

BILLION DOLLAR LOAN TO ALLIES SEEMS ASSURED

BANKERS BELIEVE LOAN WILL BE MADE DESPITE OPPOSITION

TO BE PAYABLE IN U. S. MONEY

Bonds Will Be in Three Series and Will Bear Interest at Not Less Than Five Per Cent.

New York, Sept. 15.—America's billion dollar loan to Great Britain and France is well on the way to actual accomplishment tonight.

Bankers familiar with the pledges secured by members of the Anglo-French commission thought the announcement that the success of the loan was assured to be decidedly premature, but there was every indication, they said that the commission's work had met with success equaling their expectations.

This view reflected the opinion of those championing the loan. It didn't coincide, however, with the sentiments of those opposing the loan, nor of the so-called pro-German financiers here.

The loan will probably be divided into two, possibly four series, the bonds to bear not less than five per cent and will be payable in dollars.

It became known today many banks had pledged themselves to take part in the loan. The amount is unknown but is believed to total many millions.

New York, Sept. 15.—The pro-German campaign against the floating of a billion dollar Anglo-French loan appeared to assume a country-wide plot threatening even the lives of the six commissioners here to negotiate it.

Members of the commission have doubled their body guards. They are requested by the New York police not to announce their plans for any day and in no instance to appear on the streets without detective guards. The commissioners visit the financial district singly and guarded carefully. More than 50 threatening letters have been received by them.

New York, Sept. 15.—The Anglo-French financial commission heard today that German agents were alarmed at the momentum gained in the past few days by the movement to lend England and France a billion dollars to be spent for supplies here, and instituted a country-wide campaign against floating the loan. Some of these agents, the commission heard, are known as men who furthered the spread of German propaganda during the presence of Dr. Dernberg. Who has furnished the finances to maintain these agents has aroused the interest of the commissioners.

According to information reaching the commissioners, the German attack on the loan was launched from the cover of American citizens of German patronage or sympathies, although these citizens are not the prime movers.

This campaign, according to reports coming from sources believed to be reliable, included a proposition to make heavy withdrawals from all banks participating in the proposed loan. Another method was a proposal to float a loan of half a billion dollars for Germany. This, it is pointed out, would be done only to make it difficult if not impossible for the allies' billion dollar loan to be floated. Germany, because of her sea condition, could not hope to get supplies from this country in amounts to make such a loan necessary.

A less drastic measure was to persuade every bank official with German blood in his veins to refuse to participate. This part of the propaganda is reported to have been systematized to a remarkable degree.

New York banks have been flooded with protests against participating in the loan. These protests are so similar as to lead to the belief that they are inspired by a common source.

The movement is reported to have started in the east, but is most active in the middle west. The extent of German opposition is apparent, when it is announced that the commission would not meet at the chamber of commerce headquarters here. It had intended meeting there, but reported that it feared the much opposition from the German members.

U. S. ATTITUDE ON LOAN EXPLAINED

Secretary Lansing Says no Violations of Domestic or International Law Are Involved.

PROHIBITION WON BY ABOUT 20,000

Latest Figures Give Prohibition Vote at 35,232; Anti-Prohibition 14,907.

Washington, Sept. 15.—Secretary Lansing today made it plain that no violations of domestic or international law are involved in the proposed flotation by the allies regarding loans had expressed opposition to loans by popular subscription and which would take large sums in gold from the United States.

Columbia, Sept. 15.—Prohibition won in the South Carolina election yesterday by about twenty thousand votes, according to the latest returns. The figures tonight give for prohibition 35,232; against prohibition 14,907.

SEND BULGARIA ANOTHER NOTE

Is Supplement to Note on Serbia's Attitude on Bulgaria Macedonian Claims.

Sofia, Bulgaria, Sept. 15.—The Quadruple Entente ministers presented to the Bulgarian government today a supplementary note relative to Serbia's attitude toward Bulgaria's Macedonian claims. The contents of the note were kept strictly secret.

MAY WITHDRAW U. S. CONSULS FROM MEXICO

ARE ADVISED TO LEAVE IF CONDITIONS THERE BECOME INTOLERABLE

BORDER TROUBLE CAUSES ACTION

Villa's Agency Expresses Surprise and Resentment—Asks Intentions of U. S.

Washington, Sept. 15.—American consuls in northern Mexico have been advised by the state department not only to notify Americans to leave the danger zone but to leave Mexico themselves if conditions became intolerable. It described the instructions issued several days ago, as merely precautionary because of disturbed conditions.

Oregon's rapid advance into northern Mexico and frequent reports of lawlessness on the border led to the measure, officials said.

As soon as Americans have withdrawn there will be no need of the consuls remaining, but its denied they have been ordered to leave.

Latest telegrams to the department tonight indicated a general exodus of American, from Villa controlled territory. Villa's Washington agency heard of the department's action with unconcealed surprise and resentment. Villa's agent sent a communication expressing surprise and inquiring the United States' intentions.

GERMAN PRESS NOT RESPONSIBLE

Did Not Promulgate Pamphlets Advising Destruction of American Munitions Factories.

Berlin, Sept. 15.—An Overseas news agency says: "A German newspaper which arrived recently in the United States contained pamphlets advising the destruction of American munitions factories. Such practice is designated, officially, as stupid and dangerous. Evidently this is the work of misguided and hot-headed private citizens, who have attempted to conduct an agitation in this manner. No newspaper office was responsible."

EXPERTS FIGHT MEXICAN WEEVIL

Government Orders all Available Men to Southeast Georgia and Florida to Aid in Keeping Pest Out of Sea Island Territory.

WASHINGTON NEWSPAPERS REVIEW AIR RAIDS

Are Gratified With Appointment of Sir Percy Scott to Take Charge of Defense.

Senators and Mrs. Tillman Return

Lowell Facing Record

Belgian Relief Ship Ashore

Showers May Halt

Conditions in Haiti

Washington, Sept. 15.—All open ports in Haiti are now under United States control Rear Admiral Caperton reported.

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ATLANTA COTTON REACHES 10 CENTS

Atlanta, Sept. 15.—Cotton yesterday reached the high water mark in Atlanta for the present crop when it was quoted at ten cents.

LONDON NEWSPAPERS REVIEW AIR RAIDS

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Foreign Bankers Come to Borrow a Billion From Americans.



Left to right: J. P. Morgan, Baron Reading, Basil P. Blackett, Octave Homberg, Ernest Carter.

These British and French bankers have come to the United States to borrow a billion dollars. They were received by J. P. Morgan, of the big banking house which acts as agent for the British government in the United States. Baron Reading, who heads the British commission, was Sir Rufus Isaacs. He was given the title of Baron when he was made lord chief justice of Great Britain. Mr. Blackett was here last year with Sir George Paish in connection with British loans and finances.

Sir Edward H. Holden.

Sir H. Babbington Smith.

House of Commons Votes Billion and Quarter Credit

STRIKEBREAKERS WILL RUN COLUMBIA CARS

MAKES TOTAL CREDIT SIX BILLION THREE HUNDRED AND TEN MILLIONS

DAILY EXPENSES WILL INCREASE

FORWARD EVIDENCE IN ARABIC INCIDENT

U. S. Submits Evidence to Show Vessel Was Torpedoed Without Warning.

MUNITION MAKERS DECLARE STRIKE

U. S. Cartridge Co. Employees Demand Increase of Wages and Shorter Hours.

Many Saw West

TEUTON DRIVE TOWARD DVINSK SLEWS DOWN

VON HINDENBERG STUBBORNLY OPPOSED BY COUNTER ATTACKS

SLAVS ATTEMPT TO RETAKE DUBNO

Artillery Bombardments and Aerial Attacks Continue—British Attack Beligians Coast.

London, Sept. 15.—Von Hindenburg's drive toward the Dvinsk-Vilna railway is not progressing as fast as the others, and except midway between these towns where the cavalry has cut the railroad he is still being stubbornly opposed by Russian counter attacks. However he has reached a point west of Bridgehead across from Dvinsk and is preparing to attack.

The German advance has slowed down along the rest of the line. In Galicia the Russians are still attacking. According to unofficial reports the Teutonic armies are falling back across the Dulester.

Just north of the Galician border the Russians are trying to capture the fortress of Dubno which the Austrians took last week.

It is believed this offensive will have effect on the rest of the line as the Teutonic forces risk being outflanked unless they send reinforcements. Despite this the Austrians have sent heavy reinforcements against Italy and at some points have assumed the offensive.

Heavy guns continue their bombardment in the west. In Voages another battle for Hartmanns Wellerkopf is in progress. According to Holland dispatches British warships have again attacked the Belgian coast. Air raids by allied airmen on towns occupied by Germans and by Zeppelins on England are daily occurrences.

A Reuter dispatch from Maastricht, Holland, says heavy firing heard in a westerly direction tonight became so violent that windows there and at Hook of Holland, were rattled.

London, Sept. 15.—Although von Hindenburg's cavalry is astride of the Petrograd railway, and the Germans have made captures of prisoners and guns in Courland, the Russians are again countering these efforts, not only by checking the attempt of the Austrians to resume the offensive in Galicia, but by inflicting another reverse on the same vicinity. Swentianau, where the German cavalry cut the railroad, is half way between Vilna and Dvinsk, and about 400 miles from Petrograd. The Russians assert that this German raid has formed a dangerous salient in their line of which the Germans are likely to take advantage. It is clear, whatever strategic move may be involved in the advance, that recent events indicate the near approach of an important engagement in the Vilna region as predicted a fortnight ago by General Poljanoff, the minister of war.

The German armies operating on both sides of the Niemen have not yet formed a junction, and the Russian rear guard is still withdrawing.

Russian military writers are warning the people not to expect too great developments from the Galician offensive.

Copenhagen reports that the motor schooner Norte, owned by Christians, has been blown up by a German submarine. The crew was saved.

It is announced in London that Premier Asquith would ask the commons to vote a credit of \$1,250,000,000. Premier Asquith said the new credit would carry the war into the third week of November, and there has been some huge expenditures that it is not in the public interest to discontinue. He gave statistics to show that as the war progresses the cost to England is increasing every day. He reported that recruiting had been good, but regretted to say that it is falling off in the past few weeks. He said that all that was needed in the munitions department was labor, skilled and unskilled. In 715 establishments 806,000 persons are employed.

London—From July 18 to September 1 the war has cost England about \$17,500,000 daily according to a statement by Premier Asquith in the commons when he requested a vote of credit of \$1,250,000,000. He also said three million men had enlisted since the beginning of the war.

U. S. Cartridge Co. Employees Demand Increase of Wages and Shorter Hours.

Many Saw West

New York, Sept. 15.—According to the official statement made to the state boxing commission today by the promoters of Gibson-McFarland's bout, 24,245 persons, with admission to witness the contest, Saturday night. The state received \$4,225.37.