

The Intelligencer

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ANDERSON, S. C. THURSDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 30, 1915.

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FIVE KILLED BY STORM AT NEW ORLEANS

MANY INJURED AND PROPERTY LOSS ESTIMATED AT OVER MILLION

MANY BUILDINGS WERE DEMOLISHED

Pass Christian, Biloxi and Other Gulf Cities Also Suffer Damage By Tropical Storm.

New Orleans, La.—(Via Wireless to Mobile.) Sept. 29.—Fire are known to be dead, many injured and property loss reaching millions was caused tonight by the most severe gulf storm in the history of the city.

A gale with a velocity of eighty-six miles an hour swept the city, demolishing scores of buildings and stripping the roofs from hundreds.

The steamship Creole moving up the Mississippi reported by wireless that the levees had overflowed below the city.

The gulf coast cities, Biloxi, Bay St. Louis, Gulfport and Pass Christian were also hit. The train trestle Bay St. Louis is down.

At seven-thirty the rising barometer gave evidence that the storm was subsiding.

The city has been without communication with the outside world except by wireless since eleven o'clock today. All wires are down and train services have been annulled. The city is in darkness tonight due to the flooding of the electric plants. The only wireless messages come from Southern Pacific steamers in the harbor.

Mobile and Pensacola Not Struck.

Mobile, Sept. 29.—The Mississippi gulf coast from Bay St. Louis to Pascagoula is isolated tonight because of the hurricane. Three children are known to have been injured at Pascagoula when a house was unroofed but other news is lacking.

Pensacola and Mobile escaped material damage although the gale here reached fifty miles.

Reports of excessive damage and high water at Biloxi and Gulfport were discounted by train officials whose cables are working to Bay St. Louis.

Washington, Sept. 29.—The tropical storm is central this morning near the Mississippi mouth and is moving slowly northward according to weather bureau reports. Shifting gales are predicted this afternoon and tonight on the Louisiana coast; east to south gales on Mississippi and Alabama coast and extreme northwest on the Florida coast.

Wires Down.

Dallas, Sept. 29.—The wire service between Texas and New Orleans was stopped early today by a tropical storm according to headquarters of three telegraph companies. South of Dallas the wires are working to Galveston, said to Beaumont they are under the normal condition.

In Mississippi Valley.

New Orleans, Sept. 29.—A tropical storm is sweeping this section of the Mississippi valley today. The wind at eleven o'clock increased to fifty miles an hour. Only one or two telegraph wires are working. Many Louisiana and Mississippi points are cut off from telegraphic communication with New Orleans.

Warning Sent.

New Orleans, Sept. 29.—The weather bureau last night utilized the telegraph, telephone, wireless and messengers to send warnings of an approaching hurricane to all points that could be reached along the gulf coast between Pensacola on east and Morgan City, Louisiana on the west. It is believed that persons living on coast points exposed to the storm and high tides have moved to higher grounds.

State of Rebellion Exists On British Island of Ceylon

Berlin, Sept. 29.—Private reports here, says the Overseas agency, declare the British island of Ceylon has been in rebellion since June. More than two thousand have been shot in rioting and all tea plantations destroyed. At Colombo, the capital, sixty were shot in street fighting and the damage amounted to two millions and a half. The British press informed that the disturbance was not significant.

COLUMBIA MAY RECALL MAYOR L. A. GRIFFITH

POSTERS CALLING FOR MASS MEETING SCATTERED THROUGHOUT CITY

MEETING CALLED FOR FRIDAY NIGHT

Object of Meeting to Investigate Official Conduct of Mayor—Sensational Stories Afloat.

Columbia, Sept. 29.—Posters calling for a mass meeting on the question of recalling Mayor Lewis A. Griffith of Columbia were scattered throughout the city late tonight. The qualified electors are asked to meet Friday night.

"A city is no better than its officers," says the card.

The meeting was called "to consider charges against the official conduct of the mayor of Columbia."

The call for the mass meeting was signed by Richard J. Person. During the past several days there have been sensational stories going the rounds in Columbia.

CUBAN CAMPAIGN GROWING WARMER

Gen. Jose Gomez Says Re-election of President Menocal Would Mean Revolution.

Havana, Sept. 29.—Interest in the Cuban presidential campaign was quickened by the declaration of ex-President General Jose Miguel Gomez published in today's Heraldico that the re-election of President Mario G. Menocal would mean a revolution. The belief is growing that Gomez, a member of the Liberal party, will be a candidate. He opposed Dr. Alfredo Zayas in his statement. Zayas is a leader of one faction of the Liberals.

FIVE NEGROES ELECTROCUTED

All But Protested Innocence—Largest Number Ever Executed in One Day in This State—Only Hour and Ten Minutes for Whole Job.

Columbia, Sept. 29.—All except one dying with protestations of innocence on their lips, five negroes, Meeks Griffin, Tom Griffin, John Crosby, Nelson Bryce and Joe Malloy, were electrocuted this morning at the state penitentiary for murder. The accumulated time consumed in transferring the negroes from their cells to the death chamber executing and taking the bodies to the morgue amounted to one hour and ten minutes. Five legal executions by electrocution in one day is a record for South Carolina. John Crosby's only statement was he was "going home to Jesus." He did not protest his innocence as did the others. The series of executions commenced at 11:10 and were finished at 12:20 p. m.

According to the state electrician it took the largest number of amperes to kill Tom Griffin a record at the state penitentiary—13 amperes.

Joe Malloy was convicted of the killing of Prentiss Moore and Guy Rogers, two young white boys of Marlboro county, on Thanksgiving day, 1911, while the youths were hunting.

The other four negroes were convicted from Chester county for the murder of John Q. Lewis, an aged Confederate veteran of Chester county on the night of April 24, 1913.

ALLIED OFFENSIVE BROUGHT BIG GAINS THROUGHOUT WEST

IN ARTOIS FRENCH TOOK HILL COMMANDING PLAINS ON EAST AND ROADS AND RAILWAY ON SOUTH—GERMANS FIGHTING DESPERATELY IN CHAMPAGNE TO PREVENT FRENCH FROM REACHING RAILROAD JUNCTION AT MASSIGES

London, Sept. 29.—The allied drive in Artois and Champagne brought gains in both areas according to the French. German accounts deny this. In Artois the French claim they reached Hill No. 140 east of Vimy commanding the plains to the east and the roads and railway which runs south of Lens.

In Champagne the Germans are making desperate efforts to keep the French from the railway junction north of Massiges. This railway connects Germany's army in Artois with the base at Vouziers.

The heaviest fighting is underway south of the Labasse canal where the British are attacking the Germans' third line of defense. Belgium has stripped of German troops and reinforcements are arriving from the east here to meet the British.

It is reported the German emperor has arrived on the western front and the Germans are trying to divert the allies with artillery actions north and south of Aiene.

The Germans continue to strike the Russians, von Hindenberg still pounding Dvinsk while south of Dvinsk the Germans are attempting to turn the Russian position east of Viteka and Holodechno. Von Mackensen and Prince Leopold are apparently inactive but von Linsingen is pressing the Russians in Volhynia.

It is reported that three Turkish armies sent to Neapopolis are scattered and that the British inflicted a serious defeat on the army of the Tigris which is in flight toward Bagdad.

It is again reported that an Austro-German army of half a million is massing for a Serbian offensive. The Overseas agency says a special train of Bulgarian students, including the

son of Premier Radcalavoff, left Berlin for Sofia.

London, Sept. 29.—The British are battering the third line of German trenches in the vicinity of Loos. The French are maintaining an offensive in Champagne. The Germans in Artois are apparently unable to make important gains and have refrained from heavy infantry attacks. This sums up the western situation as seen today.

Some changes of conditions show, but England attaches great importance to indications that the offensive is not to be slackened. A short breathing spell, has been succeeded by the hardest pressure on the German positions at points weakened or shattered by the allies' rush. That the allies intend to maintain this pressure is indicated by a telegram from Field Marshal French to the lord mayor of London thanking him for his message of good will. The British commander added that the message encouraged his troops "to push their immediate success to a really decisive issue."

This leads the public to believe that there is to be no stab made, such as followed Neu Chappelle but that with the new British forces in the field and ample supplies of ammunition, Joffre and French plan to make a real test as to whether the German resistance in France and Belgium can be broken.

Russia has not been doing so well in the last day or so. The Austrians have stemmed the advance in southern Poland and retaken Lutsk. The Germans are renewing the great movement against Dvinsk.

German newspapers announced that two generals who are unnamed have been dismissed from the German commands in the western war zone in

connection with the recent setback at the hands of the French and British, according to an Amsterdam dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph company.

Loss Is 120,000.

Paris, Sept. 29.—The German casualties in the recent Franco-British offensive in killed, wounded and prisoners is given officially by the French war office as exceeding three army corps, or over 120,000 men. Fighting in the Champagne country is uninterrupted. French progress in the Artois region continues. North of Meuse a thousand Germans surrendered.

German Report.

Berlin, Sept. 29.—The recapture from the British of part of the territory won from the Germans north of Loos is announced by the war office. The French attacks near Souchez and Neuville were "partly repulsed." In Champagne the French attempt to break through the German lines it is said was unsuccessful.

Paris, Sept. 29.—Bulgaria and the central powers have concluded a precise agreement, according to authoritative information, says the correspondent at Saloniki, Greece, of Temps. Under this agreement Bulgaria will enter war October 15.

Plans for the campaign are now being drawn up by the Bulgarian general staff, the correspondent says, with the assistance of numerous German officers. Bulgarian officers say no attack will be made on Greece.

Allied Troops Land.

Berlin, (Wireless to Sayville,) Sept.

(CONTINUED ON PAGE FOUR.)

THINKS LOAN TO ALLIES WILL BE QUICKLY RAISED

AGENT OF J. P. MORGAN COMPANY EXPECTS EARLY ABSORPTION

IS DEPENDING ON INDIVIDUALS

Says Chicago Banks Will Not Subscribe to Great Extent But Individuals Will Buy Bonds.

Chicago, Sept. 29.—Thomas W. Lamont, an agent of J. P. Morgan, who left here tonight with four members of the loan commission, predicted that the half billion loan would be absorbed more quickly than was generally thought. After conferences here John J. Mitchell, president of the Illinois Trust and Savings predicted that Chicago banks would not subscribe to a great extent but individuals would.

New York, Sept. 29.—The definite formation of a syndicate of bankers to float a half billion dollar credit loan for Great Britain and France was begun by J. P. Morgan and company, and other financiers associated in the negotiations at the Anglo-French commission. They propose to include banks, trust companies, and individuals from the Atlantic to the Pacific. Every large city or financial center may have a group in the syndicate. A limit on the persons to buy may be set and the bonds will be in denominations as low as one hundred dollars. It is expected that the agreement will be signed within a fortnight. They must be ratified by the British and French parliaments.

The syndicate is to get the bonds at 98 and sell them to investors at 98. Thus Great Britain and France will pay twenty millions for the privilege of buying American goods at top prices as well as paying twenty-five millions annually for five years.

Conditions Better in Vienna. Berlin, Sept. 29.—The Overseas agency reports improved conditions in Vienna. The head supply is now adequate, sanitary conditions good and the death rate decreasing.

DIXIE HIGHWAY MEETING CLOSES

Georgia-Florida Convention Adjourned Without Choosing Any of Proposed Routes for Proposed Highway From Macon to Miami.

Jacksonville, Fla., Sept. 29.—The Georgia-Florida Convention of the Dixie Highway association adjourned today without choosing any proposed routes for the highway from Macon to Miami. The motion to adjourn interrupted a discussion of the routes by Georgia delegates. Routes which would enter Florida from the eastern, central and western parts of Georgia have been proposed.

The convention was to have requested Georgia and Florida commissioners to recommend a route to the national association. The consensus of opinion seemed to be that the national officers had sufficient information.

Jacksonville, Fla., Sept. 29.—Between three and five hundred good roads boosters from Georgia and Florida interested in the Dixie highway route are here to attend the opening of the first business session of the convention. The morning session was featured by addresses by Judge M. M. Allison of Chattanooga, Tennessee, president of the Dixie Highway association, Senator Bryan of Florida; W. S. Gilbreath of Indianapolis, field secretary of the association, and representatives of eastern and western central routes from Macon to Jacksonville.

Stockholm, Sept. 29.—The newspaper, Dagbladet, quotes a new back from Germany as saying an explosion in an ammunition factory at Wittenburg, Prussia, on August twenty-third, killed two hundred and forty-two workmen.

Los Angeles, Cal., Sept. 29.—

Ortie McManigal Will Testify Against Two More Dynamiters

Los Angeles, Cal., Sept. 29.—

OUTLAWS LED BY OFFICERS OF CARRANZA

SWORN STATEMENT SECURED FROM PRISONER BY ARMY OFFICER

LED BATTLE AT PROGRESO, TEXAS

Statement Says Private Johnson Was Captured and Shot—Head Now on Exhibition.

San Antonio, Sept. 29.—Captain Frank E. McCoy, commanding the United States troops about Mission, Texas, reported today the synopsis of a sworn statement secured from Cuellar, said to be a member of the Mexican band which attacked the soldiers at Progreso. Cuellar swears the band was under the command of Carranza officers and that an American soldier, presumably Private Richard Johnson, was captured, shot to death and his head and ears cut off as trophies.

Obregon Captures Torreón. Vera Cruz, Sept. 29.—Torreón fell to General Obregon today, according to a telegram from Obregon to General Carranza tonight.

SUCCESSFUL TEST OF WIRELESS TELEPHONE

Communication Established Between Arlington and Pacific Coast.

Washington, Sept. 29.—Long distance wireless telephone communication was accomplished for the first time today in the successful transmission of a human voice by radio from Arlington, Virginia, to Mare Island, California, twenty-five hundred miles away.

Secretary Daniels announced the feat as a result of experiments conducted by Captain Bullard, chief of the navy's radio service, in cooperation with the American Telephone and Telegraph and Western Electric companies. The operation of a device for transferring to radio telephony conversations originating on wire circuits was accomplished also. Telephone officials talked to Arlington, the conversation going via wireless to Mare Island.

Could Talk to Europe. New York, Sept. 29.—Telephone officials declared that the transmission of audible speech to Europe by wireless is an assured fact and would have been attempted before but for the war and that talking from here to Japan is only a matter of installing the apparatus.

SUES PREACHER FOR \$100,000.00

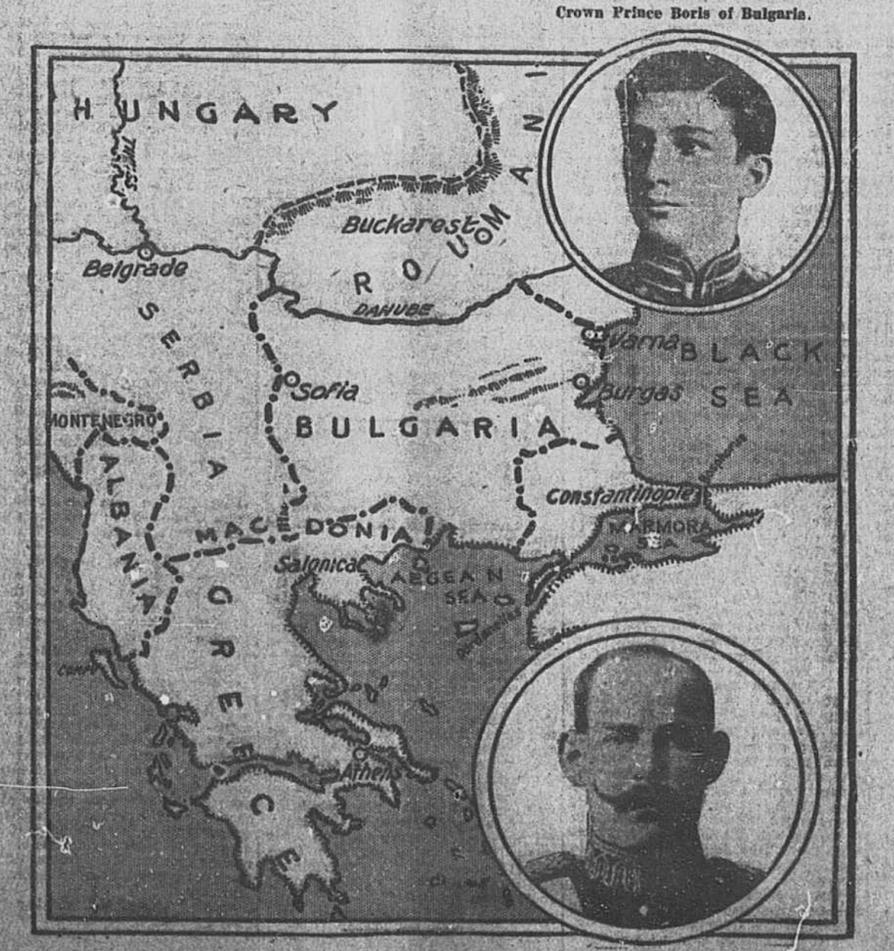
Woman Lecturer Brings Action Against Rev. John Wesley Hill for Breach of Promise.

New York, Sept. 29.—Rev. John Wesley Hill, former pastor of the Metropolitan Temple here and a lecturer on politics and peace was made the defendant in a hundred thousand breach of promise suit brought by Lucile Covington of New York, also a lecturer, today.

EXPLOSION KILLED 200 IN PRUSSIAN AMMUNITION WORKS

Stockholm, Sept. 29.—The newspaper, Dagbladet, quotes a new back from Germany as saying an explosion in an ammunition factory at Wittenburg, Prussia, on August twenty-third, killed two hundred and forty-two workmen.

Greece and Bulgaria Ready for War, and Leaders



Twenty-four hours after the order for the mobilization of the Bulgarian army the army of the Greeks received orders to mobilize. Despatches from Sofia, the capital of Bulgaria, say

Crown Prince Boris, who is a very young man, will lead her armies in the field, and it is understood that King Constantine will lead his. Greece has been compelled to mobilize

following that of Bulgaria, for she fears the later is aiming to take Macedonia, the land in dispute between Bulgaria and all the Balkan nations.

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