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MANY LIVES LOST IN HURRICANE SWEEPING CITIES ALONG GULF

BETWEEN FIFTY AND SIXTY LOST IN VICINITY OF NEW ORLEANS

PROPERTY LOSS OVER \$2,000,000

Estimate of Damage at Coast Points Near Mobile is About Fifty Thousand.

Mobile, Sept. 29.—Between fifty and sixty lives were lost, several hundred injured and property damaged to the extent of more than two million by the hurricane which swept yesterday over the Gulf coast from New Orleans and vicinity. This is the sum of reports received tonight by meager means of communication. The usual means still being nearly useless.

In New Orleans seven were killed, some by falling structures and some drowned and a hundred and fifty injured by falling structures.

At Gretna, Louisiana, twenty-five drowned. At Minshac, Louisiana, a section foreman and sixteen negro hands were drowned.

Two children were killed at Pacagoula when a house was demolished, at Mobile two were electrocuted by live wires; at Natchez one was killed by falling timber.

The property loss at New Orleans is approximated at two million. There is no definite estimate of the loss at coast points around New Orleans but at Mobile and vicinity the loss will not exceed fifty thousand. Estimates here were materially lessened when Coda, Bayou Batre, Alabama Port, Battles and Fair Hope were heard from.

Four ships were swept over the wharves at Gulfport and a steamer lost at Natchez and a watchman with her. All vessels outward bound from New Orleans are accounted for. The Southern Pacific liner Proteus, which was reported yesterday in the storm center off the Mississippi's mouth, was declared safe by the Creole of the same line.

In New Orleans, fifteen mostly girls in the telephone exchange, were injured when windows were blown in; the Masonic Temple in the heart of the business district, was damaged, a public school and several churches and houses in the French market section were demolished or damaged.

The wind played havoc with parks and houses in outlying sections, small vessels over the river were swamped and docks and warehouses damaged. Water from Lake Ponchartraine swept over the seawall into the lake resorts. Fire from lightning destroyed a big acid plant.

Wire Service Suspended. Mobile, Sept. 30.—Restoration of the wire, or of the interrupted wireless communication from New Orleans is anxiously awaited. Fragmentary messages wireless from vessels at New Orleans indicated that the storm had subsided. Wire companies are working to restore the lines. The loss of life is not expected to be heavy. Ample warnings were given to residents on the coast. One report says ten are dead in New Orleans and the property loss is heavy from wind and water, which was backed into the streets. Breaching of the levees south of the city is reported. The famous French market sections are reported damaged. Reports of a heavy property damage along the Gulf coast is expected.

Sixty Miles an Hour at New Orleans. The hurricane swept New Orleans for seven hours at more than sixty miles an hour. The maximum velocity reported by the weather bureau was between a hundred and twenty and a hundred and thirty. The wind blew at this rate for one minute between five thirty and six in the afternoon. The highest sustained velocity was eight-six miles, about fifty.

Morgan City, La., Sept. 30.—The storm damage here is estimated at two hundred thousand. Three steamboats were sunk in harbor, buildings roofed and houses torn from their foundations. The wind reached a velocity of eighty-five miles. There was no loss of life here but four were killed along the coast. Crowley and Lafayette, west of here, report no damage.

Galveston, Texas, Sept. 30.—A wireless from New Orleans stated that at 2 o'clock the water in the streets was receding rapidly and the river was going down. The number of dead in New Orleans is five. There are indications that the property damage was considerable.

HEAVY BUYERS OF LOAN BONDS TO GET REBATE

BUYERS OF THOUSAND DOLLARS WORTH TO GET REBATE

IS DESIGNED TO AID QUICK SALES

Fifty Eight New York Financial Firms Will Become Members of Syndicate Underwriters.

New York, Sept. 30.—Although the designated price of the Anglo-French loan bonds has been fixed at ninety-eight to the public, it developed today that purchasers of amounts from a thousand dollars upwards will get them at ninety-six and a quarter, the net price to the syndicate, but a method to maintain the price by artificial means at ninety-eight was adopted.

The syndicate members, under this method, must pay ninety-eight for the bonds but when the syndicate expires sixty days hence they will receive a rebate of one and three-quarters per cent. The plan to offer the bonds throughout the country to thousand dollar purchasers is interpreted as a bid for quick buyers. The one quarter per cent over ninety-six, the figure originally set as the price to investors, will be used to pay the expenses of distribution.

Fifty-eight financial houses will become members of the local syndicate of underwriters, according to a list made public today by J. P. Morgan & Co.

New York, Sept. 30.—The complete details of the method of marketing the half billion dollar joint issue of Anglo-French five year bonds will probably be announced late today by J. P. Morgan and company. Representatives of New York banks and trust companies and other financial houses continued conferences looking to the adoption of a definite program placing the issue on the market within a fortnight. The committee today is trying to decide the size of subscriptions allowed, the time when the bonds will be sold and the terms for smaller denominations, with other terms. Indications are that under-writing syndicates will disband after sixty or ninety days, and the bonds will be listed, probably free, on the stock exchange.

Morgan & Co., at noon issued a memorandum stating that the loan syndicate would have a life of 60 days. The syndicate will purchase the bonds at 98. At the expiration of 60 days they will receive 1 3/4 rebate. There is no restriction on the purchasers. Banks participating will merely transfer the money on the books and it will be left in the bank until needed.

WOULD SELECT RECRUITS BY VOTE

London, Sept. 30.—Earl Kitchener addressing a meeting of the labor executives yesterday said he preferred a continuation of the volunteer system, but recruiting was not up to the needs. He explained his plan, not yet authorized, would apply a military ballot system. Each district of men required to furnish its quota of men. If they could not be supplied by volunteers, the required number would be selected by ballot among men of military age. Those thus chosen would be compelled to enlist.

Manufacturers' Day at Exposition. Denver, Sept. 30.—Manufacturers, jobbers and salesmen today had their day at the International Soil-Products exposition being held here. There are many valuable exhibits at the exposition in the line of manufactured articles produced from soil products and many used in field and farm houses.

Canal Opening Delayed. Washington, Sept. 30.—Colonel Harding, acting governor of the Panama canal, called the war department that more earth movements will delay the reopening of the canal until October tenth, five days longer than was previously reported.

Mystery in Suicide. Wilmington, Del., Sept. 30.—P. F. Simmons, an electrician of Waterbury, Va., is reported to have committed suicide with gas. His wife is said to have disappeared.

CARRANZA'S TROOPS NEAR MEXICO CITY, AND GENERAL OBREGON



This is the first photograph of General Carranza's troops fighting in the vicinity of Mexico City, which they have taken and lost several times within the last two months. One day the city changed hands three times. The photograph shows Carranza's troops making a trench of the railroad ditch near the city.

The photograph of General Obregon shows him with his right arm cut off at the elbow. It will be recalled that the first reports from the Villa camp several weeks ago had it that Obregon, who is considered the ablest military leader Carranza has, was dead of his wounds. Later it was learned that he had only suffered the loss of his arm. This photograph was taken of him while he was convalescing from that wound.

MAFARRATE REPORTS ARREST OF BANDITS

Report is First Intimation of Positive Action By Carranza in Cooperation With U. S.

Brownsville, Sept. 30.—General Mafarrate, the Carranza commander at Matamoros, reported the arrest of five bandits driven across the Rio Grande by United States troops at Camargo, Mexico, and said he was investigating the reported gathering of several hundred Mexicans opposite Progreso. This was the first intimation that the Carranza authorities had taken positive action to co-operate with the American forces in clearing the boundary of raiders.

PIEDMONT MAN GETS VERDICT FOR \$2,500

Greenville, Sept. 30.—The supreme court yesterday handed down a decision that affirmed the verdict of a court of common pleas jury in the case of Floyd Baldwin, plaintiff, versus the Piedmont Manufacturing company, awarding the plaintiff damages in the sum of \$2,500. Argument was made before the supreme court last spring. Attorney James H. Price represented Baldwin while Haynesworth & Haynesworth appeared for the defendant company.

HAS PLAN TO LOAN TO FARMERS AT 4 PERCENT

Plan Provides for Issuance of Three and a Half Per Cent Government Bonds.

Omaha, Sept. 30.—A plan for the government to lend money to farmers at limited means by the issuance of three and a half per cent bonds was outlined by a Nebraska senator, G. W. Norris, at the National Farmers' Congress today. It provides for a bureau operating through postmasters, lending money at four per cent to farmers who are American citizens.

REPORT OF PROJECTED CUBAN UPRISING DENIED

Havana, Sept. 30.—The government's secretary denied current rumors of a projected negro uprising. He said there was no unrest among the negroes but the government is prepared to "guarantee" strong forces in any locality upon first sign of disorder.

Mystery in Suicide. Wilmington, Del., Sept. 30.—P. F. Simmons, an electrician of Waterbury, Va., is reported to have committed suicide with gas. His wife is said to have disappeared.

SPARTANBURG MAN KILLED IN BATTLE

Brother of Congressman Nicholls Fell in Battle of Loos—Was Lieutenant in British Army.

Greenville, Sept. 30.—Lieut. Montague Nicholls, of Spartanburg, younger brother of Congressman Sam J. Nicholls, was killed while commanding a division of British field artillery in the battle of Loos, either September 28 or 27, according to a British war office dispatch to the bereaved family in Spartanburg, news of which reached Greenville this afternoon. Lieut. Nicholls was well known in Greenville and had a number of friends here whom he frequently visited before he swore allegiance to England and went to the front in the European conflagration. He was a former student of Annapolis and West Point.

The death message from the secretary of the British war office was received this afternoon in Spartanburg by Judge George W. Nicholls, father of the slain boy. Congressman Nicholls immediately communicated the news to the department at Washington with a view of making arrangements, if possible, to have the dead body shipped to Spartanburg for burial. The department informed him that every assistance would be offered, but it is not known whether it will be possible to transport the remains.

Lieut. Nicholls was 28 years of age. He was born and reared in Spartanburg. He attended the Spartanburg schools, Citadel at Charleston, West Point and South Carolina university. Besides his military accomplishments, he was known by the sporting fraternity throughout the country because of the success he attained on the football field. He was a star at one time on the Annapolis eleven.

When Nicholls left Annapolis he later went to South Carolina University and pursued a course in law, the chosen profession of his brother and father.

Shortly after war was declared and leading nations of Europe were at each others throats, young Nicholls always imbued with a courageous spirit, went to Canada and enlisted for service in the British army.

A man of high military and naval training, he was soon promoted to a lieutenancy. He fought valiantly day after day, the reports showed, and not even a serious wound he sustained several months ago, dented him. Then he was a lieutenant in the Royal artillery. He recovered, and again sallied to the front, this time as a lieutenant in the British Field artillery.

Berlin Reports Loss. Berlin, Sept. 30.—The loss of Hill 191 in the Champagne region north of Meuse to the allies as a result of the great battle now progressing is announced in an official statement today.

WANTS U. S. TO BUY HALF-MILLION BALES

Congressman Heflin Thinks That Much Will Be Needed in Government Power Mills.

Washington, Sept. 30.—Representative Heflin of Alabama, called on Secretary Daniels and Garrison today, suggesting that the government purchase four hundred and fifty thousand bales of cotton and two hundred and fifty thousand bales of hinders to be manufactured into gun cotton and explosives to meet the munition requirements of the army and navy.

Secretary Daniels said more cotton than usual would be needed because the government powder mills at Indian Head, Maryland, had been enlarged.

RAILWAY REPRESENTATIVES BEFORE COMMERCE COMMISSION

Washington, Sept. 30.—Representatives of all the principal railroad systems are before the interstate commerce commission to present their views on the main questions involved in physical valuation. They appeared by request of the commission. Road representatives have filed a 600-page brief discussing the subject from a technical standpoint.

G. A. R. MEETS IN KANSAS CITY IN 1916

More Than Five Thousand Veterans Shook Hands With President Today.

Washington, Sept. 30.—Kansas City was chosen today as the place for the nineteenth sixteen encampment of the G. A. R. The election of officers will take place tomorrow. Through a misunderstanding of what was intended the private reception at the White House today became a general affair. More than five thousand veterans shook hands with President Wilson.

COLORADO LIQUOR MEN WILL RESORT TO COURTS

Denver, Colo., Sept. 30.—Threatened with a fight over the new prohibition law which goes into effect on January 1, 1916, the Anti-Saloon League of Colorado opened a memorandum convention here today. Denver, under a home rule statute, threatens to roll the state-wide dry law. The call for today's meeting stated that the purpose was the "formulating of a plan of action to checkmate any move the liquor forces may make." Legal action is presumed.

STUBBORN FIGHT ON GERMAN SECOND LINE DEFENSE CONTINUES

GOVERNOR SPRY GRANTS REQUEST OF PRES. WILSON

GRANTS REPRIEVE UNTIL OCTOBER 10 FOR JOSEPH HILLSTROM, A SWED

SENTENCED TO BE SHOT TODAY

Governor Thinks Swedish Minister Should Come to Utah and Investigate Case.

Salt Lake City, Sept. 30.—On request of President Wilson, Governor Spry of Utah has granted a reprieve until October tenth for Joseph Hillstrom, the Swede who was sentenced to be shot tomorrow for the murder of a grocer and his son.

The governor said the Swedish minister at Washington, who prevailed on the president to ask the reprieve, should come here and investigate the case. The Swedish vice consul here investigated and found no reason for a change of Hillstrom's sentence.

Everything Was Ready.

Salt Lake City, Sept. 30.—Preparations for the execution of Joseph Hillstrom is completed. Unless the governor intercedes he will be shot at sunrise tomorrow. A large force of additional police in plain clothes, and private detectives are guarding public buildings and many homes as a result of anonymous threats to destroy property unless Hillstrom was reprieved. Incoming trains are watched, and itinerants told to move on.

GERMANS GET REINFORCEMENTS

Von Hindenberg Bringing Up Fresh Troops for Another Blow at Russian Right.

London, Sept. 30.—The Times Petrograd correspondent says according to the prevailing opinion in Russian military circles Field Marshal von Hindenberg, regardless of the menace to Germany's western front has brought up fresh forces at Osminia and is preparing for another blow at the Russian right in an effort to bar the route of retreat for the Muscovite army. For this reason the general staff emphasizes the importance of the line from Viteksa to Iwenez near Minsk as Hindenberg's real objective. The crossing of the Styria by large Teutonic forces and the revival of an offensive at Kolki also constitute a new and formidable factor with which Ivanoff must reckon.

GREENVILLE VISITED BY HEAVY RAINFALL

Greenville, Sept. 30.—Greenville and vicinity was visited last night by a cool spell which is very welcome due to the hard weather which has prevailed here in the past few weeks. A light rain began at an early hour this morning which later developed into a heavy rainfall. This weather is no doubt a gift from the West Indian hurricane, and is the tall end of the storm which has done great damage on the Gulf coast.

Telegrams To Be Delayed.

London, Sept. 30.—The postmaster general has announced all future telegrams for neutral countries in Europe and for Russia by the Great northern lines and Berlin will be subjected to forty-eight hours delay.

Haitians to Quit.

Cape Haitien, Sept. 30.—Haitian rebels resisting the American army agreed to lay down arms. A conference was held yesterday between the principal rebel leaders and American officers.

New Liquor Law in Effect.

Tampa, Sept. 30.—The Davis package law prohibiting the sale of liquor in less than half pint packages goes into effect at midnight. The packages must be sealed.

FRENCH BROKE THROUGH BUT WERE FORCED BACK BY RESERVES

GERMANS ADMIT HEAVY LOSSES

Von Hindenberg Still Far From His Objective Point in Eastern Campaign.

London, Sept. 30.—The battle for the second line of German defenses in Champagne, a collapse of which would menace the greater part of the German positions, is proceeding stubbornly. At several points the French gained a footing on the second line and went through but were forced to fall back. According to the Germans these attackers were captured or exterminated.

The Germans admit the loss of Hill Hundred and Ninety One, not far from the railway triangle necessary to Germans to supply their Argonne army.

In Artois the allies are engaged in consolidating the won ground and opposing counter attacks. The Germans says allies opened a new attack east of Auberville because of the German reinforcement arriving in Champagne.

Von Hindenberg is still far from Dvinsk but south of Vilna his troops captured a thousand prisoners in what was believed to be the first stroke of his new blow against the Russian right. South of Pripiet, in which von Mackensen is stuck, the Poles have retired, but in Galicia they are still hammering the Germans.

London thinks Bulgaria has abandoned any offensive against Serbia but the Greeks still prepare a Sofia cabinet crisis, it is said, has been averted.

London, Sept. 30.—The struggle on the western front has become clearly a battle for Lens, in Pas de Calais, nine miles northeast of Arras. The capture of this town, with its radiating railway, would bring into the foreground the possibility of retaking Lille.

North and south of Lens, the allies hold a high ground dominating the town. The British hold Hill 70 and the French Hill 140 between Souchez and Vincy. An official report from Paris last night said merely that this crest had been reached and so a presumably terrific counter-attack was raging there today with the final mastery of this position at stake. Rain, fog and soggy ground are hampering both armies and limiting the activities of aircraft. A few days of clear dry weather might have a marked bearing on developments.

The allies offensive thus far, has been confined to stretches on a front of less than thirty miles. The general belief here is that the attacks are only the prelude to what is coming. At any rate 41,000 people will be disappointed if the movement is not sustained.

There is the usual speculation regarding the shifting of the German forces from the salient to the river, but reliable information is lacking. Against the report that some of the Prussian guards have been hurried west there are rumors that von Hindenberg has been reinforced heavily, moreover, the Austrians apparently have received fresh troops.

The British victory over the Turks in Mesopotamia brings General Sir John Nixon's men within a hundred and forty miles of Bagdad. The news came unheeded to London as fighting in that quarter has almost been forgotten. Whether the British will try to push on to Bagdad is problematical. The consensus of opinion here is that the resistance of the Turks in this region is crushed.

French Report.

Paris, Sept. 30.—The war office announces the capture of an important German defensive work south of Reims. In Champagne the French gained a footing of various points of the German second line of defense.

Zepplins Westward.

London, Sept. 30.—A Central News Amsterdam dispatch says six Zeppelins were sighted over Arras, 25 miles northeast of Brussels, bound westerly. Dover is due west of Arras.

Two Officers Killed.

London, Sept. 30.—The British casualties in the recent fighting on the western front included Lieutenant-General Sir Thomas Capper and Major-General G. S. Thesiger, both of whom were killed.