

LEGAL NOTICES

JUDGE OF PROBATE SALE

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, ANDERSON COUNTY. In Probate Court. Burt R. Bryant, as administrator of the estate of N. K. Bryant, deceased, and individually, Plaintiff,

vs. John G. Bryant, William J. Bryant, Thomas Turner Bryant, T. Stokes Bryant, Vienna V. Eades, Rosa Mullikin, George Clayton Bryant, Luther Bryant, Patron Johnson, D. Bryant, Daniel Bryant, Lee Bryant and Samuel Jones, Defendants.

In accordance with an order of sale herein granted by the Probate Court, dated the 3rd day of November, 1915, I will sell, on salesday in December next, being Monday, December 6, 1915, between the usual hours of public sale, in front of the Court House in City of Anderson, S. C., for cash, purchaser to pay extra for deed and stamps, that certain piece, parcel or tract of land situate in Anderson County, in the State of South Carolina, on waters of 18 Mile Creek, adjoining Calhoun Brook, Wayne Fant and others, containing forty-one and one-fourth (41 1/4) acres, and being the same land conveyed to the said N. K. Bryant by Joseph J. Fretwell by deed dated September 23, 1905, recorded in said office in Book D-4, page 390.

W. P. Nicholson, Probate Judge. Nov. 3, 1915. 11-17-11aw3w.

JUDGE OF PROBATE SALE

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, ANDERSON COUNTY. Court of Common Pleas. Farmers and Merchants Bank, Plaintiff,

vs. Sam Simpson, Clarence Simpson and The Bank of Anderson, Defendants.

Pursuant to an order of sale granted herein I will sell on salesday in December, 1915, in front of the Court House in the City of Anderson, S. C., during the usual hours of sale the real estate described as follows, to wit:

All that certain tract, parcel, or portion of land in Savannah Township, State and County aforesaid, containing ninety-one and 88-100 acres bounded on the north by lands of Nathan Williams and Mrs. E. A. Glenn, on the south by lands of H. M. Holland, on the east by lands of John C. Pruitt, on the west by lands of J. H. Wright and others, it being the same land conveyed to Sam Simpson and Clarence Simpson by deed dated April, 1914.

Terms: Cash. Purchaser to pay extra for papers and stamps. W. P. Nicholson, Judge of Probate as Special Referee. 11-17-11aw3w.

JUDGE OF PROBATE SALE

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, ANDERSON COUNTY. Court of Common Pleas. Simon T. Harrison, in his own right and as administrator of the estate of Estelle Berry Harrison, deceased, Plaintiff,

vs. Jos Berry Acker, Cora Brown, Robert Williams and Annie Williams, Defendants.

Pursuant to an order of sale granted by the court in the above entitled action, I will sell on salesday in December next, 1915, in front of the court house, in the City of Anderson, S. C., during the usual hours of sale, at public auction, to the highest bidder, on the terms specified below, the following described real estate:

1. All that certain lot of land situate in the City of Anderson, county and State above named, containing one-fourth of an acre, more or less, bounded on the North by property of the estate of Jno. E. People, a deceased, on the East by Towers street, on the South by extension of River street, and on the West by lands of Andy Simpson, it being the same lot conveyed by A. P. Cator to Estelle Berry by deed dated Oct. 29, 1902, and recorded in R. M. C. office for Anderson county in Book BBBB, page 174.

2. All that certain lot of land situate in the City of Anderson, in the State and county aforesaid, on the North side of Thomas street, and extending along said street for a distance of 52 feet; thence to a northerly direction for a distance of 101.2 feet; thence in easterly direction for a distance of 51.8 feet; thence in a southwesterly direction for a distance of 103.1 feet to Thomas street, and being known as Lot No. 18 according to a plat made by DeCamp and Cunningham which is of record in the R. M. C. office for Anderson county in Book GGGG, page 208, and being the same lot that was conveyed by J. M. Evans to Estelle Berry by deed dated June 23, 1908, and recorded in R. M. C. office for Anderson county in Book JJJJ, page 590.

3. All that certain lot of land situate in the City of Anderson, in the State and county aforesaid, and being on New street, extending along said street for a distance of 51.5 feet, thence running in a southerly direction for a distance of 195.1 feet; thence in a westerly direction for a distance of 51.8 feet; thence in a northerly direction for a distance of 101.3 feet to a beginning corner, and bounded by lands of Esther Garrison and others, and being known as plat as Lot No. 13, and having such notes and distances as will appear by reference to the same which is recorded in R. M. C. office for Anderson county in Book GGGG, page 238, and being the same lot that was con-

veyed to Estelle Berry Harrison by J. M. Evans by deed dated Dec. 1, 1909, and recorded in the R. M. C. office for Anderson county in Book MMMM, page 48.

Terms of sale: Cash. Purchaser to pay extra for stamps and papers. W. P. Nicholson, Judge of Probate as Special Referee. November 17, 1915. 11-17-21-11aw

JUDGE OF PROBATE SALE

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, ANDERSON COUNTY. Court of Common Pleas. Frank A. Dickson, et al, administrators, Plaintiffs,

vs. Mrs. Mattie L. Dickson, et al, Defendants.

Pursuant to an order of sale granted in the above styled cause, I will sell at public outcry, during the usual hours of public sale, in front of the Court House at Anderson, S. C., on salesday in December, 1915, the following described tracts of land, to-wit:

Tract No. 1: All that certain tract of land situate in Fork Township, Anderson County, South Carolina, containing one hundred and forty-five acres, more or less, bounded by lands of Ellis Whitfield, S. H. Whitfield, J. B. Holcomb, tract No. 2, and others; it being the same tract shown as lot No. 1 on plat of C. C. Myers bearing date Nov. 11, 1915.

Tract No. 2: That certain tract situate in Fork Township, Anderson County, South Carolina, containing one hundred and one and four-fifths acres, more or less, bounded by J. B. Herring, J. B. Holcomb, tract No. 1 above described and J. L. O. Whitfield; it being the same tract shown on plat of C. C. Myers dated Nov. 11, 1915.

I will ask for bids on these tracts separately and also combined together as a whole. If the highest bid on the property as a whole exceeds the sum of the highest bids on the two separate tracts, the bid on the property as a whole will be accepted; but should the sum of the highest bids on the two separate tracts exceed the highest bid on the property as a whole, the bids on the two separate tracts will be accepted. Plats of this property may be seen by calling at the office of Watkins & Prince, attorneys. Terms cash, purchaser to pay extra for papers and revenue stamps. W. P. Nicholson, Judge of Probate as Special Referee. Nov. 16, 1915. 11-17-11aw3w.

JUDGE OF PROBATE SALE

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, ANDERSON COUNTY. Court of Common Pleas. Mrs. C. J. Alexander, Plaintiff,

vs. W. N. Walker and others, Defendants.

In obedience to an order of sale granted herein I will sell on salesday in December, 1915, in front of the Court House, in the City of Anderson, S. C., during usual hours of sale, the real estate described as follows, to-wit:

1. One lot on Clinkscales Street bounded by Cromer facing eighty-five (85) feet on said Clinkscales Street and running back one hundred and fifteen (115) feet, being in shape a parallelogram and the two buildings thereon.

Terms: Cash. Purchaser to pay extra for papers and stamps. W. P. Nicholson, Probate Judge as Special Referee. 11-17-11aw3w.

HEAD STUFFED FROM CATARRH OR A COLD

Says Cream Applied in Nostrils Opens Air Passages Right Up. Instant relief-no waiting. Your clogged nostrils open right up; the air passages of your head clear and you can breathe freely. No more yawning, sneezing, blowing, headache, dryness. Now struggling for breath at night; your cold or catarrh disappears. Get a small bottle of Eye's Cream Balm from your druggist now. Apply a little of this fragrant, antiseptic, healing cream in your nostrils. It penetrates through every air passage of the head, soothes the inflamed, or swollen mucous membrane and relieves causes instantly. It's just fine. Don't stay stuffed up with a cold or nasty catarrh.

MANY DESCRIPTIVE REPORTS OF BATTLES FOUGHT AROUND LOOS

Berlin, Nov. 23.—The fighting around Loos where the British succeeded in capturing a part of the foremost positions of the German lines in September is still the subject of descriptive reports in the press. One of the most animated of such descriptions is from the pen of Bernhard Kellermann, known in America as the author of "The Tunnel."

He says that after four days of inconceivably heavy artillery fire the British began a gas attack on the morning of September 26. Four separate waves of gas, alternately white and dark gray, were blown forward toward the German lines; and at the same time the British artillery was hurling gas bombs upon the Germans. The latter coughed and held their ground as long as they could, but many fell, unable to resist the fumes. In the midst of all this the Germans were preparing for the expected infantry attack. Finally the British appeared, emerging suddenly as if from nowhere, behind a cloud of gas, wearing masks. They came in thick lines and storming columns. The first line of the attackers was quickly shot down by the hail of rifle and machine gun bullets that rained upon them from the shattered German trenches; the hand grenades especially wrought terrible havoc, some of them cutting down six or eight men. The dead and wounded soon lay like a wall before the German position. The second and third lines of English suffered the same fate. It was estimated that the number of British killed before this German division alone reached 8,000 to 10,000.

The fourth line of attackers, however, finally succeeded in overrunning the decimated front line of Germans, who stood by their guns to the very last; those of them who had not fallen were made prisoners. Not one of them returned to tell what happened in this terrific fighting. On the neighboring front, too, the British succeeded, in breaking the German first position; and gained here from 500 to 2,000 yards of ground. At the second German position, where their reserves were in waiting, the attack was completely checked. The fighting lost something of its fierceness in the afternoon waned; and on September 25 ended with hand-to-hand attacks during the night and regained a part of the lost ground.

The British renewed the next morning their attempts to break through the German lines. They tried with quite new tactics—"a" rather, with very old tactics that are out of date in this war. It was a thing wholly unexpected, and the staff officers looked on with open-mouthed wonder. Shortly before noon it was observed that the British thickly massed, and in a echelon formation of eight ranks, were advancing from Loos to attack us. Their artillery was sending down a hail of shells to beat open a path for these storming masses. At the same time the enemy mounted artillery, in broad day light, rode up to take up a position upon hill 70 to the east of Loos, which is not more than a slight elevation in the landscape hardly noticed in riding across the fields. The batteries were carrying bridge material with them to enable them to make crossings over trenches and natural obstructions. Still more—one or two mounted cavalry regiments were observed on the plain far to the rear.

Eight ranks of infantry, mounted artillery; cavalry in the background—that was too much! A veritable battle plan of a past age, the product of a mind in its dotage and a half-century behind the times. "Commanders of armies get out of date in our times as rapidly as inventions in our science, where the lesson taught by this war is that the lives of soldiers should be entrusted only to the most modern, the most elastic, and most highly endowed minds—the very pick of a nation's best talent." The English should have sent back their old celebrators to take charge of communications.

"Splendidly, with admirable courage, the English troops came forward to the attack. They were young, were no decorations, they carried out with blind courage what their sense commander ordered—and thus in a period of mortars, machine guns, and the telephone. Their behavior was splendid, but all the more pitiable was the breaking of their attack. The eight ranks, before they had advanced ten paces, got into our mixed fire of rifles, machine guns, and artillery—all at the call of the telephone. Our batteries were only awaiting the signal. His English ex-cellicy was not prepared for this. Fresh reserves were put into action, only to be mowed down by the cross-fire from our machine guns. The English mounted artillery had a wretched end; it not only got into our range of our machine guns, but at the same time our heavy mortars (called by telephone) raked it so rapidly and thoroughly that the men did not even have time to lumber their guns. The cavalry regiments wetting in the

beat thing for constipation, sour stomach, lax, liver and sluggish bowels. Slap a neck headache almost at once. Gives a most thorough and satisfactory flushing—no pain, no nausea. Keeps your system clean, sweet and wholesome.—R. H. Well-Edwards, Salt Lake City, Utah, writes: "I find Citrolax the best laxative I ever used. Does not grip—no unpleasant after-effects." Sold everywhere.

background for the order to attack were greeted with some salvoes of heavy sabres from their scabbards. That ended the battle. The attack broke down in front of our wire entanglements. "An enormous number of dead lay before our trenches. . . . The enemy's losses for the two days before this German division alone amounted, at a low estimate, to 20,000 men."

The lesson that Kellermann thinks should be learned from the fighting here is that "war is not a sport in the hands of a dozen privileged dilettantes."

THE CITADEL

Class basket ball has become very popular this year and two series of games have been arranged between the different classes. The winning team of the first series is to play the winning team of the second for the class championship. The first series is about over and the standing of the teams is given below:

Table with 2 columns: Class and Score. Sophomores... 10 11, Seniors... 1 1, Freshmen... 1 1, Juniors... 2 2.

A large number of good players have been discovered during these games, and with the early practice that is being secured through these games, we expect to develop a championship team.

The football team has been undergoing a very strenuous practice since our defeat of 6 to 0 by the University of Florida, and we expect to win the state championship by defeating Carolina on Thursday.

The Corps of cadets, The Citadel sponsors, and a large number of local enthusiasts will make the trip to Columbia on Thursday to help the team win.

The Bible classes have been organized and meet regularly every Sunday morning. The Citadel will hold its usual open meeting tomorrow night, and a large crowd of visitors is expected. Dr. Potent of Wake Forest will deliver the address, and special music has been arranged for the occasion.

The regular semi-monthly mess hall hop was held Friday night. About forty couples were present, also numerous stags.

Preparations are being made for a large Thanksgiving dance which will be held December 3rd. A large number of visitors are expected to have a wonderful time.

A large number of cadets are training for the annual relay race which will be held in Charleston December 9th. This race is composed of teams of 24 men each, from the college of Charleston; Porter Military academy, Greer's school and the Y. M. C. A. The Citadel teams have won the race for the past six years, and we expect to not only win the fifteen mile race this year, but to break the record as well.

Objects of Charity. Space and copies of his paper go to make up the newspaper man's entire stock in trade. These two are all that he has to offer for sale to the public, and no one has as yet given any sort of satisfactory reasons why he should ever be asked by anyone to donate them.

One thing newspaper people will never be able to understand is why any person will walk into a newspaper office and make himself or herself an object of charity and insist upon anything other than to get for in any other shop or place of business in the town. The principle in the same in the newspaper office, as in the dry goods store, the grocery, the drug store, and what a great many people need is to recognize it as the same and get off the newspaper list.

Advertising space in the newspaper is for sale, not to give away. It has a certain value in itself, that makes it worth money. Copies of the newspaper are for sale—not to give away. If they are worth having, they are worth the exceedingly small price asked for them.

Refused to Desert Wounded Serbians.



Lady Paget.

Lady Paget has become one of the heroines of the war, because in the face of capture by Bulgarians at Ukub in Serbia, she refused to desert the wounded Serbian soldiers at her hospital in order to escape the conquerors. The story has been sent from the Balkans that her husband, learning the Bulgarian would soon take the place, hurried there in a fast automobile.

"We owe too much to these wounded men to leave them when they most need us," she replied, and he left without her.

Spiders Work for a Living.

According to the November Popular Science Monthly and World's Advance, there is a colony of 200 spiders in Hoboken, N. J., which start work and stop work when the whistle blows. They are probably the most indispensable workmen in one of the largest surveying instrument factories in this country. It is their duty to spin the delicate thread which is used for the cross-hairs to mark the exact center of the object lens in the surveyor's telescope.

The spiders produce only during August and September. In that time they spin thousands of yards of web which is wound upon metal frames, and stored away until needed. A few weeks ago the entire colony, for no apparent reason, went on a strike. Everybody was worried until the "forewoman" of the spiders, after patient coaxing, finally induced them to begin spinning again.

Spider web is the only suitable material yet discovered for the cross-hairs of surveying instruments. Almost invisible as this fiber is to the naked eye, it is brought up in the powerful lenses of the telescope to the size of a man's thumb, so that all defects, if there happened to be any, would be magnified to such a degree that the web would be useless. Human hair has been tried, but when magnified it has the apparent dimensions of a rough-hewn lamp-post. Moreover, human hair is transparent, and cross-hairs must be opaque.

A spider "at work" dangles in the air by its invisible thread, the upper frame whirled in the hands of a girl. The girl first places the spider on her hand until the protruding end of the thread has become attached. When the spider attempts to leap to the ground, this end is quickly attached to the center of the whirling frame, and as the spider pays out thread around the frame, several hundred feet of thread can be reeled from a spider at one time. It is difficult to estimate just how many thousand yards of web are used by this company in a year. They produce thousands of surveying instruments yearly, and between six inches and one foot of spider web go into each.

The spiders are kept in a large room, under the supervision of three girls and a forewoman. When not spinning, the little workmen are placed in a large wooden cage. Flies are the chief article of diet.

MUST BELIEVE IT

When Well-Known Anderson People Tell It So Plainly.

When public endorsement is made by a representative citizen of Anderson the proof is positive. You must believe it. Read this testimony: Every sufferer of kidney backache, every man, woman or child with urinary trouble will do well to read the following: G. W. Gerald, carpenter, 150 Tower St., Anderson, says: "I had backache and other kidney ailments. Pains shot up through my loins when I was sawing a timber and I could hardly keep at work. The kidney exertions passed too freely and obliged me to get up several times at night. I had a continual thirst and never seemed able to quench it. Sometimes I was so dizzy that I was afraid to go up on a building for fear of falling. I read of Doan's Kidney Pills. I got some at Doan's Pharmacy and they made me feel better right away. Four boxes completely cured me." Write Doan at all dealers. Don't simply ask for kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the name that Mr. Gerald had. Foster-McBarn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

Hot Water for Sick Headaches

Tells why everyone should drink hot water with phosphate in it before-breakfast.

Headache of any kind, is caused by auto-intoxication—which means self-poisoning. Liver and bowel poisons called toxins, sucked into the blood, through the lymph ducts, excite the heart, which pumps the blood so fast that it congests in the smaller arteries and veins of the head producing violent throbbing pain and distress, called headache. You become nervous, dependent, sick, feverish and miserable, your meals sour and almost nauseate you. Then you resort to acetanilids, aspirin or the bromides which temporarily relieve but do not rid the blood of these irritating toxins.

A glass of hot water with a teaspoon of limestone phosphate. It is drunk before breakfast for awhile, will not only wash these poisons from your system and cure you of headaches but will cleanse, purify and freshen the entire alimentary canal. Ask your pharmacist for a quarter pound of limestone phosphate. It is inexpensive, harmless as sugar, and almost tasteless, except for a sourish twinge which is not unpleasant. If you aren't feeling your best, if tongue is coated or you wake up with bad taste, foul breath or have colds, indigestion, biliousness, constipation or sour, acid stomach, begin the phosphate hot water cure to rid your system of toxins and poisons. Results are quick and it is claimed that those who continue to flush out the stomach, liver and bowels every morning never have any headache or know a miserable moment.

A Horse Sold For Fifty Cents

Mr. C. M. Buchanan on South Main St. advertised in The Intelligencer a horse for sale. From the different persons who responded to the ad, he sold the horse at a satisfactory price. You would have a hard time convincing Mr. Buchanan that the people in Anderson and Anderson County did not read The Intelligencer.

GAS

To cook with is the most convenient fuel to be had.

And it is the cheaper, too when the least bit of thought and attention is given it.

Try it for awhile, and you will like it. There are many satisfied users of gas in Anderson.

It's just the thing to beat the bath room with.

Anderson Gas Co.

WHILE IT LASTS

Roof Paint 30c a Gallon. Anderson Paint & Color Co. 132 North Main Street Phone 647.

Holiday Suggestions

While stocks are complete and you have ample time, drop in here and select your Xmas gifts. We suggest for this week:

Bracelet Watches, and Watches for Ladies, Gents and Boys—Priced from \$2.50 to \$5.00.



Keep your eye on our window from now till Xmas.

CHICHESTER'S PILLS

SAGE AND SULPHUR DARKENS GRAY HAIR

It's Grandmother's Recipe to Restore Color, Gloss and Thickness.

Hair that loses its color and lustre, or when it fades, turns gray, dull and lifeless, is caused by a lack of sulphur in the hair. Our grandmother made up a mixture of Sage Tea and Sulphur to keep her locks dark and beautiful, and thousands of women and men who value that even color that beautiful dark shade of hair which is so attractive, use only this old-time recipe.

Nowadays we get this famous mixture by asking at any drug store for a 50 cent bottle of "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound," which darkens the hair so naturally, so evenly, that nobody can possibly tell it has been applied. Besides, it takes off dandruff, stops scalp itching and falling hair. You just dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. By increasing the gray hair, it makes the hair shine and delights the ladies with Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur in their hair, besides beautifully darkening the hair after a few applications. It also brings back the gloss and lustre and gives it an appearance of abundance.

PIEDMONT & NORTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY



ARRIVALS

Table with 2 columns: Train Number and Arrival Time. No. 23... 7:35 A. M., No. 22... 9:35 A. M., No. 35... 11:40 A. M., No. 37... 4:10 P. M., No. 39... 3:40 P. M., No. 41... 6:00 P. M., No. 43... 8:25 P. M., No. 45... 10:20 P. M.

DEPARTURES

Table with 2 columns: Train Number and Departure Time. No. 30... 6:25 A. M., No. 32... 8:25 A. M., No. 24... 10:30 A. M., No. 28... 12:10 P. M., No. 38... 2:30 P. M., No. 40... 4:50 P. M., No. 42... 7:20 P. M., No. 44... 9:15 P. M.

Charleston & Western Carolina Railway

Augusta, Ga. To and from the NORTH, SOUTH, EAST, WEST Leaves: No. 22... 6:08 A. M., No. 6... 3:37 P. M. Arrives: No. 21... 11:15 A. M., No. 5... 3:37 P. M. Information, Schedules, rates, etc., promptly given.