY HORSE

Washington, Dec. 16.—Captain Frank F. Roberts, United States marine corps, was killed by a fall from a horse while on duty with the expeditionary force near Port-au-Prince, Haiti, according to a dispatch to the navy department tonight.

## NEW SCHEME PROPOSED BY SENATOR WORKS

### SAYS PACIFIC COAST AT MERCY OF ASIATIC ATTACK

### WOULD CREATE MOBILE RESERVE

#### Soldiers With Families Be Settled on Land Provided By Government.

Washington, Dec. 16.—Senator Works of California, told the senate today that a standing army of 1,000,000 men would be necessary for the defense of the United States against invasion and declared that the Pacific coast was completely at the mercy of an Asiatic attack.

He proposed as a part of preparedness a scheme for the creation of a mobile military reserve of 200,000 at a cost of \$50,000,000.

According to Senator Works' bills this reserve would be settled with their families on five-acre tracts of land, provided by the government, supplementing ten months of productive work, such as irrigation, flood prevention and reforestation, with two months of military training. They would be soldier-settlers.

## EXTENDS WAR TAX FOR ONE YEAR

Washington, Dec. 16.—The house tonight, by a vote of 205 to 189, passed a joint resolution extending the emergency war tax until December 31, 1916. The senate is expected to take similar action shortly. The law brings in revenue at the rate of \$82,000,000 yearly.

## TURKO-GERMAN THREAT AGAINST EGYPT GRAVE

### Double Track Railway Line Being Built From Damascus to Frontier.

Rome, Dec. 16.—The Turko-German threat against Egypt is becoming more grave daily in the opinion of military men here. The construction of a double track railway line from Damascus to the Egyptian frontier is being pushed with extraordinary speed, and is expected to be finished by February 1.

This line it is considered by military men will permit the concentration of a half million men equipped and munitioned, on the Egyptian frontier in a month.

About three hundred thousand Ottoman troops drilled by Germans are already concentrated between Alessandria, Alarab and Hama, it is reported.

Miles of tubes for carrying water across the desert are being laid and material for bridges to cross the Suez canal is being provided.

Turko-German emissaries are reported to be urging anti-British propaganda among the natives.

Rome newspapers say it after the Balkan league the turks will be going to allow themselves to be surprised in 1917.

## MORE TESTIMONY IN THE NEW HAVEN TRIAL

New York, Dec. 15.—Tangled financial transactions, alleged to have been engineered by Edward D. Robbins, former general counsel of the New Haven railroad, to get the steamers Harvard and Yale to the Pacific coast, netted him \$391,000, according to the reckoning of government counsel from the testimony at the trial of Robbins and ten other former New Haven directors, charged with anti-trust law conspiracy. He organized several companies to get the boats.

## Importations Heavy

New York, Dec. 16.—The importations of French goods were heavier during December than ever before in the memory of old custom officers. Many are coming for trade, but a great percentage is to individuals who probably bought them personally in Paris last winter.

## SUPREME COURT UPHOLDS TAX COMMISSION

### APPLICATIONS OF GREENWOOD BANKS WERE DISMISSED

### BANKS HAVE REMEDY AT LAW

#### Winning of Case is Accounted Victory for Attorney General's Office.

Columbia, Dec. 16.—The act creating the state tax commission was upheld tonight in an order by the supreme court, dismissing the application of the National Loan and Exchange bank of Greenwood for an injunction and the application of the Peoples' National bank of Greenwood for a mandamus, directed against the tax commission. The court says there is adequate remedy at law for these banks and refuses to enjoin the tax commission.

The winning of the case is accounted a great victory for Attorney General Peoples and Assistant Attorney General Dominick, who appeared for the tax commission. The attorneys who brought the action against the tax commission were F. B. Grier of Greenwood, T. P. Costaran of Greenwood and B. H. Moss of Orangeburg.

The opinion was written by Associate Justice Fraser and concurred in by Chief Justice Gary and Associate Justice Hydrick. Associate Justice Gage dissented.

The opinion overrules Associate Justice Watts, who originally granted the relief asked for by the banks, the case being carried on appeal to the supreme court by Assistant Attorney General Dominick.

## NATIONAL MAGNATES AWAIT AMERICANS

### Peace Committees Expected to Confer on Baseball Matters on Arrival.

New York, Dec. 16.—The National league magnates passed today in informal conference and preliminary duties awaiting the arrival here tomorrow of the American league peace committee from Chicago. The American and minor leagues named committees but the Federal and National have not. The National will decide tomorrow.

President Tener of the National, indicated in a statement that he was against barring contract jumpers, unless they made themselves morally unfit or a detriment to ball players.

## PRESIDENT'S WEDDING ON SATURDAY NIGHT

### Licence Issued Yesterday—Honeymoon Plans Are Secret But They Come South.

Washington, Dec. 16.—The marriage licence issued for President Wilson and Mrs. Galt today disclosed that a clergyman of Mrs. Galt's faith, Rev. Herbert Frost Smith, Episcopalian, will perform the ceremony. The president is Presbyterian and an elder in the church.

The licence gave the president's age as fifty-nine and Mrs. Galt's as forty-three. The ceremony will be at the Galt residence on Saturday night at nine o'clock, but honeymoon plans are still secret, although it is known that the couple will go south.

Big Cargo Gasoline. Charleston, Dec. 15.—The largest cargo of gasoline ever brought to Charleston arrived here Friday night on the steamer Louisiana of the Texas company, which after discharging her cargo of 1,400,000 gallons, began the return voyage to Port Arthur Sunday.

## Great King III

London, Dec. 16.—King Constantine of Greece is ill again, according to an Athens dispatch to The Chronicle. The monarch is suffering from influenza and a slight touch of fever.

## BOY-ED CALLS STATEMENTS FABRICATIONS

### RECALLED GERMAN NAVAL ATTACHE MAKES ANSWER TO CHARGES

### INVENTIONS OF NEWSPAPER MEN

#### Says He Proposes no Longer Bear Brunt of Absurd Stories.

New York, Dec. 16.—Captain Boy-Ed, the recalled German attache, in a statement issued tonight, branded as fabrications and inventions the newspaper reports that he had obtained, through secret agents, the confidential report prepared by the American naval office and submitted to President Wilson.

Captain Boy-Ed said that as a matter of fact, he never heard of such a report and proposed to no longer bear the brunt of absurd stories put into circulation. Since he is no longer connected with the German embassy he feels free to talk.

## SUFFRAGISTS APPEAR BEFORE COMMITTEES

### Both Sides Make Arguments to Committees of Senate and House.

Washington, Dec. 16.—The woman suffrage advocates appeared before the senate suffrage committee and women opposed to suffrage met with the house judiciary committee. Both sides presented arguments.

Senator Fannsdell called attention to suffrage, that the women of the south did not want to vote because of the negro women vote.

"It is not a negro question which is endangering suffrage in the south" replied Frances Joffe of California, "but the factory owners who employ women and children."

Mrs. Hattie Jacobs of Alabama told the house committee it is fallacy to say suffrage in any way involved the race question. Enfranchisement, she said will still be subject to the same qualifications imposed upon men. She decried the attitude of many southern men toward women as "wards of the man" and said the women of the south do not want to be enfranchised within state limits.

Representative Whaley of South Carolina challenged Mrs. Jacobs' statement that there is no limitation to the hours women may work in that state. Chairman Webb asked her why women did not go to the states instead "bothering congress with something congress has nothing to do with."

## CHINA DISTURBED BY UPRISINGS IN INDIA

Peking, Dec. 16.—China is much disturbed by rumors of serious uprisings in India as it is intimated in some quarters that this is made possible by the smuggling from China to India. English newspapers charge that Chinese are entirely too friendly with German agents.

Dispatches from Russia indicate that Russian officials feel that German activities in China should be checked, and suggests that the allies seize the German possessions in China.

German newspapers boast that the forces of Emperor William will soon touch Chinese territory on the western front.

## 4,000 Killed by Drought

London, Dec. 16.—The Melbourne correspondent of the Times telegraphs: "Advises from the South Cruz and Solomon islands report that a drought has caused the death of 4,000 natives. Some villages have been depopulated, the advices say, and nobody is left to bury the dead."

## Trade Is Large

Atlanta, Dec. 16.—Atlanta merchants say that the Christmas trade this year is fully normal and that if it keeps up through Christmas eve will be the largest in history.

## Yuan Shih-K'ai, Emperor of China



Yuan Shih-k'ai, president of the Chinese republic, has accepted the offer of the council of state and will accept the throne as emperor.

## COOPER OF LAURENS MADE GRAND MASTER

### Grand Lodge Meeting at Charleston With Election of Officers.

Charleston, Dec. 16.—The Hon. Robert A. Cooper of Laurens was yesterday elected Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Ancient Free Masons of South Carolina. After the installation of the new grand master, and the announcement by him of committees and district deputy appointments, the 139th annual meeting of the grand lodge adjourned.

The sessions had been in progress in the Masonic Temple here since Tuesday. Mr. Cooper succeeds George T. Bryan, of Greenville, who served two terms as grand master.

The newly elected grand master is well known all over the state. He is solicitor of the eighth circuit, and has been prominent in Masonic circles a long time. His friends are congratulating him upon his elevation to the highest office in the gift of South Carolina Masons.

Following are the names of the officers elected:

The New Officers.  
Grand Master—R. A. Cooper, Laurens.  
Deputy Grand Master—William W. Wannamaker, Orangeburg.

Senior Grand Warden—S. T. Lanham, Spartanburg.  
Grand Treasurer—William H. Prieoleau, Charleston.

Grand Secretary—O. Frank Hart, Columbia.  
Grand Chaplain, the Rev. W. P. Smith, Spartanburg.

Senior Grand Deacons—J. P. Duckett, Anderson; and J. C. Bissell, Charleston.

Grand Junior Deacons—(to be announced by Senior Grand Warden and installed in their own lodges.)  
Grand Marshal—J. O. Blackwood, Spartanburg.

Grand Marshal—G. A. Power, Laurens.  
Senior Grand Deacons—J. H. Fowles, Columbia and T. D. Boland, Ware Shoals.

Grand Tyler—M. A. Winkler, Charleston.

## REVERSES RULING

Montgomery, Dec. 16.—The Alabama supreme court today reversed a former ruling and held that the Western Union cannot condemn a portion of the Louisville and Nashville right of way for use in its business. The decision means that the railroad may force the Western Union to remove poles and wires from railroad property.

## FEELING NOW MORE HOPEFUL ABOUT BALKANS

### THE ITALIANS HAVE LANDED TROOPS IN ALBANIAN PORTS

### ANGLO-FRENCH REINFORCED

#### Troops of the Entente Allies Will Threaten Teuton's Right Flank.

London, Dec. 16.—There is a hopeful feeling here regarding the Balkans, now that it is definitely announced that the Italians had effected a landing in Albania and the Anglo-French force at Saloniki had been strongly reinforced. It is not stated how large the Italian forces were which were sent to assist the Serbians.

From the fact that the official account intimates that landings were made at several ports, it is taken for granted that an army of considerable proportions will be sent. This, with the Serbians and Montenegrins, will be a serious threat to the central powers' right flank, while they can't look with indifference on the concentration of forces at Saloniki and the gathering of Russians in Bessarabia.

It is anticipated therefore that the Germans will strike at Saloniki before the Anglo-French forces grow too strong. It is believed that with that end in view they are now negotiating with Greece.

If their plans include the Bulgarians, they are likely to meet Greek opposition, as Greece is strongly averse to any Bulgarians crossing the frontier. This applies also to some extent to Austrians, whose ambitions have been always for an Aegean port, preferably Saloniki.

On the whole, therefore, it is thought here that the Greeks might prefer to see the entente allies remain there until the war ends. In fact, Lord Robert Cecil, under-secretary for foreign affairs, in the house of commons said that the entente plan was to keep the central powers from the city in accordance with Greek wishes.

## BELEIVED IULL MAY CONTINUE

London, Dec. 16.—A Iull has set in on the Macedonian front which will inform Athens observers, believe will continue until after the Greek elections Sunday. The allied forces, which are reported to number 300,000 are well fortified north of Saloniki, and should the Germans decide to attack, it will take them sometime to prepare. Heavy guns are needed, and few if any of these are reported near the frontier.

In the entente capitals, the well organized retreat of the allies in the Balkans is viewed as one result of the new co-ordination among the allies.

In London the retirement of Sir John French as commander-in-chief and the succession of Sir Douglas Haig over-shadow all other war news. Haig comes to the position with the reputation of having seen more hard service than any other British officer. He is England's youngest general.

It is reported in Paris that the stock of gold of the bank of France has reached a record of a total billion dollars.

## BEARD IS CHARGED WITH CRIMINAL LIBEL

Abbeville, Dec. 15.—The suit of Jas. P. Gossett, president of the Calhoun mills, Calhoun Falls, against W. P. Beard for criminal libel, was tried before Magistrate Hammond on Friday. Mr. Gossett was represented by Hon. W. N. Graydon and Mr. Beard by Messrs. Chickadee and Adams. Mr. Beard was bound over to the higher court.

The suit grew out of an article in a recent issue of the Southern in which it is charged several charges were made which were libelous. The case will attract considerable interest at the next court, no doubt, it will be the first case brought under the act of 1912, at least in this county, and it is very probably in the state.

Gas Bomb Adds Horror. Venice, Dec. 16.—The upstartling gas bomb dropped on Venice added new terror to the aerial raids. For a time resulted but the victims were severely.